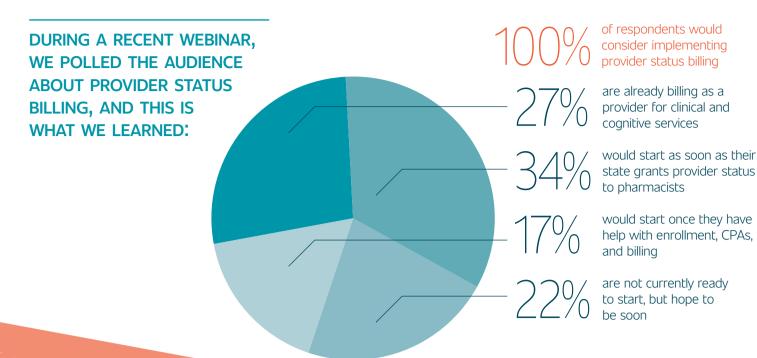
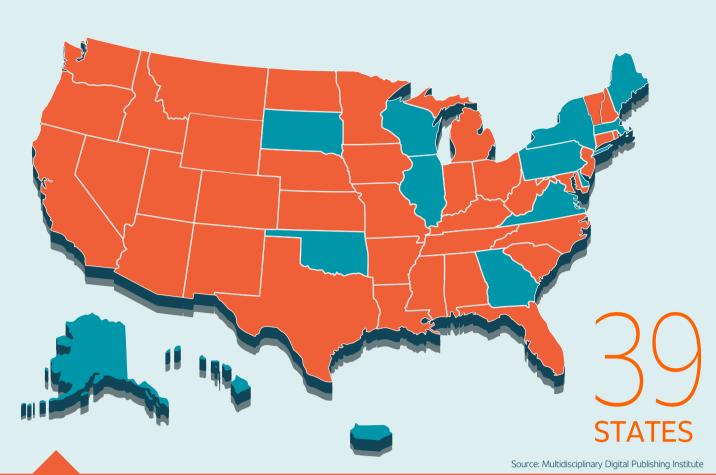
Explaining Provider Status & Provider Status Billing

Pharmacists with provider status can bill Medicare Part B for the clinical services they provide, including immunization, point-of-care testing, medication therapy management, smoking cessation, and diabetes management. Pharmacists with full provider status can bill for cognitive services, including diagnostic, preventative, or consultative appointments.



Which states have granted pharmacists provider status?



Alabama
Arizona
Arkansas
California
Colorado
Connecticut
Florida
Idaho

Indiana
Iowa
Kansas
Kentucky
Louisiana
Maryland
Michigan
Minnesota

Mississippi Missouri Montana Nebraska Nevada New Hampshire New Jersey

North Carolina
North Dakota
Ohio
Oregon
Rhode Island
South Carolina
Texas

New Mexico

Tennessee
Utah
Vermont
Virginia
Washington
West Virginia
Wyoming

Who wants pharmacists to have provider status?

want convenient access, a more personalized experience, and on-demand service from

PATIENTS

providers.

are increasing pressure on hospitals and

practices amidst a national provider shortage and are looking to pharmacists for help

PAYERS

and are looking to pharmacists for help

PHARMACISTS

are positioned to help fill the growing provider gap by providing convenient access to quality care in their communities.

from falling reimbursement rates.

benefits of provider status?

How to get started:

What are the



Services billed through the medical benefit are not susceptible to DIR fees

Providing clinical services helps diversify

pharmacy revenue, protecting pharmacies



and clawbacks.



► How can the state pharmacy association help me get started? (Also understand that this process will not happen overnight It or

Check in with your state pharmacy association. Be sure to ask:

(Also, understand that this process will not happen overnight. It can be a lengthy process. Don't be surprised if months pass between the decision to provide clinical services and your first patient

Make sure you dot all your I's and cross all your T's.

appointment.)

Identifier (NPI).

▶ What services can pharmacists provide in my state?

If you haven't already, apply for your individual National Provider

Complete your paperwork

- Apply for your state-specific Medicaid Provider ID.
 Join commercial health plans by following each payer's enrollment and credentialing process.
- You can't do this alone. Be sure to make all the right connections.

with a physician in your community.

Build your network

Get paid

clockwork

which the pharmacist can provide them.)Establish referrals with local providers. Many pharmacist-provided

► Find out if you need to have a collaborative practice agreement (CPA) with a local health care provider. If so, establish a partnership

(A collaborative practice agreement defines which patient care functions — like prescribing or modifying drug therapy — are

delegated to the pharmacist, as well as the circumstances under

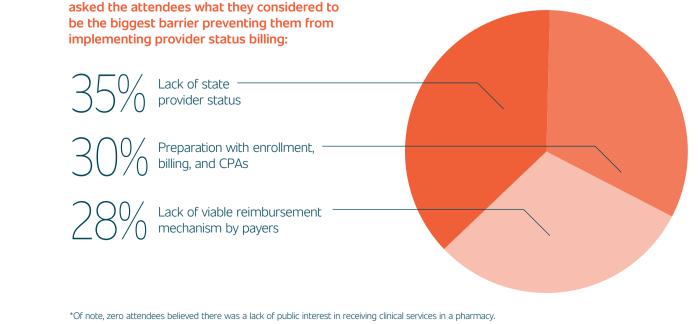
services, like medication therapy management (MTM), can be beneficial for both the patient and their physician. Work with your local providers (or with your partnered provider if you have a CPA) to get referrals for your services.

Establish your medical billing process and iron out the kinks before

you ever see your first patient.
Who is going to oversee it?
Which medical billing solution will your pharmacy use?
How will you integrate the billing process into your workflow?

- What's preventing pharmacists

from billing as providers? During the same webinar referenced above, we



MedBill by EnlivenHealth® helps pharmacists get paid as providers of clinical and cognitive services. Our best-in-class software makes it easy for pharmacists to bill the medical benefit and get reimbursed for the care they provide every day.

Get Paid as a Provider Today