## **Safety Data Sheet**

## **Clear ACR TX EXT Matt topcoat**

Safety Data Sheet dated: 07/06/2023 - version 6

#### SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

#### 1.1. Product identifier

Mixture identification:

Trade name: Clear ACR TX EXT Matt topcoat

Trade code: **TA93G10C00** UFI: FYS5-T0G2-J00A-4M2C

#### 1.2. Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Recommended use: Surface coating

Uses advised against: N.A.

#### 1.3. Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Company: Sirca S.p.A. Viale Roma, 85

35010 Sandono di Massanzago (PD) - ITALY

Tel. +39 0499322311 Email: safety@sirca.it

#### 1.4. Emergency telephone number

National Poisons Information Service - Medical Toxicology Unit - London - Tel. 0171/6359191

Scottish Poisons Information Bureau - The Royal Infirmary - Edinburgh - Tel. 01/315362298

Welsh National Poisons Unit - Ward West 5 - Llandough Hospital Penarth - Cardiff - Tel. 012/22709901

Poisons Information Centre - Royal Victoria Hospital - Belfast - Tel. 012/32240503

Poisons Information centre - Beaumont Hospital - Dublin - Tel. 0103531/8379964

CAV Policlinico "Umberto I". Roma V.le del Policlinico, 155 161 Telefono 06-49978000

Osp. Niguarda Ca' Granda. Milano Piazza Ospedale Maggiore, 3 20162 Telefono 02-66101029

## **SECTION 2: Hazards identification**







#### 2.1. Classification of the substance or mixture

### Regulation (EC) n. 1272/2008 (CLP)

Flam. Liq. 2 Highly flammable liquid and vapour.

Skin Irrit. 2 Causes skin irritation.

Eye Irrit. 2 Causes serious eye irritation.

Skin Sens. 1A May cause an allergic skin reaction. STOT SE 3 May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

STOT RE 2 May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.

Aquatic Chronic 3 Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Adverse physicochemical, human health and environmental effects:

No other hazards

#### 2.2. Label elements

#### Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 (CLP):

## **Pictograms and Signal Words**



#### **Hazard statements**

H225	Highly flammable liquid and vapour.
H315	Causes skin irritation.
H317	May cause an allergic skin reaction.
H319	Causes serious eye irritation.
H336	May cause drowsiness or dizziness.
H373	May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.
H412	Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

#### **Precautionary statements**

P210	Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking.
P233	Keep container tightly closed.
P261	Avoid breathing dust/fume/gas/mist/vapours/spray.
P280	Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection/hearing protection/
P370+P378	In case of fire: Use CO2, Foam, Chemical powders For extinction.
P403+P235	Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool.

#### **Contains**

#### n-butyl acetate

reaction mass of alpha-3-(3-(2Hbenzotriazol-2-yl)-5-tert-butyl-4hydroxyphenyl)propionyl-omegahydroxypoly(oxyethylene) and alpha-3-(3-(2H-benzotriazol-2-yl)-5-tert-butyl-4hydrox

## xylene [isomer mixture]

methyl methacrylate; methyl 2methylprop-2-enoate; methyl 2-

methylpropenoate

Reaction mass of Bis(1,2,2,6,6pentamethyl-4-piperidyl) sebacate and Methyl 1,2,2,6,6-pentamethyl-4-piperidyl

sebacate.

May produce an allergic reaction.

May produce an allergic reaction.

#### Special provisions according to Annex XVII of REACH and subsequent amendments:

None.

## 2.3. Other hazards

No PBT, vPvB or endocrine disruptor substances present in concentration >= 0.1%.

Other Hazards: No other hazards

## **SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients**

#### 3.1. Substances

N.A.

## 3.2. Mixtures

Mixture identification: Clear ACR TX EXT Matt topcoat

## Hazardous components within the meaning of the CLP regulation and related classification:

Qty	Name	Ident. Numb.	Classification	Registration Number
20-25 %	n-butyl acetate	CAS:123-86-4 EC:204-658-1 Index:607-025- 00-1	Flam. Liq. 3, H226; STOT SE 3, H336, EUH066	01-2119485493-29-xxxx
12.5-20 %	xylene [isomer mixture]	CAS:1330-20-7 EC:215-535-7 Index:601-022- 00-9	Flam. Liq. 3, H226; Asp. Tox. 1, H304; Eye Irrit. 2, H319; STOT SE 3, H335; STOT RE 2, H373; Skin Irrit. 2, H315; Acute Tox. 4, H312; Acute Tox. 4, H332	
5-7 %	2-butoxyethyl acetate; butylglycol acetate	CAS:112-07-2 EC:203-933-3 Index:607-038- 00-2	Acute Tox. 4, H312; Acute Tox. 4, H332	

3-5 %	ethylbenzene	CAS:100-41-4 EC:202-849-4 Index:601-023- 00-4	Flam. Liq. 2, H225; Acute Tox. 4, H332; Asp. Tox. 1, H304; STOT RE 2, H373	
1-2 %	reaction mass of alpha-3-(3-(2H-benzotriazol-2-yl)-5-tert-butyl-4-hydroxyphenyl)propionyl-omega-hydroxypoly(oxyethylene) and alpha-3-(3-(2H-benzotriazol-2-yl)-5-tert-butyl-4-hydrox	EC:400-830-7 Index:607-176- 00-3	Skin Sens. 1A, H317; Aquatic Chronic 2, H411	01-0000015075-76-xxxx
0.5-1 %	toluene	CAS:108-88-3 EC:203-625-9 Index:601-021- 00-3	Flam. Liq. 2, H225; Repr. 2, H361d; Asp. Tox. 1, H304; STOT RE 2, H373; Skin Irrit. 2, H315; STOT SE 3, H336	01-2119471310-51-xxxx
0.25-0.5 %	methyl methacrylate; methyl 2- methylprop-2-enoate; methyl 2- methylpropenoate	CAS:80-62-6 EC:201-297-1 Index:607-035- 00-6	Flam. Liq. 2, H225; STOT SE 3, H335; Skin Irrit. 2, H315; Skin Sens. 1, H317	01-2119452498-28-xxxx
0.25-0.5 %	Hexanoic acid, 2-ethyl-, zincsalt, basic	CAS:85203-81-2 EC:286-272-3	Eye Irrit. 2, H319, H361d; Repr. 2, H412; Aquatic Chronic 3, H412	01-2119979093-30-xxxx
0.25-0.5 %	Reaction mass of Bis(1,2,2,6,6-pentamethyl-4-piperidyl) sebacate and Methyl 1,2,2,6,6-pentamethyl-4-piperidyl sebacate.	EC:915-687-0	Skin Sens. 1, H317, H400; Aquatic Acute 1, H400; Aquatic Chronic 1, H410, M-Chronic:1, M-Acute:1	01-2119491304-40-xxxx

#### **SECTION 4: First aid measures**

## 4.1. Description of first aid measures

In case of skin contact:

Areas of the body that have - or are only even suspected of having - come into contact with the product must be rinsed immediately with plenty of running water and possibly with soap.

Remove contaminated clothing immediatley and dispose off safely.

In case of eyes contact:

Do not use eyewash or ointment of any kind (before obtaining an examination or advice from an eye specialist).

After contact with the eyes, rinse with water with the eyelids open for a sufficient length of time, then consult an opthalmologist immediately.

Protect uninjured eye.

In case of Ingestion:

Do not induce vomiting, get medical attention showing the SDS and label hazardous.

In case of Inhalation:

Remove casualty to fresh air and keep warm and at rest. Consult a doctor.

## 4.2. Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

Eye damages

Skin Irritation

Contact a poisons centre

### 4.3. Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

In case of accident or unwellness, seek medical advice immediately (show directions for use or safety data sheet if possible).

## **SECTION 5: Firefighting measures**

## 5.1. Extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing media:

In case of fire: Use CO2, Foam, Chemical powders For extinction.

Extinguishing media which must not be used for safety reasons:

None in particular.

#### 5.2. Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Do not inhale explosion and combustion gases.

Burning produces heavy smoke.

Cool the containers exposed to the fire with water.

## 5.3. Advice for firefighters

Use suitable breathing apparatus .

Collect contaminated fire extinguishing water separately. This must not be discharged into drains.

Move undamaged containers from immediate hazard area if it can be done safely.

#### **SECTION 6: Accidental release measures**

#### 6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

For non emergency personnel:

Wear personal protection equipment.

Remove all sources of ignition.

Collect the spilled product with no-sparking tools.

Remove persons to safety.

See protective measures under point 7 and 8.

For emergency responders:

Wear personal protection equipment.

#### 6.2. Environmental precautions

Do not allow to enter into soil/subsoil. Do not allow to enter into surface water or drains.

Retain contaminated washing water and dispose it.

In case of gas escape or of entry into waterways, soil or drains, inform the responsible authorities.

Suitable material for taking up: absorbing material, organic, sand

#### 6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Suitable material for taking up: absorbing material, organic, sand

Eliminate all unguarded flames and possible sources of ignition. Do not smoke.

Collect spilled material with non-sparking equipment.

Wash with plenty of water.

#### 6.4. Reference to other sections

See also section 8 and 13

### **SECTION 7: Handling and storage**

#### 7.1. Precautions for safe handling

Keep away from flame and sparks. Avoid accumulating electrostatic charge.

Place recipients on the ground whilst decanting, and wear anti-static clothing and shoes.

Avoid contact with skin and eyes, inhaltion of vapours and mists.

Don't use empty container before they have been cleaned.

Before making transfer operations, assure that there aren't any incompatible material residuals in the containers.

Contamined clothing should be changed before entering eating areas.

Do not eat or drink while working.

Do not smoke while working.

See also section 8 for recommended protective equipment.

#### 7.2. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Always keep in a well ventilated place.

Store at below 30 °C. Keep away from unguarded flame and heat sources. Avoid direct exposure to sunlight.

Incompatible materials:

None in particular.

Instructions as regards storage premises:

Cool and adequately ventilated.

## 7.3. Specific end use(s)

No further recommendations. Refer to point 1.2

Recommendation(s)

None in particular

Industrial sector specific solutions:

None in particular

## **SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection**

## 8.1. Control parameters

## **Community Occupational Exposure Limits (OEL)**

	OEL Type	Long Term mg/m3	Long Term ppm	Short Term mg/m3	Short Term ppm	Notes
xylene [isomer mixture] CAS: 1330-20-7	ACGIH	50	100	100	150	A4, BEI - URT and eye irr, CNS impair
2-butoxyethyl acetate; butylglycol acetate CAS: 112-07-2	EU	133	20	333	50	Skin
	ACGIH		20			A3 - Hemolysis

ethylbenzene CAS: 100-41-4	ACGIH	100,000	20,000	150,000		A3, BEI - URT irr, kidney dam (nephropathy), cochlear impair
toluene CAS: 108-88-3	EU ACGIH	50	20			Skin A4, BEI - Visual impair, female repro, pregnancy loss
methyl methacrylate; methyl 2-methylprop-2- enoate; methyl 2- methylpropenoate CAS: 80-62-6	EU		50		100	
	ACGIH		50		100	

	ACGIH	50	100	
Predicted No Effect Cor	ncentration (PN	EC) values		
	PNEC Limit	Exposure Route	Exposure Frequency	Remark
n-butyl acetate CAS: 123-86-4	0,18 mg/l	Fresh Water		
	0,018 mg/l	Marine water		
	0,981 mg/kg	Freshwater sediments		
	0,098 mg/kg	Marine water sediments		
	0,09 mg/kg	Soil (agricultural)		
	35,6 mg/l	STP		
xylene [isomer mixture] CAS: 1330-20-7	0,327 mg/l	Fresh Water		
	0,327 mg/l	Fresh Water		
	0,327 mg/l	occasional emission		
	6,58 mg/l	Microorganisms in sewage treatments		
	2,31 mg/kg	Soil (agricultural)		dry
	12,46 mg/kg	Marine water sediments		dry
	12,46 mg/kg	Freshwater sediments		dry
2-butoxyethyl acetate; butylglycol acetate CAS: 112-07-2	0,304 mg/l	Fresh Water		
	0,03 mg/l	Marine water		
	2,03 mg/kg	Freshwater sediments		
	0,203 mg/kg	Marine water sediments		
	90 mg/l	STP		
	0,68 mg/kg	Soil		
ethylbenzene CAS: 100-41-4	0,1 mg/l	Fresh Water		
	0,01 mg/l	Marine water		
	13,7 mg/l	Freshwater sediments		
	13,7 mg/l	Marine water sediments		
	0,1 mg/l	occasional emission		
reaction mass of alpha-3- (3-(2H-benzotriazol-2-yl)- 5-tert-butyl-4- hydroxyphenyl)propionyl- omega- hydroxypoly(oxyethylene) and alpha-3-(3-(2H- benzotriazol-2-yl)-5-tert- butyl-4-hydrox	<del>.</del>	Fresh Water		
	0 00022 mg/l	Marine water		
	0,00023 mg/l 0,028 mg/l	occasional emission		
	0,028 mg/l	STP		
	3,06 mg/kg	Freshwater sediments		
	0,306 mg/kg	Marine water sediments		
	0,500 mg/kg	manne water sediments		

	2 mg/kg	Soil (agricultural)
toluene CAS: 108-88-3	0,68 mg/l	Fresh Water
	0,68 mg/l	Marine water
	2,89 mg/kg	Soil (agricultural)
	16,39 mg/l	Marine water sediments
	16,39 mg/l	Freshwater sediments
	13,61 mg/l	STP
methyl methacrylate; methyl 2-methylprop-2- enoate; methyl 2- methylpropenoate CAS: 80-62-6	0,94 mg/l	Fresh Water
	0,094 mg/l	Marine water
	5,74 mg/kg	Freshwater sediments
	1,47 mg/kg	Soil (agricultural)
	0,94 mg/l	occasional emission
	10 mg/l	Microorganisms in sewage treatments
Reaction mass of Bis(1,2,2,6,6- pentamethyl-4-piperidyl) sebacate and Methyl 1,2,2,6,6-pentamethyl-4- piperidyl sebacate.	0,0022 mg/l	Fresh Water
	0,00022 mg/l 0,009 mg/l 1,05 mg/kg 0,11 mg/kg 0,21 mg/kg 1 mg/l	Marine water occasional emission Freshwater sediments Marine water sediments Soil (agricultural) STP

## **Derived No Effect Level (DNEL) values**

Delived No Ellect	Level (DIVEL) Va	ilues			
	Worker Industry	Worker Professional	Consumer	<b>Exposure Route</b>	Exposure Frequency
n-butyl acetate CAS: 123-86-4		600 mg/m3		Human Inhalation	Short Term, local effects
		300 mg/m3		Human Inhalation	Long Term, local effects
		11 mg/kg		Human Dermal	Long Term, systemic effects
		11 mg/kg		Human Dermal	Short Term, systemic effects
			300 mg/kg	Human Inhalation	Short Term, local effects
			35,7 mg/m3	Human Inhalation	Long Term, local effects
			6 mg/kg	Human Dermal	Short Term, systemic effects
			2 mg/kg	Human Oral	Long Term, systemic effects
			2 mg/kg	Human Oral	Short Term, systemic effects
xylene [isomer mixture] CAS: 1330-20-7	180 mg/Kg- bw/day			Human Dermal	Long Term, systemic effects
	77 mg/m3			Human Inhalation	Long Term, systemic effects
			108 mg/Kg- bw/day	Human Dermal	Long Term, systemic effects
			1872 mg/m3	Human Inhalation	Long Term, local effects
			12,5 mg/Kg- bw/day	Human Oral	Long Term, systemic effects
2-butoxyethyl acetate; butylglycol acetate CAS: 112-07-2	4,3 mg/kg/day			Human Oral	Long Term, systemic effects

Remark

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	333 mg/m3	166 mg/m3	Human Inhalation	Short Term, local effects
	133 mg/m3		Human Inhalation	Long Term, systemic effects
	102 mg/kg/day	36	Human Dermal	Short Term, systemic effects
ethylbenzene CAS: 100-41-4	180 mg/kg/day		Human Dermal	Long Term, systemic effects
	293 mg/m3		Human Inhalation	Short Term, local effects
	77 mg/m3		Human Inhalation	Long Term, systemic effects
reaction mass of alpha-3-(3-(2H-benzotriazol-2-yl)-5-tert-butyl-4-hydroxyphenyl) propionyl-omega-hydroxypoly (oxyethylene) and alpha-3-(3-(2H-benzotriazol-2-yl)-5-tert-butyl-4-hydrox			Human Inhalation	Long Term, systemic effects
	0,5 mg/kg		Human Dermal	Long Term, systemic effects
		0,085 mg/m3	Human Inhalation	Long Term, systemic effects
		0,25 mg/kg	Human Dermal	Long Term, systemic effects
		0,025 mg/kg	Human Oral	Long Term, systemic effects
toluene CAS: 108-88-3		226 mg/m3	Human Inhalation	Short Term, systemic effects
		226 mg/m3	Human Inhalation	Short Term, local effects
		226 mg/m3	Human Dermal	Long Term, systemic effects
		56,5 mg/m3	Human Inhalation	Long Term, systemic effects
		8,13 mg/Kg- bw/day	Human Oral	Long Term, systemic effects
	384 mg/kg/day		Human Dermal	Long Term, systemic effects
	384 mg/m3		Human Inhalation	Short Term, systemic effects
	192 mg/m3		Human Inhalation	Long Term, systemic effects
methyl methacrylate; methyl 2- methylprop-2- enoate; methyl 2- methylpropenoate CAS: 80-62-6	210 mg/m3		Human Inhalation	Long Term, local effects
	1,5 mg/cm2		Human Dermal	Long Term, local effects
	210 mg/m3		Human Inhalation	Long Term, systemic effects
	13,67 mg/Kg- bw/day		Human Dermal	Long Term, systemic effects
	1,5 mg/cm2		Human Dermal	Short Term, local effects
		74,3 mg/m3	Human Inhalation	Long Term, systemic effects
		105 mg/m3	Human Inhalation	Long Term, local effects
		1,5 mg/cm2	Human Dermal	Short Term, local effects
		8,2 mg/Kg- bw/day	Human Dermal	Long Term, systemic effects
Reaction mass of Bis(1,2,2,6,6-pentamethyl-4-piperidyl) sebacate and Methyl 1,2,2,6,6-pentamethyl-4-piperidyl sebacate.	3,53 mg/m3		Human Inhalation	Long Term, systemic effects
	2 mg/kg		Human Dermal	Long Term, systemic effects
	<del></del>	1 mg/kg	Human Dermal	Long Term, systemic effects
		0,87 mg/m3	Human Inhalation	Long Term, systemic effects
		0,5 mg/kg	Human Oral	Long Term, systemic effects
		-,		ing i inity of otoline directo

#### 8.2. Exposure controls

Eye protection:

Use eye protection devices. Example: closed safety visors, goggles with side protection. Do not wear contact lenses.

Protection for skin:

Use clothing that provides comprehensive protection to the skin, e.g. cotton, rubber, PVC or viton.

Protection for hands:

Due to the synergistic effect of the substances contained in the formulation it is not possible to identify a single material capable of resisting their combination. Multilayer protective gloves for mixtures of substances may be suitable. Always refer to the protection degree and permeation rate data provided by the glove manufacturer with regard to the substances listed in point 3 of this sheet.

Use protective gloves that provides comprehensive protection, e.g. P.V.C., neoprene or rubber.

Respiratory protection:

Use adequate protective respiratory equipment.

Use adequate protective respiratory equipment, e.g. A2 or A2P2 or A2P3.

Thermal Hazards:

N.A.

Environmental exposure controls:

None known

Hygienic and Technical measures

N.A.

## **SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties**

## 9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Physical State Liquid

Appearance and colour: Liquid transparent

Odour: characteristic pH: Not Relevant Kinematic viscosity: N.A.

Melting point / freezing point: > 1 °C / < 0 °C Initial boiling point and boiling range: > 55 °C

Flash point: < 23°C

Upper/lower flammability or explosive limits: N.A.

Vapour density: N.A. Vapour pressure: N.A. Relative density: 1.01 kg/l Solubility in water: N.A. Solubility in oil: N.A.

Partition coefficient (n-octanol/water): N.A.

Auto-ignition temperature: 250 °C Decomposition temperature: N.A.

Flammability: The product is classified Flam. Liq. 2 H225

**Particle characteristics:** 

Particle size: N.A. **9.2. Other information** 

Viscosity: 100.00 s ( " Din cup # 6 )

No other relevant information

## **SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity**

#### 10.1. Reactivity

Stable under normal conditions

## 10.2. Chemical stability

Stable under normal conditions

## 10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions

None.

#### 10.4. Conditions to avoid

Avoid accumulating electrostatic charge.

Vapours can form explosive mixtures with air.

## 10.5. Incompatible materials

Avoid contact with combustible materials. The product could catch fire.

### 10.6. Hazardous decomposition products

None.

vapours potentially dangerous to health may be released.

## **SECTION 11: Toxicological information**

## 11.1. Information on hazard classes as defined in Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008

#### **Toxicological Information of the Preparation**

a) acute toxicity Not classified

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met

b) skin corrosion/irritation
 c) serious eye damage/irritation
 d) respiratory or skin sensitisation
 The product is classified: Eye Irrit. 2(H319)
 The product is classified: Skin Sens. 1A(H317)

e) germ cell mutagenicity Not classified

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met

f) carcinogenicity Not classified

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met

g) reproductive toxicity Not classified

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met

h) STOT-single exposure The product is classified: STOT SE 3(H336) i) STOT-repeated exposure The product is classified: STOT RE 2(H373)

j) aspiration hazard Not classified

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met

## Toxicological information on main components of the mixture:

n-butyl acetate a) acute toxicity LC50 Inhalation Rat > 21 mg/l 4h

LD50 Oral Rat = 10736 mg/kg Method OECD linee guide 402

LD50 Skin Rabbit > 14000 mg/kg

xylene [isomer mixture] a) acute toxicity LD50 Inhalation Rat = 27 mg/l 4h

LD50 Oral Rat = 3523 mg/kgLD50 Skin Rabbit = 12126 mg/kg

2-butoxyethyl acetate;

butylglycol acetate

a) acute toxicity

LD50 Oral Rat 1880 mg/kg body weight

LD50 Skin Rabbit 1500 mg/kg body weight

LC50 Inhalation Rat > 400 Ppm 4h

ethylbenzene a) acute toxicity LD50 Oral Rat = 3500 mg/kg

LD50 Oral Rat = 4710 mg/kg body weight

LD50 Skin Rabbit = 15400 mg/kg

DZSR\_004 Inhalation Rat = 4000 Ppm 4h

d) respiratory or skin

sensitisation

Skin Sensitization Skin Cavia porcellus Negative

reaction mass of alpha-3- a) acute toxicity

(3-(2H-benzotriazol-2-yl)-

5-tert-butyl-4-

hydroxyphenyl)propionyl-

omega-

hydroxypoly(oxyethylene) and alpha-3-(3-(2H-

benzotriazol-2-yl)-5-tert-

butyl-4-hydrox

LD50 Oral Rat > 5000 mg/kg

LD50 Skin Rat > 2000 mg/kg LC50 Inhalation Rat > 5,8 mg/l 4h

b) skin corrosion/irritation Skin Irritant Rabbit Negative

c) serious eye

damage/irritation

Eye Irritant Negative

d) respiratory or skin

sensitisation

Skin Sensitization Positive

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e) germ cell mutagenicity Mutagenesis Negative

g) reproductive toxicity Reproductive Toxicity Negative

toluene a) acute toxicity LD50 Oral Rat 5000 mg/kg 24h

> LD50 Skin Rabbit 12267 mg/kg LC50 Inhalation Rat 25,7 mg/l 4h

methyl methacrylate; methyl 2-methylprop-2-

enoate; methyl 2methylpropenoate a) acute toxicity

LD50 Oral Rat > 7900 mg/kg

LC50 Inhalation Rat = 29,8 mg/l 4h LD50 Skin Rabbit = 5000 mg/kg

Reaction mass of Bis(1,2,2,6,6-

pentamethyl-4-piperidyl) sebacate and Methyl 1,2,2,6,6-pentamethyl-4piperidyl sebacate.

a) acute toxicity

LD50 Oral Rat > 3230 mg/kg

b) skin corrosion/irritation Skin Irritant Rabbit Negative Eye Irritant Rabbit Negative c) serious eye

damage/irritation

d) respiratory or skin sensitisation

Skin Sensitization Cavia porcellus Positive

## **Endocrine disrupting properties:**

No endocrine disruptor substances present in concentration >= 0.1%

#### 11.2 Information on other hazards

Based on the properties of the epoxy contituent(s) and considering toxicological data on similar preparations, this preparetion may be a skin sensitiser and an irritant.

It contains low molecular epoxy constituents which are irritating to eyes, mucous me

## **SECTION 12: Ecological information**

## 12.1. Toxicity

Adopt good working practices, so that the product is not released into the environment.

Eco-Toxicological Information:

Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

## List of Eco-Toxicological properties of the product

The product is classified: Aquatic Chronic 3(H412)

List of Eco-Toxicological prope	List of Eco-Toxicological properties of the components				
Component	Ident. Numb.	Ecotox Data			
n-butyl acetate	CAS: 123-86-4 - EINECS: 204- 658-1 - INDEX: 607-025-00-1	a) Aquatic acute toxicity: LC50 Fish = 64 mg/l 48			
		a) Aquatic acute toxicity: EC50 Daphnia = 73 mg/l 24			
		a) Aquatic acute toxicity: EC50 Algae = 674 mg/l 72			
xylene [isomer mixture]	CAS: 1330-20-7 - EINECS: 215- 535-7 - INDEX: 601-022-00-9	a) Aquatic acute toxicity: EC50 Daphnia = 1 mg/l 48			
		a) Aquatic acute toxicity: LC50 Fish = 3,2 mg/l 96			
		a) Aquatic acute toxicity: LC50 Algae = 2,6 mg/l 73			

2-butoxyethyl acetate; butylglycol CAS: 112-07-2 - a) Aquatic acute toxicity: LC50 Fish 28 mg/l 96

EINECS: 203-933-3 - INDEX:

acetate

607-038-00-2

a) Aquatic acute toxicity: EC50 Daphnia 37 mg/l 48

a) Aquatic acute toxicity: EC50 Algae 1570 mg/l 72

CAS: 100-41-4 - a) Aquatic acute toxicity: LC50 Fish = 42,3 mg/l 96 ethylbenzene

EINECS: 202-849-4 - INDEX: 601-023-00-4

reaction mass of alpha-3-(3-(2Hbenzotriazol-2-yl)-5-tert-butyl-4hydroxyphenyl)propionyl-omegahydroxypoly(oxyethylene) and

EINECS: 400-830-7 - INDEX: 607-176-00-3

a) Aquatic acute toxicity: LC50 Fish = 2,8 mg/l 96

alpha-3-(3-(2H-benzotriazol-2-yl)-

5-tert-butyl-4-hydrox

a) Aquatic acute toxicity: EC50 Daphnia = 4 mg/l 96 a) Aquatic acute toxicity: EC50 Algae > 100 mg/l 72 a) Aquatic acute toxicity: CE10 Algae > 10 mg/l 72 a) Aquatic acute toxicity: EC50 Active mud > 1000 mg/l 3

b) Aquatic chronic toxicity: NOEC Daphnia 0,78 mg/l 504

CAS: 108-88-3 - a) Aquatic acute toxicity: LC50 Fish = 5,5 ml/l 96 toluene

EINECS: 203-625-9 - INDEX: 601-021-00-3

> a) Aquatic acute toxicity: EC50 Algae > 134 ml/l 72 b) Aquatic chronic toxicity: EC50 Daphnia = 3,78 mg/l 48

methyl methacrylate; methyl 2methylprop-2-enoate; methyl 2methylpropenoate

CAS: 80-62-6 -EINECS: 201-297-1 - INDEX: 607-035-00-6

a) Aquatic acute toxicity: LC50 Fish = 191 mg/l 96

a) Aquatic acute toxicity: EC50 Daphnia = 69 mg/l 48 a) Aquatic acute toxicity: EC50 Algae > 110 mg/l 72 a) Aquatic acute toxicity: LC50 Fish = 0,97 mg/l

Reaction mass of Bis(1,2,2,6,6-EINECS: 915pentamethyl-4-piperidyl) sebacate 687-0 and Methyl 1,2,2,6,6-pentamethyl-

4-piperidyl sebacate.

a) Aquatic acute toxicity: EC50 Daphnia = 20 mg/l

a) Aquatic acute toxicity: EC50 Algae = 1,68 mg/l

f) Effects in sewage plants: EC50 Active mud > 100 mg/l

b) Aquatic chronic toxicity: NOEC Daphnia = 1 mg/kg - (21d)

No endocrine disruptor substances present in concentration >= 0.1%

## 12.2. Persistence and degradability

None known

N.A.

#### 12.3. Bioaccumulative potential

N.A.

## 12.4. Mobility in soil

N.A.

## 12.5. Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

No PBT, vPvB or endocrine disruptor substances present in concentration >= 0.1%.

#### 12.6 Endocrine disrupting properties

#### 12.6 Endocrine disrupting properties

## 12.7 Other adverse effects

#### **SECTION 13: Disposal considerations**

#### 13.1. Waste treatment methods

Recover, if possible. Send to authorised disposal plants or for incineration under controlled conditions. In so doing, comply with the local and national regulations currently in force.

#### **SECTION 14: Transport information**

#### 14.1. UN number or ID number

1263

#### 14.2. UN proper shipping name

ADR-Shipping Name: PAINT IATA-Technical name: PAINT IMDG-Technical name: PAINT

#### 14.3. Transport hazard class(es)

ADR-Class: 3
IATA-Class: 3
IMDG-Class: 3

#### 14.4. Packing group

ADR-Packing Group: II IATA-Packing group: II IMDG-Packing group: II

#### 14.5. Environmental hazards

Toxic Ingredients Qty: 0.00 High Toxicity Ingredients Qty: 0.00

Marine pollutant: No

Environmental Pollutant: No

## 14.6. Special precautions for user

Road and Rail ( ADR-RID ) :

ADR exempt: No

ADR-Label: 3

ADR - Hazard identification number: 33 ADR-Special Provisions: 163 367 640C 650

ADR-Transport category (Tunnel restriction code): 2 (D/E)

Air ( IATA ):

IATA-Passenger Aircraft: 353 IATA-Cargo Aircraft: 364

IATA-Label: 3

IATA-Subsidiary hazards: -

IATA-Erg: 3L

IATA-Special Provisioning: A3 A72 A192

Sea ( IMDG ):

IMDG-Stowage Code: Category B

IMDG-Stowage Note: -

IMDG-Subsidiary hazards: -

IMDG-Special Provisioning: 163 367

IMDG-Page: N/A IMDG-Label: N/A IMDG-MFAG: N/A

#### 14.7. Maritime transport in bulk according to IMO instruments

N.A.

## **SECTION 15: Regulatory information**

## 15.1. Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

Dir. 98/24/EC (Risks related to chemical agents at work)

Dir. 2000/39/EC (Occupational exposure limit values)

Regulation (EC) n. 1907/2006 (REACH)

Regulation (EC) n. 1272/2008 (CLP)

Regulation (EC) n. 790/2009 (ATP 1 CLP) and (EU) n. 758/2013

Regulation (EU) n. 286/2011 (ATP 2 CLP)

Regulation (EU) n. 618/2012 (ATP 3 CLP)

Regulation (EU) n. 487/2013 (ATP 4 CLP)

Regulation (EU) n. 944/2013 (ATP 5 CLP)
Regulation (EU) n. 605/2014 (ATP 6 CLP)
Regulation (EU) n. 2015/1221 (ATP 7 CLP)
Regulation (EU) n. 2016/918 (ATP 8 CLP)
Regulation (EU) n. 2016/1179 (ATP 9 CLP)
Regulation (EU) n. 2017/776 (ATP 10 CLP)
Regulation (EU) n. 2018/699 (ATP 11 CLP)
Regulation (EU) n. 2018/1480 (ATP 13 CLP)
Regulation (EU) n. 2019/521 (ATP 12 CLP)
Regulation (EU) n. 2020/217 (ATP 14 CLP)
Regulation (EU) n. 2020/1182 (ATP 15 CLP)
Regulation (EU) n. 2021/643 (ATP 16 CLP)

Regulation (EU) n. 2020/878

Restrictions related to the product or the substances contained according to Annex XVII Regulation (EC) 1907/2006 (REACH) and subsequent modifications:

Restrictions related to the product: 3, 40 3, 40

Restrictions related to the substances contained: 48, 75 48, 75

Provisions related to directive EU 2012/18 (Seveso III):

N.A.

Regulation (EU) No 649/2012 (PIC regulation)

No substances listed

German Water Hazard Class.

Class 3: extremely hazardous.

SVHC Substances:

No data available

## Dir. 2010/75/EC (VOC directive); Dir. 2004/42/EC (VOC directive)

Total solid content: 48 - 50 %

Volatile Organic compounds - VOCs = 51 % Volatile Organic compounds - VOCs = 521 g/L

Of which reactive monomers: 0 %

Total Volatile Organic Carbon (typical value): 37 %

Of which reactive monomers: 0 %

## 15.2. Chemical safety assessment

No Chemical Safety Assessment has been carried out for the mixture.

#### **SECTION 16: Other information**

Code	Description
EUH066	Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking.
H225	Highly flammable liquid and vapour.
H226	Flammable liquid and vapour.
H304	May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.
H312	Harmful in contact with skin.
H315	Causes skin irritation.
H317	May cause an allergic skin reaction.
H319	Causes serious eye irritation.
H332	Harmful if inhaled.
H335	May cause respiratory irritation.
H336	May cause drowsiness or dizziness.
H361d	Suspected of damaging the unborn child.
H373	May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.
H400	Very toxic to aquatic life.
H410	Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
H411	Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
H412	Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
Code	Hazard class and hazard category Description

2.6/2	Flam. Liq. 2	Flammable liquid, Category 2
2.6/3	Flam. Liq. 3	Flammable liquid, Category 3
3.1/4/Dermal	Acute Tox. 4	Acute toxicity (dermal), Category 4
3.1/4/Inhal	Acute Tox. 4	Acute toxicity (inhalation), Category 4
3.10/1	Asp. Tox. 1	Aspiration hazard, Category 1
3.2/2	Skin Irrit. 2	Skin irritation, Category 2
3.3/2	Eye Irrit. 2	Eye irritation, Category 2
3.4.2/1	Skin Sens. 1	Skin Sensitisation, Category 1
3.4.2/1A	Skin Sens. 1A	Skin Sensitisation, Category 1A
3.7/2	Repr. 2	Reproductive toxicity, Category 2
3.8/3	STOT SE 3	Specific target organ toxicity — single exposure, Category 3
3.9/2	STOT RE 2	Specific target organ toxicity — repeated exposure, Category 2 $$
4.1/A1	Aquatic Acute 1	Acute aquatic hazard, category 1
4.1/C1	Aquatic Chronic 1	Chronic (long term) aquatic hazard, category 1
4.1/C2	Aquatic Chronic 2	Chronic (long term) aquatic hazard, category 2
4.1/C3	Aquatic Chronic 3	Chronic (long term) aquatic hazard, category 3

# Classification and procedure used to derive the classification for mixtures according to Regulation (EC) 1272/2008 [CLP]: Classification according to Regulation Classification procedure

(EC) Nr. 1272/2008	Classification procedul
2.6/2	On basis of test data
3.2/2	Calculation method
3.3/2	Calculation method
3.4.2/1A	Calculation method
3.8/3	Calculation method
3.9/2	Calculation method
4.1/C3	Calculation method

This document was prepared by a competent person who has received appropriate training.

Main bibliographic sources:

ECDIN - Environmental Chemicals Data and Information Network - Joint Research Centre, Commission of the European Communities

SAX's DANGEROUS PROPERTIES OF INDUSTRIAL MATERIALS - Eight Edition - Van Nostrand Reinold

The information contained herein is based on our state of knowledge at the above-specified date. It refers solely to the product indicated and constitutes no guarantee of particular quality.

It is the duty of the user to ensure that this information is appropriate and complete with respect to the specific use intended.

This MSDS cancels and replaces any preceding release.

Legend to abbreviations and acronyms used in the safety data sheet:

ACGIH: American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists

ADR: European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road.

AND: European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Inland Waterways

ATE: Acute Toxicity Estimate

ATEmix: Acute toxicity Estimate (Mixtures)

BCF: Biological Concentration Factor BEI: Biological Exposure Index

BOD: Biochemical Oxygen Demand

CAS: Chemical Abstracts Service (division of the American Chemical Society).

CAV: Poison Center

CE: European Community

CLP: Classification, Labeling, Packaging.

CMR: Carcinogenic, Mutagenic and Reprotoxic

COD: Chemical Oxygen Demand

COV: Volatile Organic Compound

CSA: Chemical Safety Assessment

CSR: Chemical Safety Report

DMEL: Derived Minimal Effect Level

DNEL: Derived No Effect Level.

DPD: Dangerous Preparations Directive

DSD: Dangerous Substances Directive

EC50: Half Maximal Effective Concentration

ECHA: European Chemicals Agency

EINECS: European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances.

ES: Exposure Scenario

GefStoffVO: Ordinance on Hazardous Substances, Germany.

GHS: Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labeling of Chemicals.

IARC: International Agency for Research on Cancer

IATA: International Air Transport Association.

IATA-DGR: Dangerous Goods Regulation by the "International Air Transport Association" (IATA).

IC50: half maximal inhibitory concentration ICAO: International Civil Aviation Organization.

ICAO-TI: Technical Instructions by the "International Civil Aviation Organization" (ICAO).

IMDG: International Maritime Code for Dangerous Goods. INCI: International Nomenclature of Cosmetic Ingredients.

IRCCS: Scientific Institute for Research, Hospitalization and Health Care

KAFH: KAFH

KSt: Explosion coefficient.

LC50: Lethal concentration, for 50 percent of test population.

LD50: Lethal dose, for 50 percent of test population.

LDLo: Leathal Dose Low N.A.: Not Applicable N/A: Not Applicable

N/D: Not defined/ Not available

NA: Not available

NIOSH: National Institute for Occupational Safety and Health

NOAEL: No Observed Adverse Effect Level

OSHA: Occupational Safety and Health Administration.

PBT: Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic

PGK: Packaging Instruction

PNEC: Predicted No Effect Concentration.

PSG: Passengers

RID: Regulation Concerning the International Transport of Dangerous Goods by Rail.

STEL: Short Term Exposure limit. STOT: Specific Target Organ Toxicity.

TLV: Threshold Limiting Value.

TWATLV: Threshold Limit Value for the Time Weighted Average 8 hour day. (ACGIH Standard).

vPvB: Very Persistent, Very Bioaccumulative.

WGK: German Water Hazard Class.

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#### Paragraphs modified from the previous revision:

- 1. IDENTIFICATION OF THE SUBSTANCE/PREPARATION AND OF THE COMPANY/UNDERTAKING
- 3. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS
- 8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION
- 15. REGULATORY INFORMATION
- 16. OTHER INFORMATION

#### **Fac-simile label**

## **Clear ACR TX EXT Matt topcoat**

Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 (CLP):

#### **Pictograms and Signal Words**



Danger

#### **Hazard statements**

H225 Highly flammable liquid and vapour.

H315 Causes skin irritation.

H317 May cause an allergic skin reaction.

H319 Causes serious eye irritation.

H336 May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

H373 May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.

H412 Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

#### **Precautionary statements**

P210 Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking.

P233 Keep container tightly closed.

P261 Avoid breathing dust/fume/gas/mist/vapours/spray.

P280 Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection/hearing protection/...

P370+P378 In case of fire: Use CO2, Foam, Chemical powders For extinction.

P403+P235 Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool.

## **Contains**

n-butyl acetate

reaction mass of alpha-3-(3-(2H-benzotriazol-2-yl)-5-tert-butyl-4-hydroxyphenyl)propionyl-omega-hydroxypoly(oxyethylene) and alpha-3-(3-(2H-benzotriazol-2-yl)-5-tert-butyl-4-hydrox

xylene [isomer mixture]

methyl methacrylate; methyl 2methylprop-2-enoate; methyl 2-

methylpropenoate

Reaction mass of Bis(1,2,2,6,6-pentamethyl-4-piperidyl) sebacate and Methyl 1,2,2,6,6-pentamethyl-4-piperidyl sebacate.

May produce an allergic reaction.

May produce an allergic reaction.

QUANTITY: SUPPLIER:

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