

Revision nr. 2

Dated 18/12/2023

Printed on 26/02/2024

HHP5013.00.0000 POLYURETHANE HARDENER

Page n. 1/19

Replaced revision:1 (Printed on: 19/08/2020)

Safety Data Sheet

According to Annex II to REACH - Regulation (EU) 2020/878 and to Annex II to UK REACH

SECTION 1. Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

1.1. Product identifier

HHP5013.00.0000 Code:

POLYURETHANE HARDENER Product name

1.2. Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Intended use Wood coatings

1.3. Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

KAYALAR KIMYA SAN.VE TIC.A.S.

Full address Tepeören Kimya Sanayicileri O.S.B, Tem Yanyol F1 Blok

District and Country 34956 Istanbul (Tuzla)

TURKEY

Tel. +90 216-5930727 Fax +90 216-5931850

e-mail address of the competent person

responsible for the Safety Data Sheet help@kayalarkimya.com.tr Supplier: Kayalar Kimya San. Ve Tic. A.S.

1.4. Emergency telephone number

For urgent inquiries refer to HEADQUARTERS: KAYALAR KIMYA SAN.VE TIC. A.Ş. TURKEY TEL:+90 216-5930727

SECTION 2. Hazards identification

2.1. Classification of the substance or mixture

The product is classified as hazardous pursuant to the provisions set forth in (EC) Regulation 1272/2008 (CLP) (and subsequent amendments and supplements). The product thus requires a safety datasheet that complies with the provisions of (EU) Regulation 2020/878. Any additional information concerning the risks for health and/or the environment are given in sections 11 and 12 of this sheet.

Hazard classification and indication:

| ľ | iazaru ciassilication and indication. | | |
|---|--|-------|--|
| | Flammable liquid, category 2 | H225 | Highly flammable liquid and vapour. |
| | Reproductive toxicity, category 2 | H361d | Suspected of damaging the unborn child. |
| | Aspiration hazard, category 1 | H304 | May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways. |
| | Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure, category 2 | H373 | May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated |
| | | | exposure. |
| | Eye irritation, category 2 | H319 | Causes serious eye irritation. |
| | Skin irritation, category 2 | H315 | Causes skin irritation. |
| | Skin sensitization, category 1 | H317 | May cause an allergic skin reaction |

Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure, category 3 H336 May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

H412 Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects. Hazardous to the aquatic environment, chronic toxicity,



Revision nr. 2

Dated 18/12/2023

Printed on 26/02/2024

Page n. 2/19

Replaced revision:1 (Printed on: 19/08/2020)

HHP5013.00.0000 POLYURETHANE HARDENER

category 3

2.2. Label elements

Hazard labelling pursuant to EC Regulation 1272/2008 (CLP) and subsequent amendments and supplements.

Hazard pictograms:







Signal words: Danger

Hazard statements:

H225 Highly flammable liquid and vapour.

H361d Suspected of damaging the unborn child.

H304 May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.

H373 May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.

H319 Causes serious eye irritation.

H315 Causes skin irritation.

H317 May cause an allergic skin reaction.

H336 May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

H412 Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

EUH204 Contains isocyanates. May produce an allergic reaction.

Precautionary statements:

P210 Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking.

P331 Do NOT induce vomiting.

P280 Wear protective gloves/ protective clothing / eye protection / face protection.

P301+P310 IF SWALLOWED: immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor / physician.

P370+P378 In case of fire: use foam, fire-extinguishing powder, carbonsioxide to extinguish.

P261 Avoid breathing dust / fume / gas / mist / vapours / spray.



Revision nr. 2

Dated 18/12/2023

Printed on 26/02/2024

Page n. 3/19

Replaced revision:1 (Printed on: 19/08/2020)

HHP5013.00.0000 POLYURETHANE HARDENER

Contains: TOLUENE

AROMATIC POLYISOCYANATE

N-BUTYL ACETATE ETHYL ACETATE

2.3. Other hazards

On the basis of available data, the product does not contain any PBT or vPvB in percentage ≥ than 0,1%.

The product does not contain substances with endocrine disrupting properties in concentration ≥ 0.1%.

SECTION 3. Composition/information on ingredients

3.2. Mixtures

Contains:

Identification x = Conc. % Classification (EC) 1272/2008 (CLP)

N-BUTYL ACETATE

INDEX 607-025-00-1 $30 \le x < 40$ Flam. Liq. 3 H226, STOT SE 3 H336, EUH066

EC 204-658-1 CAS 123-86-4

REACH Reg. 01-2119485493-29-XXXX

TOLUENE

INDEX 601-021-00-3 20 ≤ x < 30 Flam. Liq. 2 H225, Repr. 2 H361d, Asp. Tox. 1 H304, STOT RE 2 H373, Skin

Irrit. 2 H315, STOT SE 3 H336, Aquatic Chronic 3 H412

EC 203-625-9 CAS 108-88-3

REACH Reg. 01-2119471310-51-XXXX

AROMATIC POLYISOCYANATE

INDEX 10 ≤ x < 20 Eye Irrit. 2 H319, Skin Sens. 1 H317

EC -

CAS 53317-61-6

2-METHOXY-1-METHYLETHYL ACETATE

INDEX 607-195-00-7 $5 \le x < 10$ Flam. Liq. 3 H226

EC 203-603-9 CAS 108-65-6

REACH Reg. 01-2119475791-29-XXXX

ETHYL ACETATE

INDEX 607-022-00-5 $5 \le x < 10$ Flam. Liq. 2 H225, Eye Irrit. 2 H319, STOT SE 3 H336, EUH066

EC 205-500-4



Revision nr. 2

Dated 18/12/2023

Printed on 26/02/2024

Page n. 4/19

Replaced revision:1 (Printed on: 19/08/2020)

HHP5013.00.0000 POLYURETHANE HARDENER

CAS 141-78-6

EC 247-722-4

REACH Reg. 01-2119475103-46-XXXX

TOLUENE-DIISOCYANATE

INDEX 615-006-00-4

0 < x < 0.1

Carc. 2 H351, Acute Tox. 1 H330, Eye Irrit. 2 H319, Skin Irrit. 2 H315, STOT SE 3 H335, Resp. Sens. 1 H334, Skin Sens. 1 H317, Aquatic Chronic 3 H412, Classification note according to Annex VI to the CLP Regulation: C

Resp. Sens. 1 H334: ≥ 0,1%

CAS 26471-62-5 ATE Inhalation vapours: 0,05 mg/l

REACH Reg. 01-2119454791-34-XXXX

The full wording of hazard (H) phrases is given in section 16 of the sheet.

SECTION 4. First aid measures

4.1. Description of first aid measures

EYES: Remove contact lenses, if present. Wash immediately with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes, opening the eyelids fully. If problem persists, seek medical advice.

SKIN: Remove contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with a shower immediately. Get medical advice/attention immediately. Wash contaminated clothing before using it again.

INHALATION: Remove to open air. If the subject stops breathing, administer artificial respiration. Get medical advice/attention immediately. INGESTION: Get medical advice/attention immediately. Do not induce vomiting. Do not administer anything not explicitly authorised by a doctor.

4.2. Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

Specific information on symptoms and effects caused by the product are unknown.

4.3. Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

SECTION 5. Firefighting measures

5.1. Extinguishing media

SUITABLE EXTINGUISHING EQUIPMENT

Extinguishing substances are: carbon dioxide, foam, chemical powder. For product loss or leakage that has not caught fire, water spray can be used to disperse flammable vapours and protect those trying to stem the leak.

UNSUITABLE EXTINGUISHING EQUIPMENT

Do not use jets of water. Water is not effective for putting out fires but can be used to cool containers exposed to flames to prevent explosions.

5.2. Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

HAZARDS CAUSED BY EXPOSURE IN THE EVENT OF FIRE

Excess pressure may form in containers exposed to fire at a risk of explosion. Do not breathe combustion products.

5.3. Advice for firefighters

GENERAL INFORMATION

Use jets of water to cool the containers to prevent product decomposition and the development of substances potentially hazardous for health. Always wear full fire prevention gear. Collect extinguishing water to prevent it from draining into the sewer system. Dispose of contaminated water used for



Revision nr. 2

Dated 18/12/2023

Printed on 26/02/2024

Page n. 5/19

Replaced revision:1 (Printed on: 19/08/2020)

HHP5013.00.0000 POLYURETHANE HARDENER

extinction and the remains of the fire according to applicable regulations.

SPECIAL PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT FOR FIRE-FIGHTERS

Normal fire fighting clothing i.e. fire kit (BS EN 469), gloves (BS EN 659) and boots (HO specification A29 and A30) in combination with self-contained open circuit positive pressure compressed air breathing apparatus (BS EN 137).

SECTION 6. Accidental release measures

6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Block the leakage if there is no hazard.

Wear suitable protective equipment (including personal protective equipment referred to under Section 8 of the safety data sheet) to prevent any contamination of skin, eyes and personal clothing. These indications apply for both processing staff and those involved in emergency procedures.

Send away individuals who are not suitably equipped. Use explosion-proof equipment. Eliminate all sources of ignition (cigarettes, flames, sparks, etc.) from the leakage site.

6.2. Environmental precautions

The product must not penetrate into the sewer system or come into contact with surface water or ground water.

6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Collect the leaked product into a suitable container. Evaluate the compatibility of the container to be used, by checking section 10. Absorb the remainder with inert absorbent material.

Make sure the leakage site is well aired. Contaminated material should be disposed of in compliance with the provisions set forth in point 13.

6.4. Reference to other sections

Any information on personal protection and disposal is given in sections 8 and 13.

SECTION 7. Handling and storage

7.1. Precautions for safe handling

Keep away from heat, sparks and naked flames; do not smoke or use matches or lighters. Without adequate ventilation, vapours may accumulate at ground level and, if ignited, catch fire even at a distance, with the danger of backfire. Avoid bunching of electrostatic charges. When performing transfer operations involving large containers, connect to an earthing system and wear antistatic footwear. Vigorous stirring and flow through the tubes and equipment may cause the formation and accumulation of electrostatic charges. In order to avoid the risk of fires and explosions, never use compressed air when handling. Open containers with caution as they may be pressurised. Do not eat, drink or smoke during use. Avoid leakage of the product into the

7.2. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Store only in the original container. Store the containers sealed, in a well ventilated place, away from direct sunlight. Store in a cool and well ventilated place, keep far away from sources of heat, naked flames and sparks and other sources of ignition. Keep containers away from any incompatible materials, see section 10 for details.

2-METHOXY-1-METHYLETHYL ACETATE

Store in an inert atmosphere, sheletered from moisture because it hydrolises easily.



Revision nr. 2

Dated 18/12/2023

Printed on 26/02/2024

Page n. 6/19

Replaced revision:1 (Printed on: 19/08/2020)

HHP5013.00.0000 POLYURETHANE HARDENER

7.3. Specific end use(s)

Information not available

SECTION 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

8.1. Control parameters

Polska

România

Regulatory references:

PRT

POL

ROU

THR

GBR EU.

НАРЕДБА № 13 ОТ 30 ДЕКЕМВРИ 2003 Г. ЗА ЗАЩИТА НА РАБОТЕЩИТЕ ОТ РИСКОВЕ. **BGR** България

СВЪРЗАНИ С ЕКСПОЗИЦИЯ НА ХИМИЧНИ АГЕНТИ ПРИ РАБОТА (изм. ДВ. бр.5 от 17 Януари

2020г.)

ESP España Límites de exposición profesional para agentes químicos en España 2021 Eesti

Ohtlike kemikaalide ja neid sisaldavate materjalide kasutamise töötervishoiu ja tööohutuse nõuded ning

töökeskkonna keemiliste ohutegurite piirnormid [RT I, 17.10.2019, 1 - jõust. 17.01.2020]

Italia Decreto Legislativo 9 Aprile 2008, n.81 Portugal

Decreto-Lei n.º 1/2021 de 6 de janeiro, valores-limite de exposição profissional indicativos para os agentes químicos. Decreto-Lei n.º 35/2020 de 13 de julho, proteção dos trabalhadores contra os riscos ligados à

exposição durante o trabalho a agentes cancerígenos ou mutagénicos

Rozporządzenie ministra rozwoju, pracy i technologii z dnia 18 lutego 2021 r. Zmieniające rozporządzenie

w sprawie najwyższych dopuszczalnych stężeń i natężeń czynników szkodliwych dla zdrowia w

środowisku pracy

Hotărârea nr. 53/2021 pentru modificarea hotărârii guvernului nr. 1.218/2006, precum și pentru modificarea

și completarea hotărârii guvernului nr. 1.093/2006

Kimyasal Maddelerle Çalışmalarda Sağlık ve Güvenlik Önlemleri Hakkında Yönetmelik 12.08.2013 / 28733 Türkiye United Kingdom OEL EU

EH40/2005 Workplace exposure limits (Fourth Edition 2020)
Directive (EU) 2022/431; Directive (EU) 2019/1831; Directive (EU) 2019/130; Directive (EU) 2019/83; Directive (EU) 2017/2398; Directive (EU) 2017/164; Directive 2009/161/EU; Directive 2006/15/EC; Directive

2004/37/EC; Directive 2000/39/EC; Directive 98/24/EC; Directive 91/322/EEC.

TLV-ACGIH ACGIH 2022

| 2-METHOXY-1-METHYLETHYL ACETATE | | | | | | | | | |
|---------------------------------|----------------|-------|-----|------------|---------------------------|------|--|--|--|
| Threshold Limit | : Value | | | | | | | | |
| Туре | Country TWA/8h | | | STEL/15min | Remarks / Observations | | | | |
| | | mg/m3 | ppm | mg/m3 | ppm | | | | |
| TLV | BGR | 275 | 50 | 550 | 100 | SKIN | | | |
| VLA | ESP | 275 | 50 | 550 | 100 | SKIN | | | |
| TLV | EST | 275 | 50 | 550 | 100 | SKIN | | | |
| VLEP | ITA | 275 | 50 | 550 | 100 | SKIN | | | |
| VLE | PRT | 275 | 50 | 550 | 100 | SKIN | | | |
| NDS/NDSCh | POL | 260 | | 520 | | SKIN | | | |
| TLV | ROU | 275 | 50 | 550 | 100 | SKIN | | | |
| ESD | TUR | 275 | 50 | 550 | 100 | SKIN | | | |
| WEL | GBR | 274 | 50 | 548 | 100 | SKIN | | | |
| OEL | EU | 275 | 50 | 550 | 100 | SKIN | | | |

| TOLUENE Threshold Limit Value | | | | | | | | | |
|-------------------------------|----------------|-------|-----|------------|--------------------------|----|--|--|--|
| Туре | Country TWA/8h | | | STEL/15min | Remarks / Observation | ns | | | |
| | | mg/m3 | ppm | mg/m3 | ppm | | | | |



Revision nr. 2

Dated 18/12/2023

Printed on 26/02/2024

HHP5013.00.0000 POLYURETHANE HARDENER

Page n. 7/19

Replaced revision:1 (Printed on: 19/08/2020)

| TLV | BGR | 192 | 50 | 384 | 100 | SKIN | |
|-----------|-----|-----|----|-----|-----|------|--|
| VLA | ESP | 192 | 50 | 384 | 100 | SKIN | |
| TLV | EST | 192 | 50 | 384 | 100 | SKIN | |
| VLEP | ITA | 192 | 50 | | | SKIN | |
| VLE | PRT | 192 | 50 | 384 | 100 | SKIN | |
| NDS/NDSCh | POL | 100 | | 200 | | SKIN | |
| TLV | ROU | 192 | 50 | 384 | 100 | SKIN | |
| ESD | TUR | 192 | 50 | 384 | 100 | SKIN | |
| WEL | GBR | 191 | 50 | 384 | 100 | SKIN | |
| OEL | EU | 192 | 50 | 384 | 100 | SKIN | |
| TLV-ACGIH | | | 20 | | | | |

| Туре | Country | TWA/8h | | STEL/15min | | Remarks / Observations |
|-----------|---------|--------|-----|------------|-----|---------------------------|
| | | mg/m3 | ppm | mg/m3 | ppm | Obodivationo |
| TLV | BGR | 734 | 200 | 1468 | 400 | |
| VLA | ESP | 734 | 200 | 1468 | 400 | |
| TLV | EST | 500 | 150 | 1100 | 300 | |
| VLEP | ITA | 734 | 200 | 1468 | 400 | |
| VLE | PRT | 734 | 200 | 1468 | 400 | |
| NDS/NDSCh | POL | 734 | | 1468 | | |
| TLV | ROU | 734 | 200 | 1468 | 400 | |
| WEL | GBR | 734 | 200 | 1468 | 400 | |
| OEL | EU | 734 | 200 | 1468 | 400 | |
| TLV-ACGIH | | 1441 | 400 | | | |

| N-BUTYL ACET | | | | | | | |
|--------------|----------------|-------|------------|-------|-----|---------------------------|--|
| Туре | Country TWA/8h | | STEL/15min | | | Remarks / Observations | |
| | | mg/m3 | ppm | mg/m3 | ppm | | |
| TLV | BGR | 710 | | 950 | | | |
| VLA | ESP | 241 | 50 | 724 | 150 | | |
| TLV | EST | 500 | 100 | 700 | 150 | | |
| VLEP | ITA | 241 | 50 | 723 | 150 | | |
| VLE | PRT | 241 | 50 | 723 | 150 | | |
| NDS/NDSCh | POL | 240 | | 720 | | | |
| TLV | ROU | 241 | 50 | 723 | 150 | | |
| WEL | GBR | 724 | 150 | 966 | 200 | | |
| OEL | EU | 241 | 50 | 723 | 150 | | |
| TLV-ACGIH | | | 50 | | 150 | | |



Revision nr. 2

Dated 18/12/2023

Printed on 26/02/2024

Page n. 8/19

Replaced revision:1 (Printed on: 19/08/2020)

HHP5013.00.0000 POLYURETHANE HARDENER

Legend:

(C) = CEILING : INHAL = Inhalable Fraction : RESP = Respirable Fraction : THORA = Thoracic Fraction.

8.2. Exposure controls

As the use of adequate technical equipment must always take priority over personal protective equipment, make sure that the workplace is well aired through effective local aspiration.

When choosing personal protective equipment, ask your chemical substance supplier for advice.

Personal protective equipment must be CE marked, showing that it complies with applicable standards.

Provide an emergency shower with face and eye wash station.

Exposure levels must be kept as low as possible to avoid significant build-up in the organism. Manage personal protective equipment so as to guarantee maximum protection (e.g. reduction in replacement times).

HAND PROTECTION

Protect hands with category III work gloves.

The following should be considered when choosing work glove material (see standard EN 374): compatibility, degradation, permeability time.

The work gloves' resistance to chemical agents should be checked before use, as it can be unpredictable. The gloves' wear time depends on the duration and type of use.

SKIN PROTECTION

Wear category II professional long-sleeved overalls and safety footwear (see Regulation 2016/425 and standard EN ISO 20344). Wash body with soap and water after removing protective clothing.

Consider the appropriateness of providing antistatic clothing in the case of working environments in which there is a risk of explosion.

EYE PROTECTION

Wear airtight protective goggles (see standard EN ISO 16321).

RESPIRATORY PROTECTION

Respiratory protection devices must be used if the technical measures adopted are not suitable for restricting the worker's exposure to the threshold values considered. Use a mask with a type AX filter whose class (1, 2 or 3) must be chosen according to the limit of use concentration. (see standard EN 14387).

If the substance considered is odourless or its olfactory threshold is higher than the corresponding TLV-TWA and in the case of an emergency, wear open-circuit compressed air breathing apparatus (in compliance with standard EN 137) or external air-intake breathing apparatus (in compliance with standard EN 138). For a correct choice of respiratory protection device, see standard EN 529.

ENVIRONMENTAL EXPOSURE CONTROLS

The emissions generated by manufacturing processes, including those generated by ventilation equipment, should be checked to ensure compliance with environmental standards.

Product residues must not be indiscriminately disposed of with waste water or by dumping in waterways.

SECTION 9. Physical and chemical properties



Revision nr. 2

Dated 18/12/2023

Printed on 26/02/2024

Page n. 9/19

Replaced revision:1 (Printed on: 19/08/2020)

HHP5013.00.0000 POLYURETHANE HARDENER

9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Properties Value Information

Appearance liquid Colour colourless Odour characteristic not available Melting point / freezing point > 35 °C Initial boiling point not available Flammability not available Lower explosive limit Upper explosive limit not available < 23 °C Flash point not available Auto-ignition temperature Decomposition temperature not available not available Kinematic viscosity not available

Solubility soluble in organic solvents

9.2. Other information

9.2.1. Information with regard to physical hazard classes

Information not available

9.2.2. Other safety characteristics

Information not available

SECTION 10. Stability and reactivity

10.1. Reactivity

There are no particular risks of reaction with other substances in normal conditions of use.

2-METHOXY-1-METHYLETHYL ACETATE

Stable in normal conditions of use and storage.

With the air it may slowly develop peroxides that explode with an increase in temperature.



Revision nr. 2

Dated 18/12/2023

Printed on 26/02/2024

Page n. 10/19

Replaced revision:1 (Printed on: 19/08/2020)

HHP5013.00.0000 POLYURETHANE HARDENER

TOLUENE

Avoid exposure to: light.

ETHYL ACETATE

Decomposes slowly into acetic acid and ethanol under the effect of light, air and water.

N-BUTYL ACETATE

Decomposes on contact with: water.

10.2. Chemical stability

The product is stable in normal conditions of use and storage.

10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions

The vapours may also form explosive mixtures with the air.

2-METHOXY-1-METHYLETHYL ACETATE

May react violently with: oxidising substances, strong acids, alkaline metals.

TOLUENE

Risk of explosion on contact with: fuming sulphuric acid,nitric acid,silver perchlorate,nitrogen dioxide,non-metal halogenates,acetic acid,organic nitrocompounds.May form explosive mixtures with: air.May react dangerously with: strong oxidising agents,strong acids,sulphur.

ETHYL ACETATE

Risk of explosion on contact with: alkaline metals,hydrides,oleum.May react violently with: fluorine,strong oxidising agents,chlorosulphuric acid,potassium tert-butoxide.Forms explosive mixtures with: air.

N-BUTYL ACETATE

Risk of explosion on contact with: strong oxidising agents. May react dangerously with: alkaline hydroxides, potassium tert-butoxide. Forms explosive mixtures with: air.

10.4. Conditions to avoid

Avoid overheating. Avoid bunching of electrostatic charges. Avoid all sources of ignition.

ETHYL ACETATE

Avoid exposure to: light, sources of heat, naked flames.



Revision nr. 2

Dated 18/12/2023

Printed on 26/02/2024

Page n. 11/19

Replaced revision:1 (Printed on: 19/08/2020)

HHP5013.00.0000 POLYURETHANE HARDENER

N-BUTYL ACETATE

Avoid exposure to: moisture, sources of heat, naked flames.

10.5. Incompatible materials

2-METHOXY-1-METHYLETHYL ACETATE

Incompatible with: oxidising substances, strong acids, alkaline metals.

ETHYL ACETATE

Incompatible with: acids,bases,strong oxidants,chlorosulphuric acid.

N-BUTYL ACETATE

Incompatible with: water, nitrates, strong oxidants, acids, alkalis, zinc.

10.6. Hazardous decomposition products

In the event of thermal decomposition or fire, gases and vapours that are potentially dangerous to health may be released.

SECTION 11. Toxicological information

In the absence of experimental data for the product itself, health hazards are evaluated according to the properties of the substances it contains, using the criteria specified in the applicable regulation for classification.

It is therefore necessary to take into account the concentration of the individual hazardous substances indicated in section 3, to evaluate the toxicological effects of exposure to the product.

Metabolism, toxicokinetics, mechanism of action and other information

2-METHOXY-1-METHYLETHYL ACETATE

The main route of entry is the skin, whereas the respiratory route is less important due to the low vapour pressure of the product.

Information on likely routes of exposure

2-METHOXY-1-METHYLETHYL ACETATE

WORKERS: inhalation; contact with the skin.

TOLUENE

WORKERS: inhalation; contact with the skin.

POPULATION: ingestion of contaminated food or water; inhalation of ambient air; contact with the skin of products containing the substance.

N-BUTYL ACETATE

WORKERS: inhalation; contact with the skin.

Delayed and immediate effects as well as chronic effects from short and long-term exposure

2-METHOXY-1-METHYLETHYL ACETATE

Above 100 ppm causes irritation of the eye, nose and oropharynx mucous membranes. At 1000 ppm, disturbance of equilibrium and severe eye irritation can be noticed. Clinical and biological examinations carried out on exposed volunteers revealed no anomalies. Acetate produces greater skin and eye



Revision nr. 2

Dated 18/12/2023

Printed on 26/02/2024

Page n. 12/19

Replaced revision:1 (Printed on: 19/08/2020)

HHP5013.00.0000 POLYURETHANE HARDENER

irritation with direct contact. No chronic effects on humans have been reported (INCR, 2010).

TOLUENE

Toxic effect on the central and peripheral nervous system with encephalopathy and polyneuritis; irritating for the skin, conjunctiva, cornea and respiratory apparatus.

N-BUTYL ACETATE

In humans, the substance's vapours cause irritation of the eyes and nose. In the event of repeated exposure, skin irritation, dermatitis (dryness and cracking of the skin) and keratitis appear.

Interactive effects

TOLUENE

Certain drugs and other industrial products can interfere with the metabolism of the toluene.

N-BUTYL ACETATE

A case of acute intoxication been reported involving a 33 year old worker while cleaning a tank with a preparation containing xylenes, butyl acetate and ethylene glycol acetate. The person had irritation of the conjunctiva and upper respiratory tract, drowsiness and motor coordination disorders, which disappeared within 5 hours. The symptoms are attributed to poisoning by mixed xylenes and butyl acetate, with a possible synergistic effect responsible for the neurological effects. Cases of vacuolar keratitis are reported in workers exposed to a mixture of butyl acetate and isobutanol vapours, but with uncertainty concerning the responsibility of a particular solvent (INRC, 2011).

ACUTE TOXICITY ATE (Inhalation) of the mixture:

ATE (Oral) of the mixture:

Not classified (no significant component)
Not classified (no significant component)

ATE (Dermal) of the mixture: Not classified (no significant component)

2-METHOXY-1-METHYLETHYL ACETATE

LD50 (Dermal): > 5000 mg/kg Rat LD50 (Oral): 8530 mg/kg Rat

TOLUENE

 LD50 (Dermal):
 12124 mg/kg Rabbit

 LD50 (Oral):
 5580 mg/kg Rat

 LC50 (Inhalation vapours):
 28,1 mg/l/4h Rat

N-BUTYL ACETATE

 LD50 (Dermal):
 > 5000 mg/kg Rabbit

 LD50 (Oral):
 > 6400 mg/kg Rat

 LC50 (Inhalation vapours):
 21,1 mg/l/4h Rat

TOLUENE-DIISOCYANATE

 LD50 (Dermal):
 > 9400 mg/kg Rabbit

 LD50 (Oral):
 4130 mg/kg Mouse

 LC50 (Inhalation vapours):
 0,48 mg/l Rat

SKIN CORROSION / IRRITATION

Causes skin irritation

SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE / IRRITATION

Causes serious eye irritation

RESPIRATORY OR SKIN SENSITISATION

Sensitising for the skin



Revision nr. 2

Dated 18/12/2023

Printed on 26/02/2024

Page n. 13/19

Replaced revision:1 (Printed on: 19/08/2020)

HHP5013.00.0000 POLYURETHANE HARDENER

GERM CELL MUTAGENICITY

Does not meet the classification criteria for this hazard class

CARCINOGENICITY

Does not meet the classification criteria for this hazard class

TOLUENE

Classified in Group 3 (not classifiable as a human carcinogen) by the International Agency for Research on Cancer (IARC) - (IARC, 1999). The US Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) affirms that "the data is inadequate for an assessment of the carcinogenic potential".

REPRODUCTIVE TOXICITY

Suspected of damaging the unborn child

STOT - SINGLE EXPOSURE

May cause drowsiness or dizziness

STOT - REPEATED EXPOSURE

May cause damage to organs

ASPIRATION HAZARD

Toxic for aspiration

Based on the available data, the product does not contain substances listed in the main European lists of potential or suspected endocrine disruptors with human health effects under evaluation.

SECTION 12. Ecological information

This product is dangerous for the environment and the aquatic organisms. In the long term, it has negative effects on the aquatic environment.

12.1. Toxicity

TOLUENE-DIISOCYANATE

LC50 - for Fish 133 mg/l/96h Oncorhynchus mykiss EC50 - for Crustacea 18,3 mg/l/48h Americamysis babia 4000 mg/l/72h Chlorella vulgaris EC50 - for Algae / Aquatic Plants

12.2. Persistence and degradability

2-METHOXY-1-METHYLETHYL ACETATE

Solubility in water > 10000 mg/l

Rapidly degradable

TOLUENE

Solubility in water 100 - 1000 mg/l



Revision nr. 2

Dated 18/12/2023

Printed on 26/02/2024

Page n. 14/19

Replaced revision:1 (Printed on: 19/08/2020)

HHP5013.00.0000 POLYURETHANE HARDENER

Rapidly degradable ETHYL ACETATE

Solubility in water > 10000 mg/l

Rapidly degradable N-BUTYL ACETATE

Solubility in water 1000 - 10000 mg/l

TOLUENE-DIISOCYANATE

Solubility in water 0,1 mg/l

Entirely degradable

12.3. Bioaccumulative potential

2-METHOXY-1-METHYLETHYL ACETATE

Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water 1,2

TOLUENE

Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water 2,73 BCF 90

ETHYL ACETATE

Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water 0,68 BCF 30

N-BUTYL ACETATE

Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water 2,3 BCF 15,3

TOLUENE-DIISOCYANATE

Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water 3,43

12.4. Mobility in soil

N-BUTYL ACETATE

Partition coefficient: soil/water < 3

12.5. Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

On the basis of available data, the product does not contain any PBT or vPvB in percentage ≥ than 0,1%.

12.6. Endocrine disrupting properties

Based on the available data, the product does not contain substances listed in the main European lists of potential or suspected endocrine disruptors with environmental effects under evaluation.



Revision nr. 2

Dated 18/12/2023

Printed on 26/02/2024

Page n. 15/19

Replaced revision:1 (Printed on: 19/08/2020)

HHP5013.00.0000 POLYURETHANE HARDENER

12.7. Other adverse effects

Information not available

SECTION 13. Disposal considerations

13.1. Waste treatment methods

Reuse, when possible. Product residues should be considered special hazardous waste. The hazard level of waste containing this product should be evaluated according to applicable regulations.

Disposal must be performed through an authorised waste management firm, in compliance with national and local regulations.

Waste transportation may be subject to ADR restrictions.

CONTAMINATED PACKAGING

Contaminated packaging must be recovered or disposed of in compliance with national waste management regulations.

SECTION 14. Transport information

14.1. UN number or ID number

ADR / RID, IMDG, IATA: 1263

14.2. UN proper shipping name

ADR / RID: PAINT OF PAINT RELATED MATERIAL IMDG: PAINT OF PAINT RELATED MATERIAL IATA: PAINT OF PAINT RELATED MATERIAL

14.3. Transport hazard class(es)

ADR / RID: Class: 3 Label: 3

IMDG: Class: 3 Label: 3

IATA: Class: 3 Label: 3



14.4. Packing group

ADR / RID, IMDG, IATA:

14.5. Environmental hazards

ADR / RID: NO



Revision nr. 2

Dated 18/12/2023

Printed on 26/02/2024

Page n. 16/19

Replaced revision:1 (Printed on: 19/08/2020)

HHP5013.00.0000 POLYURETHANE HARDENER

IMDG: NO IATA: NO

14.6. Special precautions for user

ADR / RID: HIN - Kemler: 33 Limited Quantities: 5 L Tunnel restriction code:

(D/E)

IMDG: EMS: F-E, S-E

Limited Quantities: 5 L

Maximum quantity: 60 L

Packaging instructions: 364

Passengers:

Cargo:

Maximum quantity: 5 L

Packaging instructions: 353

Special provision:

Special provision: 163, 367, 640D, 650

A3, A72, A192

14.7. Maritime transport in bulk according to IMO instruments

Information not relevant

SECTION 15. Regulatory information

15.1. Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

Seveso Category - Directive 2012/18/EU: P5c

Restrictions relating to the product or contained substances pursuant to Annex XVII to EC Regulation 1907/2006

Product

IATA:

3 - 40 Point

Contained substance

Point 75

Point 48 TOLUENE REACH Reg.: 01-2119471310-51-XXXX

Regulation (EU) 2019/1148 - on the marketing and use of explosives precursors

not applicable

Substances in Candidate List (Art. 59 REACH)

On the basis of available data, the product does not contain any SVHC in percentage ≥ than 0,1%.

Substances subject to authorisation (Annex XIV REACH)

None



Revision nr. 2

Dated 18/12/2023

Printed on 26/02/2024

Page n. 17/19

Replaced revision:1 (Printed on: 19/08/2020)

HHP5013.00.0000 POLYURETHANE HARDENER

Substances subject to exportation reporting pursuant to Regulation (EU) 649/2012:

None

Substances subject to the Rotterdam Convention:

None

Substances subject to the Stockholm Convention:

None

Healthcare controls

Workers exposed to this chemical agent must not undergo health checks, provided that available risk-assessment data prove that the risks related to the workers' health and safety are modest and that the 98/24/EC directive is respected.

15.2. Chemical safety assessment

A chemical safety assessment has not been performed for the preparation/for the substances indicated in section 3.

SECTION 16. Other information

Text of hazard (H) indications mentioned in section 2-3 of the sheet:

Flam. Liq. 2 Flammable liquid, category 2
Flam. Liq. 3 Flammable liquid, category 3
Carc. 2 Carcinogenicity, category 2
Repr. 2 Reproductive toxicity, category 2

Acute Tox. 1 Acute toxicity, category 1

Asp. Tox. 1 Aspiration hazard, category 1

STOT RE 2 Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure, category 2

Eye Irrit. 2 Eye irritation, category 2
Skin Irrit. 2 Skin irritation, category 2

STOT SE 3 Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure, category 3

Resp. Sens. 1 Respiratory sensitization, category 1

Skin Sens. 1 Skin sensitization, category 1

Aquatic Chronic 3 Hazardous to the aquatic environment, chronic toxicity, category 3

H225 Highly flammable liquid and vapour.
 H226 Flammable liquid and vapour.
 H351 Suspected of causing cancer.

H361d Suspected of damaging the unborn child.

H330 Fatal if inhaled.

H304 May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.

H373 May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.



Revision nr. 2

Dated 18/12/2023

Printed on 26/02/2024

Page n. 18/19

Replaced revision:1 (Printed on: 19/08/2020)

HHP5013.00.0000 POLYURETHANE HARDENER

H319 Causes serious eye irritation.

H315 Causes skin irritation.

H335 May cause respiratory irritation.

H334 May cause allergy or asthma symptoms or breathing difficulties if inhaled.

H317 May cause an allergic skin reaction. H336 May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

H412 Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

EUH066 Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking. **EUH204** Contains isocyanates. May produce an allergic reaction.

LEGEND:

- ADR: European Agreement concerning the carriage of Dangerous goods by Road
- ATE: Acute Toxicity Estimate
- CAS: Chemical Abstract Service Number
- CE50: Effective concentration (required to induce a 50% effect)
- CE: Identifier in ESIS (European archive of existing substances)
- CLP: Regulation (EC) 1272/2008
- DNEL: Derived No Effect Level
- EmS: Emergency Schedule
- GHS: Globally Harmonized System of classification and labeling of chemicals
- IATA DGR: International Air Transport Association Dangerous Goods Regulation
- IC50: Immobilization Concentration 50%
- IMDG: International Maritime Code for dangerous goods
- IMO: International Maritime Organization
- INDEX: Identifier in Annex VI of CLP
- LC50: Lethal Concentration 50%
- LD50: Lethal dose 50%
- OEL: Occupational Exposure Level
- PBT: Persistent bioaccumulative and toxic as REACH Regulation
- PEC: Predicted environmental Concentration
- PEL: Predicted exposure level
- PNEC: Predicted no effect concentration
- REACH: Regulation (EC) 1907/2006
- RID: Regulation concerning the international transport of dangerous goods by train
- TLV: Threshold Limit Value
- TLV CEILING: Concentration that should not be exceeded during any time of occupational exposure.
- TWA: Time-weighted average exposure limit
- TWA STEL: Short-term exposure limit
- VOC: Volatile organic Compounds
- vPvB: Very Persistent and very Bioaccumulative as for REACH Regulation
- WGK: Water hazard classes (German).

GENERAL BIBLIOGRAPHY

- 1. Regulation (EC) 1907/2006 (REACH) of the European Parliament
- Regulation (EC) 1272/2008 (CLP) of the European Parliament
- 3. Regulation (EU) 2020/878 (II Annex of REACH Regulation)
- 4. Regulation (EC) 790/2009 (I Atp. CLP) of the European Parliament 5. Regulation (EU) 286/2011 (II Atp. CLP) of the European Parliament 6. Regulation (EU) 618/2012 (III Atp. CLP) of the European Parliament
- 7. Regulation (EU) 487/2013 (IV Atp. CLP) of the European Parliament 8. Regulation (EU) 944/2013 (V Atp. CLP) of the European Parliament
- 9. Regulation (EU) 605/2014 (VI Atp. CLP) of the European Parliament
- 10. Regulation (EÚ) 2015/1221 (VII Atp. CLP) of the European Parliament
- 11. Regulation (EU) 2016/918 (VIII Atp. CLP) of the European Parliament
- 12. Regulation (EU) 2016/1179 (IX Atp. CLP)
- 13. Regulation (EU) 2017/776 (X Atp. CLP)



HHP5013.00.0000

Revision nr. 2

Dated 18/12/2023

Printed on 26/02/2024

POLYURETHANE HARDENER

Page n. 19/19

Replaced revision:1 (Printed on: 19/08/2020)

- 14. Regulation (EU) 2018/669 (XI Atp. CLP) 15. Regulation (EU) 2019/521 (XII Atp. CLP)
- 16. Delegated Regulation (UE) 2018/1480 (XIII Atp. CLP)
- 17. Regulation (EU) 2019/1148
- 18. Delegated Regulation (UE) 2020/217 (XIV Atp. CLP)
- 19. Delegated Regulation (UE) 2020/1182 (XV Atp. CLP)

- 20. Delegated Regulation (UE) 2021/643 (XVI Atp. CLP) 21. Delegated Regulation (UE) 2021/849 (XVII Atp. CLP) 22. Delegated Regulation (UE) 2022/692 (XVIII Atp. CLP)
- 23. Delegated Regulation (UE) 2023/707
- The Merck Index. 10th Edition
- Handling Chemical Safety
- INRS Fiche Toxicologique (toxicological sheet)
- Patty Industrial Hygiene and Toxicology
- N.I. Sax Dangerous properties of Industrial Materials-7, 1989 Edition
- IFA GESTIS website
- Database of SDS models for chemicals Ministry of Health and ISS (Istituto Superiore di Sanità) Italy

Note for users:

The information contained in the present sheet are based on our own knowledge on the date of the last version. Users must verify the suitability and thoroughness of provided information according to each specific use of the product.

This document must not be regarded as a quarantee on any specific product property.

The use of this product is not subject to our direct control; therefore, users must, under their own responsibility, comply with the current health and safety laws and regulations. The producer is relieved from any liability arising from improper uses.

Provide appointed staff with adequate training on how to use chemical products.

CALCULATION METHODS FOR CLASSIFICATION

Chemical and physical hazards: Product classification derives from criteria established by the CLP Regulation, Annex I, Part 2. The data for evaluation of chemical-physical properties are reported in section 9.

Health hazards: Product classification is based on calculation methods as per Annex I of CLP, Part 3, unless determined otherwise in Section 11.

Environmental hazards: Product classification is based on calculation methods as per Annex I of CLP, Part 4, unless determined otherwise in Section 12.

Changes to previous review:

The following sections were modified:

02 / 03 / 09 / 11 / 15.