

Global Economic & Credit Market

Week 44 Ending – October 31, 2025

Economic Calendar

Monday, November 3: ISM manufacturing PMI

Wednesday, November 5: ISM services

Friday, November 7: Nonfarm payrolls

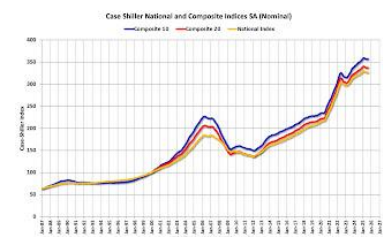
Key Market Metrics

	31-Oct	WoW	YTD	YoY	LTM EBITDA	NTM EBITDA
Equities						
S&P 500:	6,840	+0.71%	+16.30%	+19.40%	16.5x	15.1x
Dow Jones:	47,563	+0.75%	+11.80%	+13.10%	11.0x	13.6x
Nasdaq:	23,725	+2.24%	+22.86%	+30.07%		
Credit						
High-yield:	2,094	+0.16%	+7.13%	+7.96%		
Leveraged Loan:	641	+0.34%	+4.98%	+6.48%		
Rates						
10Y Treasury:	4.06%	+8 bps	(51)bps	(32)bps		
1M SOFR:	3.98%	(0)bps	(35)bps	(67)bps		
3M SOFR:	3.85%	(1)bps	(45)bps	(70)bps		
6M SOFR:	3.73%	+3 bps	(52)bps	(68)bps		
Currencies						
British Pound / USD:	\$1.31	(1.25%)	+5.03%	+1.71%		
Euro / USD:	\$1.15	(0.77%)	+11.44%	+6.50%		
USD / Yen:	¥154.06	+0.79%	(2.00%)	+0.69%		
Swiss franc / EUR:	€ 1.08	(0.38%)	+1.19%	+1.48%		

U.S. News

• Home Price Index

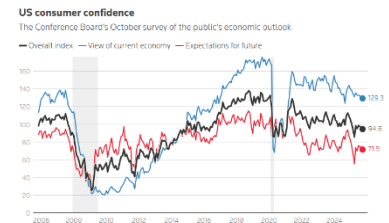
- The S&P Case-Shiller U.S. National Home Price NSA Index rose 1.5% year-over-year in August, easing slightly from a 1.6% increase in July
- In real terms, housing wealth continued to slip for the fourth straight month, as the modest 1.5% gain lagged behind 3% inflation



- Month over month, home prices declined in 19 of the 20 tracked metro areas with Chicago being the lone exception

- **Consumer Confidence**

- Consumers grew more optimistic about job prospects in October, with the Conference Board's labor-market differential rising to 9.4 from 8.7, its largest gain this year
- Economists said the improvement was a welcome surprise amid negative labor-market sentiment, even as overall consumer confidence edged down to 94.6, the lowest since April



- Despite steady spending data, surveys point to softer holiday demand, with consumers expecting to spend 3.9% less on gifts than last year

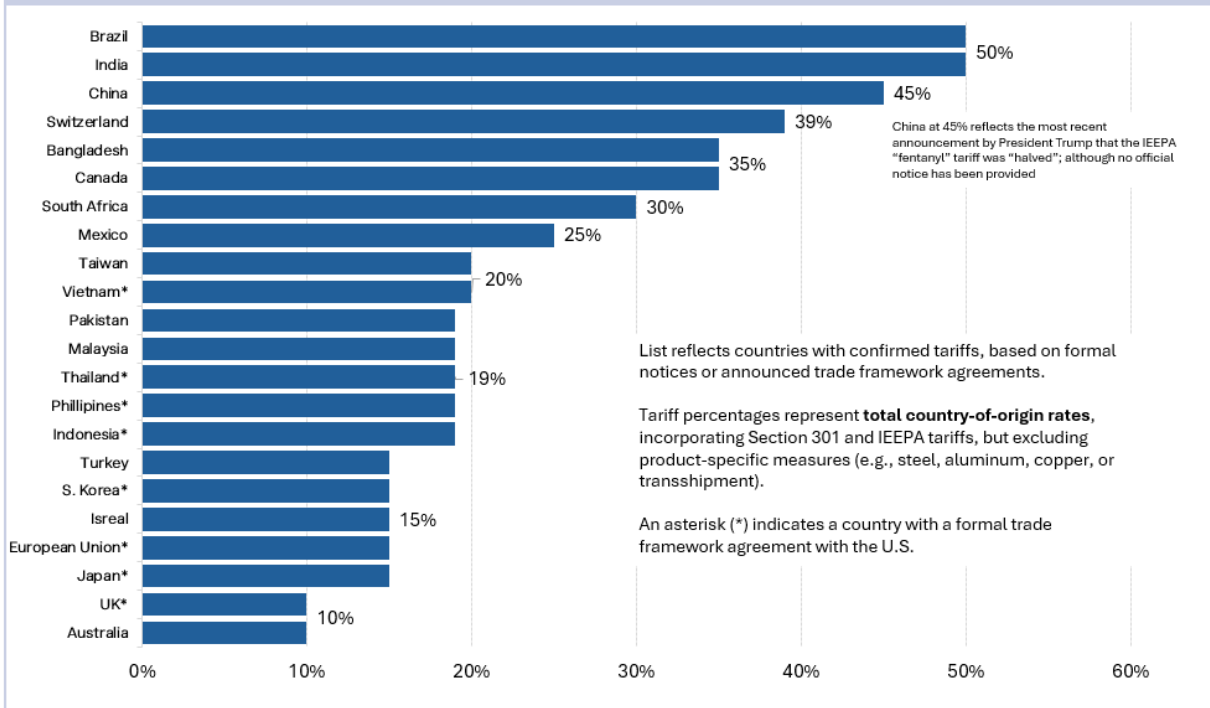
- **Pending Home Sales**

- Pending home sales were unchanged in September and down 0.9% year over year, signaling a steady but subdued housing market
- Regional results were mixed, with contract signings rising in the Northeast and South but falling in the Midwest and West
- Buyer options are expanding as inventory hits a five-year high, though sales remain soft amid job-market uncertainty and potential government shutdown effects

- **U.S. Tariff & Trade**

- President Trump and Chinese President Xi Jinping reached a limited trade truce in Busan, with the U.S. agreeing to halve the 20% "fentanyl-related" surcharge on Chinese goods as China committed to resume large-scale agricultural purchases, suspend newly announced rare earth export restrictions for one year, and join the U.S. in pausing reciprocal port and vessel fees
- The U.S. announced new trade agreements with Malaysia and Cambodia and framework accords with Thailand and Vietnam, maintaining existing "reciprocal" tariffs (19%–20%) but removing duties on select product lists; Malaysia will grant preferential access for U.S. industrial and agricultural exports, Cambodia will eliminate tariffs on all U.S. goods, Thailand will remove barriers on 99% of products, and Vietnam will lift tariffs on nearly all U.S. exports
- The Supreme Court will begin hearing arguments on November 5 in the case challenging President Trump's use of the International Emergency Economic Powers Act (IEEPA) to impose broad tariffs; lower courts previously ruled the actions exceeded presidential authority, and a bipartisan group of senators filed briefs opposing the administration's position, with a ruling expected by late 2025 or early 2026

Total Tariffs by Country: Top U.S. Trading Partners

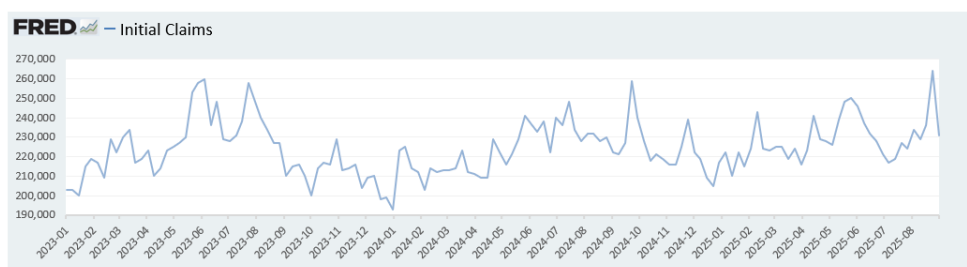


*The current 45% tariff rate on many Chinese goods reflects a layered structure of 25% Section 301 duties (2018), a 10% IEEPA "fentanyl" tariff (2025), and a 10% IEEPA reciprocal baseline tariff (2025); however, an estimated 10–20% of imports from China are not subject to Section 301, and some products remain at only 7.5% or 15% under Section 301

**The 50% tariff on Indian goods combines a 25% IEEPA "reciprocal" tariff (Aug. 7, 2025) with an additional 25% penalty tariff (Aug. 27, 2025) tied to India's continued imports of Russian oil.

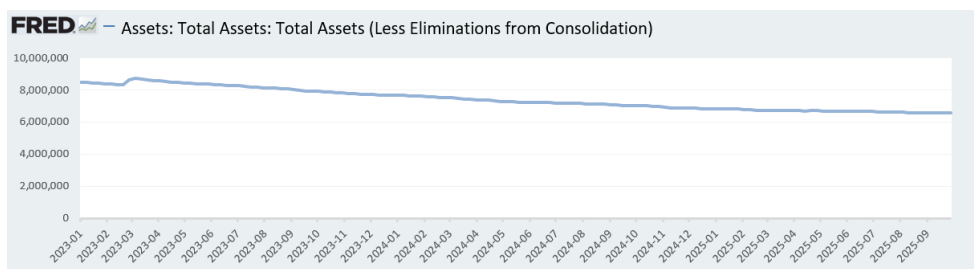
- **Jobless Claims**

- The jobless claims report was not released last week due to the U.S. government shutdown



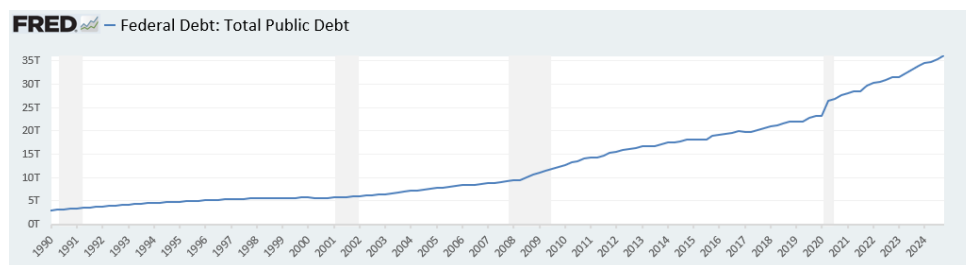
- **Fed's Balance Sheet**

- The Federal Reserve's assets totaled \$6.587 trillion in the week ended October 31, down \$2.5 billion from the prior week
- Treasury holdings totaled \$4.197 trillion, up \$0.2 billion from the prior week
- Holdings of mortgage-backed securities (MBS) were \$2.08 trillion in the week, down \$8.8 billion from the prior week



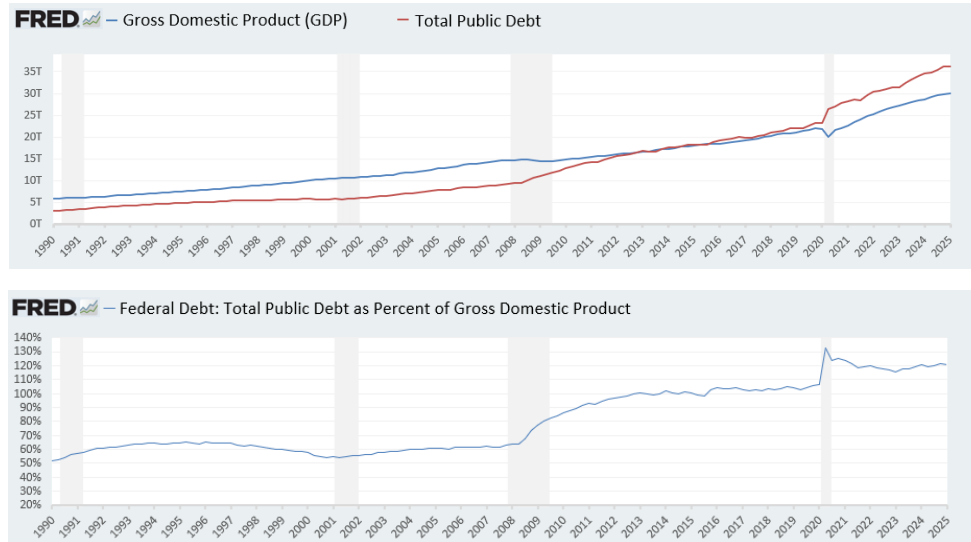
- **Total Public Debt**

- Total public debt outstanding was \$38.11 trillion as of October 31, an increase of 6.3% from the previous year
- Debt held by the public was \$30.52 trillion, and intragovernmental holdings were \$7.36 trillion



- **GDP**

- The latest annualized U.S. GDP stands at \$30.49 trillion as of June 30, 2025, an increase of 1.48% from the previous quarter, & an increase of 4.59% from the previous year
- The total public debt-to-GDP ratio is at 118.78% as of June 30, a decrease of -0.72% from the previous year

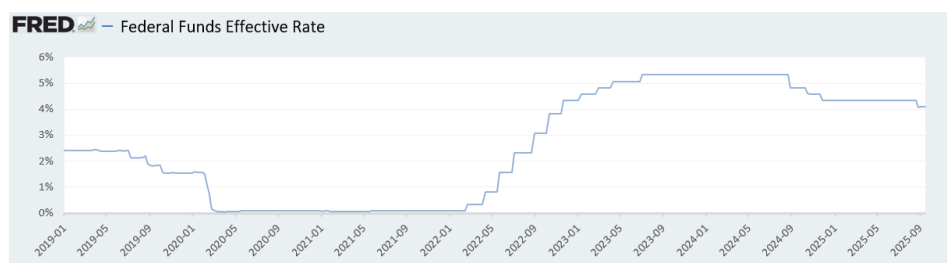


- **Inflation Factors**

- CPI:
 - The consumer-price index rose 3.0% in September year over year
 - On a monthly basis, the CPI increased 0.3% in September on a seasonally adjusted basis, after increasing 0.4% in August
 - The index for all items less food and energy (core CPI) rose 0.2% in September, after rising 0.3% in August
 - Core CPI increased 3.0% for the 12 months ending September
- Food & Beverages:
 - The food at home index increased 2.7% in September from the same month a year earlier, and increased 0.3% in September month over month
 - The food away from home index increased 3.7% in September from the same month a year earlier, and increased 0.1% in September month over month
- Commodities:
 - The energy commodities index increased 3.8% in September after increasing 1.7% in August
 - The energy commodities index fell (0.4%) over the last 12 months
 - The energy services index fell (0.8%) in September after decreasing (0.3%) in August
 - The energy services index rose 6.4% over the last 12 months
 - The gasoline index fell (0.5%) over the last 12 months
 - The fuel oil index rose 4.1% over the last 12 months
 - The index for electricity rose 5.1% over the last 12 months
 - The index for natural gas rose 11.7% over the last 12 months
- Supply Chain:
 - Drewry's composite World Container Index increased to \$1,746.08 per 40ft container for the week of October 24
 - Drewry's composite World Container Index has decreased by (43.6%) over the last 12 months
- Housing Market:
 - The shelter index increased 0.2% in September after increasing 0.4% in August
 - The rent index increased 0.2% in September after increasing 0.4% in August
 - The index for lodging away from home decreased (1.4%) in September after increasing 0.3% in August

- **Federal Funds Rate**

- The effective Federal Funds Rate is at 3.87%, down (0.46%) year to date



World News

- **Middle East**

- Israel's Military Advocate General, Major General Yifat Tomer-Yerushalmi, resigned effective immediately amid an investigation into her alleged role in leaking and covering up footage of abuse at the Sde Teiman facility
- Defense Minister Israel Katz will appoint a successor from candidates compiled by Chief of Staff Lt. General Eyal Zamir as the probe unfolds amid fierce political pressure and debates over soldier accountability
- Hezbollah is rebuilding its weapons stockpile and ranks in defiance of last year's cease-fire deal, using Iranian support and smuggling routes through Syria, raising fears of renewed conflict with Israel
- Israel, frustrated by the group's rearmament and limited Lebanese progress on disarmament, has conducted over 1,000 strikes since the truce, warning it may act unilaterally if Beirut fails to curb Hezbollah's buildup

- **Europe**

- Dutch far-right leader Geert Wilders' Freedom Party suffered heavy losses in national elections, losing about a third of its seats and likely ending his brief time in power after a turbulent year marked by stalled immigration reforms
- Analysts say Wilders' downfall underscores the challenges populist leaders face when moving from opposition to governance, as his refusal to compromise, alienated coalition partners and eroded voter confidence
- The Trump administration is withdrawing an Army combat brigade from Romania as part of a new defense strategy prioritizing U.S. military presence in the Western Hemisphere and Asia, prompting sharp criticism from congressional defense leaders
- Pentagon officials said the move reflects a shift toward greater European responsibility for regional defense

- **China**

- China's manufacturing activity contracted for a seventh straight month in October, with the official PMI falling to 49.0 amid weak export orders and continued property-sector drag
- Economists said the slowdown is unlikely to trigger major stimulus this year, as Beijing remains on track to meet its 5% growth target and may wait until early 2026 for more proactive fiscal measures
- The U.S. agreed to cut fentanyl-related tariffs on China to 10% in exchange for Beijing curbing precursor shipments, resuming soybean purchases, and pausing some export controls
- Brokered in part by Senator Steve Daines after months of talks, the deal is fragile, with "market price" language potentially limiting U.S. soybean sales and broader geopolitical frictions still unresolved

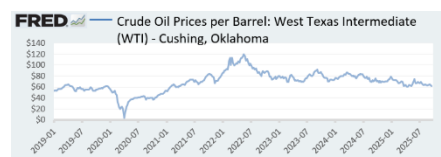
Geopolitical Hotspots

- **Sudan**
 - Sudan's civil war has taken a brutal turn in Darfur, where the Rapid Support Forces – an Arab-led militia backed by the U.A.E. and armed with Chinese drones – are carrying out mass killings and executions of civilians in El Fasher, prompting warnings of a potential genocide
- **France**
 - French police arrested suspects in the Louvre Museum heist, including one attempting to flee France from Charles de Gaulle Airport. Four thieves used a truck-mounted lift and angle grinders to steal eight pieces of jewelry valued at \$102 million USD
- **Venezuela**
 - Venezuela mobilized troops and militias as President Nicolás Maduro responded to a major U.S. military buildup in the Caribbean, the largest since the 1980s. While Maduro pledged readiness for combat, analysts say Venezuela's forces are ill-equipped and symbolic against U.S. power, which includes warships, bombers, and special forces deployed under Trump's anti-narcotics campaign
- **India**
 - After President Trump claimed that India agreed to stop buying Russian oil, New Delhi issued a carefully worded response—neither confirming nor directly denying the statement—to avoid jeopardizing ongoing trade talks with Washington. India emphasized its efforts to diversify energy sources and expand U.S. imports, while analysts noted that reducing reliance on Russian crude, which supplies about one-third of India's oil, would be difficult and costly in the near term
- **Colombia**
 - President Trump said the U.S. will immediately cut off all aid and subsidies to Colombia, saying President Gustavo Petro's government hasn't done enough to curb drug production. The decision affects over \$200 million in U.S. assistance and follows rising tensions between the two countries over anti-narcotics policy
- **Japan**
 - Japan's ruling party leader Sanae Takaichi faces a major obstacle to becoming prime minister after coalition partner Komeito withdrew support over political-finance disputes, leaving her to seek backing from other lawmakers ahead of a potential Trump visit
- **Haiti**
 - The HOPE/HELP trade program, which allowed duty-free textile imports from Haiti to the U.S., expired at the end of September, hitting Haiti's largest industry
- **Turkey**
 - President Trump signaled he may lift sanctions on Turkey and sell F-35 jets to Ankara if talks go well, while urging President Erdogan to stop buying Russian energy and highlighting closer U.S.-Turkey cooperation after years of tense relations

Commodities

Oil Prices

- WTI: \$60.87 per barrel
 - (1.02%) WoW; (15.11%) YTD; (11.28%) YoY
- Brent: \$65.07 per barrel
 - (1.32%) WoW; (13.55%) YTD; (10.31%) YoY



US Production

- U.S. oil production amounted to 13.6 million bpd for the week ended October 24, up 0.0 million bpd from the prior week

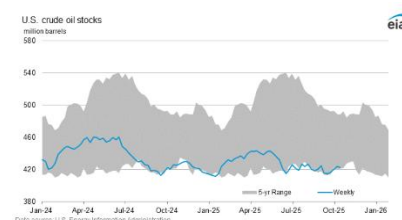
Rig Count

- The total number of oil rigs amounted to 546, down 4 from last week

Inventories

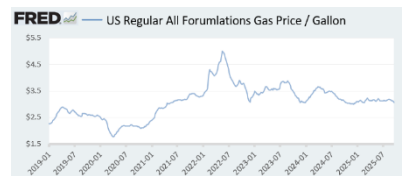
Crude Oil

- Total U.S. crude oil inventories now amount to 416.0 million barrels, down (2.7%) YoY
- Refiners operated at a capacity utilization rate of 86.6% for the week, down from 88.6% in the prior week
- U.S. crude oil imports now amount to 5.918 million barrels per day, down (19.1%) YoY



Gasoline

- Retail average regular gasoline prices amounted to \$3.04 per gallon in the week of October 31, down (2.3%) YoY
 - Gasoline prices on the East Coast amounted to \$3.03, down (4.1%) YoY
 - Gasoline prices in the Midwest amounted to \$2.96, down (1.5%) YoY
 - Gasoline prices on the Gulf Coast amounted to \$2.68, down (2.3%) YoY
 - Gasoline prices in the Rocky Mountain region amounted to \$3.10, down (6.7%) YoY
 - Gasoline prices on the West Coast amounted to \$4.24, up 3.1% YoY
- Motor gasoline inventories were down by 5.9 million barrels from the prior week
- Motor gasoline inventories amounted to 210.7 million barrels, down (0.3%) YoY
- Production of motor gasoline averaged 9.59 million bpd, down (1.2%) YoY
- Demand for motor gasoline amounted to 8.924 million bpd, up 1.1% YoY

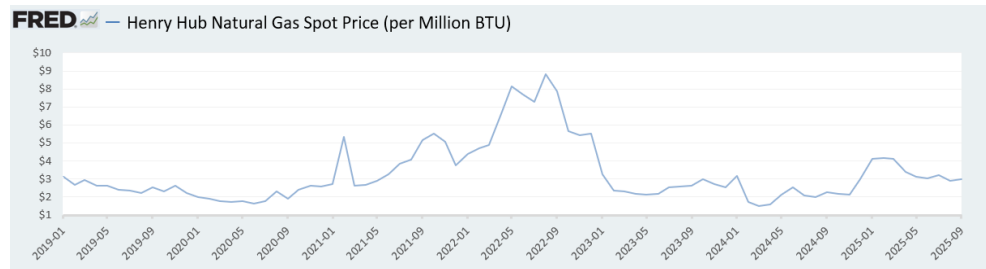


○ **Distillates**

- Distillate inventories decreased by -3.4 million in the week of October 31
- Total distillate inventories amounted to 112.2 million barrels, down (3.1%) YoY
- Distillate production averaged 4.498 million bpd, down (11.7%) YoY
- Demand for distillates averaged 3.580 million bpd in the week, up 5.1% YoY

○ **Natural Gas**

- Natural gas inventories increased by 74 billion cubic feet last week
- Total natural gas inventories now amount to 3,882 billion cubic feet, down (1.2%) YoY



Credit News

High yield bond yields increased 7bps to 6.96% and spreads increased 1bp to 337bps. Leveraged loan yields increased 7bps to 7.87% and spreads decreased 5bps to 454bps. WTD high yield bond returns were positive 16bps. WTD leveraged loan returns were positive 34bps. 10yr treasury yields increased 10bps to 4.09%. High yield spreads widened modestly, while HY funds recorded their first inflow in three weeks following a Fed rate cut accompanied by a hawkish outlook on future policy. Leveraged loans recorded their strongest weekly return since mid-July, supported by moderating outflows.

High-yield:

Week ended 10/31/2025

- Yields & Spreads¹

Current Week		Prior Week		Δ (bps)	
Yield	Spread	Yield	Spread	Yield	Spread
6.96%	337	6.89%	335	7	1

- Pricing & Returns¹

Pricing			Returns			
Current Week	Prior Week	Δ (bps)	WTD	MTD	YTD	2024
\$97.41	\$97.37	4	0.16%	0.12%	7.13%	8.6%

- Fund Flows²

Total Flows (\$)
\$459mm

- New Issue²

Week		YTD		
# New Deals	Total (\$)	Total (\$)	Prior Year YTD	CY vs PY
5	\$4.2bn	\$286.2bn	\$265.5bn	+8%

- Distressed Level (trading in excess of 1,000 bps)²

9/30/25	8/30/25	7/31/25
4.47%	4.65%	4.97%

- Total HY Defaults

Excluding Distressed Exchanges			Including Distressed Exchanges		
9/30/25	8/30/25	7/31/25	9/30/25	8/30/25	7/31/25
0.49%	0.50%	0.40%	1.39%	1.45%	1.37%

Leveraged loans:

Week ended 10/31/2025

- Yields & Spreads¹

Current Week		Prior Week		Δ (bps)	
Yield	Spread	Yield	Spread	Yield	Spread
7.87%	454	7.80%	459	7	(5)

- Pricing & Returns¹

Pricing			Returns			
Current Week	Prior Week	Δ (bps)	WTD	MTD	YTD	2024
\$96.13	\$95.94	19	0.34%	0.30%	4.98%	9.3%

- Fund Flows²

Total Flows (\$)
(\$132mm)

- New Issue²

Week		YTD		
# New Deals	Total (\$)	Total (\$)	Prior Year YTD	CY vs PY
15	\$10.5bn	\$871.1bn	\$1015.0bn	-14%

- Distressed Level (loan price below \$80)¹

9/30/25	8/30/25	7/31/25
4.84%	5.17%	5.07%

- Total Leveraged Loan Defaults

Excluding Distressed Exchanges			Including Distressed Exchanges		
9/30/25	8/30/25	7/31/25	9/30/25	8/30/25	7/31/25
1.53%	1.29%	1.19%	3.49%	3.37%	3.86%

Default activity:

- Most recent defaults include: Office Properties Trust (\$1.7bn, 10/31/25), GPS Hospitality (\$400mn, 10/30/25), Jordan Health Services (\$1.0bn, 10/15/25), Astra Acquisition (\$1bn, 9/30/25), First Brands (\$4.4bn, 9/29/25), Spirit Airlines (\$852mn, 8/29/25), ModivCare (\$1.1bn, 8/20/25), Anastasia Beverly Hills (\$606mn, 8/11/25), Claire's Stores (\$506mn, 8/6/25), Maverick Gaming (\$215mn, 7/17/25), and Del Monte Foods (\$864mn, 7/2/25).

CLOs:

Week ended 10/31/2025

- New U.S. CLO Issuance²

# Priced	Total (\$)	New Issue	Refis/Resets
15	\$8.2bn	\$4.3bn	\$3.9bn

- New U.S. CLO YTD Issuance²

Total U.S. CLOs	Total (\$)	New Issue	Refis/Resets	Prior Year YTD	CY vs. PY
957	\$452.4bn	\$166.0bn	\$286.4bn	\$382.1bn	+18%

Note: High-yield and leveraged loan yields and spreads are swap-adjusted

¹ Source: Credit Suisse High Yield and Leveraged Loan Index

² Source: JP Morgan

Ratings activity:

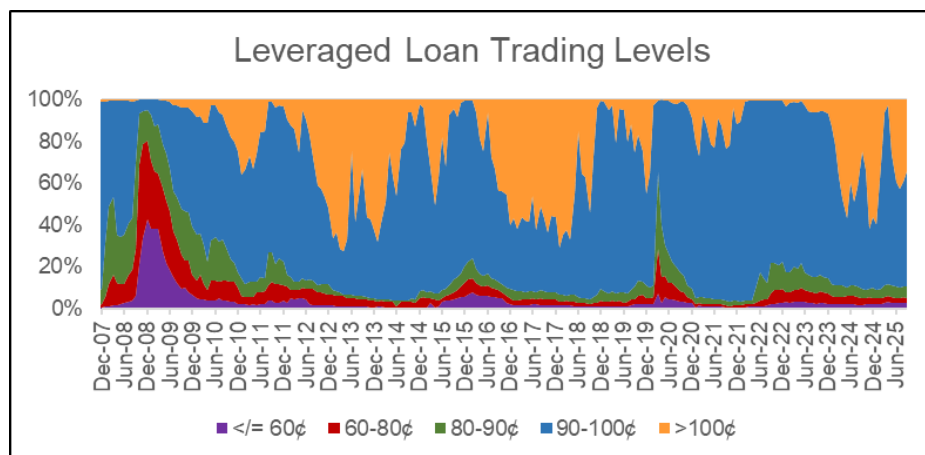
- S&P and Moody's High Yield Ratings

	S&P			Moody's		
	Downgrades	Upgrades	Ratio	Downgrades	Upgrades	Ratio
Full Year 2024	439	320	1.4x	493	371	1.3x
Week Ending 01/03/25	0	0	n/a	0	0	n/a
Week Ending 01/10/25	2	1	2.0x	4	3	1.3x
Week Ending 01/17/25	18	4	4.5x	7	11	0.6x
Week Ending 01/24/25	6	4	1.5x	9	5	1.8x
Week Ending 01/31/25	5	10	0.5x	13	8	1.6x
Week Ending 02/07/25	9	6	1.5x	8	8	1.0x
Week Ending 02/14/25	1	3	0.3x	11	6	1.8x
Week Ending 02/21/25	5	4	1.3x	5	5	1.0x
Week Ending 02/28/25	4	4	1.0x	9	6	1.5x
Week Ending 03/07/25	12	8	1.5x	11	9	1.2x
Week Ending 03/14/25	9	4	2.3x	12	16	0.8x
Week Ending 03/21/25	9	10	0.9x	16	8	2.0x
Week Ending 03/28/25	2	5	0.4x	6	11	0.5x
Week Ending 04/04/25	10	2	5.0x	5	7	0.7x
Week Ending 04/11/25	3	6	0.5x	8	1	8.0x
Week Ending 04/18/25	10	4	2.5x	11	2	5.5x
Week Ending 04/25/25	5	2	2.5x	6	4	1.5x
Week Ending 05/02/25	7	8	0.9x	18	5	3.6x
Week Ending 05/09/25	10	3	3.3x	12	2	6.0x
Week Ending 05/16/25	13	3	4.3x	11	8	1.4x
Week Ending 05/23/25	24	8	3.0x	13	6	2.2x
Week Ending 05/30/25	7	3	2.3x	9	5	1.8x
Week Ending 06/06/25	14	5	2.8x	19	6	3.2x
Week Ending 06/13/25	10	5	2.0x	15	6	2.5x
Week Ending 06/20/25	10	5	2.0x	19	6	3.2x
Week Ending 06/27/25	5	7	0.7x	9	6	1.5x
Week Ending 07/04/25	8	11	0.7x	11	5	2.2x
Week Ending 07/11/25	8	2	4.0x	6	2	3.0x
Week Ending 07/18/25	7	6	1.2x	8	7	1.1x
Week Ending 07/25/25	6	5	1.2x	12	4	3.0x
Week Ending 08/01/25	2	2	1.0x	4	6	0.7x
Week Ending 08/08/25	6	6	1.0x	3	6	0.5x
Week Ending 08/15/25	11	4	2.8x	8	6	1.3x
Week Ending 08/22/25	8	6	1.3x	5	3	1.7x
Week Ending 08/29/25	7	4	1.8x	9	2	4.5x
Week Ending 09/05/25	4	0	n/a	7	9	0.8x
Week Ending 09/12/25	9	8	1.1x	7	5	1.4x
Week Ending 09/19/25	3	6	0.5x	8	7	1.1x
Week Ending 09/26/25	8	8	1.0x	2	5	0.4x
Week Ending 10/03/25	10	2	5.0x	13	16	0.8x
Week Ending 10/10/25	3	6	0.5x	5	1	5.0x
Week Ending 10/17/25	5	6	0.8x	6	6	1.0x
Week Ending 10/24/25	3	6	0.5x	11	5	2.2x
Week Ending 10/31/25	5	4	1.3x	4	4	1.0x
YTD 2025	323	216	1.5x	395	259	1.5x

Source: Bloomberg

Appendix:

Diagram A: Leveraged Loan Trading Levels



Source: Credit Suisse Leveraged Loan Index

Diagram B: High Yield and Leveraged Loan LTM Price

High Yield and Leveraged Loan Data [1]				
	LTM Price			
	Avg. Price	High [2]	Low [3]	LTM High vs. Low Δ
High Yield	96.2	98.1	92.2	5.8
Leveraged Loans	96.3	96.9	94.0	2.9

[1] Data is from Credit Suisse High Yield Market Index and Credit Suisse Leveraged Loan Index

[2] HY high price as of 9/19/25. LL high price as of 7/18/25

[3] HY low price as of 4/7/25. LL low price as of 4/7/25

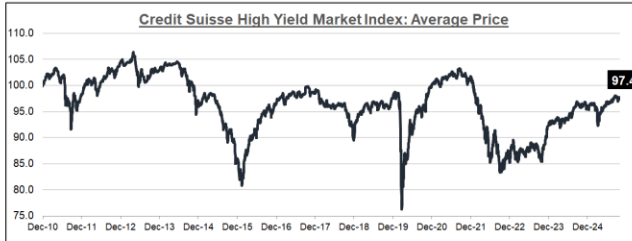
Diagram C: Leveraged Loan and High Yield Returns

Leveraged Loan and High Yield Returns				
	Leveraged Loan Indices		High Yield Indices	
	Credit Suisse [1]	S&P/LSTA [2]	Credit Suisse [1]	S&P [2]
Weekly Return	0.34%	0.24%	0.16%	0.18%
MTD Return	0.30%	0.22%	0.12%	0.58%
YTD Return	4.98%	4.86%	7.13%	7.13%

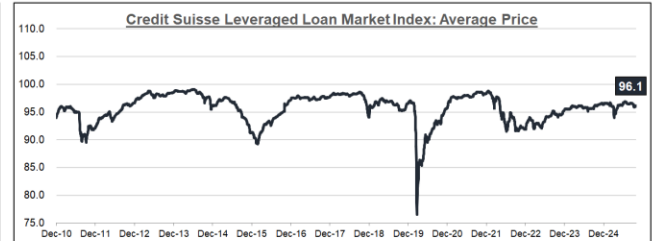
[1] Credit Suisse Total Return information is calculated weekly. Yield data is as of 10/31/2025

[2] Yield data as of 10/31/2025

Diagram D: Average Bid Price of High Yield Bonds & Loans

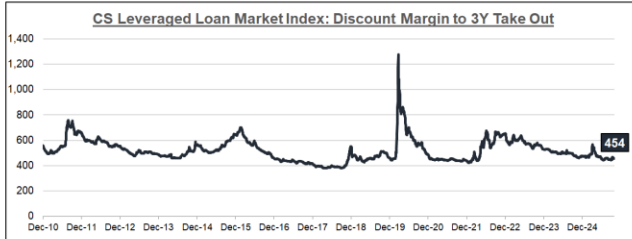


Source: CSFB High Yield Index (formerly DLJ High Yield Index) Average Price, expressed as a % of par value. Data is reported daily.



Source: CSFB Leveraged Loan Index Average Price, expressed as a % of par value. Data is reported daily.

Diagram E: Leveraged Loans Spreads & Yields



Source: CSFB Leveraged Loan Index Discount Margin to 3Y take-out, expressed in basis points. Data is reported daily.



Source: CSFB Leveraged Loan Index Yield to 3Y take-out, expressed as a percentage. Data is reported daily.

Diagram F: High Yield Bonds Spreads & Yields

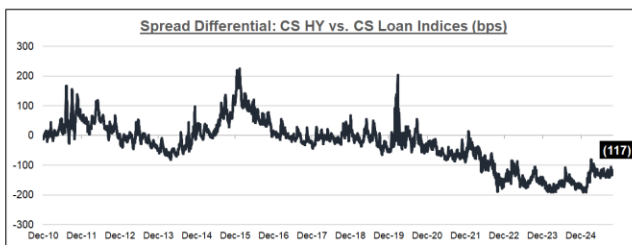


Source: CSFB High Yield Index (formerly DLJ High Yield Index) Spread-to-Worst, expressed in basis points. Data is reported daily.



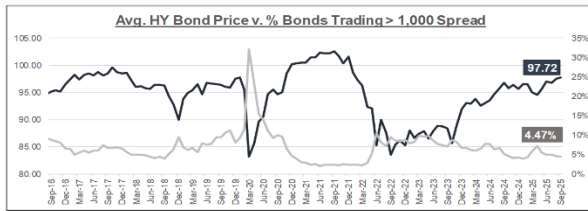
Source: CSFB High Yield Index (formerly DLJ High Yield Index) Yield-to-Worst, expressed as a percentage. Data is reported daily.

Diagram G: Spread between High Yield Bonds and Leveraged Loans

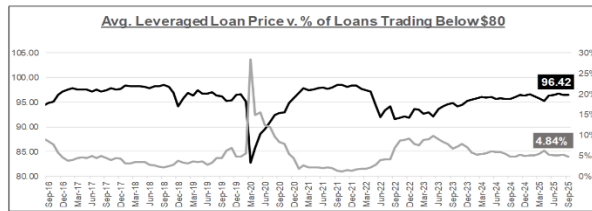


Source: CSFB HY Index and CSFB LL Index. Data is reported daily.

Diagram H: Percentage of Leveraged Loan and High Yield Market Trading at Distressed



Source: CSFB. Data is reported monthly.



Source: JPM. Data is reported monthly.

Diagram I: High Yield Upgrades and Downgrades

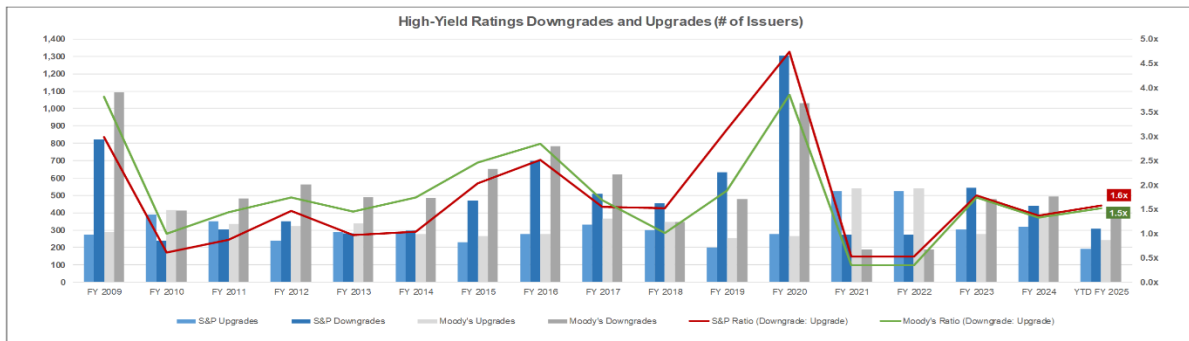


Diagram J: New Issue - Leveraged Loan and High Yield

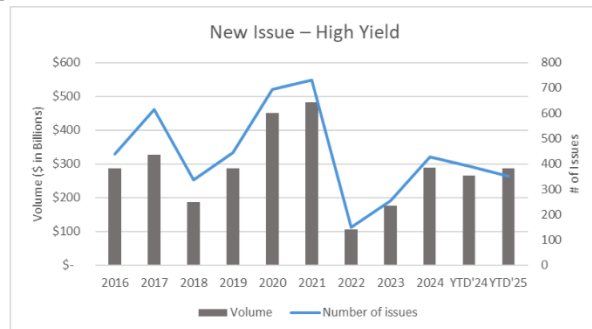
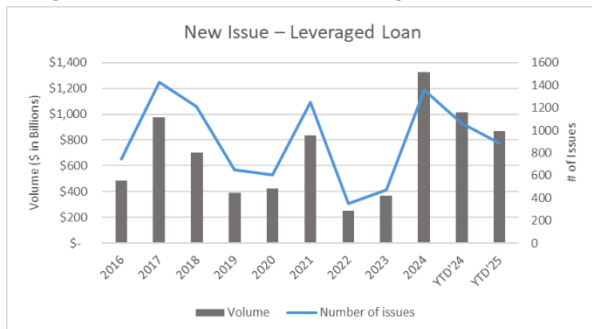
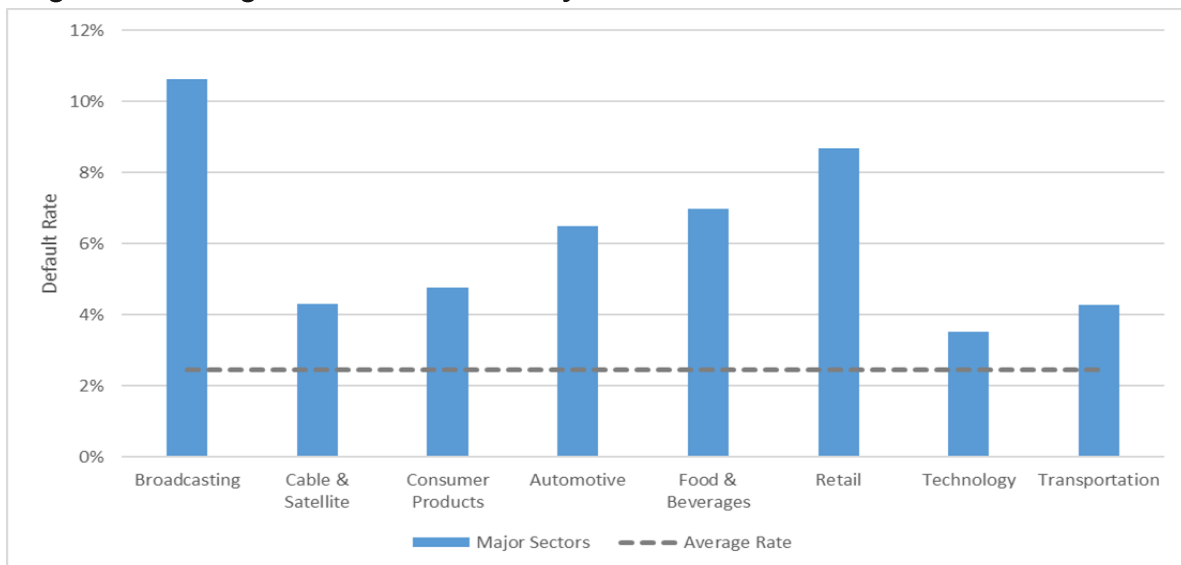


Diagram K: Leveraged Loan + HY Defaults by Sector – LTM



Source: JP Morgan Default Monitor

Diagram L: CLO Economics

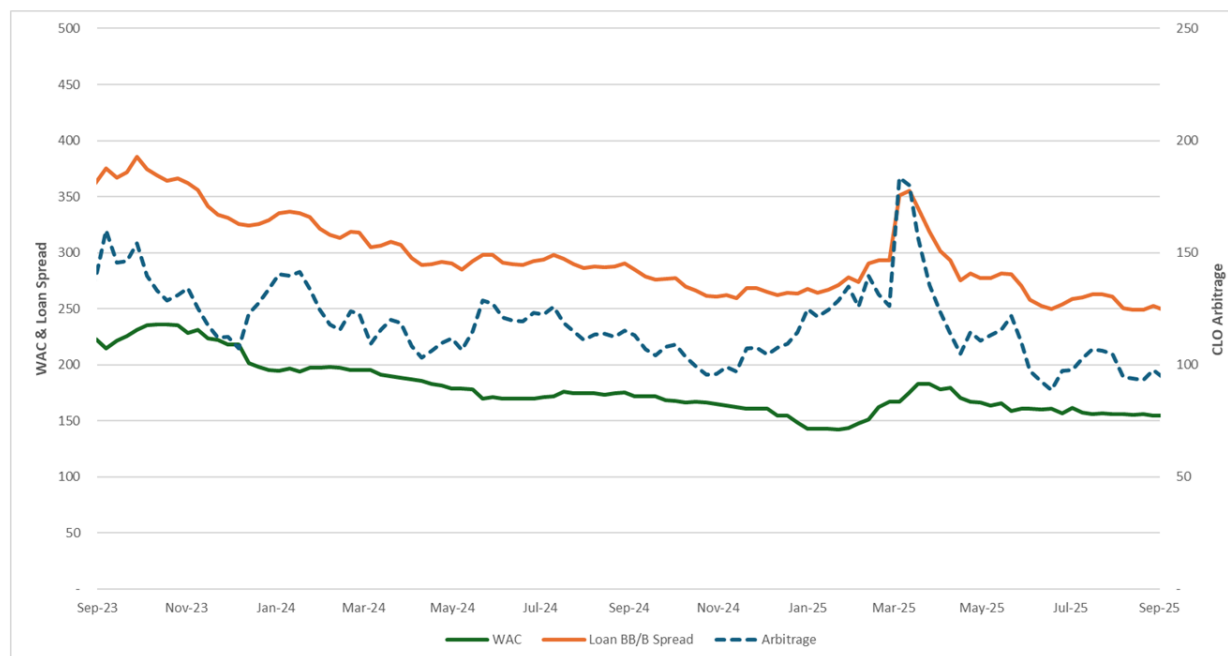
US CLO Economics											
CLO Arbitrage [1]			AAA Spread [2]			WAC Liabilities [2]			Asset WAS [3]		
3Q25	2Q25	3Q24	3Q25	2Q25	3Q24	3Q25	2Q25	3Q24	3Q25	2Q25	3Q24
89	122	115	S+131	S+136	S+138	S+166	S+178	S+176	S+375	S+420	S+411

[1] CLO Arbitrage = WAS - WAC - Fees & Losses

[2] Source: LCD

[3] Source: BBG. BB/B Loan Index Spared (25%/75% weighting)

*Assumptions: 50bp annual fees and 70bp annual loss (2% CDR, 65% Recovery)



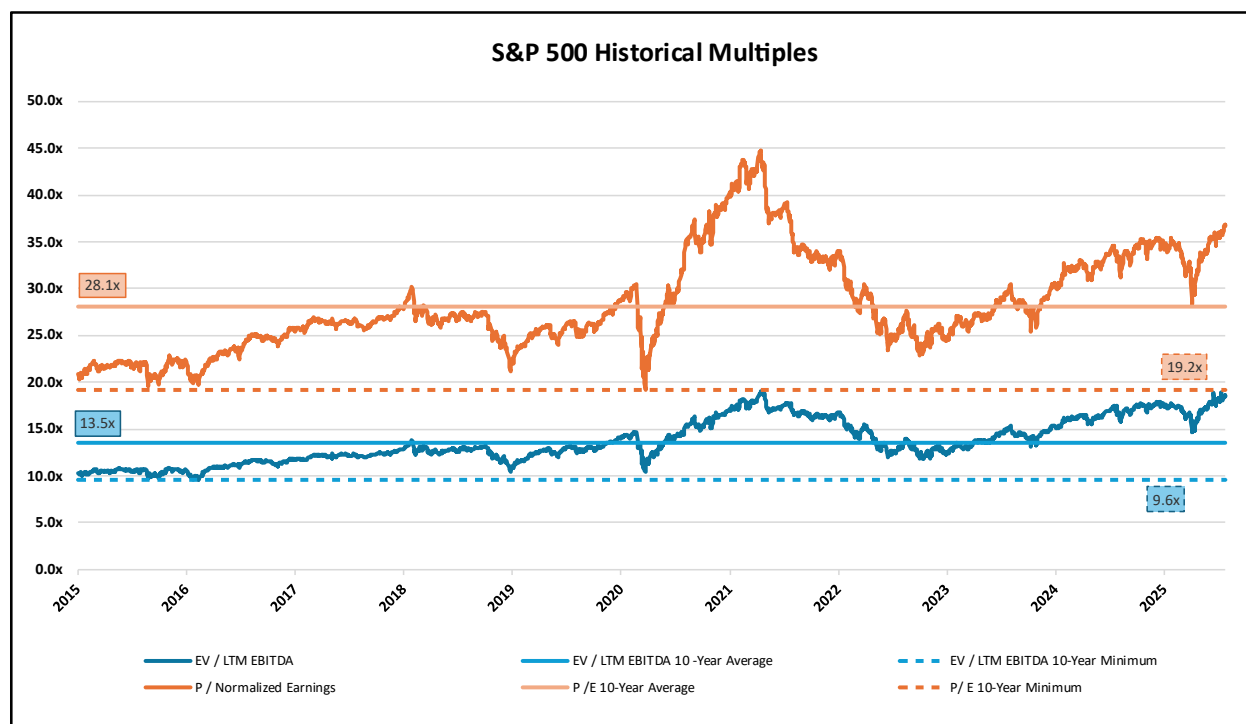
Source: JPM and BBG

Diagram M: Developed Country Govt. Bond Yields (%)

By	10/10/25	10/17/25	10/24/25	10/31/25	Change				
					Weekly	Q4 2024	Q3 2024	Q2 2024	Q1 2024
France - 10 year	3.48%	3.36%	3.43%	3.42%	(1 bps)	28 bps	(38 bps)	49 bps	25 bps
Germany - 10 year	2.64%	2.58%	2.63%	2.64%	1 bps	24 bps	(38 bps)	20 bps	27 bps
Italy - 10 year	3.46%	3.38%	3.42%	3.39%	(3 bps)	4 bps	(51 bps)	38 bps	13 bps
Japan - 10 year	1.69%	1.63%	1.66%	1.67%	1 bps	28 bps	(26 bps)	30 bps	17 bps
UK - 10 year	4.68%	4.53%	4.43%	4.41%	(2 bps)	63 bps	(16 bps)	20 bps	50 bps
US									
US - 2 year	3.50%	3.46%	3.48%	3.60%	12 bps	60 bps	(110 bps)	7 bps	34 bps
US - 5 year	3.62%	3.59%	3.61%	3.70%	10 bps	83 bps	(84 bps)	7 bps	42 bps
US - 10 year	4.03%	4.01%	4.00%	4.08%	8 bps	79 bps	(65 bps)	8 bps	43 bps
US - 30 year	4.62%	4.61%	4.59%	4.64%	5 bps	65 bps	(48 bps)	10 bps	43 bps

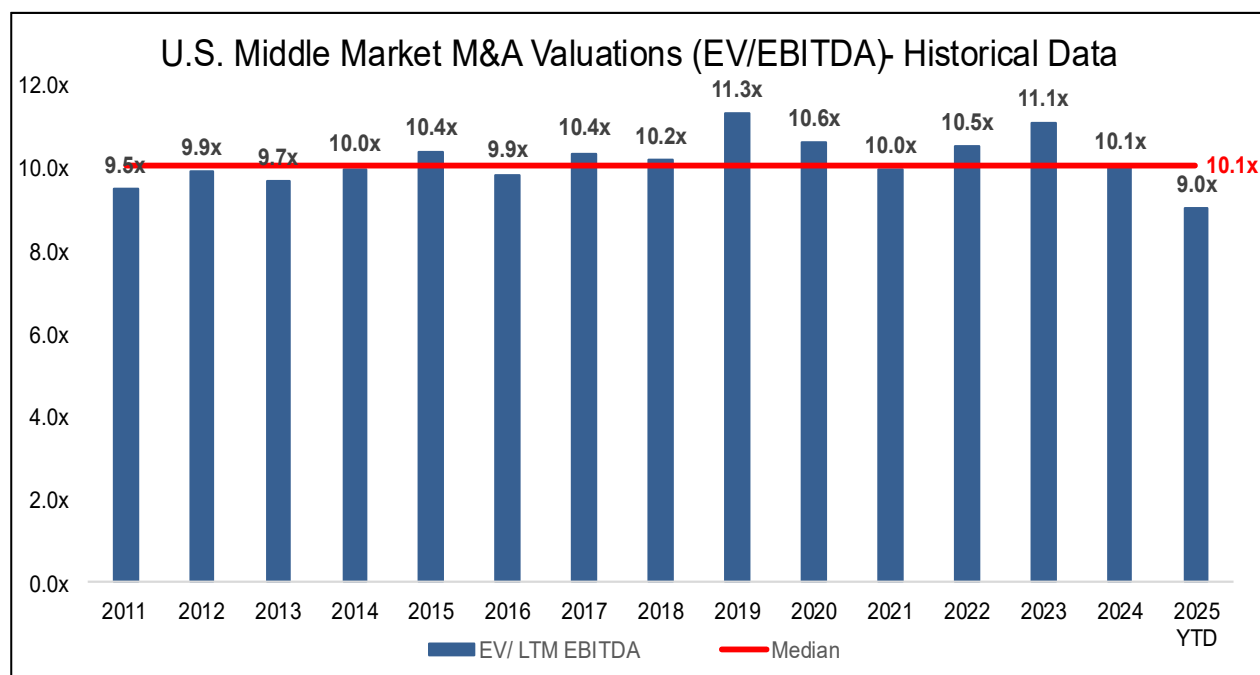
Source: Bloomberg

Diagram N: S&P 500 Historical Multiples



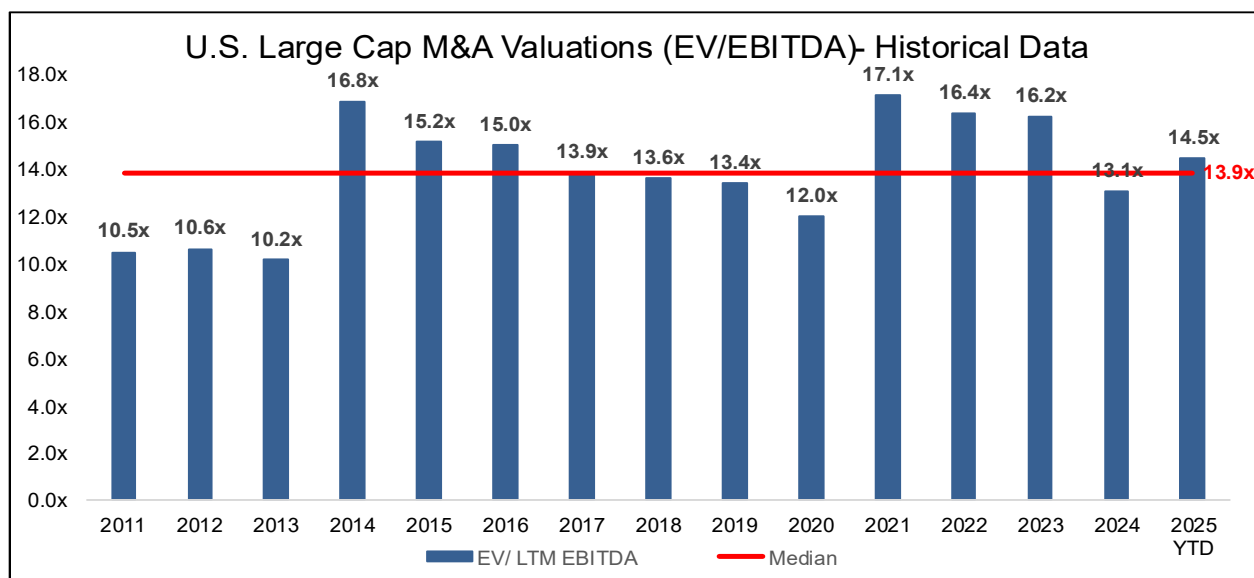
Source: S&P Capital IQ

Diagram O: U.S. Middle-Market M&A Valuations (EV/EBITDA)



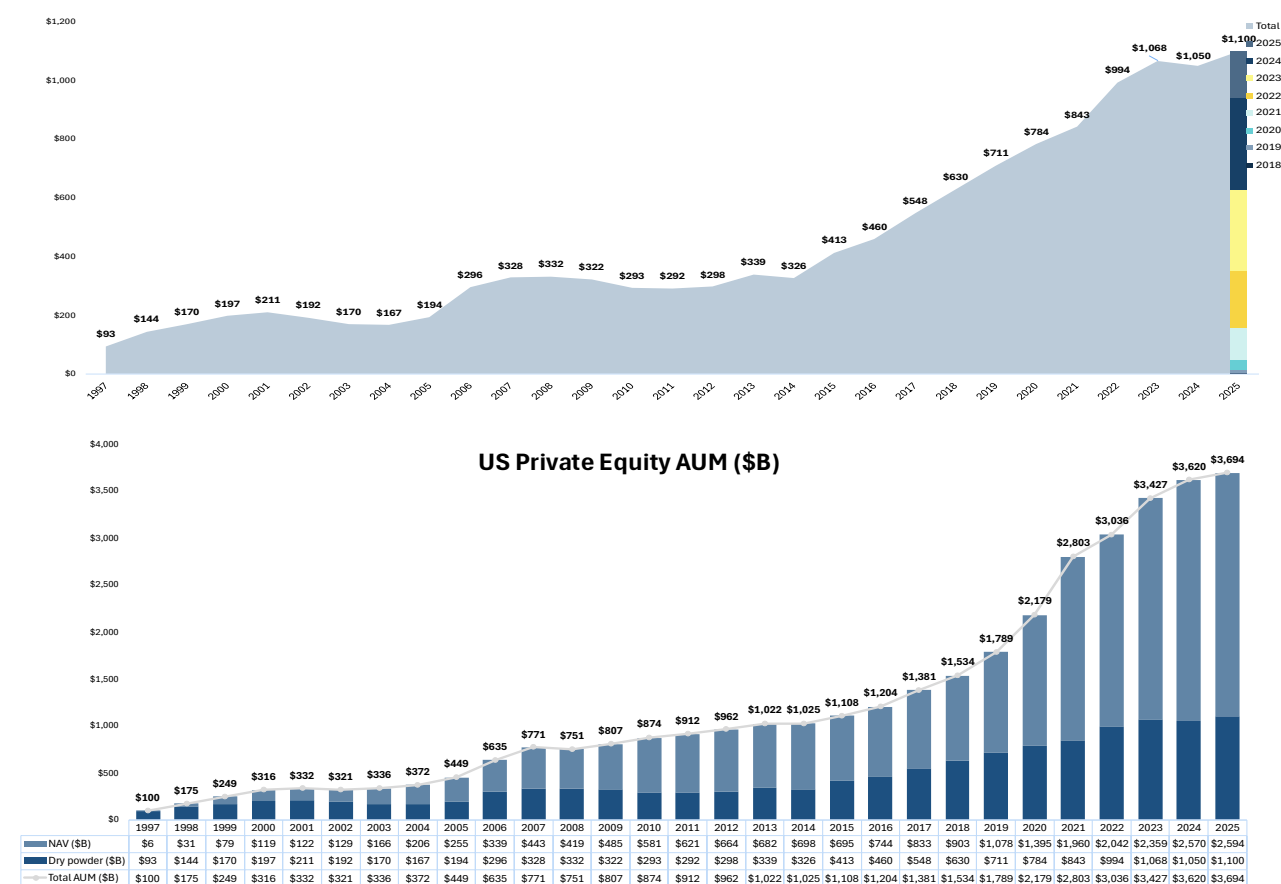
Source: Pitchbook

Diagram P: U.S. Large Cap M&A Valuations (EV/EBITDA)



Source: Pitchbook

Diagram Q: Dry Powder for All Private Equity Buyouts (\$B)

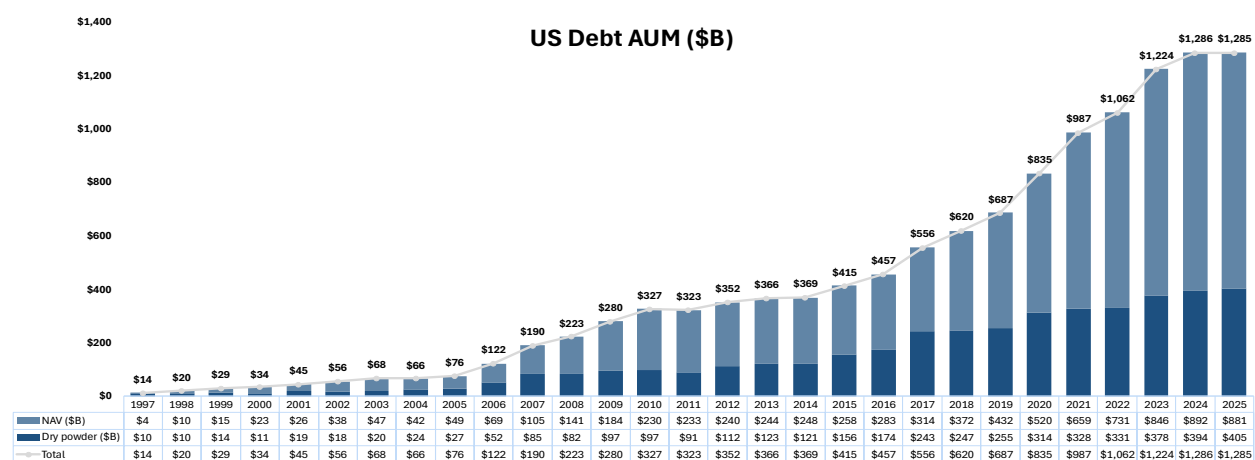
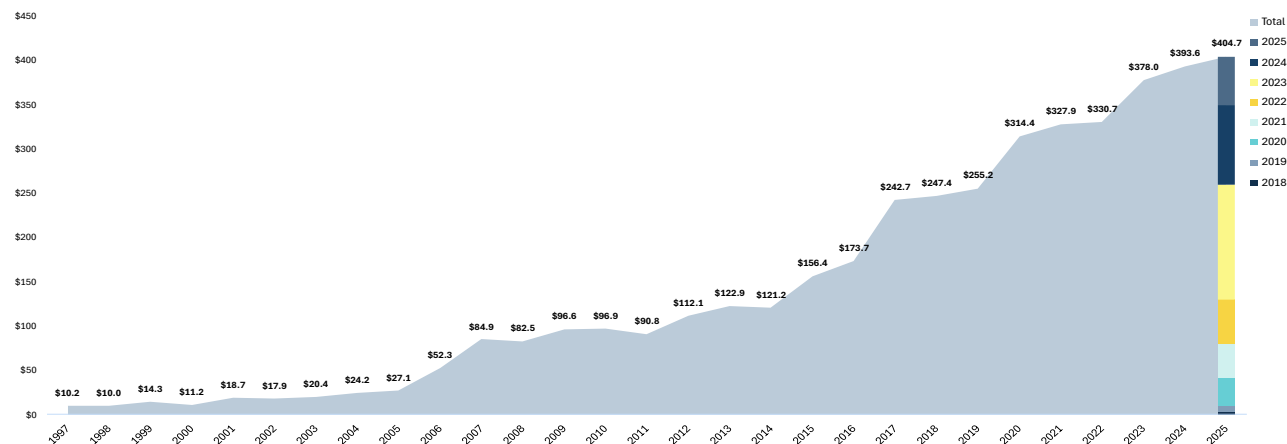


US Private Equity AUM (\$B)

	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023	2024	2025
0-2 years	\$73.1	\$139.4	\$246.0	\$254.4	\$205.1	\$103.7	\$73.5	\$105.9	\$167.2	\$188.4	\$170.9	\$215.2	\$259.0	\$336.9	\$435.3	\$426.7	\$462.3	\$569.8	\$712.8	\$649.9	\$474.2	\$419.2
2-5 years	\$49.9	\$32.1	\$36.0	\$65.7	\$121.4	\$204.3	\$189.9	\$136.9	\$75.3	\$89.9	\$120.5	\$173.1	\$149.2	\$161.0	\$149.2	\$243.3	\$277.5	\$210.1	\$217.4	\$352.5	\$527.8	\$633.5
5-7 years	\$43.7	\$22.0	\$14.1	\$7.8	\$5.9	\$14.2	\$29.2	\$48.8	\$55.3	\$60.9	\$34.8	\$25.0	\$51.6	\$50.0	\$45.8	\$41.0	\$44.1	\$63.4	\$64.1	\$66.1	\$48.1	\$47.2

*As of 3/31/2025

Diagram R: Dry Powder for All US Debt (\$B)

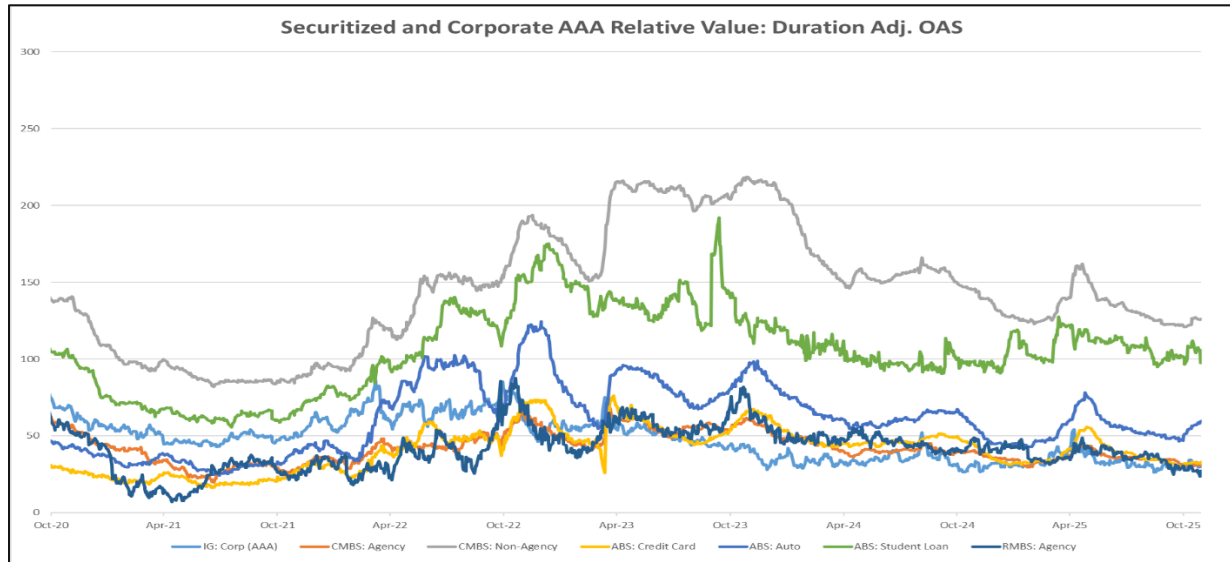


US Debt dry powder (\$B) by age bucket (years)

	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023	2024	2025
0-2 years	\$14.9	\$17.8	\$43.7	\$76.7	\$63.3	\$55.3	\$52.4	\$39.6	\$58.8	\$76.6	\$77.1	\$105.8	\$106.6	\$154.4	\$152.7	\$149.0	\$209.0	\$231.3	\$205.1	\$231.7	\$198.8	\$160.5
2-5 years	\$6.0	\$5.3	\$6.6	\$6.4	\$16.8	\$38.8	\$36.5	\$39.5	\$28.3	\$26.1	\$31.7	\$40.1	\$52.3	\$68.0	\$78.4	\$83.4	\$84.4	\$66.2	\$98.4	\$119.0	\$162.1	\$208.7
5-7 years	\$3.3	\$4.0	\$1.9	\$1.9	\$2.5	\$2.5	\$8.1	\$11.7	\$25.0	\$20.1	\$12.4	\$10.5	\$14.7	\$20.3	\$16.4	\$22.8	\$21.0	\$30.4	\$27.2	\$27.3	\$32.6	\$35.5

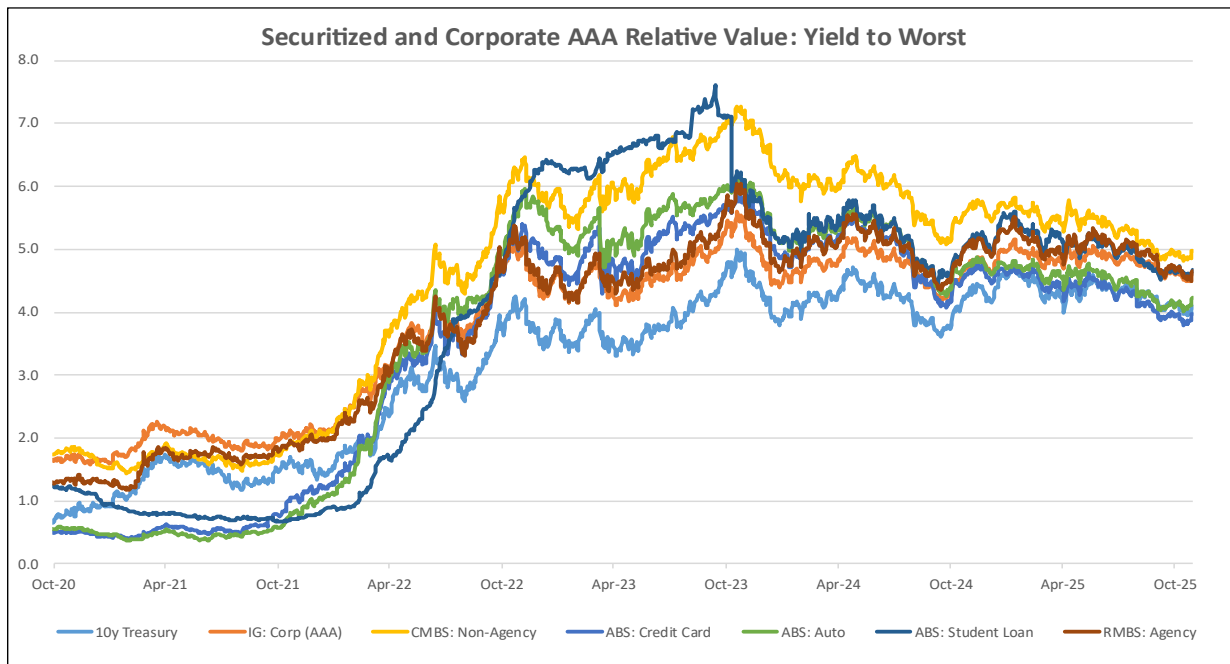
*As of 3/31/2025

Diagram S: Structured Credit Spreads



Source: Bloomberg

Diagram T: Structured Credit Yield



Source: Bloomberg

Diagram U: SOFR Curve

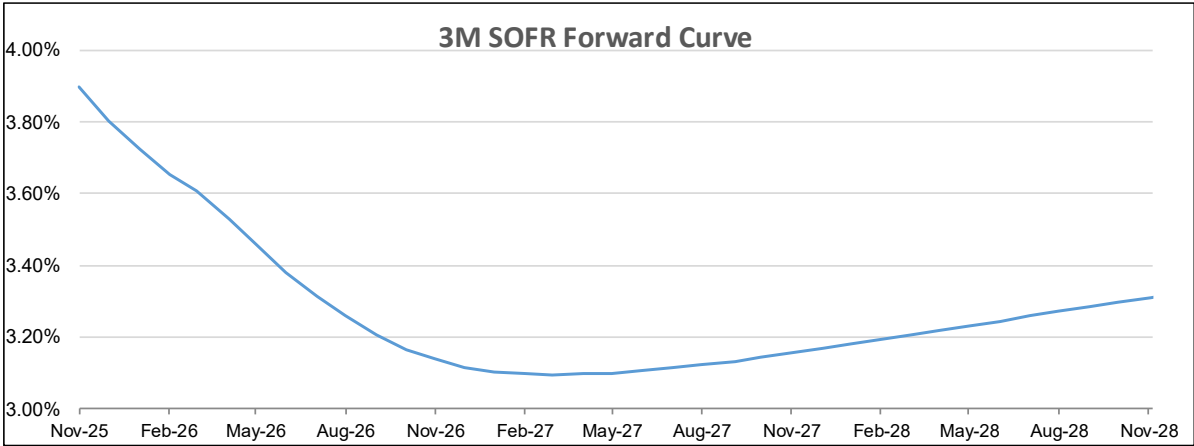
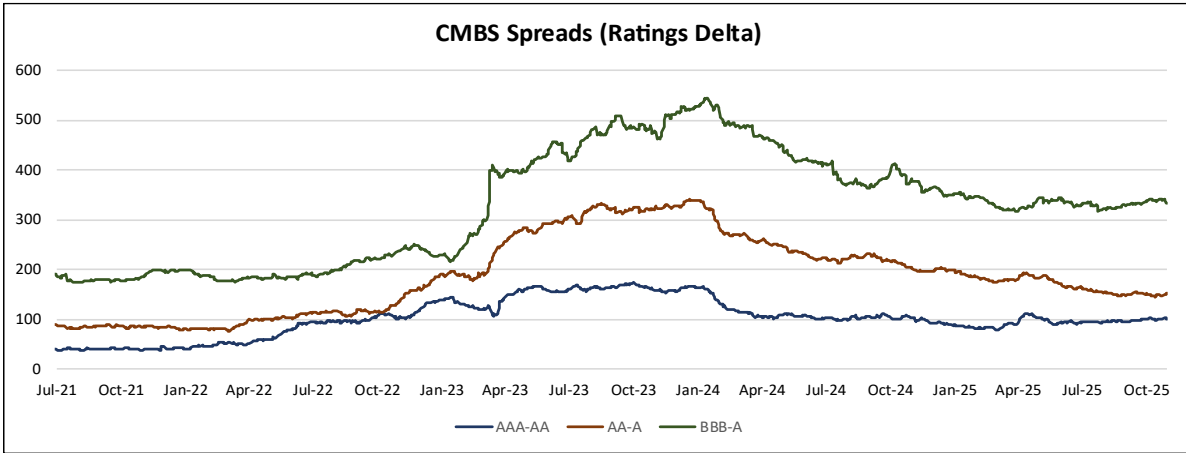
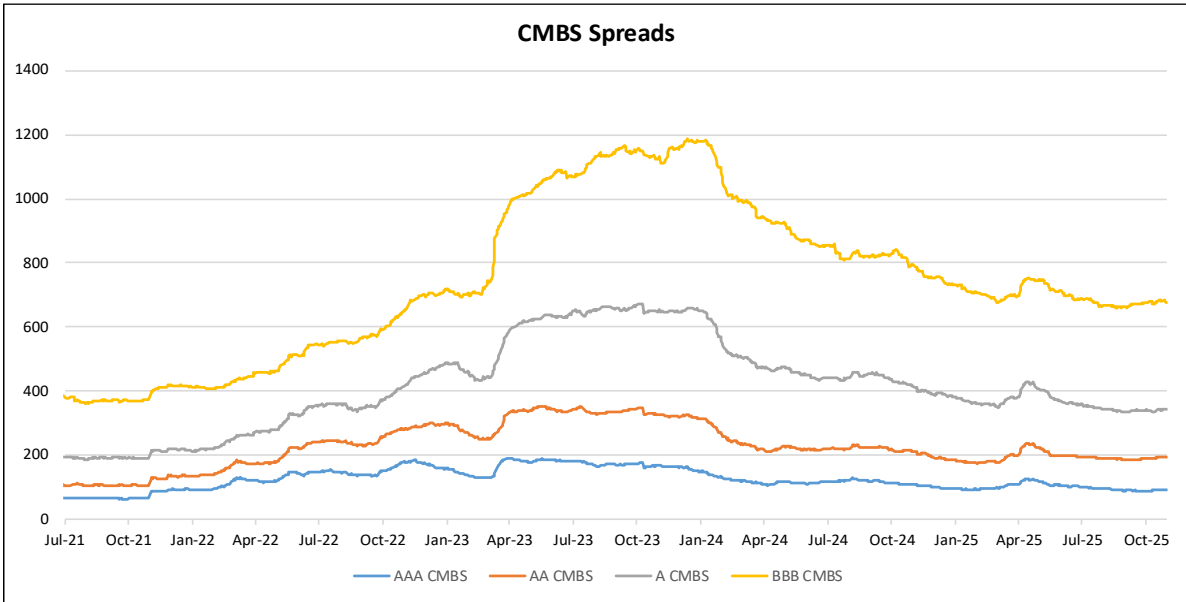


Diagram V: CMBS Spreads



Source: Bloomberg

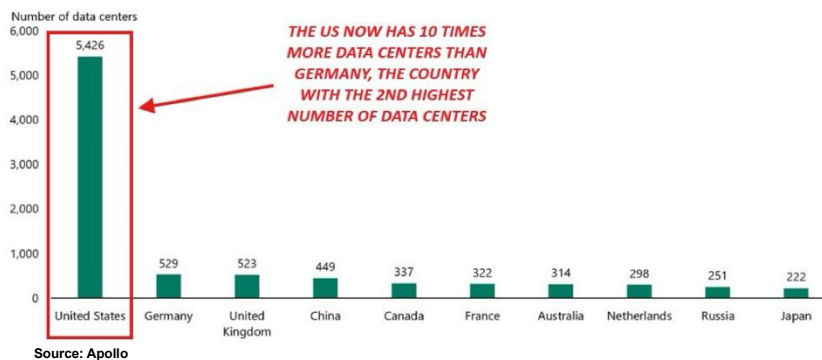
ZCGC Real Estate

Construction Spending for Data Centers, Monthly, Billion \$
Not seasonally adjusted



More data centers in the US than in all other major countries combined

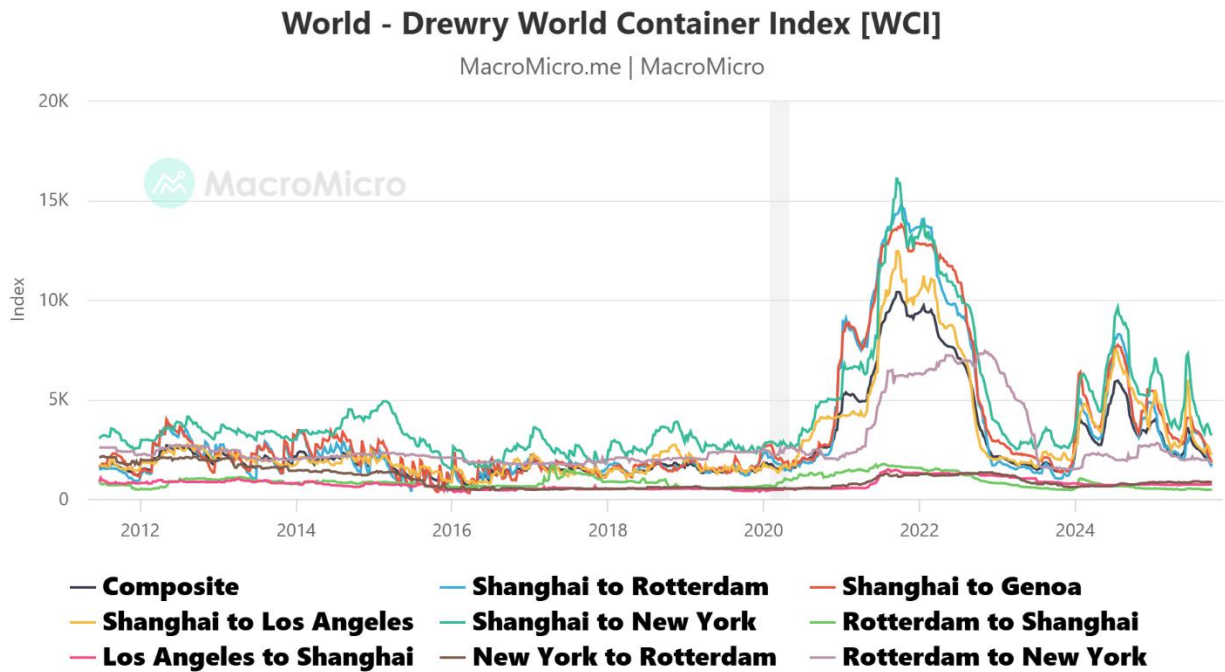
APOLLO



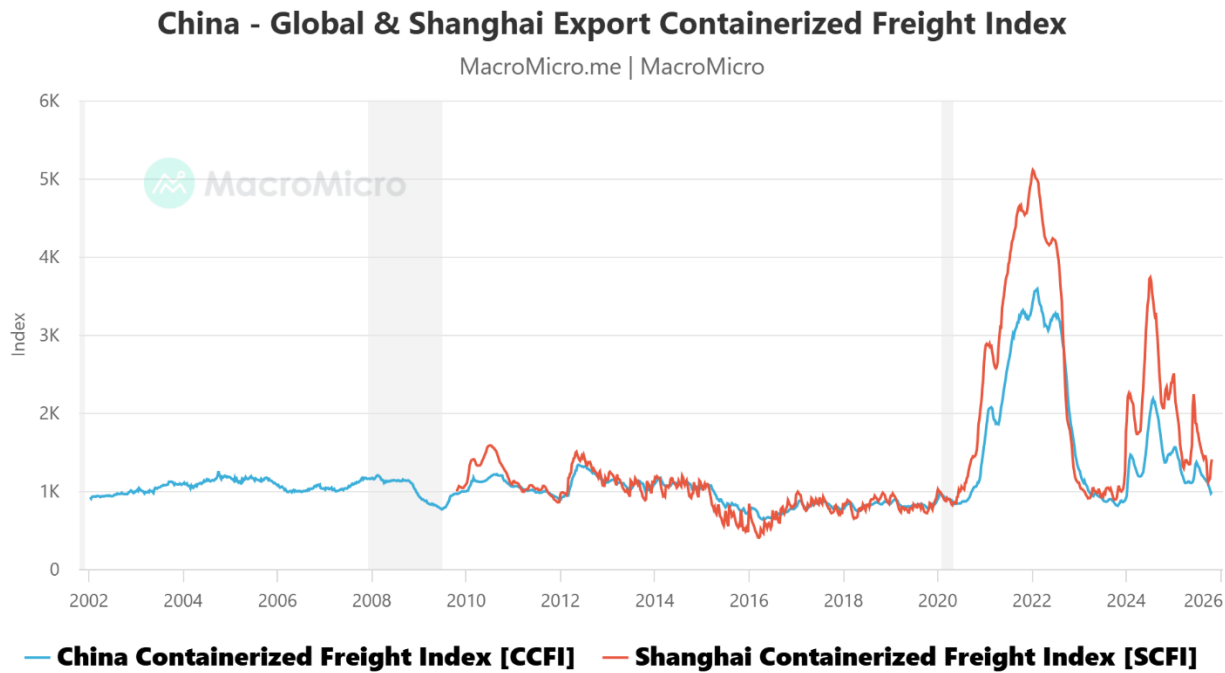
- The first graph shows the U.S. dominance in data centers, with 5,426 facilities, more than all other major countries combined, and about 40 billion dollars in new projects under construction, a 400 percent increase since 2022.
- The second graph shows that U.S. data center construction spending has surged about 366 percent since 2021 and 430 percent since 2018, reaching around 3.5 billion dollars in June 2025 alone.
- Electric power infrastructure spending, including generation, substations, and transmission, has risen about 67 percent since 2018 to roughly 9 to 10 billion dollars per month, driven by AI and cloud demand.
- This signals a pivot toward power anchored development, with sites prioritized for energy capacity, cooling, and fiber rather than tenant mix or street frontage.

Freight Rates

Drewry World Container Index



China-Global & Shanghai Export Container Freight Index



About ZCG

ZCG is a leading, privately held global firm with approximately \$8B of AUM* comprised of private markets asset management, business consulting services, and technology development and solutions.

For nearly three decades, ZCG Principals have invested tens of billions of dollars of capital in private equity and credit-related strategies, through multiple economic cycles and across many industries, including consumer products, steel, steel processors, agriculture, consumer food, gaming, hospitality, manufacturing, specialty services and automotive. ZCG has successfully executed buy-and-build opportunities, corporate carve-outs, go-private transactions and growth opportunities, as well as credit investments, including private debt, direct lending, balance sheet solutions, mezzanine, syndicated leveraged loans, opportunistic credit and structured products.

ZCG's investors are some of the largest and most sophisticated global institutional investors including prominent global sovereign wealth funds, endowments, pension funds, insurance companies, foundations, family offices, wealth management firms and other financial institutions in North America, Europe, Asia, Africa and the Middle East.

ZCG has a global team comprised of approximately 400 talented professionals. ZCG is headquartered in New York, with seven affiliated offices, across five countries.

For more information on ZCG, please visit www.zcg.com.

Asset Management

ZCG Private Equity is the private equity fund management platform of ZCG, which pursues a strategy of acquiring companies that are growth platforms, corporate carve-outs, buy & build, go-private transactions, and turnarounds.

ZCG has a specialized, three-pronged approach including its consulting practice, ZCGC, and technology affiliate, to assist in significant value-creation initiatives across portfolio companies.

ZCG Credit is the credit fund management platform of ZCG, which invests across a range of credit investments including leveraged loans, private debt, direct lending, and opportunistic credit. ZCG Credit manages closed and open-ended funds as well as structured vehicles of strategic debt.

ZCG Credit utilizes an approach of fundamental credit analysis, developed over nearly 30 years, through proprietary sourcing, sophisticated structuring and comprehensive risk management utilizing the Olympus™ system.

ZCG Credit - Direct Lending intends to directly source and originate senior secured and asset-backed loans to small and medium-sized enterprises ("SMEs") primarily in the Kingdom of Saudi Arabia ("KSA").

ZCG seeks to provide growth capital solutions to SMEs in KSA through various debt instruments, including secured term loans, revolving facilities and mezzanine loans. ZCG intends to partner with SMEs that are cash flow generative, high-growth businesses with proven management teams.

ZCG's current portfolio companies sell products in 120 countries, operate 15 manufacturing facilities, and have over 200,000 employees and associates directly and through joint ventures.

ZCG Consulting

ZCGC is a global business advisory partner delivering operational optimization, process and procedures, transformation, and M&A support. Our team combines deep industry expertise with hands-on senior leadership to help portfolio businesses, governments, and investors unlock growth, streamline operations, and maximize long-term value and returns across numerous industry verticals.

ZCGC partners with management teams to develop strategic plans and execute high-impact value creation initiatives. As a trusted resource for private equity firms and portfolio companies, our consultants bring leadership experience across investment banking, capital markets, Big 4 consulting, real estate development, talent acquisition, procurement, and the corporate C-suite.

Together with Haptiq, our strategic software development affiliate, we equip clients with the tools and expertise to drive growth and long-term success. For more information on ZCGC, please visit www.zcgc.com.

Technology

Haptiq, LLC (“Haptiq”) – where insight meets innovation.

Haptiq is ZCG's technology affiliate with over a decade of global experience in providing digital solutions to institutions and companies. Haptiq drives value and enhances efficiency through their premier AI data-driven platform and expert tech-enablement consulting. For more information on Haptiq, please visit www.haptiq.com.

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* References to total “assets under management” or “AUM” represent assets managed by Z Capital Group (“ZCG”) and its affiliates. The methodology for calculating AUM includes (i) the enterprise values and the leverage of the portfolio companies, (ii) undrawn committed capital, (iii) structured vehicles, (iv) net asset values of open-ended vehicles and (v) other asset values owned and/or managed by ZCG affiliates. The calculation may not be consistent with regulatory definitions.

PERFORMANCE										Week Ending		10/31/25	
Market Indices		31-Oct	24-Oct	WoW Change	YTD Change	YoY Change	Market Indices		31-Oct	24-Oct	WoW Change	YTD Change	YoY Change
DJA		47,662.87	47,207.12	0.75%	11.80%	12.86%	S&P/LSTA Leveraged Loan Index		4,259.43	4,249.34	0.24%	4.86%	6.27%
S&P 500		6,840.20	6,791.69	0.71%	16.30%	17.66%	Barclays High Yield Index		2,881.38	2,883.82	(0.08%)	7.39%	7.99%
NASDAQ		23,724.96	23,204.87	2.24%	22.86%	27.58%	Barclays Aggregate		2,337.80	2,351.17	(0.57%)	6.80%	6.10%
MSCI - EAFE		2,797.54	2,810.88	(0.47%)	23.69%	18.85%	Loan Market Bids		31-Oct		24-Oct	WoW Change	YTD Change
MSCI - Emerging Markets		1,401.55	1,389.39	0.88%	30.32%	24.42%	S&P Flow Name Index		96.13		96.03	0.10%	(0.25%)
US Dollar Index		99.80	98.95	0.86%	(8.00%)	(4.03%)	S&P 100 Name Index		98.93		98.93	0.18%	0.99%
VIX		17.44	16.37	6.54%	0.52%	(9.82%)	S&P BB's Index		99.72		99.69	0.03%	(0.38%)
S&P B's Index								98.43		98.26	0.17%	(0.71%)	
S&P CCC's Index								76.01		76.21	(0.26%)	(0.61%)	
High Yield & Loan Returns		WTD		MTD	YTD	2024							
High Yield Bond		0.16%		0.12%	7.13%	8.63%							
Leveraged Loan		0.34%		0.30%	4.98%	9.33%							
Market Ratios		31-Oct	24-Oct	WoW Change	YTD Change	YoY Change							
CBOE Put/Call Ratio		Equities	0.55	0.52	5.77%	19.57%	(12.70%)						
Commodities (\$ USD)		Metric	31-Oct	24-Oct	WoW Change	YTD Change	YoY Change						
Core Commodity Index		CRY Index	302.54	302.98	(0.15%)	1.96%	7.95%						
Gasoline - Pump		Gallon	3.04	3.06	(0.69%)	(0.78%)	(3.19%)						
Gasoline - Futures		Gallon	1.99	1.92	3.66%	(0.42%)	(0.13%)						
Crude Oil - WTI		Barrel	60.98	61.50	(0.85%)	(14.97%)	(13.37%)						
Crude Oil - Brent		Barrel	65.07	65.94	(1.32%)	(12.82%)	(14.44%)						
Natural Gas		MM BTU	4.12	3.30	24.82%	13.52%	82.64%						
Coal (1 contract = 1,000 tons)		Contract	104.15	104.10	0.05%	(44.80%)	(28.30%)						
Aluminum		Metric Ton	2,884.00	2,859.00	0.02%	13.03%	10.24%						
Copper		Metric Ton	10,887.50	10,962.50	(0.68%)	24.17%	14.15%						
Iron Ore		Metric Ton	105.83	105.41	0.40%	2.14%	1.68%						
Steel - Hot Rolled Coil		Metric Ton	851.00	843.00	0.95%	14.54%	6.11%						
Steel - Cold Rolled Coil		Metric Ton	1,055.00	1,040.00	1.44%	15.93%	7.65%						
Ferrous Scrap		Metric Ton	433.00	433.00	0.00%	3.10%	3.10%						
Ammonia		Metric Ton	650.00	590.00	10.17%	20.82%	16.07%						
Lumber		27.5k Board Ft	646.00	642.00	0.62%	11.28%	0.47%						
Gold		Troy Ounce	4,002.92	4,113.05	(2.68%)	52.52%	43.60%						
Silver		Troy Ounce	48.69	48.63	0.12%	68.46%	44.15%						
Corrugated Box Cost		Short Ton	121.70	121.70	0.00%	(5.23%)	(7.70%)						
Cotton		Pound	61.30	60.11	1.98%	(4.72%)	(40.15%)						
Butter		Pound	1.61	1.60	0.47%	(36.86%)	(40.15%)						
Cheese		Pound	1.74	1.74	0.06%	(8.37%)	(9.38%)						
Cocoa		Pound	2.79	2.87	(2.66%)	(44.28%)	8.71%						
Corn		Bushel	4.32	4.23	1.95%	(5.89%)	4.86%						
Milk, Non Fat Dry		Pound	1.16	1.15	0.41%	(16.82%)	(15.29%)						
Soybean		Bushel	11.00	10.42	5.57%	10.17%	12.62%						
Sugar		Pound	0.14	0.15	(3.61%)	(25.08%)	(35.06%)						
Wheat		Bushel	5.34	5.13	4.20%	(3.17%)	(6.85%)						
Live Cattle		Pound	2.37	2.34	1.22%	22.05%	25.58%						
Lean Hogs		Pound	0.81	0.82	(0.76%)	(0.63%)	(3.67%)						
Beef, USDA Ground		Pound	3.78	3.76	0.63%	16.63%	18.37%						
Chicken, Boneless & Skinless		Pound	4.21	4.21	0.00%	2.63%	6.58%						
Currencies		Metric	Spot Prices		Futures		10-Year Historicals						
			31-Oct	24-Oct	2025	2026	Low	High					
Japanese Yen		USDJPY	153.990	152.860	147.000	141.000	99.890	161.690					
Chinese Renminbi		USDCNY	7.119	7.123	7.100	7.000	6.195	7.346					
Swiss Franc		USDCHF	0.805	0.796	0.800	0.810	0.815	1.030					
British Pound		GBPUSD	1.315	1.331	1.350	1.370	1.069	1.588					
Euro Zone Euro		EURUSD	1.154	1.163	1.180	1.210	0.959	1.251					
TECHNICALS (Supply / Demand)													
Bank Loan & High Yield, Inflows (Outflows) Mutual Fund, \$ USD in Millions, (Source: Lipper FMI)													
		Week Ending		Bank Loans		High Yield							
		29-Oct-25		\$ (132)		\$ 459							
		22-Oct-25		\$ (781)		\$ (98)							
		15-Oct-25		\$ (1,302)		\$ (796)							
		8-Oct-25		\$ 591		\$ 2,075							
		1-Oct-25		\$ 488		\$ 1,217							
		24-Sep-25		\$ 162		\$ (354)							
		17-Sep-25		\$ 125		\$ 957							
		10-Sep-25		\$ (160)		\$ 1,213							
		3-Sep-25		\$ 307		\$ (250)							
Year To Date 2025				\$ 7,549		\$ 16,802							
Year Ended December 31, 2024				\$ 21,086		\$ 19,373							
Year Ended December 31, 2023				\$ (18,051)		\$ (17,252)							
NEW ISSUE SUMMARY													
Institutional Loans		10/31/2025	Deals	Amt (\$mm)									
Priced		Prior Week	15	10,500									
In-Market Forward Calendar			7	9,700									
High Yield		10/31/2025	Deals	Amt (\$mm)									
Priced		Prior Week	5	4,200									
In-Market Forward Calendar			2	2,300									
ECONOMIC DATA RECAP													
Key Economic Indicators:		Period Ending	Actual	Expected	Prior								
Initial Jobless Claims		9/20/2025	218K	233K	232K								
Continuing Claims		9/13/2025	1,926K	1,930K	1,928K								
Change in Non-Farm Payrolls		8/31/2025	22K	75K	79K								
Change in Private Payrolls		8/31/2025	38K	75K	77K								
Unemployment Rate		U-3	8/31/2025	4.3%	4.3%	4.2%							
Unemployment Rate		U-6	8/31/2025	8.1%	7.8%	7.9%							
Average Work Week			8/31/2025	34.2	34.3	34.2							
Existing Home Sales		9/30/2025	4.06M	4.06M	4.00M								
Housing Starts		8/31/2025	1,307K	1,370K	1,429K								
S&P/Case-Shiller Composite		YoY	8/31/2025	1.6%	1.4%	1.8%							
S&P/Case-Shiller Composite		MoM	8/31/2025	0.2%	(0.6%)	(0.3%)							
Consumer Confidence		10/31/2025	94.6	93.4	95.6								
GDP		QoQ-Annualized	6/30/2025	3.8%	3.3%	(0.5%)							
Durable Goods Orders		8/31/2025	2.9%	(0.3%)	(2.7%)								
Total Vehicle Sales		9/30/2025	16.39M	16.20M	16.10M								
Capacity Utilization		8/31/2025	77.4%	77.4%	77.4%								
Fed & Treasury Balance Sheet		31-Oct	24-Oct	WoW Change	YoY Change								
Fed Total Assets		\$ in Billions	6,587.0	6,589.5	(0.0%)	(6.1%)							
Public Debt		\$ in Billions	38,108.9	38,008.1	0.3%	6.3%							
US Debt Outstanding		Q25	Q24	QoQ Change	YoY Change								
Domestic Nonfinancial Debt		\$ in Billions	77,956.9	77,434.6	0.7%	3.4%							
Shared National Credit		2024	2023	YoY Change									
Shared National Credit Total Commitments		\$ in Billions	6,521.9	6,408.8	1.8%								
Special Mention Commitments		\$ in Billions	161.8	176.6	-8.4%								
Classified Commitments		\$ in Billions	434.0	395.6	9.7%								
ECONOMIC / GDP DATA													
International Monetary Fund Growth Rates (Source: IMF "World Economic Outlook")													
Country	2021	2022	2023	2024	2025	2026	Region	2023	2024	2025	2026		
United States	5.7%	0.9%	2.9%	2.8%	1.9%	2.0%	World	3.3%	3.3%	3.0%	3.1%		
Brazil	4.6%	2.5%	3.2%	3.4%	2.3%	2.1%	Advanced Economies	1.7%	1.8%	1.5%	1.6%		
China	8.1%	3.2%	5.2%	5.0%	4.8%	4.2%	Euro Area	0.4%	0.9%	1.0%	1.2%		
Germany	2.8%	0.8%	(0.9%)	0.4%	0.9%	0.9%	Emerging Mkts and Developing Economies	4.4%	4.3%	4.1%	4.1%		
India	8.9%	6.1%	8.2%	6.5%	6.4%	6.4%	Emerging and Developing Asia	5.7%	5.3%	5.1%	4.7%		
Japan	1.6%	0.5%	1.5%	0.1%	0.7%	0.5%	Emerging and Developing Europe	3.3%	3.4%	1.8%	2.2%		
United Kingdom	7.4%	0.6%	0.3%	1.1%	1.2%	1.4%	Latin America and the Caribbean	2.4%	2.4%	2.2%	2.4%		