Smart Phrase Impact on Weight Loss Discussion for Adults with Concurrent Down Syndrome and Obesity

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Introduction AIM Results

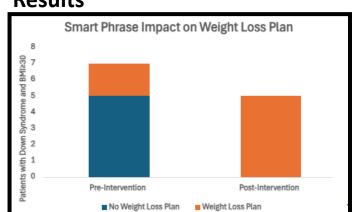
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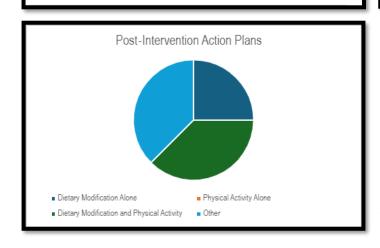
- Obesity
 - energy imbalance leading to the accumulation of adipocytes
 - chronic inflammation and development of insulin resistance and type 2 diabetes mellitus (T2DM)¹
 - can lead to a reduction in life expectancy²
- Individuals with Down Syndrome (DS):
 - increased rates of obesity and T2DM
- Retrospective cohort study of U.K. electronic health records (EHR)
 - mean BMI for patients with DS was higher than control at younger ages³
 - median age of T2DM diagnosis was 38 years in patients with DS compared to 53 years in the control group³
- Goal: Implement EHR smart phrase to encourage discussion of ways patients with concurrent DS and obesity can incorporate dietary modification and physical activity into their lives

Increase weight loss discussion in adults with Down Syndrome and obesity by 50% by August 1st, 2024 using a new smart phrase based on GLOBAL Down Syndrome Guidelines.

Methods

Adult patients with concurrent Down Syndrome and obesity were reviewed through chart review for outpatient clinic over 4 months with dietary modification and/or physical activity discussion between provider and patient being monitored. Following implementation of the electronic health record smart phrase for this clinic we reviewed dietary modification and/or physical activity discussion prevalence over 4 months.







Discussion

Following the implementation of the smart phrase there was an over 70% increase in the prevalence of weight loss discussion between providers and adults with concurrent Down Syndrome and obesity, with an increase in the proportion of patients having a discussion about dietary modifications in addition to physical activity. This smart phrase is a useful tool for reminding healthcare providers to discuss weight loss plans.

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- 2.Moreau M, Benhaddou S, Dard R, Tolu S, Hamzé R, Vialard F, Movassat J, Janel N. Metabolic Diseases and Down Syndrome: How Are They Linked Together? Biomedicines. 2021 Feb 22;9(2):221. doi: 10.3390/biomedicines9020221. PMID: 33671490; PMCID: PMC7926648.

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