Chartered Accountants



INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the members of HAQ STEELS PRIVATE LIMITED

Report on the Audit of Financial Statements

Opinion

We have audited the financial statements of Haq Steels Private Limited, which comprise the Balance Sheet as at 31st March 2025, the Statement of Profit and Loss, and the Statement of Cash Flows for the year then ended, and notes to financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information.

In our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us, the aforesaid financial statements give the information required by the Companies Act 2013 in the manner so required and give a true and fair view in conformity with the accounting principles generally accepted in India, of the state of affairs of the Company as at 31st March 2025, and *profit* and its cash flows for the year ended on that date.

Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with the Standards on Auditing (SAs) specified under section 143(10) of the Companies Act, 2013. Our responsibilities under those Standards are further described in the "Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements" section of our report. We are independent of the Company in accordance with the Code of Ethics issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India together with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the financial statements under the provisions of the Companies Act, 2013 and the Rules thereunder, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements and the Code of Ethics. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Other Information

The Company's Board of Directors is responsible for the other information. The other information comprises the information included in the director's report but does not include the financial statements and our auditor's report thereon.

Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the other information and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated.

If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact. We have nothing to report in this regard.



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Responsibility of Management and Those Charged with Governance for the Financial Statements

The Company's Board of Directors is responsible for the matters stated in Section 134(5) of the Companies Act, 2013 ("the Act") with respect to the preparation of these financial statements that give a true and fair view of the financial position, financial performance and cash flows of the company in accordance with the accounting principles generally accepted in India, including the Accounting Standards specified under Section 133 of the Act. This responsibility also includes maintenance of adequate accounting records in accordance with the provisions of the Act for safeguarding of the Assets of the company and for preventing and detecting frauds and other irregularities; selection and application of appropriate accounting policies; making judgments and estimates that are reasonable and prudent; and design, implementation and maintenance of adequate internal financial controls, that were operating effectively for ensuring the accuracy and completeness of the accounting records, relevant to the preparation and presentation of the financial statements that give a true and fair view and are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is responsible for assessing the Company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to liquidate the Company or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

The Board of Directors is also responsible for overseeing the company's financial reporting process.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with SAs will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with SAs, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether
 due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and
 obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.
 The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one
 resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions,
 misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit
 procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances. Under section 143(3)(i) of the
 Companies Act, 2013, we are also responsible for expressing our opinion on whether the
 company has adequate internal financial controls system in place and the operating
 effectiveness of such controls.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management
- Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists

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related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Company's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Company to cease to continue as a going concern.

 Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

We also provide those charged with governance with a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence, and to communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence, and where applicable, related safeguards. From the matters communicated with those charged with governance, we determine those matters that were of most significance in the audit of the financial statements of the current period and are therefore the key audit matters. We describe these matters in our auditor's report unless law or regulation precludes public disclosure about the matter or when, in extremely rare circumstances, we determine that a matter should not be communicated in our report because the adverse consequences of doing so would reasonably be expected to outweigh the public interest benefits of such communication.

Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements

- 1. As required by Section 143(3) of the Act, we report that:
 - We have sought and obtained all the information and explanations, which to the best of our knowledge and belief were necessary for the purposes of our audit;
 - b) In our opinion, proper books of account as required by law have been kept by the Company so far as it appears from our examination of those books;
 - c) The Balance Sheet, Statement of Profit and Loss and Cash Flow Statement dealt with by this Report are in agreement with the books of account;
 - d) In our opinion, the aforesaid financial statements comply with the Accounting Standards specified under Section 133 of the Act, read with Rule 4 of the Companies (Accounting Standards) Rules 2021;
 - e) On the basis of written representations received from the directors, as on 31st March 2025 taken on record by the Board of Directors, none of the directors is disqualified as on 31st March 2025 from being appointed as a director in terms of Section 164(2) of the Act;
 - f) According to Rule 10A of Companies (Audit and Auditors) Rules 2014, Clause (i) of Subsection 3 of Section 143 with respect to the adequacy of the internal financial controls over financial reporting of the Company and the operating effectiveness of such controls, is not applicable on the company during year under audit.
 - g) With respect to the other matters to be included in the Auditor's Report in accordance with Rule 11 of the Companies (Audit and Auditors) Rules, 2014, in our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us:
 - The Company has disclosed the impact of pending litigations on to in its standalone financial statements. Refer point 1 under Nate 2

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- The Company did not have any long-term contracts including derivative contracts for which there were any material foreseeable losses.
- iii. There were no amounts which were required to be transferred to the Investor Education and Protection Fund by the Company.

iv.

- (a) The management has represented that, to the best of its knowledge and belief, other than as disclosed in the notes to the accounts, no funds have been advanced or loaned or invested (either from borrowed funds or share premium or any other sources or kind of funds) by the company to or in any other person(s) or entity(ies), including foreign entities ("Intermediaries"), with the understanding, whether recorded in writing or otherwise, that the Intermediary shall, whether, directly or indirectly lend or invest in other persons or entities identified in any manner whatsoever by or on behalf of the company ("Ultimate Beneficiaries") or provide any guarantee, security or the like on behalf of the Ultimate Beneficiaries;
- (b) The management has represented, that, to the best of its knowledge and belief, other than as disclosed in the notes to the accounts, no funds have been received by the company from any person(s) or entity(ies), including foreign entities ("Funding Parties"), with the understanding, whether recorded in writing or otherwise, that the company shall, whether, directly or indirectly, lend or invest in other persons or entities identified in any manner whatsoever by or on behalf of the Funding Party ("Ultimate Beneficiaries") or provide any guarantee, security or the like on behalf of the Ultimate Beneficiaries; and
- (c) Based on such audit procedures as considered reasonable and appropriate in the circumstances, nothing has come to our notice that has caused us to believe that the representations under sub-clause (iv)(a) and (iv)(b) contain any material misstatement.
- The company has not declared or paid any dividend during the year in contravention of the provisions of section 123 of the Companies Act, 2013.
- vi. Based on our examination which included test checks the company has used accounting software for maintaining its books of account for the financial year ended 31st March 2025 which has a feature of recording audit trail facility and the same as operated throughout the year for all relevant transactions recorded in the software. Further during the course of our audit we did not come across any instance of the audit trail feature being tempered with.
- vii. With respect to the other matters to be included in the Auditor's Report in accordance with the requirements of section 197(16) of the Act, as amended, we report that section 197 is not applicable on private company. Hence reporting as per section 197(16) is not required.



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h) As required by the Companies (Auditor's Report) Order, 2020 ("the Order"), issued by the Central Government of India in terms of sub-section (11) of section 143 of the Companies Act, 2013, we give in the "Annexure A" a statement on the matters specified in paragraphs 3 and 4 of the Order, to the extent applicable.

For S A M A S & ASSOCIATES

Chartered Accountants

Regn. No. 130544W

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Mayur Mehta

Partner

M. No. 404202

UDIN: 25404202BMLAXR1517

FRN 130544W Gartered Accountants

Signed at Ahmedabad, on this 5th September 2025

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ANNEXURE A TO THE INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT (referred to in paragraph "1(h)" of our report of even date)

			demand	or without specifying any terms or period of				
	f)			planations given to us and based on the audit y has granted loans or advances in the nature of				
	e)	No loan or advance which has fallen due during the year, has been renewed or extended or fresh loans granted to settle the overdues of existing loans given to the same parties.						
	d)	There is no overdue amour	nt hence t	this clause is not applicable.				
	c)		interest h	the nature of loans the schedule of repayment of as not been stipulated. However, the repayments				
	b)		Il loans a	s provided, security given and the terms and and advances in the nature of loans and guarantees company's interest.				
iii.	a)	According to information and explanations given to us during the year the company has provided loans or advances in the nature of loans, stood guarantee, or provided security during the year details of which are given in Note 24, point no. 1.1. The amounts reported are at gross amounts, without considering provisions made.						
ii.		There is no inventory hence	e clauses	(a) and (b) are not applicable.				
	e)			or pending against the company for holding any i Transactions (Prohibition) Act, 1988" and Rules				
	d)			y of its property, plant and equipment (including ear. The Company does not have any intangible				
	c)			erties are held in the name of company and are I Institution from which the company has availed				
	b)	Equipment which, in our Company and nature of its	opinion, assets. Ir lant and	m of physical verification of Property, Plant and is reasonable having regard to the size of the n accordance with this program, the management Equipment during the year and no serious such verification.				
i.	a)	The second of the second state of the second state of the second	CONTRACTOR OF STREET	situation of Property, Plant and Equipment and				

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iv.		In our opinion and according to the information and explanation given to us in respect of loans, investments, guarantees, and security, provisions of sections 185 & 186 of the Companies Act, 2013 have been complied with.							
v.	B	In our opinion and according to the information and explanation given to us the company has accepted deposits within the limit of sections 73 to 76 of the companies Act, 2013.							
vi.		In our opinion and according to information and explanations given to us, the rules made by the Central Government for maintenance of cost records under sub-section (1) of section 148 of the Companies Act 2013, related to the manufacturing activities, are not required to be made and maintained by the company as it has not manufacturing activities during the year.							
vii.	a)	The Company is generally regular in depositing with appropriate authoric undisputed statutory dues including Goods and Service Tax, provident fur employees' state insurance, income-tax, sales-tax, service tax, duty of customs, do f excise, value added tax, cess and any other statutory dues applicable to it. The are no such material outstanding statutory dues accrued in accounts as of the last of the financial year concerned for a period of more than six months from the other became payable.							
	b)	According to are as under:	n to us, the	disputed statutory due					
		Name of the statute	Nature of the dues	Amount in ₹ lacs	Period to which it relates	Forum where dispute is pending			
		CGST Act & SGST Act	Wrongful Availment of Input Tax Credit	451.72	FY 2018- 19	Assistant commissioner of State tax, Ghatak 19, Ahmedabad			
		CGST Act & SGST Act	Difference liability under GSTR-9 & GSTR-3B, wrong availment of input tax credit, Block credit & ITC Availed but not reversed due to non- payment of suppliers	102.19	FY 2020- 21	Assistant commissioner of State tax, Ghatak 19, Ahmedabad			
		CGST Act & SGST Act	Wrongful Availment of Input Tax Credit	194.23	FY 2017- 18	State Tax Officer-3, Enforcement-1, Ahmedabad			
		CGST Act & SGST Act	Wrongful Availment of Input Tax Credit	456.39	FY 2018- 19	State Tax Officer-3, Enforcement-1, Ahmedabad			
	H	CGST Act & SGST Act	Excess claim of ITC &ITC claimed from cancel dealers & non genuin dealers	14.34	FY 2017- 18	Assistant commissioner of State tax, Ghatak 19, Ahmedabad			
		CGST Act & SGST Act	Wrongful Availment of Input Tax Credit	3.00	FY 2017- 18	State Tax Officer-3, Enforcement-1, Ahmedabad			
		CGST Act & SGST Act	Reconciliation of E-way bill Turnover & GSTR-9, ITC to be reversed non business transaction & exempt supply, Ineligible ITC, ITC claimed from cancelled dealers	154.55	FY 2018- 19				
		CGST Act & SGST Act	Wrongful Availment of Input Tax Credit	127.7	10 202930	Ahmerah (19)			

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		. CGST Act & SGST Act	Differential tax liability on B2B Outward supply as per Outward Supply E-way bill data and GSTR-1, Excess ITC availed/ utilised on Import of Goods, Excess ITC availed /utilised on B2B supplies, short reversal of ITC under	216.13	FY 2019- 20	Assistant commissioner of State tax, Ghatak 19, Ahmedabad
			Section 17 (2) read with Rule 42, Excess claim of ineligible ITC u/s 17(5), Scrutiny of Interest due to late payment of 3B			Annedabad
		CGST Act & SGST Act	Ineligible ITC as per section 16(2) claimed from cancelled taxpayers, nongenuine and non-existent Taxpayers and return/ tax defaulters	415.73	FY 2019- 20	Assistant commissioner of State tax, Ghatak 19, Ahmedabad
		CGST Act & SGST Act	Ineligible ITC as per section 16(2) claimed from cancelled taxpayers, nongenuine and non-existent Taxpayers and return/ tax defaulters	40.37	FY 2017- 18	Assistant commissioner of State tax, Ghatak 19, Ahmedabad
		CGST Act & SGST Act	Wrongful Availment of Input Tax Credit	65.33	FY JULY- 17 TO MARCH- 22	Deputy Commissioner(prev), CGST Ahmedabad South
		CGST Act &	Under declaration of output tax, Excess claim of ITC	28.43	FY 2019- 20	State Tax Officer, Ghatak 19, Ahmedabad
		CGST Act & SGST Act	Ineligible ITC as per section 16(2) claimed from cancelled taxpayers, nongenuine and non-existent Taxpayers and return/ tax defaulters	417.35	FY 2019- 20	State Tax Officer, Ghatak-19, Ahmedabad
		CGST Act & SGST Act	Excess claim of ITC	49.93	FY 2017- 18	Assistant commissioner of State tax, Ghatak 19, Ahmedabad
		CGST Act & SGST Act	Wrongful Availment of Input Tax Credit	13.07	FY 2017- 18 to 2021-22	Deputy Commissioner, CGST Act, Ahmedabad South
		CGST Act & SGST Act	Wrongful Availment of Input Tax Credit	129.60	FY 2020- 21	State Tax Officer-3, Ahmedabad
		CGST Act & SGST Act	Bhattad industries limited (Scanned Copies Not Available on Portal)	5309.27	FY 2017- 18, 2018- 19	Joint Commissioner of CGST &CX, Thane
		CGST Act & SGST Act	ITC TB Corporate Guarantee	17.32	FY 2021- 22	State Tax Officer-2, Ghatak-19, Ahmedabad
	3	CGST Act & SGST Act	RCM Corporate Guarantee	16.87	FY 2022- 23	State Tax Officer-2, Ghatak-19, Ahmedabad
		Income Tax Act, 1961	Demand under section 143(3)	0.98	AY 2015- 16	Commissioner of Income-tax (Appeals)
		Income Tax Act, 1961	Demand under section 143(3)	4281,83	AY 2022- 23	Commissioner of Income-tax (Appeals)
iii.		to us, there ar	our knowledge and according to no unrecorded income in to s disclosed in income tax as:	he current	year or no	and explanations give
x.	a)	In our opinio	on and according to the in the Company has not defaul	formation	and expla	enations given by the

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		financial institution, bank government or debenture holders, as applicable to the company.
	b)	The company is not a declared wilful defaulter by any bank or financial institution or other lender.
	c)	The term loans availed by the company are utilized for the purpose for which it was taken.
	d)	According to our information and explanations given to us, funds raised on short term basis have not been utilized for long term purposes.
	e)	The company has not taken any funds from any entity or person on account of or to meet the obligations of its subsidiaries, associates or joint ventures.
	f)	In our opinion and according to the information and explanations given by the management, the Company has neither any subsidiary nor associates or joint ventures and therefore clauses IX (f) is not applicable.
x.	a)	The Company has not raised moneys by way of initial public offer or follow-on public offer (including debt instruments) and hence reporting under clause 3 (x) of the Order is not applicable to the Company.
	b)	During the year, the Company has not made any preferential allotment or private placement of shares or fully or partly paid convertible debentures and hence reporting under clause 3 (x) of the Order is not applicable to the Company.
xi.	a)	To the best of our knowledge and according to the information and explanations given to us, no fraud by the Company or no material fraud on the Company by its officers or employees has been noticed or reported during the year.
	b)	During the year no report under sub-section (12) of section 143 of the Companies Act has been filed by the auditors in Form ADT-4 as prescribed under rule 13 of Companies (Audit and Auditors) Rules, 2014 with the Central Government.
	c)	As auditors, we did not receive any whistle-blower complaints during the year.
xii.		The Company is not a Nidhi Company and hence reporting under clause 3 (xii) of the Order is not applicable to the Company.
xiii.		In our opinion and according to the information and explanations given to us, the Company is in compliance with Section 177 and 188 of the Companies Act, 2013 where applicable, for all transactions with the related parties and the details of related party transactions have been disclosed in the standalone financial statements as required by the applicable accounting standards.
xiv.	a)	In our opinion the company has an adequate internal audit system commensurate with the size and the nature of its business.
	b)	We have considered, the internal audit reports issued to the Company after the balance sheet date covering the period 1st April 2024 to 31st March 2025 for the period under audit.
xv.		In our opinion and according to the information and explanations given to us, during the year the Company has not entered into any non-cash transactions with its Directors or persons connected to its directors and hence provisions of section 192 of the Companies Act, 2013 are not applicable to the Company.
xvi.		The Company is not required to be registered under section 45-IA of the Reserve Bank of India Act, 1934. The Company has not conducted any Non-Banking Financial or Housing Finance activities without a valid Certificate of Registration (COR) from the Reserve Bank of India as per the Reserve Bank of India Act 1934. The Company is not a Core Investment Company (Class algebrase, pader the
xvii.		Regulations by the Reserve Bank of India. The Company has neither incurred cash losses during the financial year nor in the immediately preceding financial year.

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xviii.	There has been no resignation of the statutory auditors during the year.
xix.	On the basis of the financial ratios aging and expected dates of realization of financial assets and payment of financial liabilities, other information accompanying the financial statements and our knowledge of the board of directors and management plans and based on our examination of the evidence supporting the assumptions, nothing has come to our attention which causes us to believe that material uncertainty exists as on the date of the audit report indicating that company is not capable of meeting its liabilities existing at the date of balance sheet as and when they fall due within a period of one year from the balance sheet date. We however state that our reporting is based on the facts up to the date of audit report and we neither give any guarantee nor any assurance that all liabilities falling due within a period of one year from the balance sheet date will get discharged by the company as and when they fall due.
xx.	In accordance with section 135 of the Companies Act, 2013 CSR provisions are not applicable to the company.
xxi.	The Company is not required to prepare consolidated financial statements. Hence this clause is not applicable.

For S A M A S & ASSOCIATES

Chartered Accountants

Regn. No. 130544W

Mayur Mehta

Partner

M. No. 404202



Signed at Ahmedabad, on this 5th September 2025

HAQ STEELS PRIVATE LIMITED CIN: U28999GJ2013PTC073571

Balance Sheet as at 31st March 2025

Amounts in Clacs

Particulars	Notes	As at 31st Mu	rch 2025	As at 31st Ma	rch 2024
EQUITY & LIABILITIES					
SHAREHOLDERS' FUNDS					
Share Capital	_1	1545.00		1545,00	
Reserves and Surplus	2	1672,27		1629.28	
Money Received Against Share Warrants	PHIL.	24	3217.27	-	3174.28
SHARE APPLICATION MONEY PENDING ALLOTMENT	G		12 3		36
NON CURRENT LIABILITIES					
Long-term Horrowings	3	239.97		261,29	
Trade Payables	100				
(a) Osnstanding to small & micro enterprises				2	
(b) Outstanding to others	100000	-		*	
Deferred Tax Liabilities (Net)	4	122.87		122.08	
Other Long-term Liabilities	5	36.00		36.00	
Long-term Provisions	6	1.42	400.27	1.42	420.79
CURRENT LIABILITIES	939,3				
Short-tenn Borrowings	7	8.04		17.04	
Trade Payables	8	0.7700		1000	
(a) Ourstanding to small & micro enterprises	- 00			4	
(b) Outstanding to others		189,01		194.61	
Other Current Liabilities	9	72.32		67.89	
Short-tenn Provisions	10	.50	269.88	.50	280.05
TOTAL			3887.42		3875.12
ASSETS					
NON CURRENT ASSETS					
Property, Plant and Equipment & Intangible Assets	11				
(i) Property, Plant and Equipment	100	1312.39		1375,69	
(ii) Intangible Assets					
(iii) Capital Work-in-progress (Refer Note 11A)					
(iv) Imangible Assets under Development				2	
Non Current Investments	12	2000.00		2000.00	
Deferred Tax Assets (Net)	4	The state of the s		The state of the s	
Long-term Loans and Advances	13			20.91	
Other Non Current Assets	14	111.53	3423.92	111.53	3508,13
CURRENT ASSETS					
Current Investments				2	
Investories				-	
Trade Receivables	15	282,14		245.99	
Cash and Cash Equivalents	16	17.26		7.51	
Short-term Loans and Advances		1			
Other Current Assets	17	164.10	463.50	112.49	367.00
TOTAL	1		3887.42		3875.12
Summary of Significant Accounting Policies	2.3				
Notes to Accounts	24				
See accompanying notes to the financial statements.					

See accompanying notes to the finance In terms of our report of even date

For S A M A S & ASSOCIATES

Chartered Accountants

Regn. No. 130544W

march Mayur Mehta

Partner M. No. 404202

5th September 2025 Alunedabad

& ASSOCI FRN 130544W

For and on behalf of the Board HAQ STEELS PRIVATE LIMITED

Thraw Iro Ibrarulhaq Iraki

Director DIN: 07121237 Zijauthaq Iraki Director DIN: 07121250

5th September 2025 Ahmedabad

CIN: U28999GJ2013PTC073571

Statement of Profit and Loss for the year ended 31st March 2025

Amounts In ₹ lacs **Particulars** Figures for the Figures for the Notes current reporting previous reporting period period 1. Revenue from Operations II. Other Income 18 131.48 68.74 III. Total Income (1+11) 131.48 68.74 IV. Expenses: Cost of Materials Consumed Purchase of Traded Goods (Increase) / Decrease in Inventory of Finished Goods, Work-in-Progress and Traded Goods Employee Benefit Expenses 19 2.87 408 Finance Costs 1.57 2.00 20 Depreciation and Amortization 11 63.30 69.68 Other Expenses 22.75 52.33 21 Total Expenses 87.69 127.87 V. Profit before exceptional and extraordinary items and tax (III-43.78 -50.13 VI. Exceptional Items VII. Profit before extraordinary items and tax (V-VI) -50.13 43.78 VIII. I straordinary Items IX. Profit before tax (VII-VIII) -59.13 43.78 X. Tax expenses: Current Tax 2.78 Earlier Year Tax Deferred Tax 79 1.58 1.58 Total Tax 79 X1. Profit / (Loss) for the period from continuing operations 42.99 -60.71(IX-X) XII. Profit / (loss) from discontinuing operations XIII. Tax expense of discontinuing operation XIV. Profit / (loss) from discontinuing operations (after tax) (XII-XIII) XV. Profit (Loss) for the period (XI+XIV) 42.99 -60.71XVI. Transfer to General Reserve XVII. Profit (Loss) carried to Balance Sheet 42,99 -60.71XVI. Earnings Per Equity Share (Face Value ₹10/- Per Share) 22

In terms of our report of even date

Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

See accompanying notes to the financial statements.

For S A M A S & ASSOCIATES

Chartered Accountants

Regn. No. 130544W

Mayur Mehta

(1) Basic

(2) Diluted

Notes to Accounts

Partner M. No. 404202

5th September 2025 Ahmedahad FRN 130544W

rtered Account

Ibrarulhaq Iraki Director

23

24

DIN: 07121237

n September 2025 medabad

For and on behalf of the Board HAQ STEELS PRIVATE LIMITED

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Ayanthaq Iraki Director

DIN: 07121250

(0.39)

(0.39)

CIN: 1/28999GJ2013PTC073571

Statement of Cash Flows for the year ended 31st March 2025

Amounts in ₹ lacs Year ended 31st March 2025 Year ended 31st March 2024 A. CASH FLOW FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES Net Profit before tax, perior period and extraordinary items 43.78 -59.13 Adjustments for - Finance Costs 1:57 2:00 - Depreciation 63.30 69.68 - Loss on Sale of assets 4.82 64.86 77:49 Operating Profit before Working Capital Changes 108.65 18.36 Adjustments for: - Debtors -35.15 2.65 - Loans and Advances and Non Current Assets 20.91 -120.37- Other Current Assets -51,61 177.94 - Inventories - Long Term Provision 1.42 - Short Term Provision 2.78 -4.42- Other Current Liabilities 4.43 -51.29 - Trade Payable 67.02 -3.25 5.60 Cash Generated From Operations 21.04 41.63 Direct Taxes Paid (Net of tax refund and interest thereon) Cash Flow before Prior Period and Extraordinary Items 41.63 21.04 Net Cash Flow from Operating Activities 'A' 41.63 21.04 B. CASH FLOW FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES Addition of Fixed Assets Addition of CWIP Disposal of Fixed Assets 24.82 Addition of Investments Sale of Investment of Equity of BVPL -4.82Loss on sale of fixed asset Interest Income Net Cash Flow from Investing Activities 'B' 20.00 C. CASH FLOW FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES (Repayment) / Fresh Long Tenn Borrowings -124.51-21.32(Repayment) / Fresh Short Term Borrowings -9.00 -1.57 -2.99 Finance Clist -1.57Net Cash Flow from Financing Activities 'C' -31.88 -129.10Net Increase / (Decrease) in Cash and Cash Equivalents -88,06 9.75 (A + B + C)Cash and Cash Equivalents as at 1st April 2024 (Opening 7.51 95:37 Cash and Cash Equivalents as at 31st March 2025 (Closing 17.26 7.51 Balance)

1. The above Cash Flow Statement has been prepared under the 'Indirect Method' as set out in the Accounting Standard-3 on Cash Flow Statements issued under Companies (Accounts) Rules 2014.

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2. Figures in parentheses indicate cash outflow / deduction.

In terms of our report of even date

For S A M A S & ASSOCIATES Chartered Accountants Regn. No. 130544W

Mayur Mehta Partner M. No. 404202

Notes:

5th September 2025 Ahmedabad

For and on behalf of the Board HAQ STEELS PRIVATE LIMITED

Thramite Ibrarethaq Iraki

Director

DIN: 07121237

Director

DIN: 07121250

th September 2025

medabad

Note-23

Significant Accounting Policies

1. Corporate Information

Incorporated on February 15, 2013, Haq Steels Private limited is a private company based in Ahmedabad, Gujarat. It operates with an authorized share capital of INR 16 erore (INR Crore as on 31st March 2025) and a paid-up capital of INR 15.45 erore. The company specializes in manufacturing, selling, purchasing, importing, exporting, and generally dealing in all kinds of goods from iron, steel, and other metals and alloys. Company's operations are currently on halt.

2. Accounting Conventions

In accordance with the Companies Act of 2013 and Indian GAAP, the financial statements have been meticulously prepared using the accrual method and the historical cost convention. This approach ensures that revenues and expenses are recorded when they are earned or incurred, and that assets and liabilities are recorded at their original purchase cost, respectively.

Unless otherwise specified, these financial statements are presented in Indian National Rupees (INR). This practice ensures consistency and accuracy in financial reporting, facilitating comparability across periods and entities and aiding stakeholders in making informed decisions. Presenting financial statements in INR also aligns with regulatory requirements, thereby enhancing the clarity and reliability of the financial information provided.

3. Use of Estimates

To prepare financial statements in compliance with Indian GAAP, management must make various decisions, estimates, and assumptions that significantly affect the reported amounts of revenue, expenses, assets, and liabilities, as well as the disclosure of contingent liabilities at the end of the reporting period. These estimates are based on management's best understanding of current events and expected future actions. However, there is an inherent uncertainty in these estimates, meaning that actual results could differ from these assumptions.

Consequently, the carrying values of assets and liabilities reported in the financial statements might need substantial adjustments in future periods if the actual outcomes differ from the initial estimates. This underscores the importance of using informed judgments and regularly reviewing and updating these estimates to reflect new information and changing circumstances, ensuring the financial statements remain accurate and reliable over time.

4. Current & non-current classifications

According to the company's regular operations and additional standards outlined in Schedule III of the Companies Act of 2013, all of the assets and liabilities have been classed as current or non-current. The company determined its operating cycle to be 12 months for the purpose of classifying assets and liabilities as current or non-current based on the type of operations and the duration between the activities completed and their subsequent realization in cash or cash equivalents.

Classification of current and non-current items

An asset is treated as current asset when -

- It is expected to be realized or intended to be sold or consumed.
- It is held primarily for the purpose of trading.
- It is expected to be realized within 12 months after the reporting period.





All other assets are classified as non-current assets.

A liability is current when -

- It is expected to be settled in normal operating cycle.
- It is held primarily for the purpose of trading
- It is due to be settled within twelve months after the reporting period.
- There is no unconditional right to defer the settlement of the liability for at least twelve months after the reporting period.

5. Cash and cash equivalents (For purposes of cash flow statements)

Cash comprises eash on hand and demand deposit with banks. Cash equivalents are short-term balances (with an original maturity of three months or less from the date acquisition) and highly liquid investments that are reality convertible into known amounts of eash subject to insignificant risk of changes in value.

Cash flow statement

Cash flows are reported using indirect method. Whereby profit/(loss) before extraordinary items and tax is adjusted for the effects of transaction of non-cash nature and any deferrals of future cash receipt or payments. The cash flow from operating, investing and financing activities of the company are segregated based on the available information.

6. Property Plant & Equipment

- Property, Plant and Equipment, including capital work in progress, are stated at cost of acquisition or construction less accumulated depreciation and impairment losses & net of taxes wherever applicable.
- All direct cost attributable to respective assets are capitalized to the assets. Other indirect expenses are capitalized to assets in proportion of the value of the assets, borrowing cost relating to acquisition / construction of property, plant and equipment which take substantial period of time to get ready for its intended use are also included to the extent they relate to the period till such assets are ready to be put to use.
- Subsequent expenditure related to an item of property, plant and equipment is added to its
 book value only if it increases the future economic benefits from the existing assets beyond
 its previously assessed standard of performance. All other expenses on existing property,
 plant and equipment including day-to-day repair and maintenance expenditure and of
 replacing parts, are charged to the profit and loss for the period during which such expenses
 are incurred.
- An item of property, plant and equipment is derecognized upon disposal or when no future economic benefits are expected to arise from continued use of the assets. Any gain or loss arising on the disposal or retirement of property, plant and equipment is determined as the difference between the sales proceeds and carrying amount of the assets and is recognized in profit or loss.
- The cost of PPE not put to use before the year end and capital inventory, are disclosed under capital work-in-progress.
- The gain/loss on account of fluctuation in exchange rates pertaining to foreign currency monetary items to the extent it is related to acquisition of depreciable assets is adjusted to the cost of the assets.



7. Intangible Assets

Costs incurred on intangible assets, resulting in future economic benefits are capitalised as intangible assets and amortized on written down value method beginning from the date of capitalization.

8. Impairment

When an asset's carrying cost exceeds its recoverable value, the asset is considered impaired. The impairment loss, which is the difference between the carrying cost and the recoverable value, is recorded in the profit and loss statement for the year in which the impairment is identified. This ensures that the financial statements reflect the actual diminished value of the asset.

In cases where there is a subsequent change in the estimates used to determine the recoverable value, the previously recorded impairment loss can be reversed. This reversal is done to the extent that the asset's carrying amount does not exceed what it would have been, net of depreciation or amortization, had the impairment not been recognized. This process helps in restoring the asset's value to its pre-impairment level, thereby preserving the accuracy and integrity of the financial statements.

By accurately reflecting both impairments and subsequent reversals, the financial statements provide a truthful representation of the company's financial position, ensuring stakeholders have reliable information for decision-making.

9. Investments

Current investments are defined as those that can be easily realized and are meant to be held for a maximum of one year from the date of the investment. The remaining investments are all categorized as long-term ones. All investments are valued at cost at the time of initial recognition. The purchase price and directly associated acquisition costs, such as brokerage, fees, and duties, are included in the cost. The fair value of the issued securities is the acquisition cost in the event that an investment is obtained, in whole or in part, by the issuance of shares or other securities.

Current investments are carried in the financial statements at lower of cost and fair value determined on an individual investment basis. Long-term investments come with a price. To identify a loss in the value of the investments that is not temporary payments for diminution in value is made. The difference between an investment's carrying amount and net disposal revenues is either credited or charged to the profit and loss statement upon sale of the investment.

10. Inventories

- 10.1 Raw material, work in progress and finished goods are valued at cost or net realisable value whichever is lower. Cost is determined on absorption costing method. The value of inventories includes excise duty and royalty (wherever applicable).
- 10.2 Inventory of stores and spare parts is valued at weighted average cost or net realisable value whichever is lower. Provisions are made for obsolete and non-moving inventories.
- 10.3 Unserviceable items, when determined, are valued at estimated net realizable value.

11. Revenue Recognition

11.1 Sale of Goods: When substantial risk and reward are transferred, the sum can be determined with accuracy, and it is reasonable to anticipate final collection, a sale of goods is acknowledged.





- 11.2 Interest Income: Interest income is recognized proportionately over time, accounting for both the outstanding amount and the relevant interest rate. The statement of profit and loss includes interest income under the heading "other income."
- 11.3 Discounts: As and when they crystallize, discounts are acknowledged.
- 11.4 Dividend: Recognised on receipt basis

12. Depreciation

In accordance with Schedule II of the Companies Act, 2013, the company had adopted SLM method of depreciation. The estimated useful lives of the assets are as follows:

Sr. No.	Head	Useful Life in Yrs. as per Sch. II
1	1.and	
2	Buildings	10 to 60
3	Power Station	35
4	Vehicles	8 to 10
5	Office Equipment	5

13. Foreign Exchange Transactions

- 13.1 Transactions denominated in foreign currencies are recorded at the exchange rate prevailing on the date of the transaction. This means that when a transaction involving a foreign currency occurs, the amount is converted to Indian National Rupees (INR) using the exchange rate on that specific date. This ensures that the value of the transaction is accurately reflected in the financial statements based on the exchange rate at the time of the transaction.
- 13.2 Monetary items denominated in foreign currencies are restated using the exchange rates prevailing at the reporting date. Monetary items include assets and liabilities such as receivables, payables, and loans that are denominated in foreign currencies. At the end of each reporting period, these items are revalued using the current exchange rate. This process ensures that the financial statements reflect the most up-to-date value of these items in INR, considering any fluctuations in exchange rates.
- 13.3 Any income or expense arising from exchange differences, whether on settlement or translation, is recognized in the profit and loss account, except for differences related to fixed assets. Exchange differences occur when there is a change in the exchange rate between the transaction date and the settlement date or the reporting date. These differences are recorded as either income or expense in the profit and loss account, impacting the company's profitability. However, exchange differences related to fixed assets are treated differently and are not recognized in the profit and loss account to maintain the integrity of the asset's value in the financial statements. This treatment ensures that the financial performance accurately reflects the impact of exchange rate movements on the company's monetary items while providing a consistent valuation approach for fixed assets.

14. Employee Benefits

- 14.1 All short-term employee benefits are recognized at their undiscounted amount in the accounting period in which they are incurred.
- 14.2 Employee benefits under defined contribution plan comprising provident fund is recognized based on the undiscounted obligations of the Company to contribute to the plan.
- 14.3 Employee benefits under defined benefit plans comprising of gratuity, leave encashment, compensated absences, post-retirement medical benefits and other terminal benefits are recognized based on the present value of defined benefit obligations, which is computed on the basis of actuarial valuation using the Projected Unit Credit Method.





14.4 Provision for gratuity as per actuarial valuation is not funded with a separate trust.

15. Insurance Claims

The Company accounts for insurance claims as under:

- 15.1 In case of total loss of asset by transferring, either the carrying cost of the relevant asset or insurance value (subject to deductibles), whichever is lower under the head "Claims Recoverable – Insurance" on intimation to Insurer. In case insurance claim is less than carrying cost, the difference is charged to Profit and Loss Account.
- 15.2 In case of partial or other losses, expenditure incurred / payments made to put such assets back into use, to meet third party or other liabilities (less policy deductibles) if any, are accounted for as "Claims Recoverable—Insurance", Insurance Policy deductibles are expensed in the year the corresponding expenditure is incurred.
- 15.3 As and when claims are finally received from Insurer, the difference, if any, between Claims Recoverable – Insurance and claim received is adjusted to Profit and Loss Account.

16. Taxes on Income

Provision for current tax is made as per the provisions of the Income Tax Act, 1961. Deferred Tax Liability / Asset resulting from 'timing difference' between book and taxable profit is accounted for considering the tax rate and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted as on the Balance Sheet date. Deferred Tax Asset is recognized and carried forward only to the extent that there is virtual certainty that the asset will be realized in future.

17. Borrowing Costs

Borrowing cost specifically identified to the acquisition or construction of qualifying assets is capitalized as part of such assets. A qualifying asset is one that necessarily takes substantial period of time to get ready for its intended use. All other borrowing costs are charged to Profit and Loss Account.

18. Earnings Per Share

Earnings per share is calculated by dividing the net profit or loss for the period attributable to equity shareholders by the weighted average number of equity shares outstanding during the period in line with AS - 20.

19. Assets and Liabilities

In the opinion of the Board of Directors the current assets, loans & advances are approximately of the value at which these are stated in the Balance Sheet if realized in the ordinary course of business.

20. Provisions, Contingent Liabilities and Contingent Assets:

Provisions involving substantial degree of estimation in measurement are recognized when there is a present obligation as a result of past events and it is probable that there will be an outflow of resources. Contingent Assets are neither recognized nor disclosed in the financial statements. Contingent liabilities, if material, are disclosed by way of notes to accounts.





	Amounts in ₹ lacx
As at 31st March 2025	As at 31st March 2024
1600.00	1600.00
1600.00	1600.00
1545.00	1545.00
1545.00	1545.00
1545,00	1545.00
1545.00	1545.00
	1600.00 1600.00 1545.00 1545.00

a) List of Equity shareholders holding more than 5% shares

Name of the shareholder	Number of shares held	Value in ₹ lacs	Percentage
Year ended 31st March 2025			
Inamulhag Shamsulhag Iraki	13,22,000	132.20	8.56%
Abdulhaq Shamsulhaq Iraki	14,74,000	147.40	9.54%
Shamsulhag M. Iraki	8,15,500	81.55	5.28%
Taherakhatoon Iraki	13,38,000	133.80	8.66%
ATT Hotels (P) Limited	20,00,000	200.00	12.94%
Zivaulhag Abdulhag Iraki	12,50,000	125.00	8.09%
Asadulhaq Abdulhaq Iraki	12,50,000	125.00	8,09%
Mizbaulhag Abdulhag Iraki	12,50,000	125.00	8,09%
Mahelka Inamulhaq Iraki	15,18,500	151.85	9.83%
Ibrarulhag Inamulhag Iraki	17,19,000	171.90	11.13%
fsha Abdulhaq Iraki	12,50,000	125.00	8.09%
	1,51,87,000	1518,70	98,30%
Venr ended 31st March 2024			
Inamulhaq Shamsulhaq Iraki	13,22,000	132.20	8.56%
Abdulhaq Shamsulhaq Iraki	14,74,000	147.40	9.54%
Shamsulhaq M. Iraki	8,15,500	81.55	5.28%
Taherakhatoon Iraki	13,38,000	133.80	8.66%
ATT Hotels (P) Limited	20,00,000	200.00	12.94%
Ziyaulhaq Abdulhaq Iraki	12,50,000	125.00	8.09%
Asadulhag Abdulhag Iraki	12,50,000	125.00	8.09%
Mizbaulhag Abdulhag Iraki	12,50,000	125.00	8.09%
Mahelka Inamulhaq Iraki	15,18,500	151.85	9.83%
Ibrarulhag Inamulhag Iraki	17,19,000	171.90	11.13%
Afsha Abdulhaq Iraki	12,50,000	125.00	8.09%
	1,51,87,000	1518.70	98.30%





Name of the promoter	Number of shares held	% of total shares	% Change during the year
Year ended 31st March 2025	SOUTH THE PERSON NAMED IN		
Inamulhaq Shamshulhaq Iraki	13,22,600	8.56%	0.00%
Rushabh P. Shah	10,600	0.06%	0.00%
Abdulhaq Shamshulhaq Iraki	14,74,000	9,54%	0.00%
Afsha Abdulhag Iraki	12,50,000	8.09%	0.00%
ATT Hotels (P) Ltd	20,00,000	12.94%	0.00%
Iraki Enterprises Limited	2,00,000	1.29%	0.00%
Ibrarulhag Inamulhag Iraki	17,19,000	11.13%	0.00%
Mahelaka Inamulhag Iraki	15,18,500	9.83%	0.00%
Shadab Akhlaque Ahmad Iraki	53,000	0.34%	0.00%
Shamsulhaq M Iraki	8,15,500	5,2896	0.00%
Taherakhatoon Shamshulhaq Iraki	13,38,000	8.66%	0.00%
Ziyaulhaq Abdulhaq Iraki	12,50,000	8.09%	0.00%
Mizbaulhaq Abdulhaq Iraki	12,50,000	8,09%	0.00%
Asadulhaq Abdulhaq Iraki	12,50,000	8.09%	0.00%
	1,54,50,000	100,00%	0.00%
Year ended 31st March 2024			
Inamuthaq Shamshuthaq Iraki	13,22,000	8.56%	-63.68%
Rushabh P. Shah	10,000	0.06%	0.00%
Abdulhag Shamshulhag Iraki	14,74,000	9.54%	-74.54%
Afsha Abdulhaq Iraki	12,50,000	8.09%	107,30%
AFT Hotels (P) Ltd	20,00,000	12.94%	0.00%
Iraki Enterprises Limited	2,00,000	1.29%	0.00%
Ibrarothag Inamothag Iraki	17,19,000	11.13%	887.93%
Mahelaka Inamulhaq Iraki	15,18,500	9.83%	103.55%
Shadab Akhlaque Ahmad Iraki	53,000	0.34%	0.00%
Shamsulhaq M Iraki	8,15,500	5.28%	0.00%
Faherakhatoon Shamshulhaq Iraki	13,38,000	8.66%	0.00%
Zivaulhaq Abdulhaq Iraki	12,50,000	8.09%	1443,21%
Mizbaulhaq Abdulhaq Iraki	12,50,000	8.09%	100.00%
Asadulhaq Abdulhaq Iraki	12,50,000	8.09%	100.00%
	1,54,50,000	100.00%	2603.77%

Particulars	Equity 8	Shares	Preference Shares	
	No. of Shares	Amount	No. of Shares	Amount
Year ended 31st March 2025				
Shares outstanding at the beginning	1,54,50,000	1545,00	- 2	
hanges due to Prior Period Errors				
Add: Fresh Issue of Shares		100		
ess: Buy Back	2	3800		
shares outstanding at the end	1,54,50,000	1545.00		
car ended 31st March 2024				
hares outstanding at the beginning	1,54,50,000	1545.00		
hanges due to Prior Period Errors	7.			
old: Fresh Issue of Shares	union to the state of			
ess: Buy Back	1745			
Shares outstanding at the end	1,54,50,000	1545.00		





a) Terms / rights attached to equity shares

The company has only one class of equity shares having a par value of ₹10 per share. Each holder of equity shares is entitled to one vote per share.

In the event of liquidation of the company, the holders of equity shares will be entitled to receive remaining assets of the company, after distribution of all preferential amounts. The distribution will be in proportion to the number of equity shares held by the shareholders.

In the preceding five years:

- (a) The company had not issued shares for consideration other than eash.
- (b) The company had not bought back shares.

7:101	ESER	N.P. B.P. B.P. S.	ANTE	2471210	100100
- Car - 1761	ESER	V. E. Ch.	ALTER O	310161	The state of

10000		14.00	100	W
- 177	EVENTALEN	THE T	ur c	lacs
	INCHES PA	1805.0	Pro No	11111-2

Z. RESERVES AND SURPLUS			Amor	$unis\ m\in unis$
	As at 31st Mar	ch 2025	As at 31st Marc	h 2024
Retained Earnings				
a) Opening Balance	1629.28		1689.99	
b) Changes in accounting policy or prior period errors				
c) Restated balance at the beginning	1629.28	PERSONAL PROPERTY.	1689,99	
d) Total Comprehensive Income	42.99		-60.71	
e) Less: Bonus Shares Capitalistion		AND STREET		
Balance at the end	AUTO SITTLE	1672,27		1629.28
TOTAL		1672.27		1629.28
3. LONG TERM BORROWINGS			Amor	inix in Elacs
	As at 31st Mar	ch 2025	As at 31st Marc	h 2024
Bonds / Debentures				
Term Loans;		8.04		24.84
(A) From Banks	8.04		24.84	
(B) From Other Parties			-	
A PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF				

(B) From Other Parties

Deferred payment liabilities

Inter Corporate Deposits
Loans and advances from related parties
Other Loans and Advances

239.48

203.00

Other Loans and Advances

248.01

278.33

Less: Current Maturities of long term
8.04

17.04

Refer Note 3A for Additional Information



239,97



261.29

4, DEFERRED TAX (ASSETS) / LIABILITIES Particulars	As at 31st March 2025	As at 31st March 2024	
(i) Liabilities			
	122.87	122.08	
Due to Difference in Depreciation as per Income-tax Act and as per Books	122.8	122.00	
Total (i)	122.87	122.08	
100000000		2000	
(ii) Assets			
Due to Carry Forward of Business Loss Total (ii)			
DEFERRED TAX (ASSETS) / LIABILITIES (NET) (I-II)	122.87	122.08	
5. OTHER LONG TERM LIABILITIES		Amounts in 4 lacs	
	As at 31st March 2025	As at 31st March 2024	
Deposits:	36,00	36.00	
TOTAL	36,00	36.00	
IOIAL	50.00	2.0,00	
6. LONG TERM PROVISIONS		Amounts in 4 lacs	
	As at 31st March 2025	As at 31st March 2024	
Provision for Gratuity	1.42	1.42	
TOTAL	1,42	1.42	
		7-	
7. SHORT TERM BORROWINGS	As at 31st March 2025	Amounts in ₹ Iacs As at 31st March 2024	
Victor securing to an experience	AN AU DIN MINER 2025	713 00 53.51.57.01.01	
Loans Repayable on Demand (A) From Banks			
(i) Secured			
(ii) Unsecured			
(B) From Other Parties			
(i) Secured			
(ii) Unsecured Loans and advances from Related Parties			
Deposits			
Current Maturities of Long-term borrowings	8.04	17.04	
TOTAL	8,04	17.04	
Refer Note 3 & 3A for Additional Information			
8, TRADE PAYABLES		Amounts in ₹ lacs	
01 230000000 4 74 3 34074 4407	As at 31st March 2025	As at 31st March 2024	
Sundry Creditors for Goods	96.45	101,70	
Creditors for Expenses	22,09	22,45	
Sundry Creditors for Services	19.25	19.25	
Creditors for Plant & Machinery	51,22	51.22	
TOTAL	189.01	194.61	
Refer Note 8A for Additional Information			
9. OTHER CURRENT LIABILITIES		Amounts in 4 lacs	
	As at 31st March 2025	As at 31st March 2024	
Advance from Customers	67.36	67.36	
Statutory Dues	4.78	.40	
Salaries Payable	.08	.08	
TDS Payable	:10	.05	
TOTAL	72.32	67.89	





DESCRIPTION	GROSS BLOCK			Street, Square	DEPRES	CLATHIN A	ND DIPAIRS	MENT		DETE	LOCK	
	An at 214 April Additional duries	Additional during	oring Deletions As at 51st Murch	As at Stat Murch	Upto 2101	T	er fre Year	CONTRACTOR OF	Duletiyro/	Lipio Jitar	Abat 2011	Ar at 1514 Month
	2124	ificyer	abattuess	2026	Manh 201	Denneum	Treament Lies		refrentments	March 3005	March 2028	23/24
			storing the year		- 6		Chatgos	Havened	dung the	- The P	121337	
PROPERTY, PLANTAN	DEQUIPMENT											
Land	254.85	7.	7.5	264.83			117/				264.80	3613
Buildings	697.55	1 45	100	665.53	221.73	24.79	100		-	244.52	642.42	99620
Flori and Equipment	30730	0.00	- 3	30000	10110	13.76		3.6		10.77	361.23	20429
Milita	200.65			201.10	291.79	54.81	1145	-	-	234,26	9436	19.61
Other Epropert	1,45		- 4	1.65		28			-	94		- 31
SUB-TOTAL (A)	FICTO IN		- 4	1921.88	44.50	60,00		4	4	617.49	DQF	URSE
Personage	1954.31		2632	2121.00	8633	- 69,68	1	1 (4)	-	559.20	1325 (0	1470.07
INTENGUILE ASSETS					= 13							
Inequite		201	- 12					-	2		10172	
HIR TOTAL (III)	-		-			-	- 14		-	-		
Previousyes	-	-			18				+	151		
GRAND TOTAL	10,19,68	41		2925,98	554,70	.63,36		- 4	-	617.49	1362.35	1,879.69
Previous year	2964.71	+	20.02	1121 44	484.71	25.08	1.0	-	4.5	35120	1375 44	1470 (4

Note 1. The Event arrow have been been been former DMT Provide License and zinc by pulsacional in KOCTHonic for relate credit facilities arounded in GTPL.





10, SHORT TERM PROVISIONS	As at 31st March 2	025	As at 31st Marc	sh 2024
Provision for Audit Fees		.50		.50
Provision for Employee benefits		1 11		
Provision for Tax		2.78		
TOTAL		.50	_	.50
101111	1	150	-	-
12. NON CURRENT INVESTMENTS				110000000000000000000000000000000000000
	As at 31st March 2	025	As at 31st Marc	:h 2024
2,00,00,000 0.01% Redeemable, Non-		2000.00		2000.00
Convertible, Non-Cumulative, Non-				
Participating Preference Shares of ₹10 each in				
German Green Steel and Power Limited	THE PERSON	30100	V -	
TOTAL	HARRIST TO SERVICE AND ADDRESS OF THE PARTY	2000.00	_	2000.00
13. LONG TERM LOANS & ADVANCES			Amos	ints in ₹ lacs
THE PARTY PERSONAL SECTION OF THE PARTY OF T	As at 31st March 2	025	As at 31st Marc	Andrew St. Committee of the Committee of
		THE D		
(a) Capital Advances				
i) Secured				
ii) Unsecured iii) Doubtful				
Less: Allowance for bad and doubtful debts				
(b) Loans and advances to related parties		.00		20.91
i) Secured		400		20131
ii) Unsecured	.00		26,91	
iii) Doubtful			-	
Less: Allowance for bad and doubtful debts				
(c) Other Loans and advances		*1		
i) Secured				
ii) Unsecured	•			
iii) Doubtful				
Less: Allowance for bad and doubtful debts	-	B34611 =		
(d) Loans and advances due by directors or				
any other officer or other companies where the director is partner, director or member		10000		
director is partner, director of member				
TOTAL		.00	_	20.91
14. OTHER NON CURRENT ASSETS	As at 31st March 20	125	As at 31st Marc	onts in & lacs
(A) 1	As at Stat Starter at	767	738 40 2336 (VIIII)	All 2024
(a) Long Term Trade Receivables i) Secured				
ii) Unsecured				
iii) Doubtful				
Less: Allowance for bad and doubtful debts	14 415 708			
(b) Security Deposit		11.56		11.56
(c) Others				
(d) Debts due by directors or any other officer	1000		-	
or other companies where the director is				
pastner, director or member				
Advance to Suppliers		99,97		99,97
Turing to supplied				





The street of th	As at 31st March 2025	As at 31st March 2024
	AS BE SISE WHITCH 2025	NS BE DISCIVILIED AND A
Outstanding for a period exceeding six months		
- Secured Considered Good		4.00
- Linsecured Considered Good	214,63	246,9
- Considered Doubtful		
Other debts		
- Secured Considered Good	67.51	
- Unsecured Considered Good		5
- Considered Doubtful		
	282.14	246.99
Less: Provision for Doubtful Debts		
**************************************	2021/	244.00
TOTAL	282.14	246.99
Refer Note 15A for Additional Information		
IA CASH AND CASH FOUNDATIONS		Amounts in 4 lacs
16. CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS	As at 31st March 2025	As at 31st March 2024
	22/01/20	2790
(a) Balance with Banks	11.48	1.74
(i) Current Accounts	11.48	1.74
(ii) Fixed Deposits with Maturity More Than		
12 Months		
(iii) Fixed Deposits with Maturity Upto 12 Months		-
(b) Cheques, drafts on Hand		
(c) Cash on hand	5,77	5.77
(d) Farmarked balance with banks	24.00	247
(c) Balance with banks to the extent margin		
money held		
TOTAL	17,26	7.51
17. OTHER CURRENT ASSETS		Amounts in 3 lacs
TO THE CONTROL OF THE	As at 31st March 2025	As at 31st March 2024
	SEC. III DESCRIPTION AND ADDRESS.	5-50° Mile 20 834° (COMMING 20 30 30 °C)
Advance to Suppliers Balance with Government Authorities		112.10
Prepaid Expense	162.02	112.49
richard Expense	2.08	
FOTAL	164.10	112:49
18. OTHER INCOME		Amounts in ₹ lacs
- MICHARD COMPRESSION	For the year ended 31st March	For the year ended 31st March
	2025	2024
Eost Income	/2 ns	63.00
Interest on Income Tax Refund	63.00	5.74
Prior period Income (FY2324)	11.26	3.24
SBI Life Insurance Maturity Claim	11.26 55.37	
Insurance Claim	1.52	
Dividend Income	_33	
TOTAL	131.48	68.74





19. EMPLOYEE BENEFIT EXPENSE	For the year ended 31st March	For the year ended 31st March
	2025	2024
Salaries and Wages	.08	2,58
Contribution to Provident Fund		.23
Contribution to ESIC		.06
TOTAL	.08	2.87
20. FINANCE COSTS		Amounts in Elocs
	For the year ended 31st March 2025	For the year ended 31st March 2024
Interest on Truck Loan	1.57	2.99
TOTAL	1.57	2.99
21. OTHER EXPENSES		Amounts in E lucs
	For the year ended 31st March 2025	For the year ended 31st March 2024
Auditors Remuneration	00,1	1:00
Bad Debts		.86
Bank Charges	.01	.01
Balance Written Off	.08	17.97
Computer & Internet Exp.		.18
Company Secretary Remuneration	1,32	2.64
Electricity Exp		.42
GST Expenses	15.13	
Insurance Exp	.90	21.63
Interest on TDS	.01	.02
Legal & Professional Fees Loss on Sale of Assets	.25	.56
Membership Fees		4.82
		.01
Mobile & Telephone expense Prior period expenses		.44
TOURS OF THE PROPERTY OF THE P	.12	
Professional Tax Exps. Repairing & Maintenance Expenses	.52	
Round Off	2.16	32
toc Exp	.00	.00
/at Expense	.01	24
Short Provision of Income-tax	1.26	
AND LEGISLOR OF HISTORIC-THY		1.21



TOTAL



52.33

22. EARNINGS PER EQUITY SHARE Amounts in Class				
	For the year ended 31st March 2025	For the year ended 31st March 2024		
A) Net Profit after Tax Less:	42.99	-60.71		
B) Extraordinary Items				
C) Tax Impact on Extraordinary Items D) Net Profit before Extraordinary Items (net of tax)	42,99	-60.71		
II) Weighted Average Number of Shares - Basic	1,54,50,000	1,54,50,000		
F) Weighted Average Number of Shares - Diluted	1,54,50,000	1,54,50,000 Amounts in ₹		
Basic Earnings per Equity Share		Amounts of e		
- Before extraordinary items (net of tax) - (D/E)	0.28	(0.39)		
- After extraordinary items - (A/E)	0.28	(0.39)		
Diluted Earnings per Equity Share				
- Hefore extraordinary items (not of tax) - (D/E)	0.28	(0.39)		
- After extraordinary items - (A/E)	0.28	(0.39)		





Note-24

Other Notes to Accounts

- 1. Contingent Liability: -
 - 1.1 The company has provided Corporate Guarantee to ICICI Bank amounting to ₹94.75 Crore for the financial assistance availed by German TMT Private Limited.
 - 1.2 The company is contesting consolidated demands of ₹82.24 Crore towards GST department and consolidated demands of ₹42.83 Crore towards Income Tax Department raised by the authorities for the various financial years and it is pending on various forums. Based on legal advice, the company believes that it has a strong case and no provision is required at this stage.
- Information as per Accounting Standard (AS)-18 on Related Party Disclosures is given below:
- 2.1 List of Directors/ KMP and Related parties

Sr.	Relationship	Name
1	Directors / KMP	Inamulhaq Shamshulhaq Iraki Ziyaulhaq Abdulhaq Iraki Ibrarulhaq Inamulhaq Iraki
2	Relative of Directors	Shree Ram Sharma Tarang Darshanbhai Chauhan (CS) Afsha Abdulhaq Iraki Mahelka Inamulhaq Iraki Abdulhaq S Iraki Mizbaulhaq Abdulhaq Iraki Asadulhaq Abdulhaq Iraki Shamsulhaq M. Iraki Taherakhatoon Iraki
3	Entity owned or significantly influenced by Directors and their relatives	AFF Hotels Private Limited German Green Steels & Power Limited Iraki Enterprise Limited Viramgam Rerolling Mills Private Limited German TMT Private Limited Tarun Enterprise Co. Shree Ranisati Ingots Private Limited Sunstar Enterprises Private Limited AFF Hotels LLP

3. Transactions with related parties:

			Amou	nt in ₹lacs
r. No.	Particulars	202	4-25	2023-24
1	Remuneration			
	Key Managerial Personnel			
	Tarang Darshanbhai Chauhan		-	2.64
		Total		2.64





2	Unsecured Loans Taken		
	Directors;-		
	Ibrarulhaq Inamulhaq Iraki	61.99	169.60
	Enterprises owned or significantly influenced by key		
	managerial personnel or their relatives: -		
	German Green Steel and Power Limited	2.06	22,50
	German TMT Private Limited	5.00	
	Total	7.06	22,50
3	Unsecured Loans Repaid		
	Directors:-		
	Ibrarulhaq Inamulhaq Iraki	9	190.00
	Enterprises owned or significantly influenced by key managerial personnel or their relatives: -		
	German Green Steel and Power Limited	2.06	22.50
	German TMT Private Limited	5.00	-
	Total	7.06	22.50
4	Unsecured Loans Given		
	Directors:-		
	Ibrarulhaq Inamulhaq Iraki	20.00	20,40
	Enterprises owned or significantly influenced by key		
	managerial personnel or their relatives: -		
	German Green Steel and Power Limited	- 2	1,100,00
5	Loan Repayment Received		
	Directors:-	10.10	
	Ibrarulhaq Inamulhaq Iraki	40.40	
	Enterprises owned or significantly influenced by key		
	managerial personnel or their relatives: -		
	German Green Steel and Power Limited		1,100.00
6	Rent Income		
	Associate Company: -		
	German TMT Private Limited	63.00	63.00





Closing Balance:

7.2

7.1	E 3	oward	s I	oans.	Tal	ken
		CANADA - 10		SALES CA		

Di	rect	ors:	-	

Inamulhaq Shamsulhaq Iraki

Ibrarulhaq Inamulhaq Iraki

Ibrarulhaq Inamulhaq Iraki	36.48	-
Enterprises owned or significantly influenced by key managerial personnel or their relatives: -		
Virangam Re-rollling Mills Private Limited	203.00	203.00
Towards Loan Given		
Directors: -		

4. Disclosures required by Accounting Standard (AS)-29 "Provisions, Contingent Liabilities and Contingent Assets": Movement in Provisions - Others

Total

Amount in ₹lacs

0.51

20.40

20.91

Particulars	2024-25	2023-24
Opening Balance	1.92	4.92
Add: Provision made during the period	1.00	0.50
Less: Provision written back / reclassified / reduction during the period	1.00	3,50
Closing Balance	1.92	1.92

5. Information in respect of Micro, Small and Medium Enterprises Development Act, 2006

Company had sought confirmation from the vendors whether they fall in the category of Micro / Small / Medium Enterprises. The company received information from some of the vendors. The company has however not provided for interest in terms of Section 16 of Micro, Small and Medium Enterprises Development Act, 2006. The amount of interest payable in the opinion of the company is not quantifiable.

- 6. There were no imports by company in 2024-25 and 2023-24.
- 7. The company does not have any earning in foreign exchange nor did it incur any expenditure in foreign currency during the period under review.
- 8. There were no raw material and components consumed during the current year and previous year.





9. Payments to Auditors

Amount in ₹lacs

	Particulars	2024-25	2023-24
a)	As Statutory Auditors	1.00	1.00
b)	For Other Services		
c)	For Reimbursement of Expenses		
	Total	1.00	1.00

- 10. There are various tax related litigations going on with government departments. The Company believes the outcome shall be in company's favour. Even if it is against company, the impact on profit shall be immaterial. Therefore, no provision for the litigations is deemed necessary.
- The provisions relating to number of layers prescribed under clause (87) of Section 2 of the Companies Act. 2013 read with Companies (Restriction on number of layers) Rules, 2017 are not applicable to the company.
- The company does not have any scheme of Arrangements approved by the competent Authority in terms of Section 230 to 237 of Companies Act, 2013.
- 13. The Company does not hold any Benami Properties. No proceedings have been initiated or are pending against the company for holding any benami property under the Benami Transactions (Prohibitions) Act, 1988 and the rules made thereunder.
- 14. There are no transactions that have not been recorded in the books of accounts and have been surrendered or disclosed as income during the year in the tax assessments under the Income Tax Act, 1961.
- Previous year figures have been regrouped / reclassified wherever necessary to conform to current year's classification.

In terms of our report of even date

For S A M A S & ASSOCIATES

For and on behalf of the Board

HAQ STEELS PRIVATE LIMITED

Regn. No. 130544W

Chartered Accountants

home

Mayor Mehta

Partner

M. No. 404202

Ibrarulhag Iraki

Il-race Irah

Director

DIN: 07121237

Zivaulhaq Iraki

Director

DIN: 07121250

5th September 2025

Ahmedabad

5th September 2025

Ahmedabad





3A. SIGNIFICANT TERMS AND CONDITIONS ATTACHED TO BORROWINGS

Facility	Purpose	Tenure	Balance Temme	Security	Rate of Interest
Vehicle Loan	Purchase of Vehicle	60 Months	18 Months	Specific Vehicles	8,72%
	0.00			Amounts in 8 la	N.Y.
Ou	tstanding for fe	sllowing periods	from due date o		
		+2.			
.10	0.	+	- 188.0	1 189	61
		31			*
	0), (x)	0 188.9	1 189	.01
Og	estanding for fc	flowing periods	from due date o	f Payment	
					0
			+		**
		- 413	13 153.2	1 194	61
			*		
		*			*
.04	N 5	60 41.3	3 153.2	8 194	61
					Amounts in Elacs
	estanding for fo	Sowing periods	from due date o	f Puyment	700000000000000000000000000000000000000
					Total .
Months	Year				
.67.5			+ 8	214	63 282 14
					7 17
					2 2
67.3				214	63 282.14
=		-			ar Lay
Chi	titanding for fo	flowing periods	from due date o		Amounts in 8 lacs
Less than 6					Total
Months	Venr	W. 1996	Control of	1000	
7.62		246.5	99 -		246.99
	Vehicle Loan Ou Less than 1 year Ou Less than 6 Months 67.5	Constanding for for Less than 1 year 1 - 2 Year 10 - 10 - 10 - 10 - 10 - 10 - 10 - 10	Outstanding for following periods Less than 1 year 1 - 2 Years 2 - 3 Year 10	Vehicle Loan	Vehicle Loan Purchase of 60 Months 18 Months Specific Vehicles



TOTAL.



Name of Struck off Company	Nature of transactions with Struck-off Company	Balance Outstanding	Relationship with the Struck off company, if any to be
NA	Investment in		NA
	Securities		
NA	Receivables	- 1	NA:
NA	Payables.	1.	NA.
NA	Shares held by Struck off Company		NA
N/A	Other outstanding balances (to be specified)		NA

26. PROPERTY NOT HELD	IN THE NAME O	DF COMPANY		and the same of the same of the same of		nounts in Clacs
Relevant Line stem in the Buluncesheet	Description of near of Property	Gross Carrying Value	Title deeds held in the name of	Whether title deed holder is a promoter, director or relative* of Promoter**/di- rector or employee of promotor / director	Property held since which date	Reason for not being held in the name of the company?

There is no property in company's books which is not held in company's name.





Eater	Promotered	Descriptor	Numerater	Donnesse	Corest Period	Previous Presid	Variance	Rossers for Vacunce
Carrett Katio	Total Current Assets	Total Current Lubrilinas	463.50	201.8				The increase in the current ratio as primarily due to higher proposal experses, increased cash and such equivalents, a rise in scale recursolders, and the requirement of discretization howeverings, which colliners style proposed the company's boundary position.
Talle - Experty Ballio	Harrison	Feetly	248.00	A211.2	0.00	0.09	-12%	The ratio has distributed due to rephysion of house which in Generalisis
Den Sarria Carenge Rain	NPAT = Non-pauli gap - bet + Olice non- pauli sulputinents	Intri Principal Representa	327 Au	19.3	3.87	6.64	834%	It is premarily due to the terroround from a set how in the previous year to a positive not profit to the correct year. This improvement is legally attributable to recorne recognised from the indemption of an insurance policy and discrease in impresses, which positively impacted for company's soult flows and event! debt in reviews capacity.
School on Leasty East	Profit for year	Ave Easte	42.99	3195.70	1.35%	+1.89%	-07196	The improvement in the Return on Statiny natio is printingly due to a shift from a set less to a not profit in the correct period, supported by a radiaction to expense, which contributed to the overall inhancement in profitability.
Interest Sensor Rate	Control Goods Sold	Ang Resonary	12 65			-	-	
Trade Reservables Common Estin	Revenue Ross S'Sperjalana	Ang Trade Reconsistes		264.5			-	
Trade Papatitos Tumover Ratus	Cest of purchases	Ang Trade Provides	- 1	191.8			- 2	
Not Working Capital Farmers Ratio	Revenue from Operations	Arg WC		140.20				
Test Pindle Rates	Profit for year	Receive from Operations	42,91					
Sense on Capital Confident	PUIT	Capital Engloyed	45.35		1.31%	-2,63%	-lams	The Return on Capital Employed has improved from a negative to a positive position i.e. increase in other income solubly has premised to enhanced positivisies.
Better on brossess	Joseph from	Average beyomests	-	2000.00	1		1	

