

Function Operations

- 1. Given that $f(x) = 3x^2 + 8$, what is f(4)?
 - **A.** 16
 - **B.** 24
 - **C.** 48
 - **D.** 56
 - E. 152
- 2. A function, f(x), is defined as $f(x) = -\frac{x^2}{4}$, what is f(-8) f(4)?
 - **A.** -60
 - **B.** −12
 - **C.** 2
 - **D.** 4
 - **E.** 20
- 3. f(x) = 5x + 3g(x) = 12x 6

The functions f and g are defined above. Which of the following is equivalent to f(3) + g(3)?

- **A.** 12
- **B.** 41
- **C.** 48
- **D.** 54
- E. 57

4.
$$f(x) = 3x^2 + 2x$$
$$g(x) = x^2 - 4$$

The functions f and g are defined above. Which of the following is equivalent to f(3) - g(3)?

- **A.** 20
- **B.** 28
- **C.** 32
- **D.** 33
- **E.** 38

$$f(x) = x + 5$$
$$g(x) = x - 9$$

The functions f and g are defined above. Which of the following is equivalent to $f(-3) \cdot g(-3)$?

- **A.** −48
- **B.** −24
- **C.** 24
- **D.** 32
- **E.** 48
- **6.** The table of values for the two functions f and g are shown below. What is the value of f(g(10))?

х	f(x)
-5	10
-3	12
0	4
8	7

x	g(x)
-3	4
0	10
10	0
12	7

- **A.** 0
- **B.** 4
- **C.** 7
- **D.** 10
- **E.** 12

$$g(x) = kx^2 - 10x$$

For the function g above, k is a constant and g(2) = 4. What is the value of g(-2)?

- **A.** −6
- **B.** −4
- **C.** 6
- **D.** 36
- E. 44

$$g(x) = 3^x - 3$$

The function g is defined by the equation above. Which of the following points in the xy-plane is a y-intercept of the graph of the equation y = g(x)?

A.
$$-3, g(-3)$$

B.
$$-2, g(-2)$$

C.
$$-1, g(-1)$$

D.
$$0, g(0)$$

E.
$$1, g(1)$$

9. Given that f(x) = 8x + 8 and $g(x) = \frac{x^2}{4}$, what is the value of f(g(4))?

10. Given that
$$f(x) = 8x + 8$$
 and $g(x) = \frac{x^2}{4}$, what is the value of $g(f(4))$?

11. If two functions are defined as
$$f(x) = 5x + 7$$
 and $g(x) = x^2 + 4$, which of the following expressions is equivalent to $f(g(x))$?

A.
$$x^2 + 20$$

B.
$$5x^2 + 20$$

C.
$$5x^2 + 27$$

D.
$$12x^2 + 27$$

E.
$$12x^2 + 48$$



- 12. If two functions are defined as f(x) = 5x + 7 and $g(x) = x^2 + 4$, which of the following expressions is equivalent to g(f(x))?
 - **A.** $5x^2 + 27$
 - **B.** $5x^2 + 53$
 - C. $25x^2 + 53$
 - **D.** $25x^2 + 70x + 49$
 - **E.** $25x^2 + 70x + 53$
- 13. Two functions are defined as $f(x) = x^2 + 7$ and $g(x) = x^2 + 5x 7$, which of the following expressions represents of g(f(3))?
 - **A.** 249
 - **B.** 256
 - **C.** 329
 - **D.** 336
 - E. 343
- **14.** The table of values for the two functions f and g are shown below. What is the value of g(f(-3))?

x	f(x)
-5	10
-3	12
0	4
8	7

x	g(x)
-3	4
0	10
10	0
12	7

- **A.** 0
- **B.** 4
- **C.** 7
- **D.** 10
- **E.** 12



- **15.** Given the functions $f(x) = x^2 + 1$ and $g(x) = \frac{4}{x-4}$, what is g(f(x))?
 - A. $\frac{4}{x^2-3}$
 - **B.** $\frac{4}{x^2-4}$
 - C. $\frac{4}{x^2-5}$
 - **D.** $\frac{4}{x^2 8x + 15}$
 - **E.** $\frac{4}{x^2 8x + 16}$
- **16.** Given that $h(x) = \frac{x-2}{x^2}$, which of the following expressions is equal to h(x+2) for all x in its domain?
 - A. $\frac{x}{x^2+4}$
 - **B.** $\frac{x}{x^2 + 4x + 4}$
 - C. $\frac{x+2}{x^2+4}$
 - **D.** $\frac{x+2}{x^2+4x+4}$
 - **E.** $\frac{1}{x-2}$
- 17. Let $(f \circ g) = \sqrt{x 6} + 2$ and g(x) = x 6. Which of the following expressions defines $(g \circ f)(x)$?
 - **A.** $\sqrt{x} 6$
 - **B.** $\sqrt{x}-4$
 - **C.** $\sqrt{x} + 2$
 - **D.** $\sqrt{x+2} 6$
 - **E.** $\sqrt{x-6}-6$
- **18.** The function g is defined by $g(q) = (q-3)(q+4)^2$. If g(k-2) = 0, what is one possible value of k?
 - A. -4
 - **B.** −3
 - C. -2
 - **D.** 2
 - **E.** 3