



August 27, 2025, Meeting – Day 1

WiFi Password: **LBV2025**

presented to
Florida Impaired Driving Coalition

presented by
Chris Craig, FDOT
Lakeisha White, FDOT
Danny Shopf, Cambridge Systematics

August 27, 2025





Welcome, Introductions, and Agenda

Kyle Clark, Chair

Agenda



Day 1 – August 27, 2025

1:00 – 1:15 PM	Welcome, Introductions, and Agenda	Kyle Clark, Chair
1:15 – 1:45 PM	DUI Visualization Presentation	Danny Shopf, Cambridge Systematics
1:45 – 3:15 PM	<p>FIDC Strategic Action Plan Subcommittee Breakout Session</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• 1B.3 – Impaired Driving Countermeasures System Visualization• 2C.5 – Underage Impaired Driving Pilot Program• 3B.4 – Create new digital and print materials related to outstanding gaps in impaired driving education and outreach	Action Step Leaders
3:15 – 3:45 PM	Break	
3:45 – 4:15 PM	Impaired Motorcycle Initiatives	Dr. Chanyoung Lee, CUTR
4:15 – 4:45 PM	<p>Action Plan Report Out</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Goal 2 – Prevention• Goal 5 – Alcohol and Other Drug Misuse• Goal 6 – Criminal Justice System	Danny Shopf, Cambridge Systematics
4:45 – 5:00 PM	Public Comment Period	Chris Craig, FDOT
5:00 – 5:15 PM	Day 1 Recap	Danny Shopf, Cambridge Systematics





Agenda



Day 2 – August 28, 2025

9:00 – 9:15 AM	Recap of Day 1	Kyle Clark, Vice Chair
9:15 – 9:45 AM	Implied Consent Cards Update	Chris Craig, FDOT
9:45 – 10:15 AM	DUI Tip Cards Update	Dr. Chanyoung Lee, CUTR
10:15 – 10:45 AM	Legislative Updates	Chris Craig, FDOT
10:45 – 11:00 AM	Break	
11:00 – 11:30 AM	THC Infused Drinks	Group Discussion
11:30 – 12:00 PM	Action Plan Report Out <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Goal 1 – Program Management and Strategic Planning• Goal 3 – Communication Program• Goal 4 – Program Evaluation and Data	Danny Shopf, Cambridge Systematics
12:00 – 12:15 PM	Public Comment Period	Chris Craig, FDOT
12:15 – 12:30 PM	Wrap Up and Next Steps	Danny Shopf, Cambridge Systematics



DUI Visualization Presentation

Danny Shopf, Cambridge Systematics



FIDC Strategic Plan Subcommittee Breakout Session

Group Discussion

FIDC Strategic Action Plan

Subcommittee Breakout



- » **60-minute discussion** focused on key IDSP Actions
- » Members will **divide into three groups**
 - Participants are encouraged to float between groups if multiple topics are of interest to them
- » Alan, Lakeisha, and Danny will lead **follow-up virtual meetings** before the next FIDC Meeting
- » If there is time remaining, coordinate with other members on actions not identified for discussion at this meeting

FIDC Strategic Action Plan

Subcommittee Breakout Session



1B.3

Danny

- Impaired Driving Countermeasures System Visualization

2C.5

Lakeisha

- Evaluate opportunities to develop underage impaired driving pilot program (perhaps in conjunction with existing programs, like Drive with Care) in an area(s) with high rate of underage impaired driving

3B.4

Alan

- Create new digital and print materials related to outstanding gaps in impaired driving education and outreach



Break

A long-exposure photograph of a highway at sunset. The road curves from the center of the frame towards the horizon, with streaks of light from passing vehicles creating a blurred, colorful effect. The sky is a warm, golden-yellow, transitioning to a darker blue at the top.



Impaired Motorcycle Initiatives

Chanyoung Lee, Center for Urban Transportation
Research (CUTR)

Impaired Motorcyclists Initiatives

Chanyoung Lee, Ph.D., Program Director

Young-Keun Yang, M.S., Statistical Data Analyst



Traffic Fatalities in Impaired Driving Crashes

Year	Total Fatalities	Traffic Fatalities in Impaired Driving Crashes	% of Impaired Driving Traffic Fatalities
2014	2498	852	34.1%
2015	2939	937	31.9%
2016	3171	1024	32.3%
2017	3114	988	31.7%
2018	3139	976	31.1%
2019	3192	1036	32.5%
2020	3346	1148	34.3%
2021	3752	1250	33.3%
2022	3560	1079	30.3%
2023	3383	947	28.0%

Impaired Drivers/Riders in Traffic Crashes (2021-2024)

Vehicle Type	Fatal	Incapacitating	Non-Incapacitating
(Sport) Utility Vehicle	15.7%	20.6%	24.0%
All Terrain Vehicle (ATV)	1.3%	1.0%	0.4%
Bus	0.0%	0.0%	0.1%
Cargo Van (10,000 lbs (4,536 kg) or less)	0.3%	0.4%	0.6%
Low Speed Vehicle	0.2%	0.8%	0.4%
Medium/Heavy Trucks (more than 10,000 lbs)	1.1%	0.6%	0.7%
Moped	0.8%	1.4%	0.7%
Motorcycle	26.8%	10.4%	3.6%
Other	0.6%	0.7%	0.6%
Other Light Trucks (10,000 lbs or less)	0.3%	0.4%	0.4%
Passenger Car	37.9%	47.1%	50.7%
Passenger Van	1.6%	2.5%	2.4%
Pickup	13.4%	14.1%	15.3%
Unknown	0.0%	0.1%	0.1%
Grand Total	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%

Motorcycles

Less than 1%
of Traffic

About 18% of
Traffic Fatalities

27% of Impaired
Driving Fatalities
(Driver only)

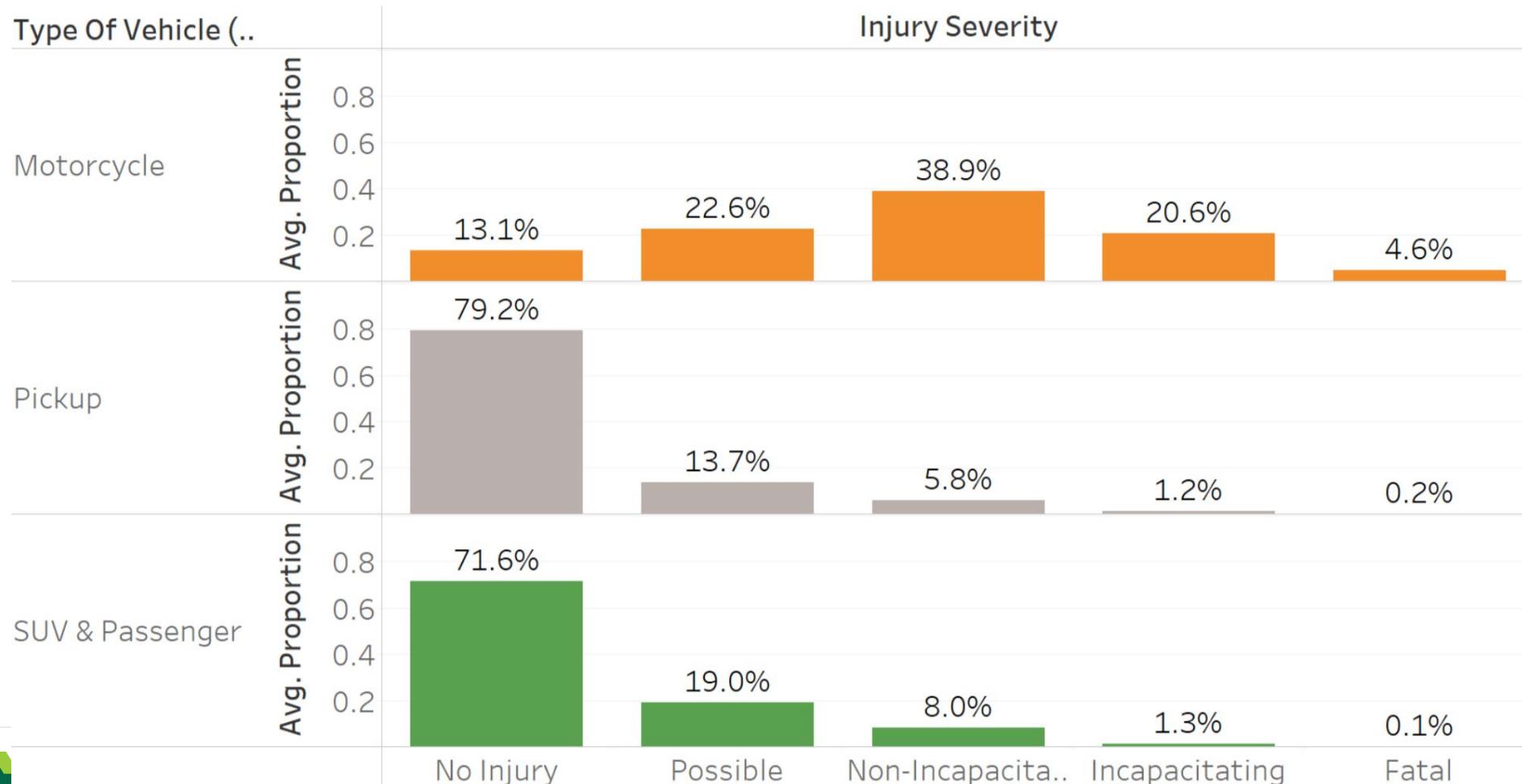


Impaired Riding

- Well-documented risk factor in motorcycle safety. Numerous studies have demonstrated that alcohol or drug consumption significantly increases the likelihood of being involved in traffic crashes resulting in fatal or serious injuries.
- Impairment compromises essential riding skills by slowing reaction time, reducing hazard perception, distorting judgment, and impairing balance and coordination—factors that are already more demanding for motorcyclists compared to drivers of other motor vehicles.

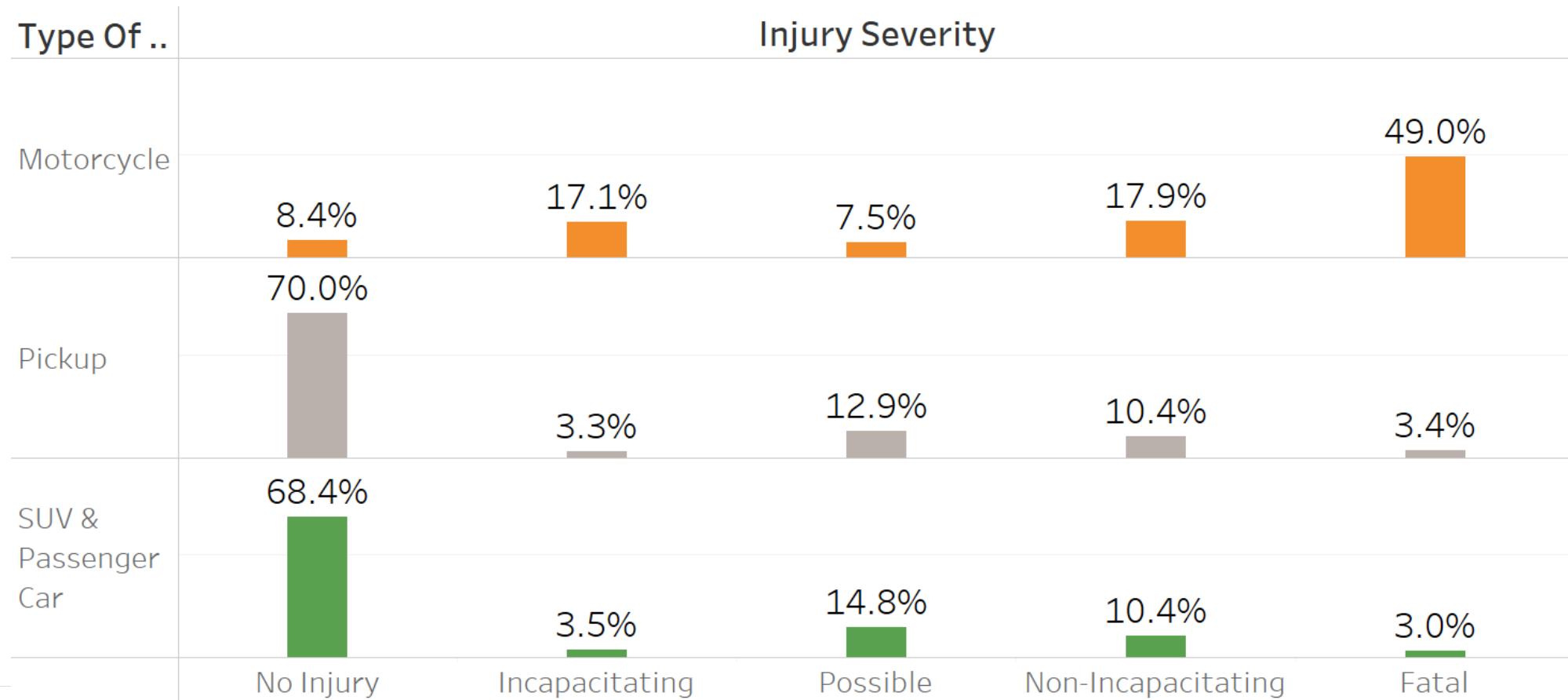
Non-Impaired Crashes

- Motorcycle
- Pickup
- SUV & Passenger Car



Impaired Driving/Riding

- Motorcycle
- Pickup
- SUV & Passenger Car



In the past 12 months, which of the following actions have you done while riding a motorcycle? (Select all)

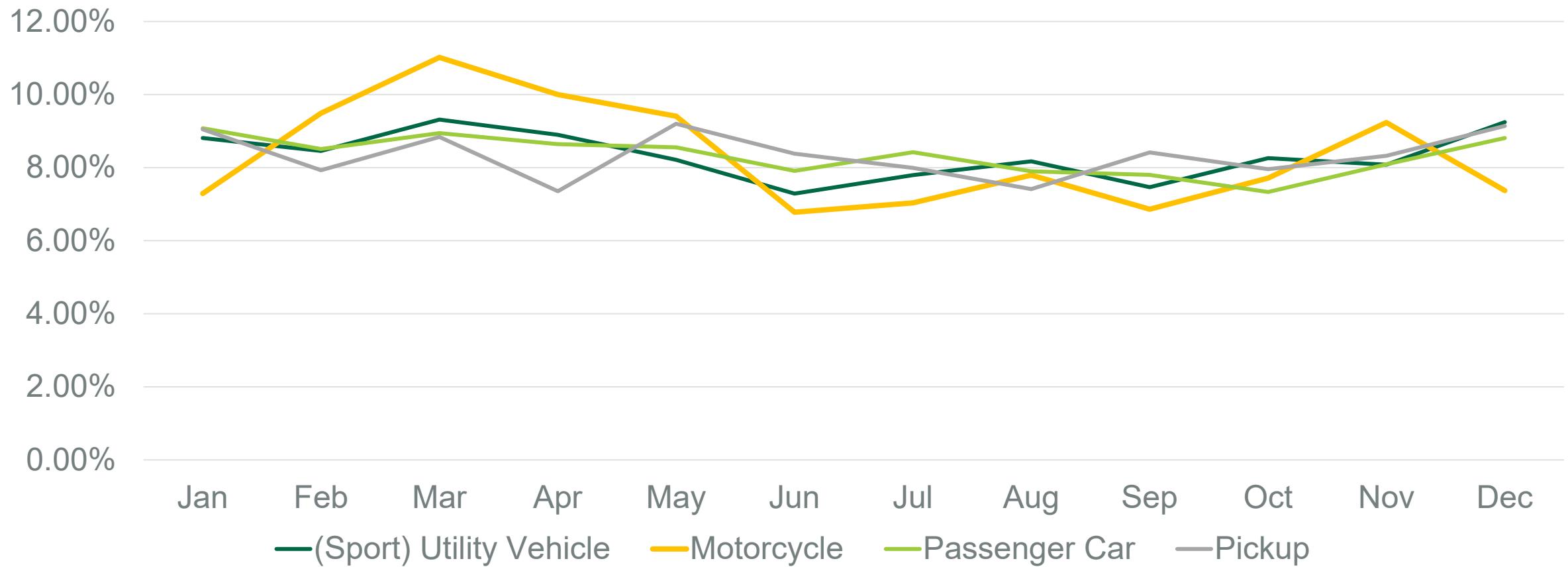
- 2024 Florida Motorcyclists Survey

	Age Group				
	Under Age 30 (N=165)	Ages 30- 49 (N=327)	Ages 50- 64 (N=327)	Age 65 or Older (N=386)	Total (N=1205)
Rode after having a few alcoholic drinks	7.3%	8.9%	7.0%	8.8%	8.1%
Rode after taking a legally prescribed drug that could impair my riding abilities	3.0%	1.2%	0.9%	1.3%	1.4%
Rode after taking illicit drugs	1.8%	1.2%	0.3%	-	0.7%

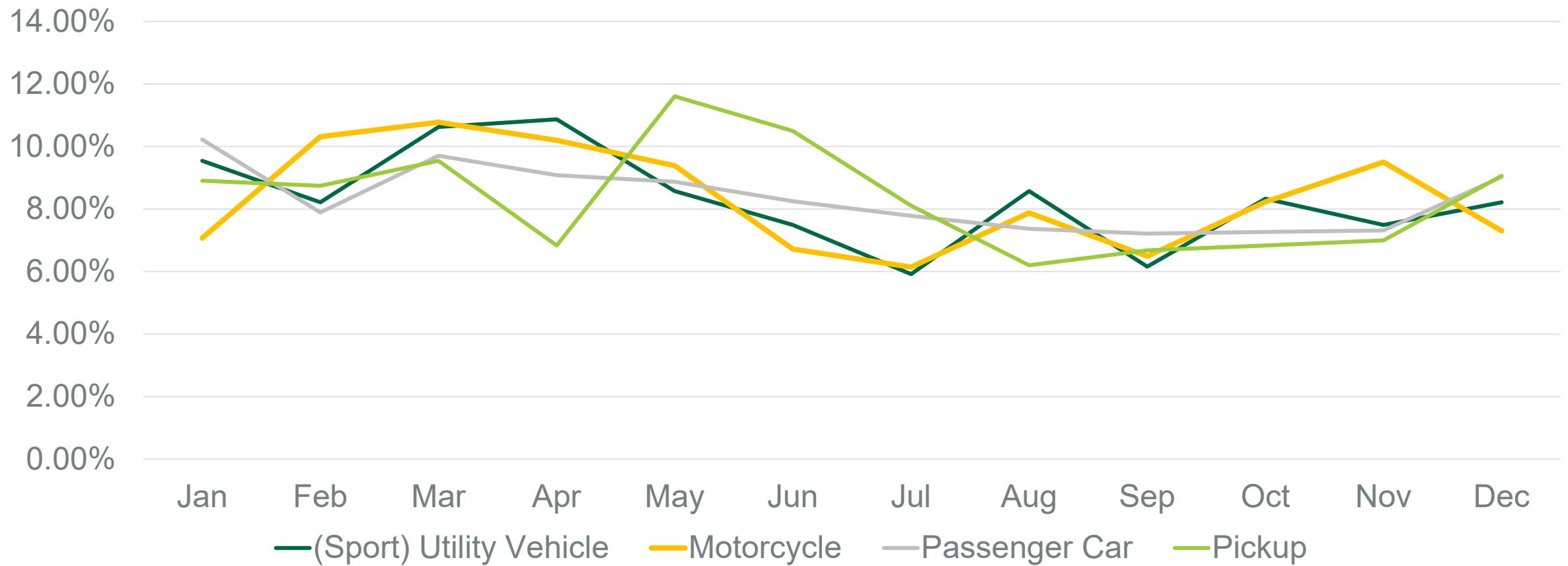
In the past 12 months, which of the following actions have you observed other motorcyclists doing in your area? (Select all) - 2024 Florida Motorcyclists Survey

	Age Group				
	Under Age 30 (N=166)	Ages 30- 49 (N=327)	Ages 50- 64 (N=328)	Age 65 or Older (N=391)	Total (N=1212)
Rode after having a few alcoholic drinks	33.7%	37.9%	38.4%	40.7%	38.4%
Rode after taking illicit drugs	18.1%	10.1%	6.4%	6.6%	9.1%

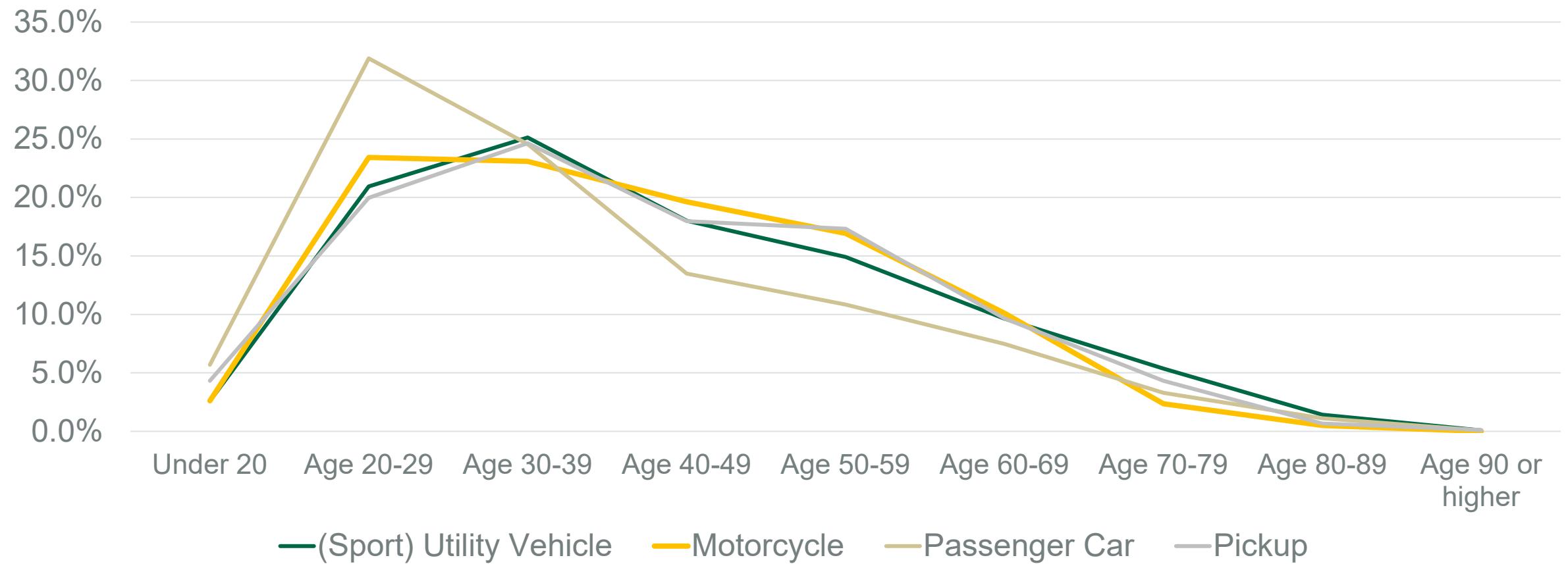
DUI Crashes by Month by Vehicle Type (2022-2024)



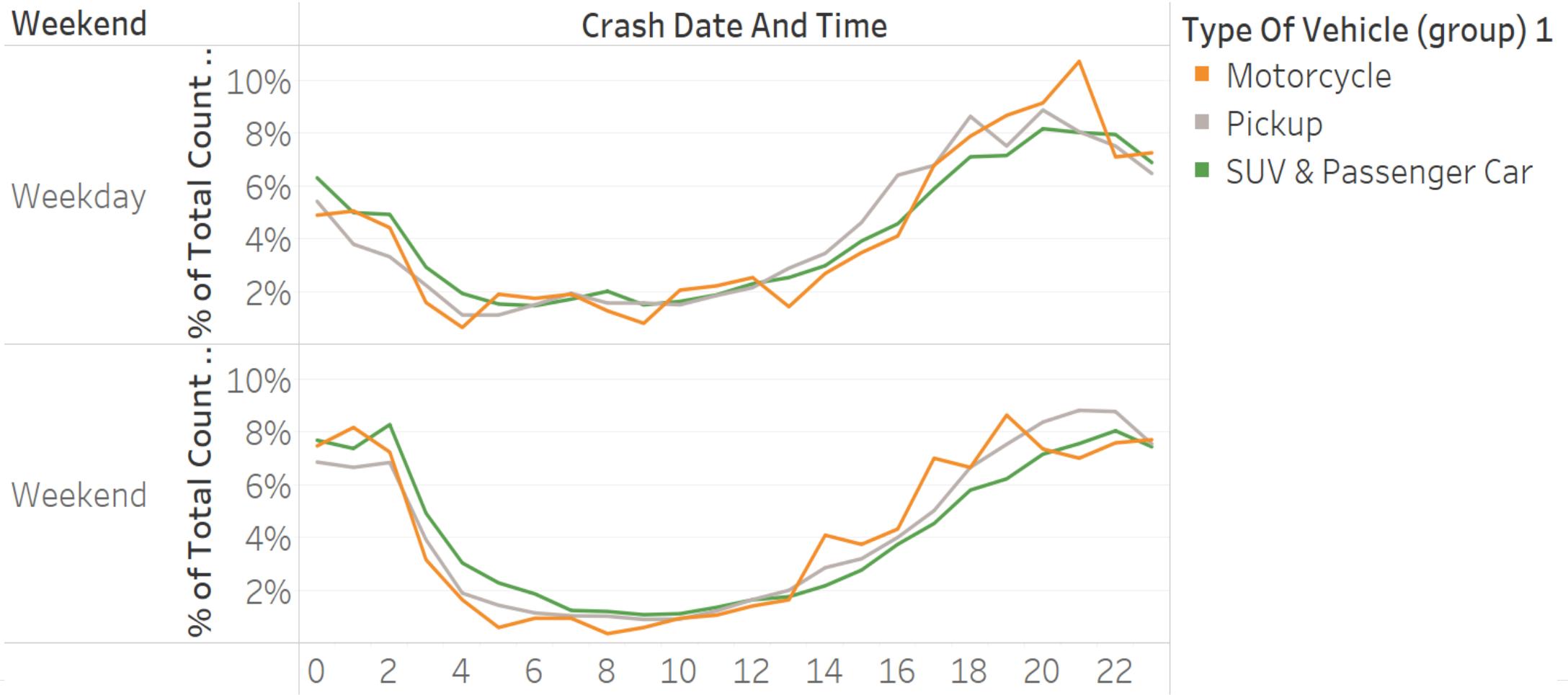
DUI Fatalities and Serious Injuries by Vehicle Type (2022-2024)



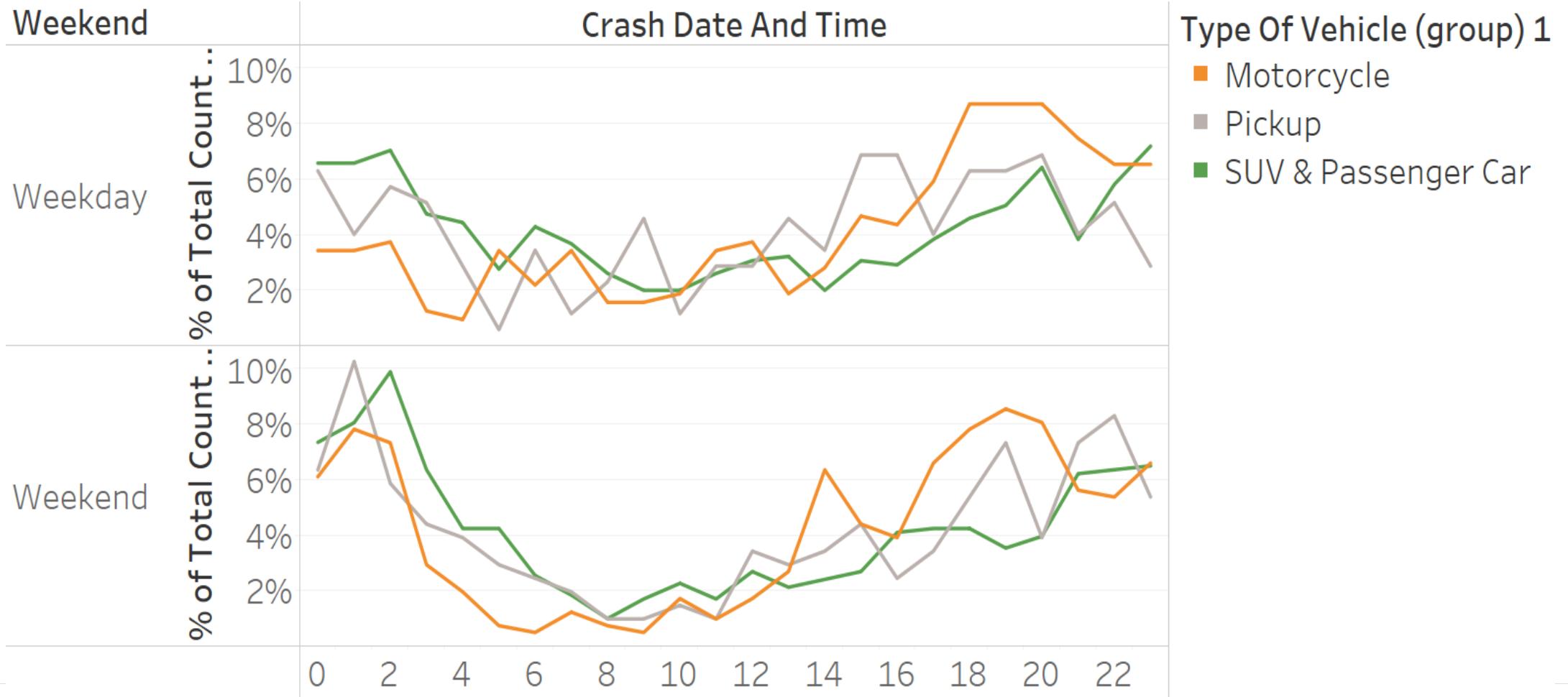
DUI Fatalities by Age Group (2021-2024)



DUI Crashes by Time of Day



DUI Fatalities by Time of Day



Volusia County vs. Hillsborough County

Volusia County

Month	SUV	Motorcycle	Passenger Car	Pickup
Jan	15.2%	0.0%	11.1%	8.3%
Feb	6.5%	5.0%	8.3%	16.7%
Mar	6.5%	27.5%	11.1%	13.9%
Apr	8.7%	12.5%	7.4%	11.1%
May	4.3%	7.5%	6.5%	13.9%
Jun	8.7%	15.0%	10.2%	0.0%
Jul	6.5%	0.0%	8.3%	2.8%
Aug	10.9%	10.0%	5.6%	8.3%
Sep	8.7%	2.5%	6.5%	5.6%
Oct	4.3%	2.5%	12.0%	8.3%
Nov	17.4%	10.0%	6.5%	8.3%
Dec	2.2%	7.5%	6.5%	2.8%
Grand Total	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%

Hillsborough County

Month	SUV	Motorcycle	Passenger Car	Pickup
Jan	10.6%	8.3%	10.0%	4.9%
Feb	11.5%	9.7%	7.6%	9.8%
Mar	8.0%	9.7%	7.6%	9.8%
Apr	8.0%	6.9%	7.0%	12.2%
May	3.5%	13.9%	9.4%	9.8%
Jun	8.0%	9.7%	9.4%	7.3%
Jul	8.8%	5.6%	10.0%	8.5%
Aug	7.1%	12.5%	7.0%	6.1%
Sep	9.7%	6.9%	7.0%	3.7%
Oct	9.7%	6.9%	7.6%	7.3%
Nov	8.0%	2.8%	8.8%	13.4%
Dec	7.1%	6.9%	8.5%	7.3%
Grand Total	100.00%	100.00%	100.00%	100.00%

Impaired Riding

- Large motorcycle rallies and bike nights are often highly social events that center around riding, drinking, and group identity(peer pressure).
- The traditional "designated driver" model is not applicable to motorcycling.
- Motorcyclists refuse to leave their bike overnight due to fears of theft, vandalism, or the symbolic tie between rider identity and machine.

- <https://youtu.be/4s0ZHNwyj7A?si=jWKNtzw0QOhizLvA>

of DUI Citations Without Crashes

- 2024 DUI citations without crashes by one agency
 - The agency issued about 60,000 traffic citations without crashes
 - The agency issued 230 non-crash traffic citations to motorcyclists
- The agency issued 117 DUI citations without crashes.
- __?__ of those were motorcyclists.

Questions?



Action Plan Report Out

Goal 1 – Program Management and Strategic Planning

Goal 2 – Prevention

Goal 4 – Program Evaluation and Data

Danny Shopf, Cambridge Systematics



Public Comment Period

Chris Craig, FDOT



Day 1 Recap

Danny Shopf, Cambridge Systematics



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Recap of Day 1

Kyle Clark, Chair



Implied Consent Cards Update

Chris Craig, FDOT

Implied Consent Cards Update

- » Provide standardized English/Spanish implied consent warnings
- » Cover **Breath, Blood, and Urine** testing
- » Ensure consistency across Florida law enforcement agencies
- » Outlines refusal consequences (license suspension, criminal charges, CDL penalties)
- » Updated language for legal accuracy and bilingual accessibility



STATE OF FLORIDA
IMPLIED CONSENT WARNINGS
NOT APPLICABLE WITH VOLUNTARY CONSENT

BREATH TESTING

I am now requesting that you submit to a lawful test of your BREATH for the purpose of determining its alcohol content.

Will you take the test?

NOTE: READ ONLY IF THE ANSWER TO THE ABOVE IS "NO"

If you refuse to take the test I have requested of you, your driving privilege will be suspended for a period of one (1) year for a FIRST REFUSAL. Additionally, if you refuse to take the test I have requested of you, you will be committing a misdemeanor of the SECOND DEGREE, in addition to any other penalties which can be imposed by law. Furthermore, if you refuse to take the test I have requested of you, and if your driving privilege has been PREVIOUSLY SUSPENDED, or if you have been PREVIOUSLY FINED under s. 327.35215, for a refusal to submit to a lawful test of your breath, urine, or blood, your driving privilege will be suspended for a period of eighteen (18) months. Additionally, you will be committing a misdemeanor of the FIRST DEGREE, in addition to any other penalties which can be imposed by law. Refusal to submit to the test I have requested is admissible into evidence in any criminal proceeding.

Do you still refuse to submit to this test?

NOTE: IF THE SUBJECT POSSESSES A COMMERCIAL DRIVER'S LICENSE (CDL), READ THE FOLLOWING, REGARDLESS OF WHETHER THE SUBJECT IS OPERATING A COMMERCIAL MOTOR VEHICLE (CMV)

In addition, if you hold a Commercial Driver's License (CDL), or were driving a Commercial Motor Vehicle (CMV), your refusal to submit to testing will result in the loss of your commercial driving privileges for one year from today. If this is your second refusal, you will be permanently disqualified from operating a Commercial Motor Vehicle (CMV).

Do you still refuse to submit to this test?

Funded by FDOT Revised: 08/21/2025

ESTADO DE LA FLORIDA
ADVERTENCIAS DE CONSENTIMIENTO IMPLICADOS
NO APlica A CONSENTIMIENTO VOLUNTARIO

ANÁLISIS DE ALIENTO

En este momento se le está solicitando que usted se someta a un análisis legal de ALIENTO con el propósito de determinar contenido de alcohol.

¿Se someterá a este análisis?

NOTA: CONTINUE LEYENDO SOLAMENTE SI SU RESPUESTA A LA PREGUNTA ANTERIOR ES "NO"

Si usted rehúsa someterse al examen que le ha pedido, su privilegio de conducir será suspendido por un período de un (1) año por una PRIMERA NEGATIVA. Además, si usted rehúsa someterse al examen que le ha pedido, estará cometiendo un delito menor en SEGUNDO GRADO; adicionalmente a cualquier otra sanción que la ley pueda imponer. Asimismo, si usted rehúsa someterse al examen que le ha pedido, y si su privilegio de conducir ha sido SUSPENDIDO PREVIAMENTE, o si usted ha sido MULTADO PREVIAMENTE conforme a la s. 327.35215, por haberse rehusado a someterse a un examen lícito de aliento, orina, o sangre, su privilegio de conducir será suspendido por un período de dieciocho (18) meses. Asimismo, estará cometiendo un delito menor en PRIMER GRADO, adicionalmente a cualquier otra sanción que la ley pueda imponer. Si usted rehúsa someterse al examen que le ha pedido, esto sería admissible como elemento prueba en cualquier proceso penal.

¿Todavía se rehúsa a someterse a tal análisis?

NOTA: SI EL SUJETO TIENE UNA LICENCIA DE CONDUCIR COMERCIAL (CDL), LEA LO SIGUIENTE, INDEPENDIENTEMENTE SI ESTÁ CONDUCIENDO UN VEHICULO COMERCIAL MOTORIZADO (CMV)

Adicionalmente, si posee una licencia de Conducir Comercial (CDL), o previamente condujo un Vehículo Comercial Motorizado (CMV), el rehusarse a someterse a tal análisis resultará en la revocación de sus privilegios comerciales de conducir por un año a partir de hoy en día. Si es su segundo rehusó, será permanentemente descalificado de operar o conducir un Vehículo Comercial Motorizado (CMV).

¿Todavía se rehúsa a someterse a tal análisis?

Funded by FDOT Revised: 08/21/2025

Refusal Consequences (If "No")



Driver Type	Test Type	First Refusal	Second Refusal
General Driver	Breath/Urine	1-year suspension for first refusal Misdemeanor (2nd degree)	18-month suspension if previously suspended/fined under s.327.25315 Misdemeanor (1st degree)
	Blood	1-year suspension for first refusal	18-month suspension if previously suspended/fined under s.327.25315 Refusal is admissible in court
Commercial Driver License (CDL)	Breath/Urine/Blood	1-year disqualification	Permanent disqualification



DUI Tip Cards Update

Dr. Chanyoung Lee, CUTR

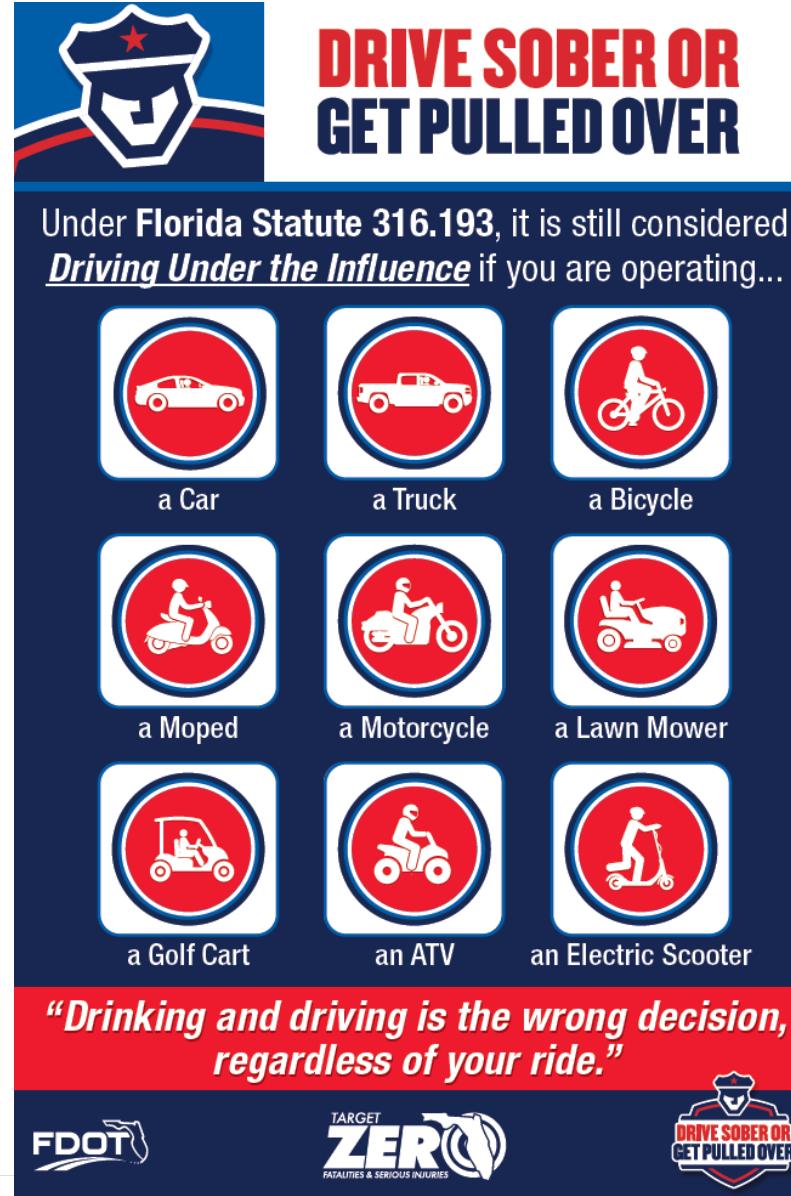
DUI Tip Cards Update

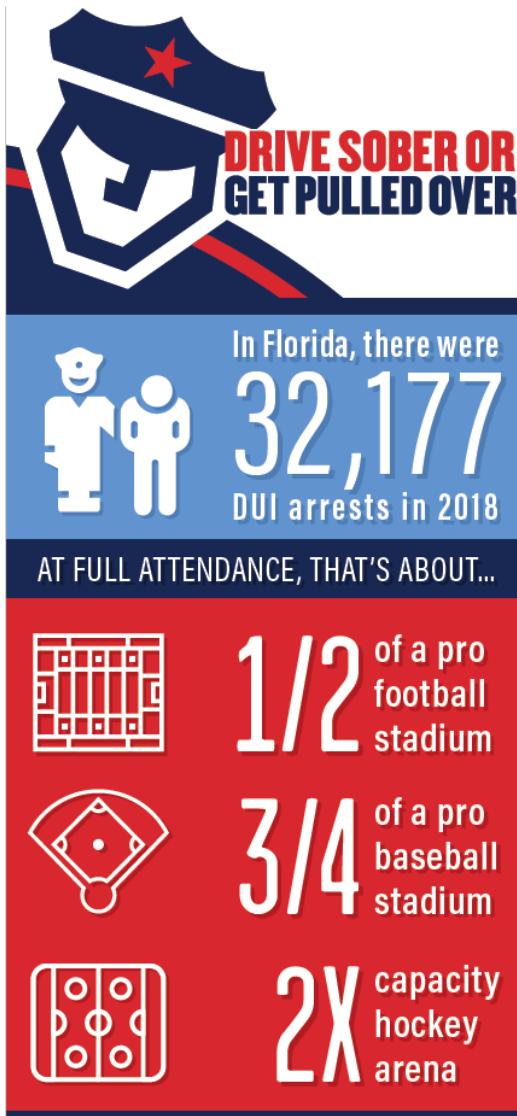
August 2025

Chanyoung Lee, Ph.D.
Program Director











A detailed information graphic for the "Drive Sober or Get Pulled Over" campaign. At the top, the campaign logo is shown with two police officer heads on either side of the text "DRIVE SOBER OR GET PULLED OVER". Below this, a blue bar contains the text "FLORIDA STATUTE 316.193 DRIVING UNDER THE INFLUENCE (DUI)". The text explains that DUI is a offense proved by impairment of normal faculties or an unlawful blood alcohol or breath alcohol level of .08 or above. It states that the penalties upon conviction are the same, regardless of the manner in which the offense is proven. Below this, there are three categories: "Alcoholic Beverages" (illustrated with a beer can), "Chemical Substances" (illustrated with various pills and containers), and "Controlled Substances" (illustrated with a marijuana leaf). At the bottom, a red bar contains the text "IF YOU ARE UNDER THE INFLUENCE, DON'T GET BEHIND THE WHEEL.". Below this, there are three logos: the FDOT logo, the Target Zero logo (with the text "TARGET ZERO FATALITIES & SERIOUS INJURIES"), and the "Drive Sober or Get Pulled Over" logo.

TEEN DRINKING & MARIJUANA USE

More teens get injured or die from alcohol-related incidents than from all other illegal drugs combined. In fact, 2/3 of underage drinking deaths do not involve a car crash.

TEENS THINK EVERYONE IS DOING IT

FACT: Research shows 2 out of 3 teens DON'T drink.

HOW ALCOHOL IMPACTS THE BODY

FACT: No one who has been drinking can accurately tell how drunk he or she is. Alcohol is a depressant, which impairs judgment, coordination and reaction time.

FACT: Your brain is still developing until about age 25, and alcohol kills necessary brain cells, impairing your ability to make good decisions.

LIFE CHANGING CONSEQUENCES

FACT: Teens who start drinking at age 15 or 16 are more likely to become alcohol dependent than adults who started drinking after age 21.

FACT: Binge drinking can lead to alcohol poisoning where someone passes out and never wakes up, or chokes on vomit.

MARIJUANA - THE BLUNT TRUTH

FACT: Whether you smoke, vape, or swallow edibles, getting behind the wheel when you're high on marijuana poses a risk to everyone on the road. In fact, next to alcohol, marijuana is the drug most commonly found in drivers who have been in a car crash.

FACT: Marijuana is not always what it seems. It can be laced with substances without your knowledge. Sometimes the contain crack cocaine.

Sources:

<https://www.madd.org/the-problem/#teendrinking>
<https://www.madd.org/the-solution/teen-drinking-prevention/>

TIPS TO KEEP YOU SAFE!



Have a plan in place, such as a code word or fake text ready to send to your parents or trusted adult if you get into an uncomfortable situation.



Have a rideshare app on your phone or the number of a taxi handy in case you can't reach a friend or trusted adult.



Know that your parents or a trusted adult would rather pick you up than have you get hurt - or worse.



Use a cunning ruse... If you're at a party and feeling pushed to drink, pour something non-alcoholic into your cup. You're less likely to be pressured if you've already got a drink in your hand.



Make a pact. There is power in numbers. Make a pledge not to ingest marijuana, not to drink alcohol before at least age 21, never ride with an impaired driver, or take other drugs.



Blame your parents! Feeling pressured to drink or smoke from a friend? Explain that your mom or dad is waiting up for you to get home and you're not willing to be grounded -- or worse!



If necessary, the safest thing, and one of the hardest things you'll ever do, is to call 911 to report a friend is driving drunk. It could save their life.



SPEAKING WITH YOUR TEEN ABOUT ALCOHOL

A PARENT'S GUIDE

Here are some suggestions on having a conversation with your teen about the effects of underage drinking, and how driving decisions play a role in their safety.

WHAT'S HOLDING YOU BACK?

Parents sometimes hesitate to impose rules against underage drinking or even to discuss drinking with their teens. They might be embarrassed or assume their teen is not at risk...

74%

OF TEENS SAY THEIR PARENTS ARE THE LEADING INFLUENCE ON THEIR DECISIONS ABOUT ALCOHOL

ASSUMPTION: My teen is not interested in drinking. **FACT:** According to data from Monitoring the Future national survey, about 75% of teens try alcohol outside the home before graduating from high school.



ASSUMPTION: My teen's friends are good kids who do not drink alcohol. **FACT:** About 33% of high school seniors have consumed alcohol in the past 30 days.

THE EFFECT OF DRINKING ON THE BODY/PHYSICALLY



How do you think drinking helps or hurts your body? Consuming alcohol causes harm to your developing brain.



What physical activities do you want to do in the future that drinking could hurt? Since alcohol is a depressant, it slows down your body's functions.



Why do you think some young people drink if they can get hurt? Sometimes teens feel invincible, and they don't think anything bad will ever happen to them.

PARENT TIP

Does your teen know they can count on you in a dangerous situation? Make a code word with your teen to be used if they feel in danger.

HOW DRINKING AFFECTS DECISIONS/CHOICES

How do you think drinking affects choices young people make? Alcohol affects your decision making abilities, judgement is changed when alcohol is involved



What problems can happen when young people choose to drink? They can pass out from too much alcohol, they can get in fights or make other bad decisions.



Why do you think some young people drink if it can have a negative impact on their choices? Possibly peer pressure, or they don't believe anything dangerous could happen to them.



How does drinking before the age of 21 affect someone? Teens that drink underage are more likely to become addicted, and their future could be affected if they get into legal or academic problems.

HOW ALCOHOL AFFECTS DRIVING ABILITY

How can alcohol affect your ability to operate a car safely? Alcohol delays your reaction time, decreases coordination, and causes difficulty reacting to signals and sounds.



What problems can happen when a young person chooses to drink and drive? A DUI can permanently tarnish your teen's record, cost thousands of dollars, or worse - cause death, and/or serious injury to anyone involved.



Why do you think some young people choose to drive impaired? Alcohol can alter your judgement, and reduce your inhibitions making you feel like you have the ability to do anything - like, drive safely. The fact is, this is not true!



FACT

Underage drivers are 17% more likely to be involved in a fatal car crash with alcohol in their system.



TALKING SO TEENS WILL LISTEN

- Listen. Allow your child to speak without interruption. Listen to what he or she says.
- Speak with respect and appreciation. Your child still values your approval.
- Communicate directly. Pick a time to speak when you can have each other's undivided attention.
- Emphasize common goals. Remind your child that you are on their side.
- Avoid communication 'stoppers'. These are single statements that shut down any response.
- Recognize conflict is natural. We all have different beliefs and values; therefore disagreement is a natural thing.
- Agree to step away. Agree to temporarily stop talking if things don't go well.
- Use appropriate body language. How you position yourself physically while you talk can send important messages about your attitudes or express something you are not trying to convey.
- Avoid debate. If you find yourself debating, try suggesting that you both approach matters from a different angle.

THE BOTTOM LINE: Suspend your critical judgment while you listen attentively. This is probably the single most important aspect of good communication. LISTEN to what the teen has to say, DON'T JUDGE!

CONVERSATION STARTERS & TIPS

Connect - "Let's eat dinner together tonight", "How about helping me wash the car? It will be fun doing it together!"

Educate - "Alcohol is especially dangerous for young people, and here's why..."

Be a Role Model - "No thanks. I'll drink tea with my dinner, I am driving."

Encourage - I see you put a lot of effort into this", "Thanks for putting away the groceries."

Monitor - "What are your plans for Saturday night?"

Enforce - "By missing curfew, you lost car privileges this week."



HOW TO TALK TO YOUR TEENS ABOUT DRUGS & ALCOHOL

A Guide for Parents



► alcohol in their health classes, research shows that many important issues never get covered. School programs alone are not enough to stop youth from drinking.

► Leading national surveys reveal that parents are the number one source that kids turn to for important information. Parents can influence their child's decision not to drink alcohol.

1. Drinking can damage your liver.
2. Drinking can make you sick, pass out, or die.
3. Drinking can lead to assault.
4. Drinking can lead to an early death.
5. Drinking might lead to being an alcoholic.

THE BOTTOM LINE: The best approach is to discuss realistic consequences in a straightforward and honest manner.



Break

A long-exposure photograph of a highway at sunset. The road curves from the center of the frame towards the bottom right. The background is filled with streaks of light in shades of orange, yellow, and blue, creating a sense of motion and speed. The overall image has a warm, golden-hour glow.



Legislative Updates

Chris Craig, FDOT



Florida Legislative Session-2025

» Trenton's Law—Signed into law

- HB687 Rep Kendall
- Makes first refusal a criminal second degree misdemeanor
- Increases penalties for repeat offenders convicted of DUI manslaughter or vehicular homicide



Florida Legislative Session-2025

- » Handheld cellphone driving ban—**Failed to advance**
 - SB1318 by Sen. Grall/HB 501 by Rep. Tant Distracted Driving
 - Outlaws operating a vehicle while manually using a wireless device unless activating, deactivating, initiating, or terminating a function, mandating the use of hands-free accessories.
- » Traffic Infraction Enforcement on railroad crossings/work zones—**Failed to advance**
 - SB 812 by Sen. Calatayud/HB 1275 Rep. Michael
 - Authorizes the use of railroad traffic infraction detectors and speed detection systems to enforce traffic laws at railroad crossings and work zones.





Florida Legislative Session-2025

» Driver Education Requirements—**Signed into law**

- SB 994 by Sen. Collins/Rep. Salzman
- Requires applicants for a learner's driver license to complete a driver education course approved by the Department of Highway Safety and Motor Vehicles that meets or exceeds the specified Department of Education curriculum

» Transportation—**Signed into law**

- SB 462 Sen. DiCegile/Rep. McFarland
- Authorize local governments to regulate minimum age requirements, IDs, and training regarding electric bicycles, motorized scooters, and micromobility devices.





Florida Legislative Session-2025

- » Fleeing or Attempting to Elude a Law Enforcement Officer — **Signed into law**
 - HB 113 / SB 1824 / SB 468
 - Revises law enforcement vehicle marking requirements for specified offenses. Reclassifies offenses for purposes of offense severity ranking chart of Criminal Punishment Code. Provides sentencing multiplier for specified offenses.
- » Offenses Involving Motor Vehicles — **Signed into law**
 - HB 253 / SB 44
 - Increases the penalty if a person drives a vehicle with prohibited lights and stops or attempts to stop another vehicle
 - Prohibits a person from purchasing or possessing, manufacturing, selling, or otherwise distributing a license plate obscuring device
 - Prohibits a person from using “a license plate obscuring device to assist in committing a crime or escaping from or avoiding detection or arrest in connection with such crime”.





Florida Legislative Session-2025

» Traffic Infractions – Dangerous Excessive Speeding —**Signed into law**

- HB 351 / SB 1782
- Defines dangerous excessive speeding as
 - driving 50+mph over the speed limit,
 - driving 100mph or faster in a manner that threatens the safety of other persons or property or interferes with the operation of any vehicle.
 - Establishes penalties for dangerous excessive speeding including imprisonment and fines.
 - Authorizes officers to indicate applicable civil penalty on traffic citations.
 - Requires a person cited for certain infractions to appear at a scheduled hearing.

» Leaving the Scene of a Crash Involving Only Damage to Vehicle or Property —**Signed into law**

- HB 479 / SB 1378
- The court may order a driver who leaves the scene of a crash involving damage to a vehicle or property “who caused or otherwise contributed to the crash, to make restitution to the owner of a vehicle or other property, damaged in the crash for any damage that was by the driver’s vehicle.”





THC Infused Drinks

Group Discussion

THC Infused Drinks



If you need or have any questions feel free to reach out.

New Trend
Hemp THC Beverages





Action Plan Report Out

Goal 3 – Communication Program

Goal 5 – Alcohol and Other Drug Misuse

Goal 6 – Criminal Justice System

Danny Shopf, Cambridge Systematics



Public Comment Period

Chris Craig, FDOT

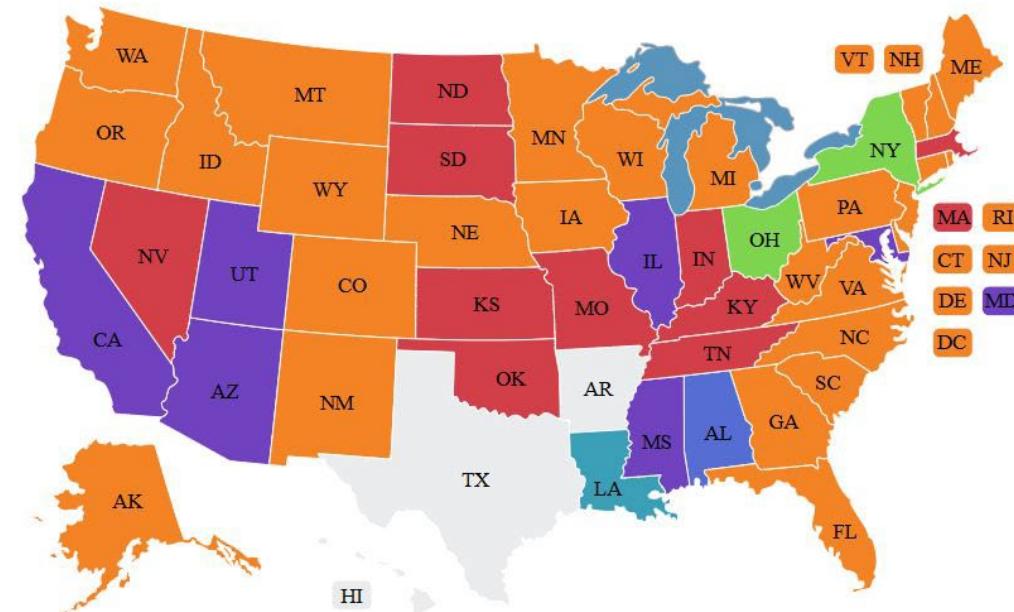


National Alliance to Stop Impaired Driving (NASID)

NASID Oral Fluid Working Group Survey

- » Identified existing statutes on oral fluid testing
- » Assessed implementation of:
 - Roadside oral fluid testing
 - Evidential oral fluid testing
- » Interactive Feature:
 - Select a state to view its specific survey responses
- » Florida currently does not have roadside or evidential testing program implemented

- Currently administering a statewide roadside oral fluid testing program
- Currently administering a jurisdictional roadside oral fluid testing program
- Currently administering a statewide evidential oral fluid testing program
- Currently administering statewide roadside and statewide evidential oral fluid testing programs
- Currently administering jurisdictional roadside and statewide evidential oral fluid testing programs
- No roadside or evidential testing program implemented
- No information provided



Next Steps

» Future Presentations

- The Association of Court Enhanced Supervision Presentation
- ABT Presentation
- FY2026 Impaired Driving Subgrant Awards
- Cannabis Update?

» Future FIDC Meetings Information: Orlando (in-person)

- FY2026 Q1 Meeting (December 16-17, 2025) Location: Orlando
- FY2026 Q2 Meeting (February 24-25, 2026) Location: Orlando
- FY2026 Q3 Meeting (June TBD) Location: Orlando
- FY2026 Q4 Meeting (August 18-19, 2026) Location: Orlando



Thank You!
See you in December!

