

D.S.K. & ASSOCIATES

19, Andheri Universal Industrial Premises, 57 J P Road, Andheri West, Mumbai – 400058

Tel : 26707188 Email : admin@dsknassociates.com

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To The Members of Chitradurga Renewable Energy India Private Limited Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements

Opinion

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of **Chitradurga Renewable Energy India Private Limited** (the "Company"), which comprise the Balance Sheet as at March 31, 2023, and the Statement of Profit and Loss (including Other Comprehensive Income), the Statement of Changes in Equity and the Statement of Cash Flows for the year ended on that date, and a summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information.

In our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us, the aforesaid financial statements give the information required by the Companies Act, 2013 (the "Act") in the manner so required and give a true and fair view in conformity with the Indian Accounting Standards prescribed under section 133 of the Act read with the Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules, 2015, as amended, ("Ind AS") and other accounting principles generally accepted in India, of the state of affairs of the Company as at March 31, 2023, and its financial performance, total comprehensive income, the changes in equity and cash flows for the year ended on that date.

Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audit of the financial statements in accordance with the Standards on Auditing specified under section 143(10) of the Act (SAs). Our responsibilities under those Standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibility for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are independent of the Company in accordance with the Code of Ethics issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India (ICAI) together with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the financial statements under the provisions of the Act and the Rules made thereunder, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements and the ICAI's Code of Ethics. We believe that the audit evidence obtained by us is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion on the financial statements.

Information Other than the Financial Statements and Auditor's Report Thereon

- The Company's Board of Directors is responsible for the other information. The other information comprises the information included in the Board's report, Director's Report and Management Discussion and Analysis report but does not include the financial statements and our auditor's report thereon.
- Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the other information and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.
- In connection with our audit of the financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained during the course of our audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated.

- If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact. We have nothing to report in this regard.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

The Company's Board of Directors is responsible for the matters stated in section 134(5) of the Act with respect to the preparation of these financial statements that give a true and fair view of the financial position, financial performance including other comprehensive income, changes in equity and cash flows of the Company in accordance with the Ind AS and other accounting principles generally accepted in India. This responsibility also includes maintenance of adequate accounting records in accordance with the provisions of the Act for safeguarding the assets of the Company and for preventing and detecting frauds and other irregularities; selection and application of appropriate accounting policies; making judgments and estimates that are reasonable and prudent; and design, implementation and maintenance of adequate internal financial controls, that were operating effectively for ensuring the accuracy and completeness of the accounting records, relevant to the preparation and presentation of the financial statement that give a true and fair view and are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is responsible for assessing the Company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to liquidate the Company or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Those Board of Directors are also responsible for overseeing the Company's financial reporting process.

Auditor's Responsibility for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but, is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with SAs will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with SAs, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional scepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal financial control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances. Under section 143(3)(i) of the Act, we are also responsible for expressing our opinion on whether the Company has adequate internal financial controls with reference to standalone financial statements in place and the operating effectiveness of such controls.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by the management.

- Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Company's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Company to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.

Materiality is the magnitude of misstatements in the standalone financial statements that, individually or in aggregate, makes it probable that the economic decisions of a reasonably knowledgeable user of the standalone financial statements may be influenced. We consider quantitative materiality and qualitative factors in (i) planning the scope of our audit work and in evaluating the results of our work; and (ii) to evaluate the effect of any identified misstatements in the standalone financial statements.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

We also provide those charged with governance with a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence, and to communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence, and where applicable, related safeguards.

Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements

1. As required by the Companies (Auditor's Report) Order, 2020 ("the Order"), issued by the Central Government of India in terms of sub-section (11) of section 143 of the Act, is not applicable to the Company.
2. As required by Section 143(3) of the Act, based on our audit we report that:
 - a) We have sought and obtained all the information and explanations which to the best of our knowledge and belief were necessary for the purposes of our audit.
 - b) In our opinion, proper books of account as required by law have been kept by the Company so far as it appears from our examination of those books
 - c) The Balance Sheet, the Statement of Profit and Loss including Other Comprehensive Income, the Statement of Changes in Equity and the Statement of Cash Flows dealt with by this Report are in agreement with the books of account.
 - d) In our opinion, the aforesaid financial statements comply with the Ind AS specified under Section 133 of the Act.
 - e) On the basis of the written representations received from the directors as on March 31, 2023 taken on record by the Board of Directors, none of the directors is disqualified as on March 31, 2023 from being appointed as a director in terms of Section 164(2) of the Act.

- f) With respect to the adequacy of the internal financial controls over financial reporting of the Company and the operating effectiveness of such controls, under section 143(3)(i) of the Act is not applicable in view of the exemption available to the Company in terms of the notification no. G.S.R. 583(E) dated June 13, 2017 issued by the Ministry of Corporate Affairs, Government of India, read with general circular No. 08/2017 dated July 25, 2017.
- g) With respect to the other matters to be included in the Auditor's Report in accordance with the requirements of section 197(16) of the Act, as amended,

In our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us, the Company being a private company, section 197 of the Act related to the managerial remuneration not applicable.

- h) With respect to the other matters to be included in the Auditor's Report in accordance with Rule 11 of the Companies (Audit and Auditors) Rules, 2014, as amended in our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us:
 - i. The Company does not have any pending litigations which would impact its financial position
 - ii. The Company did not have any long-term contracts including derivative contracts for which there were any material foreseeable losses.
 - iii. There were no amounts which were required to be transferred to the Investor Education and Protection Fund by the Company.
 - iv.
 - a. The management has represented that, to the best of its knowledge and belief, other than as disclosed in the notes to the accounts, no funds have been advanced or loaned or invested (either from borrowed funds or share premium or any other sources or kind of funds) by the company to or in any other person(s) or entity(ies), including foreign entities ("Intermediaries"), with the understanding, whether recorded in writing or otherwise, that the Intermediary shall, whether, directly or indirectly lend or invest in other persons or entities identified in any manner whatsoever by or on behalf of the company ("Ultimate Beneficiaries") or provide any guarantee, security or the like on behalf of the Ultimate Beneficiaries;
 - b. The management has represented, that, to the best of its knowledge and belief, other than as disclosed in the notes to the accounts, no funds have been received by the company from any person(s) or entity(ies), including foreign entities ("Funding Parties"), with the understanding, whether recorded in writing or otherwise, that the company shall, whether, directly or indirectly, lend or invest in other persons or entities identified in any manner whatsoever by or on behalf of the Funding Party ("Ultimate Beneficiaries") or provide any guarantee, security or the like on behalf of the Ultimate Beneficiaries; and
 - c. Based on audit procedures which we considered reasonable and appropriate in the circumstances, nothing has come to their notice that has caused them to believe that the representations under sub-clause (i) and (ii) contain any material mis-statement.
 - v. The company has not declared or paid any dividend during the year in contravention of the provisions of section 123 of the Companies Act, 2013.

- vi. Proviso to Rule 3(1) of the Companies (Accounts) Rules, 2014 for maintaining books of account using accounting software which has a feature of recording audit trail (edit log) facility is applicable to the Company with effect from April 1, 2023, and accordingly, reporting under Rule 11(g) of Companies (Audit and Auditors) Rules, 2014 is not applicable for the financial year ended March 31, 2023.

For D.S.K. & Associates

Chartered Accountants

Firm Registration No. 117710W



Santosh T. Shinde

Partner

Membership No. 133613

UDIN: 23133613BGXE6F6587

Place: MUMBAI

Date: 02nd May, 2023

0.00

0.00

Chitradurga Renewable Energy India Private Limited
CIN: U74999KA2018PTC114028
Balance sheet as at 31st March, 2023
(Currency: Indian Rupees in Millions)

Particulars	Note	As at 31st March 2023	As at 31st March 2022
A. ASSETS			
I. Non-current assets			
(a) Property, plant and equipment	2a	192.80	201.26
(b) Intangible assets	2b	23.77	24.65
(c) Capital work-in-progress	2c	20.54	20.54
(d) Financial Assets			
(i) Other financial assets	3	0.82	0.82
(e) Income tax assets (net)		4.92	4.89
(f) Deferred tax assets (net)	4	3.17	1.07
(g) Other non-current assets	5	2.25	2.25
		248.27	255.48
II. Current assets			
(a) Financial Assets			
(i) Trade receivables	6	2.57	2.57
(ii) Cash and cash equivalents	7	0.07	0.01
(b) Other current assets	8	8.49	2.53
		11.13	5.11
Total Assets		259.40	260.59
B. EQUITY AND LIABILITIES			
I. Equity			
(a) Equity share capital	9	0.10	0.10
(b) Other equity	10	(15.21)	(3.40)
Total :		(15.11)	(3.30)
II Non-current liabilities			
(a) Financial Liabilities			
(i) Long-term borrowings	11	45.54	-
(ii) Lease liabilities		16.16	15.94
(b) Other non-current liabilities	12	194.10	203.62
		255.80	219.56
III. Current liabilities			
(a) Financial Liabilities			
(i) Short-term borrowings	13	7.33	32.24
(ii) Lease liabilities		1.61	1.53
(iii) Trade payables	14		
a) total outstanding dues of micro and small enterprises		0.01	0.01
b) total outstanding dues of creditors other than micro and small enterprises		0.23	0.64
(b) Other current liabilities	15	9.53	9.91
		18.71	44.33
Total Equity and Liabilities		259.40	260.59

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements. Refer notes 1 to 35

In terms of our report attached of even date

For D.S.K. & Associates

Chartered Accountants

Firm Registration No.:117710W



Santosh Shinde

Partner

Membership No. 193619

Place: Mumbai

Date: 02nd May, 2023

UDIN: 23133613BGXEBF6587

For and on behalf of the Board of

Chitradurga Renewable Energy India Private Limited

CIN: U74999KA2018PTC114028



Kuldeep P. Jain

Director

DIN: 02683041

Place: Mumbai

Date: 02nd May, 2023



Nikunj Ghodawat

Director

DIN : 07721006

Place: Mumbai

Date: 02nd May, 2023

Chitradurga Renewable Energy India Private Limited
CIN: U74999KA2018PTC114028
Statement of Profit and Loss for the year ended 31 March, 2023
(Currency: Indian Rupees in Millions)

Particulars	Note	For the year ended 31 March, 2023	For the year ended 31 March, 2022
A. Income			
(a) Revenue from operations	16	9.51	10.86
(b) Other Income	17	0.01	-
Total Income		9.52	10.86
B. Expenses			
(a) Cost of materials consumed	18	5.45	0.42
(b) Other expenses	19	3.77	0.59
		9.22	1.01
C. Earnings before interest, tax, depreciation (EBITDA) (A - B)		0.30	9.85
D. Finance costs	20	4.87	0.16
E. Depreciation and amortisation expense	2(a)&(b)	9.34	8.53
F. Profit / (Loss) before Tax (C - D - E)		(13.91)	1.16
G. Tax expense:			
Current tax		-	-
Deferred tax credit		(2.10)	0.29
Total tax expense / (credit)		(2.10)	0.29
H. Profit / (Loss) after Tax (F - G)		(11.81)	0.87
I. Total comprehensive income / (loss) for the year		(11.81)	0.87

Earnings per equity share

- basic and diluted	23	(1,181.00)	87.00
(Face value of Rs. 10/-)			

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements. Refer notes 1 to 35

In terms of our report attached of even date

For D.S.K. & Associates
Chartered Accountants
Firm Registration No.:117710W



Santosh Shinde
Partner
Membership No. 193619
Place: Mumbai
Date: 02nd May, 2023
UDIN: 23133613BGXEBF6587

For and on behalf of the Board of
Chitradurga Renewable Energy India Private Limited
CIN: U74999KA2018PTC114028



Kuldeep P. Jain
Director
DIN: 02683041
Place: Mumbai
Date: 02nd May, 2023



Nikunj Ghodawat
Director
DIN : 07721006
Place: Mumbai
Date: 02nd May, 2023

Chitradurga Renewable Energy India Private Limited
CIN: U74999KA2018PTC114028
Statement of Cash flow for the year ended 31st March, 2022
(Currency: Indian Rupees in Millions)

	For the year ended 31st March, 2023	For the year ended 31st March, 2022
A. Cash flows from operating activities		
Loss before tax	(13.91)	1.16
Adjustments for:		
Depreciation	9.34	8.53
Finance cost	4.87	0.16
Operating profit before working capital changes	0.30	9.85
Changes in working capital		
Adjustments for (increase) / decrease in operating assets:		
Other current assets	(5.96)	(0.95)
Trade receivables	-	(2.57)
Other non current assets	-	(2.25)
Adjustments for increase / (decrease) in operating liabilities:		
Trade payables	(0.41)	0.56
Other current liabilities	(0.38)	(9.12)
Other non current liabilities	(9.52)	-
Cash generated from operations	(15.97)	(4.48)
Income Tax paid	(0.03)	(0.14)
Net cash used in from operating activities (A)	(16.00)	(4.62)
B. Cash flows from investing activities		
Capital expenditure on property, plant and equipment	-	(20.54)
Proceeds from sale of property, plant and equipment	-	1.92
Net cash used in investing activities (B)	-	(18.62)
C. Cash flows from financing activities		
Proceeds from long term borrowings - related party	42.50	-
Proceeds from short term borrowings (net)	(24.91)	30.65
Interest paid	-	-
Rent paid for leases	(1.53)	(7.41)
Net cash generated from financing activities (C)	16.06	23.24
Net increase in cash and cash equivalents (A+B+C)	0.06	-
Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of period	0.01	0.01
Cash and cash equivalents at the end of period	0.07	0.01

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements. Refer notes 1 to 35

In terms of our report attached of even date

For D.S.K. & Associates
Chartered Accountants
Firm Registration No.:117710W



Santosh Shinde
Partner
Membership No. 193619
Place: Mumbai
Date: 02nd May, 2023
UDIN: 23133613BGXEBF6587

For and on behalf of the Board of
Chitradurga Renewable Energy India Private Limited
CIN: U74999KA2018PTC114028



Kuldeep P. Jain
Director
DIN: 02683041
Place: Mumbai
Date: 02nd May, 2023



Nikunj Ghodawat
Director
DIN : 07721006
Place: Mumbai
Date: 02nd May, 2023

Chitradurga Renewable Energy India Private Limited

CIN: U74999KA2018PTC114028

Statement of Changes in Equity for the year ended 31st March, 2023

(Currency: Indian Rupees in Millions)

A. Share capital

Particulars	Equity Share Capital
Balance as at 1st April 2021	0.10
Issue of Shares during the year ended March 31, 2022	-
Balance as at March 31, 2022	0.10
Balance as at 1st April 2022	0.10
Issue of Shares during the year ended March 31, 2023	-
Balance as at March 31, 2023	0.10

B. Other Equity

	Reserves and surplus	
	Retained Earnings	Total Other Equity
Balance as at 1st April 2021	(4.27)	(4.27)
Profit for the year ended March 31, 2022	0.87	0.87
Balance as at March 31, 2022	(3.40)	(3.40)
Balance as at 1st April 2022	(3.40)	(3.40)
Profit for the year ended March 31, 2023	(11.81)	(11.81)
Balance as at March 31, 2023	(15.21)	(15.21)

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements. Refer notes 1 to 35

In terms of our report attached of even date**For D.S.K. & Associates**

Chartered Accountants

Firm Registration No.:117710W

**Santosh Shinde****Partner**

Membership No. 193619

Place: Mumbai

Date: 02nd May, 2023

UDIN: 23133613BGXEBF6587

For and on behalf of the Board of**Chitradurga Renewable Energy India Private Limited**

CIN: U74999KA2018PTC114028

**Kuldeep P. Jain****Director**

DIN: 02683041

Place: Mumbai

Date: 02nd May, 2023

**Nikunj Ghodawat****Director**

DIN : 07721006

Place: Mumbai

Date: 02nd May, 2023

Chitradurga Renewable Energy India Private Limited

CIN: U74999KA2018PTC114028

Notes to the financial statements for the year ended 31st March, 2023

(Currency: Indian Rupees in Millions)

Note 1.1

GENERAL INFORMATION

Chitradurga Renewable Energy India Private Limited (herein after referred to as "the Company") incorporated on 16 June, 2018, is engaged providing common infra services.

The Company is a private limited company incorporated and domiciled in India. The address of its registered office is 48/19, 40th Cross, 3rd Main Road, 8th Block, Jayanagar, Bangalore, Karnataka - 560082, India. As at 31 March, 2023, the Company's 100% equity share capital is held by its parent, Clean Max Enviro Energy Solutions Private Limited (herein after referred to as " the Parent").

The financial statements for the year ended 31st March, 2023 were approved by the Board of Directors and authorised for issue on 02nd May, 2023.

Note 1.2

SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

(a) Statement of compliance

The Financial Statements have been prepared in accordance with Ind AS notified under the Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules, 2015 read with Section 193 of the Companies Act, 2019. These are the Company's first Ind AS Financial Statements.

(b) Basis of preparation and presentation

The financial statements have been prepared on historical cost basis, except for certain financial instruments that are measured at fair value at the end of each reporting period, as explained in the accounting policies below.

Historical cost is generally based on the fair value of the consideration given in exchange for goods and services.

Fair value is the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date, regardless of whether that price is directly observable or estimated using another valuation technique. In estimating the fair value of an asset or a liability, the Company takes into account the characteristics of the asset or liability if market participants would take those characteristics into account when pricing the asset or liability at the measurement date.

In addition, for financial reporting purposes, fair value measurements are categorised into Level 1, 2, or 3 based on the degree to which the inputs to the fair value measurements are observable and the significance of the inputs to the fair value measurement in its entirety, which are described as follows:

- Level 1 inputs are quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities that the entity can access at the measurement date;
- Level 2 inputs are inputs, other than quoted prices included within Level 1, that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly or indirectly; and
- Level 3 inputs are unobservable inputs for the asset or liability.

Chitradurga Renewable Energy India Private Limited
CIN: U74999KA2018PTC114028
Notes to the financial statements for the year ended 31st March, 2023
(Currency: Indian Rupees in Millions)

The principal accounting policies are set out below.

(c) Revenue recognition

Revenue is recognised to the extent that it is probable that the economic benefits will flow to the Company and revenue can be reliably measured. Revenue is measured at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable. Revenue is net off trade discounts, rebates and other similar allowances. Revenue excludes indirect taxes which are collected on behalf of Government.

Revenue from common infra services:

Revenue from services rendered over a period of time, such as Common infra service contracts, are recognised on straight line basis over the period of the performance obligation.

Interest income

Interest income is recognised using the effective interest method.

(d) Foreign currency

The functional currency of the Company is Indian Rupees which represents the currency of the primary economic environment in which it operates. These financial statements are presented in Indian rupees.

Transactions and balances

Transactions in currencies other than the entity's functional currency (foreign currencies) are recognised at the exchange rates prevailing on the date of the transaction. Gains or losses realized upon settlement of foreign currency transactions are recognised in the statement of profit and loss for the period in which the transaction is settled.

At the end of each reporting period, monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies are re-translated at the exchange rates prevailing at that date and resultant gains / losses are recognised in the statement of profit and loss.

Non-monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies are not restated at period-end and are measured at historical cost (translated using the exchange rates at the transaction date), except for non-monetary items measured at fair value which are translated using the exchange rates at the date when fair value was determined.

(e) Taxation

Income tax expense represents the sum of the tax currently payable and deferred tax.

Current tax

The tax currently payable is based on taxable profit for the reporting period. Taxable profit differs from 'profit before tax' as reported in the statement of profit and loss because of items of income or expense that are taxable or deductible in other years and items that are never taxable or deductible. The Company's current tax is calculated using tax rates (applicable tax laws) that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the end of the reporting period.

Deferred taxes

Deferred tax is recognised on temporary differences between the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities in the financial statements and the corresponding tax bases used in the computation of taxable profit.

Deferred tax liabilities are generally recognised for all taxable temporary differences. Deferred tax assets are generally recognised for all deductible temporary differences to the extent that it is probable that taxable profits will be available against which those deductible temporary differences can be utilised. Such deferred tax assets and liabilities are not recognised if the temporary difference arises from the initial recognition of assets and liabilities in a transaction that affects neither the taxable profit nor the accounting profit.

The carrying amount of deferred tax assets is reviewed at the end of each reporting period and reduced to the extent that it is no longer probable that sufficient taxable profits will be available to allow all or part of the asset to be recovered.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are measured at the tax rates that are expected to apply in the period in which the liability is settled or the asset realised, based on tax rates (and tax laws) that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the end of the reporting period.

The measurement of deferred tax liabilities and assets reflects the tax consequences that would follow from the manner in which the Company expects, at the end of the reporting period, to recover or settle the carrying amount of its assets and liabilities.

Chitradurga Renewable Energy India Private Limited

CIN: U74999KA2018PTC114028

Notes to the financial statements for the year ended 31st March, 2023

(Currency: Indian Rupees in Millions)

Current and deferred tax for the reporting period

Current and deferred tax are recognised in the statement of profit and loss, except when they relate to items that are recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity, in which case the taxes are also recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity respectively.

(f) Provisions, contingent liability and contingent asset

A provision is recognized if, as a result of a past event, the Company has a present legal or constructive obligation that can be estimated reliably, and it is probable that an outflow of economic benefits will be required to settle the obligation.

The amount recognised as a provision is the best estimate of the consideration required to settle the present obligation at the end of the reporting period, taking into account the risks and uncertainties surrounding the obligation. When a provision is measured using the cash flows estimated to settle the present obligation, its carrying amount is the present value of those cash flows (when the effect of the time value of money is material).

When some or all of the economic benefits required to settle a provision are expected to be recovered from a third party, a receivable is recognised as an asset if it is virtually certain that reimbursement will be received and the amount of the receivable can be measured reliably.

A contingent liability is disclosed in the Financial Statements by way of notes to accounts, unless possibility of an outflow of resources embodying economic benefit is remote. A contingent asset is disclosed in the Financial Statements by way of notes to accounts when an inflow of economic benefits is probable.

(g) Financial Instruments

Financial assets and financial liabilities are recognised when the Company becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the instruments.

Except for trade receivables, financial assets and financial liabilities are initially measured at fair value. Trade receivables are measured at the transaction price. Transaction costs that are directly attributable to the acquisition or issue of financial assets and financial liabilities (other than financial assets at fair value through profit or loss) are added to or deducted from the fair value of the financial assets or financial liabilities, as appropriate, on initial recognition. Transaction costs directly attributable to the acquisition of financial assets at fair value through profit or loss are recognised immediately in the statement the profit and loss.

Financial assets

All recognised financial assets are subsequently measured in their entirety at either amortised cost or fair value, depending on the classification of the financial assets.

Amortised cost

A financial asset shall be measured at amortised cost using effective interest rates if both of the following conditions are met:

- financial asset is held within a business model whose objective is to hold financial assets in order to collect contractual cash flows; and
- contractual terms of the financial asset give rise on specified dates to cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest on the principal amount outstanding.

The effective interest method is a method of calculating the amortised cost of a financial asset and of allocating interest income over the relevant period. The effective interest rate is the rate that exactly discounts estimated future cash receipts (including all fees and points paid or received that form an integral part of the effective interest rate, transaction costs and other premiums or discounts) through the expected life of the financial asset, or, where appropriate, a shorter period, to the net carrying amount on initial recognition.

Chitradurga Renewable Energy India Private Limited

CIN: U74999KA2018PTC114028

Notes to the financial statements for the year ended 31st March, 2023

(Currency: Indian Rupees in Millions)

Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss (FVTPL)

Financial assets at FVTPL include financial assets that either do not meet the criteria for amortised cost classification or are equity instruments held for trading or that meet certain conditions and are designated at FVTPL upon initial recognition. All derivative financial instruments also fall into this category, except for those designated and effective as hedging instruments, for which the hedge accounting requirements may apply. Assets in this category are measured at fair value with gains or losses recognized in the statement of profit and loss. The fair values of financial assets in this category are determined by reference to active market transactions or using a valuation technique where no active market exists.

Impairment of financial asset

The Company assesses expected credit losses associated with its assets carried at amortised cost based on Company's past history of recovery, creditworthiness of the counter party and existing market conditions. The impairment methodology applied depends on whether there has been a significant increase in credit risk. For trade receivables, the Company applies the simplified approach for recognition of impairment allowance as provided in Ind AS 109 – Financial Instruments, which requires expected lifetime losses to be recognised on initial recognition of the receivables.

Derecognition of financial asset

The Company derecognises a financial asset when the contractual rights to the cash flows from the asset expire, or when it transfers the financial asset and substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership of the asset to another party.

Financial liabilities and equity instruments

Classification as debt or equity

Debt and equity instruments issued by the Company are classified as either financial liabilities or as equity in accordance with the substance of the contractual arrangements and the definitions of a financial liability and an equity instrument.

Equity instruments

An equity instrument is any contract that evidences a residual interest in the assets of an entity after deducting all of its liabilities. Incremental costs directly attributable to the issuance of new ordinary shares and share options are recognized as a deduction from equity, net of any tax effects.

Chitradurga Renewable Energy India Private Limited

CIN: U74999KA2018PTC114028

Notes to the financial statements for the year ended 31st March, 2023

(Currency: Indian Rupees in Millions)

Financial liabilities

All financial liabilities are subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method.

Financial liabilities subsequently measured at amortised cost

Financial liabilities that are not held-for-trading and are not designated as at FVTPL are measured at amortised cost at the end of subsequent reporting periods. The carrying amounts of financial liabilities that are subsequently measured at amortised cost are determined based on the effective interest method.

Derecognition of financial liabilities

The Company derecognises financial liabilities when, and only when, the Company's obligations are discharged, cancelled or have expired. An exchange with a lender of debt instruments with substantially different terms is accounted for as an extinguishment of the original financial liability and the recognition of a new financial liability. Similarly, a substantial modification of the terms of an existing financial liability (whether or not attributable to the financial difficulty of the debtor) is accounted for as an extinguishment of the original financial liability and the recognition of a new financial liability. The difference between the carrying amount of the financial liability derecognised and the consideration paid and payable is recognised in the statement of profit and loss.

(h) Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents comprise cash on hand and demand deposits, together with other short-term, highly liquid investments (three months or less from the date of acquisition) that are readily convertible into known amounts of cash and which are subject to an insignificant risk of changes in value.

(i) Property, plant and equipment and intangible assets

Property, plant and equipment and intangible assets are stated at cost of acquisition or construction including any cost attributable in bringing the asset to its working condition for its intended use, net of subsidy (if any) less accumulated depreciation. Historical cost includes expenditure that is directly attributable to the acquisition of the asset. Subsequent expenditure are capitalised only if it is probable that the future economic benefits associated with the expenditure will flow to the entity. All repairs and maintenance are charged to the statement of profit and loss during the financial year in which they are incurred.

Effective interest costs on the borrowings which is utilised for qualifying assets pertaining to the period upto the date of capitalisation is added to the cost of the assets.

Depreciation on property, plant and equipment has been provided as per the useful life prescribed in Schedule II to the Companies Act, 2019 except in respect Common Infra asset where the life is considered as 25 years taking into account the nature of the asset, the estimated usage of the asset, the operating conditions of the asset, manufacturers warranties and maintenance support, etc.

Freehold land is not depreciated.

Any gain or loss arising on derecognition / disposal of an asset is included in statement of profit or loss.

The residual values, useful lives and methods of depreciation of property, plant and equipment are reviewed at each financial year end and adjusted prospectively, as appropriate.

Chitradurga Renewable Energy India Private Limited

CIN: U74999KA2018PTC114028

Notes to the financial statements for the year ended 31st March, 2023

(Currency: Indian Rupees in Millions)

(j) Impairment of assets

Assets that are subject to amortisation are reviewed for impairment whenever events or changes in circumstances indicate that the carrying amount may not be recoverable. An impairment loss is recognised for the amount by which the asset's carrying amount exceeds its recoverable amount. The recoverable amount is the higher of an asset's fair value less costs of disposal and value in use. For the purposes of assessing impairment, assets are grouped at the lowest levels for which there are largely independent cash inflows (cash-generating units). Non financial assets other than goodwill that suffered an impairment are reviewed for possible reversal of the impairment at the end of each reporting period. Intangible assets that have an indefinite useful life or intangible assets not ready to use are not subject to amortisation and are tested annually for impairment.

(k) Earnings per share

Basic earnings per equity share has been computed by dividing the net profit or loss for the reporting period attributable to equity shareholders by the weighted average number of equity shares outstanding during the reporting period.

Diluted earnings per equity share is computed by dividing the net profit or loss for the period attributable to equity shareholders as adjusted for dividend, interest and other charges to expense or income (net of any attributable taxes) relating to the dilutive potential equity shares by the weighted average number of equity shares outstanding during the reporting period as adjusted to the effects of all dilutive potential equity shares, except where results are anti-dilutive.

(l) Use of estimates and judgements

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with the recognition and measurement principles of Ind AS requires the management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the application of accounting policies and the reported balances of assets and liabilities including disclosures relating to contingent assets and liabilities as at the date of the financial statements and reported amounts of revenue and expenses during the period presented.

Contingent liability is recorded when it is probable that a liability may be incurred, and the amount can be reasonably estimated.

Accounting estimates could change from period to period. Actual results could differ from those estimates. Estimates and underlying assumptions are reviewed on an ongoing basis. Revisions to accounting estimates are recognised in the period in which the estimates are revised and future periods are affected.

(m) Critical accounting judgement, estimates and assumptions

The preparation of these financial statements in conformity with the recognition and measurement principles of Ind AS requires management to make judgments, estimates and assumptions, that effect the reported balances of assets and liabilities, disclosures relating to contingent liabilities as at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of income and expenses for the years presented. Actual results may differ from these estimates.

These estimates and associated assumptions are based on historical experiences and various other factors that are believed to be reasonable under the circumstances. The estimates and underlying assumptions are reviewed on an ongoing basis. Revision to accounting estimates are recognised in the period in which the estimate is revised if the revision affect only that period, or in the period of the revision and future periods if the revision affects both current and future period.

In particular, information about significant areas of estimation, uncertainty and critical judgments in applying accounting policies that have the most significant effect on the amounts recognised in the financial statements pertain to:

(a) Useful lives of property plant and equipment and intangible assets

The Company reviews the useful life of property, plant and equipment and intangible assets at the end of each reporting period. This reassessment may result in change in depreciation and amortisation expense in future periods.

(b) Impairment of non-financial assets:

The Company estimates the value in use of the cash generating unit (CGU) based on future cash flows after considering current economic conditions and trends, estimated future operating results and growth rate and anticipated future economic and regulatory conditions. The estimated cash flows are developed using internal forecasts. The cash flows are discounted using a suitable discount rate in order to calculate the present value.

(c) Taxation

The Company reviews the carrying amount of deferred tax assets at the end of each reporting period. The policy has been detailed in Note (e) above.

Chitradurga Renewable Energy India Private Limited
CIN: U74999KA2018PTC114028
Notes to the financial statements for the year ended 31st March, 2023
(Currency: Indian Rupees in Millions)

Note 2 (a)
Property, Plant and Equipment

Particulars	Gross Block				Accumulated Depreciation				Net Block
	As at 1st April , 2022	Additions	Deductions	As at 31 March, 2023	As at 1st April , 2022	Depreciation for the year	Deductions	As at 31 March, 2023	As at 31 March, 2023
Freehold Land	1.97 <i>3.89</i>	-	- <i>(1.92)</i>	1.97 <i>1.97</i>	- <i>-</i>	- <i>-</i>	- <i>-</i>	- <i>-</i>	1.97 <i>1.97</i>
Common Infra of wind power plant	222.58 <i>222.58</i>	- <i>-</i>	- <i>-</i>	222.58 <i>222.58</i>	23.29 <i>14.83</i>	8.46 <i>8.46</i>	- <i>-</i>	31.75 <i>23.29</i>	190.83 <i>199.29</i>
Total	224.55	-	-	224.55	23.29	8.46	-	31.75	192.80
	<i>226.47</i>	<i>-</i>	<i>(1.92)</i>	<i>224.55</i>	<i>14.83</i>	<i>8.46</i>	<i>-</i>	<i>23.29</i>	<i>201.26</i>

Amounts in italics represent the figures of the previous year.

Footnotes:

(i) The Company is not holding any benami property under the Benami Transactions (Prohibition) Act, 1985 (45 of 1985)

Note 2 (b)
Right to use assets

Particulars	Gross Block				Accumulated Depreciation				Net Block
	As at 1st April , 2022	Additions	Deductions	As at 31 March, 2023	As at 1st April , 2022	Depreciation for the year	Deductions	As at 31 March, 2023	As at 31 March, 2023
Right to use lease land	24.72 <i>-</i>	- <i>24.72</i>	- <i>-</i>	24.72 <i>24.72</i>	0.07 <i>-</i>	0.88 <i>0.07</i>	- <i>-</i>	0.95 <i>0.07</i>	23.77 <i>24.65</i>
Total	24.72	-	-	24.72	0.07	0.88	-	0.95	23.77
	<i>-</i>	<i>24.72</i>	<i>-</i>	<i>24.72</i>	<i>-</i>	<i>0.07</i>	<i>-</i>	<i>0.07</i>	<i>24.65</i>

Amounts in italics represent the figures of the previous year.

Note 2 (c)
Capital work in progress

	As at 31st March 2023	As at 31st March 2022
Capital work in progress	20.54	20.54
	20.54	20.54

The ageing details of Capital work in progress is as under:

	As at 31st March 2023				
Amount in CWIP for a period of	Less than 1 year	1-2 years	2-3 years	More than 3 years	Total
Projects in Progress	-	20.54	-	-	20.54
Projects Temporarily Suspended	-	-	-	-	-

	As at 31st March 2022				
Amount in CWIP for a period of	Less than 1 year	1-2 years	2-3 years	More than 3 years	Total
Projects in Progress	20.54	-	-	-	20.54
Projects Temporarily Suspended	-	-	-	-	-

Chitradurga Renewable Energy India Private Limited
CIN: U74999KA2018PTC114028
Notes to the financial statements for the year ended 31st March, 2023
(Currency: Indian Rupees in Millions)

Note 3 - Other non-current financial assets

(unsecured, considered good)

Security deposits

As at 31st March, 2023	As at 31st March, 2022
0.82	0.82
0.82	0.82

Note 4 - Deferred tax asset

Deferred tax liabilities:

Difference between book balance and tax balance of property, plant and equipment.

Deferred tax assets:

Unabsorbed depreciation and book losses

Net deferred tax assets/(liabilities)

As at 31st March, 2023	As at 31st March, 2022
10.38	17.56
13.55	18.63
3.17	1.07

Note 5 - Other non-current assets

(unsecured, considered good)

Capital advances

As at 31st March, 2023	As at 31st March, 2022
2.25	2.25
2.25	2.25

Note 6 : Trade Receivables

Unsecured

Considered good

As at 31st March, 2023	As at 31st March, 2022
2.57	2.57
2.57	2.57

Note 7 - Cash and cash equivalents

Balances with bank

Current accounts

As at 31st March, 2023	As at 31st March, 2022
0.07	0.01
0.07	0.01

Footnote :

The Company has not traded or invested in Crypto currency or Virtual Currency during the period.

Note 8 - Other current assets

(unsecured, considered good)

Advances to supplier and others

Prepaid expenses

Indirect tax recoverable

As at 31st March, 2023	As at 31st March, 2022
5.25	-
0.07	0.02
3.17	2.51
8.49	2.53

Chitradurga Renewable Energy India Private Limited

CIN: U74999KA2018PTC114028

Notes to the financial statements for the year ended 31st March, 2023

(Currency: Indian Rupees in Millions)

Note 9 - Equity Share capital**Authorised:**

100,000 (as at 31st March, 2022: 100,000) equity shares of Rs. 10/- each

Issued, subscribed and fully paid-up shares:

10,000 (as at 31st March, 2022: 10,000) equity shares of Rs. 10/- each

Footnotes:**9 (a) Details of rights, preferences and restrictions attached to the equity shareholders:**

The Company has only one class of equity shares having at par value of Rs. 10/- per share. Members of the Company holding equity share capital therein have a right to vote, on every resolution placed before the Company and right to receive dividend. The voting rights on a poll is in proportion to the share of the paid-up equity capital of the Company held by the shareholders. The Company declares dividends in Indian rupees. In the event of liquidation, the equity shareholders are eligible to receive the remaining assets of the Company in proportion to their shareholding.

9 (b) Reconciliation of equity shares at the beginning and at the end of the year:

Equity shares outstanding at the beginning of the year

Equity shares issued during the period - fresh issue

Equity shares outstanding at the end of the year

For the year ended 31st March, 2023		For the year ended 31st March, 2022	
No.	Amount (Rs in millions)	No.	Amount (Rs in millions)
10,000	0.10	10,000	0.10
-	-	-	-
10,000	0.10	10,000	0.10

9 (c) Details of shareholders holding more than 5% shares in the Company:**Name of the shareholders:**

Cleanmax Enviro Energy Solutions Private Limited and its nominees

As at 31st March, 2023		As at 31st March, 2022	
No.	% of holding	No.	% of holding
10,000	100%	10,000	100%

9 (d) Details of promoters**Name of the promoter**

Cleanmax Enviro Energy Solutions Private Limited and its nominees

As at 31st March, 2023			As at 31st March, 2022		
No.	% of holding	% Change during the year	No.	% of holding	% Change during the year
10,000	100%	NIL	10,000	100%	NIL

Note 10 - Other Equity**Particulars****Retained earnings**

Opening balance

Add : Profit/ (loss) for the year

Closing balance

For the year ended 31 March, 2023	For the year ended 31 March, 2022
(3.40)	(4.27)
(11.81)	0.87
(15.21)	(3.40)

Nature and Purpose of Reserves:

10(a) Retained earnings represent the amount of accumulated earnings of the Company.

Chitradurga Renewable Energy India Private Limited

CIN: U74999KA2018PTC114028

Notes to the financial statements for the year ended 31st March, 2023

(Currency: Indian Rupees in Millions)

Note 11 - Long-term borrowings(at amortised cost)**Unsecured loans**

Loan from related party

As at 31st March, 2023	As at 31st March, 2022
45.54	-
45.54	-

Footnotes:

11 (a) The Company has availed long term loan from Clean Max Enviro Energy Solutions Private Limited.

11 (b) The Company has not made any delay in Registration of Charges under the Companies Act, 2013.

11 (c) The Company has not received any fund from any person(s) or entity(ies), including foreign entities (Funding Party) with the understanding (whether recorded in writing or otherwise) that the Company shall:

11 (d) (a) directly or indirectly lend or invest in other persons or entities identified in any manner whatsoever by or on behalf of the Funding Party (Ultimate Beneficiaries) or

(b) provide any guarantee, security or the like to or on behalf of the Ultimate Beneficiaries.

11 (e) In relation to the specific purposes term loans and borrowings as disclosed under Long Term borrowings, the Company has used the funds for the purposes for which they were taken.

11 (f) The Company is not a wilful defaulter under guidelines on wilful defaulters issued by the Reserve Bank of India.

11 (g) The company has no borrowings from banks of financial institutions where it has been obtained on the basis of security of current assets.

11(h) Loan from related party includes EIR impact of Rs 3.04 -

Note 12 : Other non-current liabilities**Non-current**

Deferred revenue

As at 31st March, 2023	As at 31st March, 2022
194.10	203.62
194.10	203.62

Note 13 - Short-term borrowings**Unsecured loans**

Loan from related party

As at 31st March, 2023	As at 31st March, 2022
7.33	32.24
7.33	32.24

Short-term borrowings constitutes unsecured loan from parent company which has no repayment schedule and no interest is payable on the same.

Note 14 - Trade payables

(a) Total outstanding dues of micro and small enterprises

(b) Total outstanding dues of creditors other than micro and small enterprises

As at 31st March, 2023	As at 31st March, 2022
0.01	0.01
0.22	0.64
0.23	0.65

14 (a): Disclosures required under Section 22 of the Micro, Small and Medium Enterprises Development Act, 2009

The amount due to Micro and Small Enterprises as defined in the "The Micro, Small and Medium Enterprises Development Act, 2006" has been determined to the extent such parties have been identified on the basis of information collected by the Management.

The Disclosure relating Micro and Small Enterprises is as under:

Particulars	As at 31st March, 2023	As at 31st March, 2022
The principal amount remaining unpaid to any supplier as at the end of the accounting year	0.01	0.01
Interest on above	-	-
The amount of interest paid along with the principal payment made to the supplier beyond the appointed date during the year	-	-
Amount of interest due and payable on delayed payments	-	-
Amount of further interest remaining due and payable for the earlier years	-	-
Amount of Interest payable on last years interest outstanding	-	-
Total outstanding dues of Micro and Small Enterprises		
- Principal	0.01	0.01
- Interest	-	-

Note 15 - Other current Liabilities

Deferred revenue

Statutory obligations

As at 31st March, 2023	As at 31st March, 2022
9.51	9.51
0.02	0.40
9.53	9.91

Chitradurga Renewable Energy India Private Limited

CIN: U74999KA2018PTC114028

Notes to the financial statements for the year ended 31st March, 2023*(Currency: Indian Rupees in Millions)***Note 16 : Revenue from operations**

Revenue from operation and maintenance services
Revenue from common infra services

For the year ended 31 March, 2023	For the year ended 31 March, 2022
-	1.35
9.51	9.51
9.51	10.86

Note 17 : Other Income

Interest on income tax refund

For the year ended 31 March, 2023	For the year ended 31 March, 2022
0.01	-
0.01	-

Note 18 - Cost of materials consumed

Purchases of materials, cost of jobs and services

For the year ended 31 March, 2023	For the year ended 31 March, 2022
5.45	0.42
5.45	0.42

Note 19 - Other expenses

Rent
Insurance charges
Rates and taxes
Communication
Printing and stationery
Legal and professional fees
Support fees
Payments to auditor
Filing and stamp duty charges

For the year ended 31 March, 2023	For the year ended 31 March, 2022
0.05	0.16
0.06	0.14
-	0.01
0.14	0.14
-	0.04
3.35	0.03
0.03	0.04
0.04	0.03
0.10	-
3.77	0.59

Note 20 : Finance costs**Interest expense on**

- due to effective interest rate adjustment as per Ind AS 109
- on borrowings from parent company
- leases as per ind as 116

For the year ended 31 March, 2023	For the year ended 31 March, 2022
3.04	-
1.83	0.16
4.87	0.16

Note 21: Financial Instruments

21.1 Capital management

The Company's objectives for managing capital comprise safeguarding the business as a going concern, creating value for stakeholders and supporting the development of the Company.

The capital structure of the Company consist of equity share capital and other equity. The Company also has obtained unsecured borrowings from the Parent Company.

The management reviews the capital structure on a quarterly basis. As part of this review, the management considers risks associated with the Company that could result in erosion of its total equity.

21.2 Categories of financial instruments

All the financial assets and financial liabilities of the Company are recognised at amortised costs. The Company considers that the carrying amounts of financial assets and financial liabilities recognised in the financial statements approximate their fair value.

21.3 Financial risk management

The Company's activities expose it to a variety of financial risk notably credit risk and liquidity risk.

The Company's focus is to ensure liquidity which is sufficient to meet Company's operational requirements. The Company monitors and manages key financial risks so as to minimize potential adverse effects on its financial performance. The policies for managing each of these risks are summarised below:

21.3.1 Credit risk

Credit risk refers to the risk that a counterparty will default on its contractual obligations resulting in financial loss to the Company. Bank balances are held with reputed and creditworthy banking institutions.

21.3.2 Market risk

Market risk is the risk that the expected cash flows or fair value of a financial instrument could change owing to changes in market prices. Market risks are primarily composed of foreign exchange risk and price risk. There is no significant risk to the Company on this account.

21.3.3 Foreign exchange risk

Foreign exchange risk is the risk that the fair value or future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in exchange rates. The Company does not have any foreign exchange transactions during the year and also there is no unhedged foreign currency exposures outstanding as at the reporting date.

21.3.4 Price risk

Price risk is the risk that the fair value or future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in net assets value (NAV) of the financial instruments held.

There is no price risk applicable to the Company as it does not hold any investments in other companies.

Chitradurga Renewable Energy India Private Limited
CIN: U74999KA2018PTC114028
Notes to the financial statements for the year ended 31st March, 2023
21.3.5 Liquidity risk

Liquidity risk is the risk that the Company will encounter difficulty in meeting obligations associated with financial liabilities that are settled by delivering cash or another financial asset.

The Company's principal sources of liquidity are cash and cash equivalents and the cash flow that is generated from operations. The company believes that the working capital is sufficient to meet its current requirements.

The following tables detail the Company's remaining contractual maturity for its financial liabilities with agreed repayment and realisation periods. The tables have been drawn up based on the undiscounted cash flows of financial liabilities based on the earliest date on which the Company can be required to pay and realise.

Particulars	Less than 1 year	More than 1 year	Total
As at 31 March, 2023			
Borrowings	7.33	42.50	49.83
Lease Liabilities	1.61	61.38	62.99
Trade payables	0.24	-	0.24
	9.18	103.88	113.06
Particulars	Less than 1 year	More than 1 year	Total
As at 31 March, 2022			
Borrowings	30.65	1.59	32.24
Lease Liabilities	1.53	62.99	64.52
Trade payables	0.61	0.04	0.65
	32.79	64.62	97.41

Chitradurga Renewable Energy India Private Limited
CIN: U74999KA2018PTC114028
Balance sheet as at 31st March, 2023
(Currency: Indian Rupees in Millions)

Note: 22

The company has applied Ind AS 116 using the modified retrospective approach, under which the the Lease liabilities are recognized based on incremental borrowing rate on the initial application date (1.4.2019) and same amount is recognized for right of use assets.

As Lessee

The Company has entered into long term lease contracts for land. The Company has considered hindsight information in order to determine the lease term for recognition of ROU asset and lease liabilities as at 1st April, 2019.

Amounts recognised in balance sheet

The balance sheet shows the following amounts relating to leases:

Particulars	As at 31 March, 2023	As at 31 March, 2022
Right-of-use assets	23.77	24.65
Total	23.77	24.65

Particulars	As at 31 March, 2023	As at 31 March, 2022
Lease Liabilities		
Current	1.61	1.53
Non-current	16.16	15.94
Total	17.77	17.47

Movement in Right of Use Assets and Lease Liabilities

Right of Use Assets	As at 31 March, 2023	As at 31 March, 2022
Opening	24.65	24.72
Addition/Modification During period	-	-
Depreciation	-	(0.07)
Closing Balance	24.65	24.65

Lease Liabilities	As at 31 March, 2023	As at 31 March, 2022
Opening	17.47	24.72
Addition/Modification During period	-	-
Finance Cost	1.83	0.16
Lease Liability Payments	(1.53)	(7.41)
Closing Balance	17.77	17.47

Amounts recognised in the statement of profit and loss

The statement of profit or loss shows the following amounts relating to leases:

Particulars	For the year ended 31st March, 2023	For the year ended 31st March, 2022
Depreciation charge of right-of-use assets	-	0.07
Interest expense (included in finance costs)	1.83	0.16
Total	1.83	0.23

The undiscounted cash flow payable by the company is as follows:

Particulars	For the year ended 31st March, 2023	For the year ended 31st March, 2022
Not later than 1 period	1.61	1.53
Later than 1 period and not later than 5 periods	8.52	8.36
Later than 5 periods	52.86	54.63
Total Lease Payments	62.99	64.52

Chitradurga Renewable Energy India Private Limited
CIN: U74999KA2018PTC114028
Balance sheet as at 31st March, 2023
(Currency: Indian Rupees in Millions)

Note 23-Income Taxes

23.1 The income tax expense for the period can be reconciled to the accounting profit as follows:

Particulars	For the year ended 31st March, 2022	For the year ended 31st March, 2021
Profit before tax	(13.91)	1.16
Enacted income tax rate in India	25.17%	25.17%
Income tax expense calculated at 25.17%	(3.50)	0.29
Effect of expenses not deductible in determining taxable profits	(0.42)	-
Items on which no deferred tax was recognised in earlier years	1.82	-
Income tax expense recognised in Statement of Profit and Loss	(2.10)	0.29

23.2

The tax rate used for the period FY 2022-23 as well as financial year 2021-22 is at 25.17%. The reconciliations above is the corporate tax rate of payable by corporate entities in India on taxable profits under the Indian tax law.

23.3 Deferred taxes

The following table provides the details of movement of deferred tax assets and liabilities:

For the year ended 31st March, 2023			
Item of deferred tax asset/(liability)	Opening Balance	(Charge)/Credit in P&L	Closing Balance
<u>Deferred tax liabilities:</u>			
Difference between book balance and tax balance of property, plant and equipment	(17.56)	7.18	(10.38)
<u>Deferred tax assets:</u>			
Unabsorbed depreciation and book losses	18.63	(5.08)	13.55
Deferred tax liabilities (net)	1.07	2.10	3.17
For the year ended 31st March, 2022			
Item of deferred tax asset/(liability)	Opening Balance	(Charge)/Credit in P&L	Closing Balance
<u>Deferred tax liabilities:</u>			
Difference between book balance and tax balance of property, plant and equipment	(11.81)	(5.75)	(17.56)
<u>Deferred tax assets:</u>			
Unabsorbed depreciation and book losses	13.17	5.46	18.63
Deferred tax liabilities (net)	1.36	(0.29)	1.07

Chitradurga Renewable Energy India Private Limited
CIN: U74999KA2018PTC114028
Notes to the financial statements for the year ended 31st March, 2023
(Currency: Indian Rupees in Millions)

Note 24 : Related Party disclosure

(a) Name of the Related Party and Description of relationship

Sr. Relation	Name of Related party
Parent Company	Clean Max Enviro Energy Solutions Pvt Ltd
Fellow Subsidiary Company where there are related party transactions	Clean Max Pluto Solar LLP Clean Max Deneb Power LLP Clean Max Vega Power LLP
Key Management Personnel	Kuldeep Jain Nikunj Ghodawat

(b) Transactions with related parties during the period
Particulars

	For the year ended 31st March, 2023	For the year ended 31st March, 2022
Clean Max Enviro Energy Solutions Pvt Ltd		
Short term borrowing received	17.68	30.65
Short term borrowing repaid	42.59	-
Long Term borrowing received	42.50	-
Support Fees	0.03	-
Interest Expense	3.04	-
Clean Max Deneb Power LLP		
Revenue from operation and maintenance	-	0.30
Sale of land	-	1.92
Clean Max Pluto Solar LLP		
Revenue from operation and maintenance	-	0.60
Clean Max Vega Power LLP		
Revenue from operation and maintenance	-	0.45

Note : Above transactions are exclusive of GST.

(c) Outstanding Balances
Particulars

	As at 31st March 2023	As at 31st March 2022
Clean Max Enviro Energy Solutions Pvt Ltd		
Short Term Borrowings	7.33	32.24
Long Term Borrowings	42.50	-
Trade Payables	0.11	0.08
Clean Max Deneb Power LLP		
Trade Receivables	1.92	1.92
Clean Max Pluto Solar LLP		
Trade Receivables	0.65	0.65

Note 25

Earnings per share (EPS)

Basic and diluted

	As at 31st March 2023	As at 31st March 2022
Profit/(Loss) after tax	(11.81)	0.87
Number of equity shares	10,000	10,000
Earnings per share (not annualised)	(1,181.00)	87.00

Chitradurga Renewable Energy India Private Limited
CIN: U74999KA2018PTC114028
Notes to the financial statements for the year ended 31st March, 2023
(Currency: Indian Rupees in Millions)

Note 26 - Key Ratios

a) Current Ratio = Current Assets divided by Current Liabilities

Particulars	For year ended 31st March, 2023	For year ended 31st March, 2022
Current Assets	11.13	5.11
Current Liabilities	18.71	44.33
Ratio	0.59	0.12

b) Debt Equity ratio = Total debt divided by Total equity where total debt refers to sum of current & non current borrowings

Particulars	For year ended 31st March, 2023	For year ended 31st March, 2022
Total Debt	52.87	32.24
Total Equity	(15.11)	(3.30)
Ratio	(3.50)	(9.77)

c) Debt Service Coverage Ratio = Earnings available for debt services divided by Total interest and

Particulars	For year ended 31st March, 2023	For year ended 31st March, 2022
EBITDA	0.30	9.85
Total interest and principal repayments	-	-
Ratio	-	-

d) Return on Equity Ratio / Return on investment Ratio = Net profit/(loss) after tax attributable to owners of the Company divided by Average Equity attributable to owners of the Company

Particulars	For year ended 31st March, 2023	For year ended 31st March, 2022
Net profit/(loss) after tax attributable to owners of the Company	(11.81)	0.87
Average Equity attributable to owners of the Company	(9.21)	(3.73)
Ratio	1.28	(0.23)

e) Inventory Turnover Ratio = Cost of goods sold divided by average inventory - NA as no Inventory and purchases of goods

f) Trade Receivables turnover ratio = Sales divided by average trade receivables

Particulars	For year ended 31st March, 2023	For year ended 31st March, 2022
Sales	9.51	10.86
Average Trade Receivables	2.57	1.29
Ratio	3.70	8.42

g) Trade payables turnover ratio = purchases divided by average trade payables

Particulars	For year ended 31st March, 2023	For year ended 31st March, 2022
Purchases	5.45	0.42
Average Trade Payables	0.45	0.06
Ratio	12.11	7.00

h) Net Working Capital Turnover Ratio = Sales divided by average Working capital whereas net working capital= current assets - current liabilities

Particulars	For year ended 31st March, 2023	For year ended 31st March, 2022
Sales	9.51	10.86
Current Assets (A)	11.13	5.11
Current Liabilities (B)	18.71	44.33
Net Working Capital (A-B)	(7.58)	(39.22)
Average Working Capital	(23.40)	(24.41)
Ratio	(0.41)	(0.44)

Chitradurga Renewable Energy India Private Limited**CIN: U74999KA2018PTC114028****Notes to the financial statements for the year ended 31st March, 2023***(Currency: Indian Rupees in Millions)***i) Net profit ratio = Net profit/(loss) after tax divided by Net Sales**

Particulars	For year ended 31st March, 2023	For year ended 31st March, 2022
Net Profit after tax	(11.81)	0.87
Net Sales	9.51	10.86
Ratio	(1.24)	0.08

j) Return on Capital employed =Earnings before interest and taxes(EBIT) divided by Capital Employed

Particulars	For year ended 31st March, 2023	For year ended 31st March, 2022
Net profit after tax(A)	(11.81)	0.87
Finance Costs (B)	4.87	0.16
Total Tax Expense (C)	(2.10)	0.29
EBIT (D) = (A)+(B)+(C)	(9.04)	1.32
Total equity (E)	(15.11)	(3.30)
Total debt (H)	274.51	263.89
Capital Employed (I)=(E)-(F)-(G)+(H)	259.40	260.59
Ratio (D)/(I)	(0.03)	0.01

k) Return on Investment = Income from investment divided by the closing balance of the investment

Note:

This ratio is not applicable as the Company does not have any projects/investments other than current operations.

The above Non-GAAP measures presented may not be comparable to similarly titled measures reported by other companies. Further, it should be noted that these are not a measure of operating performance or liquidity defined by generally accepted accounting principles and may not be comparable to similarly titled measures presented by other companies.

Chitradurga Renewable Energy India Private Limited
CIN: U74999KA2018PTC114028
Notes to the financial statements for the year ended 31st March, 2023
(Currency: Indian Rupees in Millions)

Note 27- Trade Payable Ageing Schedule

Particulars	Not due	Less than 6 months	6 months - 1 years	1 - 2 Years	2-3 Years	> 3 Years	Total
As at 31st March, 2023							
(i) Micro, small and medium enterprise (MSME)	-	-	-	0.01		-	0.01
(ii) Others	-	-	0.19	0.04	-	-	0.23
Total	-	-	0.19	0.05	-	-	0.24

Particulars	Not due	Less than 6 months	6 months - 1 years	1 - 2 Years	2-3 Years	> 3 Years	Total
As at 31st March, 2022							
(i) Micro, small and medium enterprise (MSME)	-	0.01	-	-	-	-	0.01
(ii) Others	-	0.64	-	-	-	-	0.64
Total	-	0.65	-	-	-	-	0.65

| The above figures are considered from the date of invoice

Note 28 - Trade Receivable Ageing schedule

Particulars	Less than 6 months	6 months - 1 years	1 - 2 Years	2-3 Years	More than 3 Years	Total
As at 31 March 2023						
(i) Undisputed, considered good	-	-	2.57	-	-	2.57
Total	-	-	2.57	-	-	2.57

Particulars	Less than 6 months	6 months - 1 years	1 - 2 Years	2-3 Years	More than 3 Years	Total
As at 31 March 2022						
(i) Undisputed, considered good	-	2.57	-	-	-	2.57
Total	-	2.57	-	-	-	2.57

The above figures are considered from the date of invoice

Chitradurga Renewable Energy India Private Limited

CIN: U74999KA2018PTC114028

Notes to the financial statements for the year ended 31st March, 2023

(Currency: Indian Rupees in Millions)

Note 29

There are no contingent liabilities as at 31st March, 2023 and as at 31st March, 2022.

Note 30

Operating Segments are reported in a manner consistent with the internal reporting provided to the Chief operating decision maker ("CODM") of the Company. The CODM who is responsible for allocating resources and assessing performance of the operating segments has been identified as the Board of Directors of the Company.

The Company operates only in one business segment i.e. "Sale of Solar Power" which is reviewed by CODM and all the activities incidental thereto are within India, hence Company does not have any reportable segments as per Ind AS 108 "Operating Segments".

Information about major customers:-

There are no customers from where the Company has earned more than 10% of its total revenue.

Note 31

Reconciliation of movements of liabilities to cash flows arising from financing activities

	For the period ended 31st March, 2023	For the period ended 31st March, 2022
Borrowings at the beginning of the period (current and non-current borrowings)	32.24	1.59
Proceeds from non-current borrowings	42.50	-
Repayments of non-current borrowings	-	-
Proceeds from short term borrowing (net)	(24.91)	30.65
Other non cash changes - effect of EIR	3.04	-
Borrowings at the end of the period (current and non-current borrowings)	52.87	32.24

Note 32

For the year ended 31 March 2023, the company current liabilities have exceeded the current assets by Rs.7.42 millions primarily on account of payables to the holding company towards the interest and short term borrowings. Management is confident of its ability to generate future cash inflows from operations so that it would be able to meet its obligations on due dates. On these considerations, these financial statements are prepared on a going concern basis. In addition to this, the Company has continuing support from Clean Max Enviro Energy Solutions Pvt Ltd to provide financial support as may be required to enable the Company to meet its debts and obligations as they fall due.

Note 33

Company is not required to spend amounts on account of CSR as per Section 135 of Companies Act, 2013

Note 34 - Rule 11

a) The Company has not given Loans or advances in the nature of loans to promoters, directors, KMPs and the related parties, that are repayable on demand or without specifying any terms or period of repayment.

b) No funds have been advanced or loaned or invested (either from borrowed funds or share premium or any other sources or kind of funds) by the Company to or in any other person(s) or entity(ies), including foreign entities ("Intermediaries"), with the understanding, whether recorded in writing or otherwise, that the Intermediary shall, directly or indirectly lend or invest in other persons or entities identified in any manner whatsoever by or on behalf of the Company ("Ultimate Beneficiaries") or provide any guarantee, security or the like on behalf of the Ultimate Beneficiaries.

c) No funds have been received by the Company from any person(s) or entity(ies), including foreign entities ("Funding Parties"), with the understanding, whether recorded in writing or otherwise, that the Company shall, directly or indirectly, lend or invest in other persons or entities identified in any manner whatsoever by or on behalf of the Funding Party ("Ultimate Beneficiaries") or provide any guarantee, security or the like on behalf of the Ultimate Beneficiaries.

Note 35

i. The Company has no relationship and transactions with struck off companies.

ii. The Company has not any entered in scheme of arrangement under section 230 to 237 of Companies Act 2013.

iii. The Company does not have any transaction which is not recorded in the books of accounts that has been surrendered or disclosed as income during the year in the tax assessments under the Income Tax Act, 1961.

iv. The Company has complied with the number of layers prescribed under clause (87) of Section 2 of the Companies Act, 2013 read with the companies (Restriction on number of layer) Rules, 2017.

For and on behalf of the Board of
Chitradurga Renewable Energy India Private Limited
CIN: U74999KA2018PTC114028



Kuldeep P. Jain
Director
DIN: 02683041
Place: Mumbai
Date: 02nd May, 2023



Nikunj Ghodawat
Director
DIN : 07721006
Place: Mumbai
Date: 02nd May, 2023