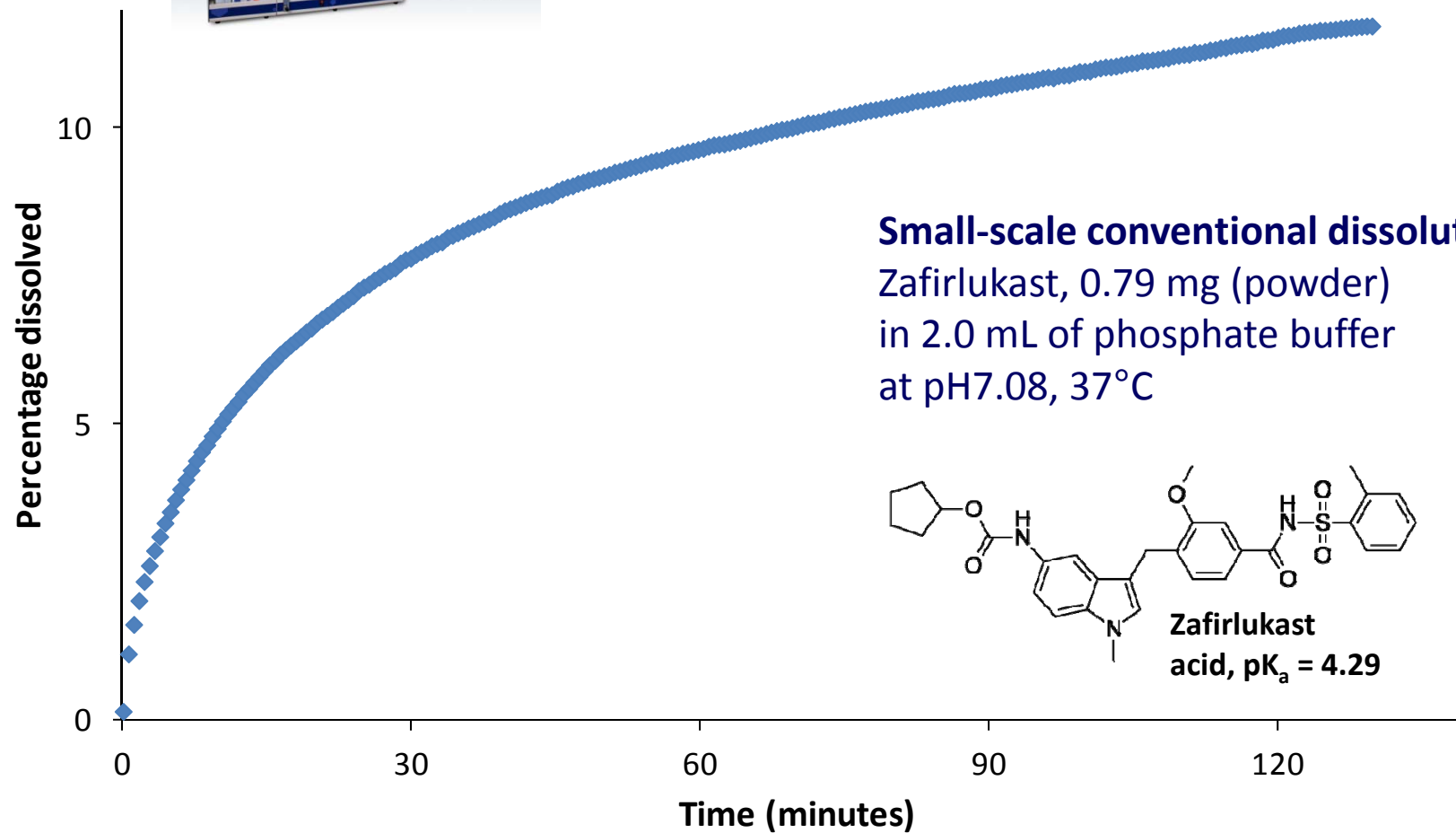




Use of SDI to assess dissolution characteristics of OTC pharmaceuticals with controlled release rate **formulations**

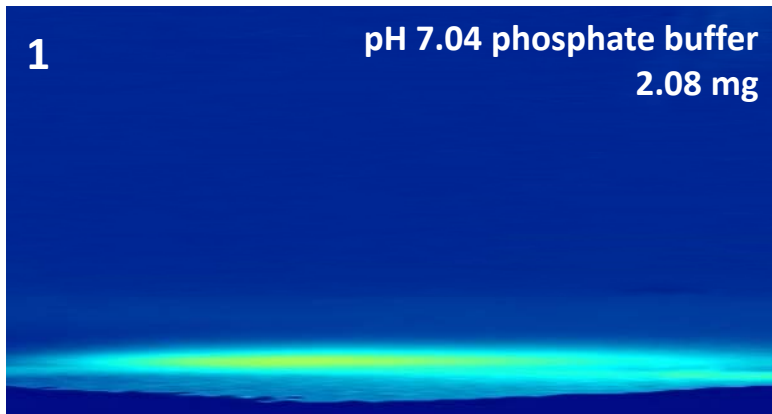
John Comer, CSO
Sirius Analytical Ltd.





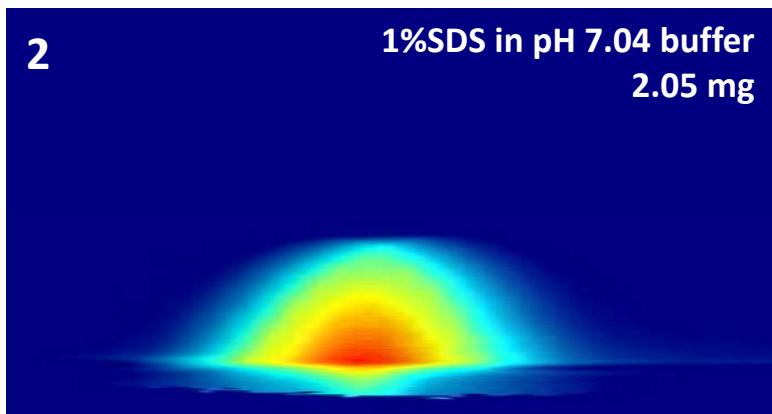
1

pH 7.04 phosphate buffer
2.08 mg



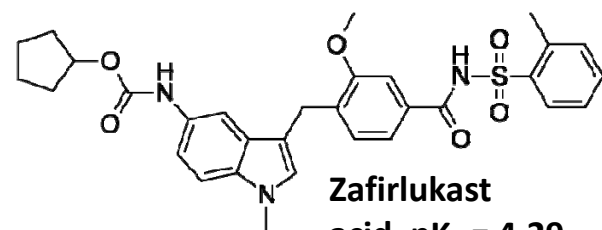
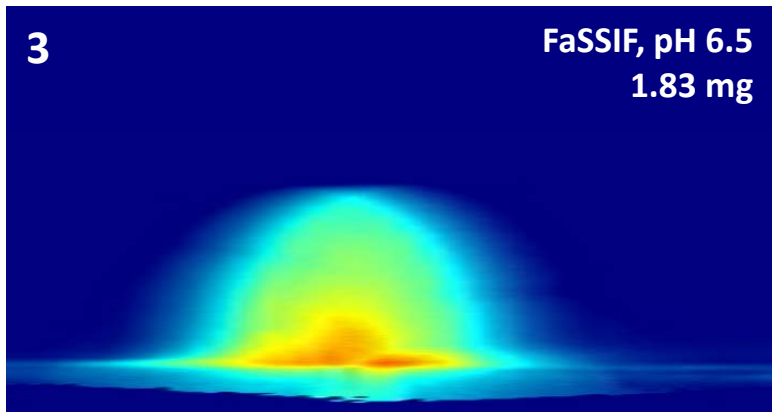
2

1%SDS in pH 7.04 buffer
2.05 mg

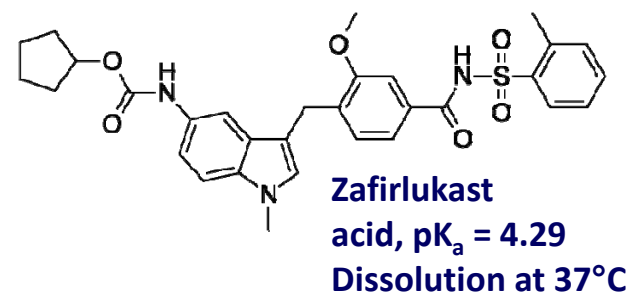
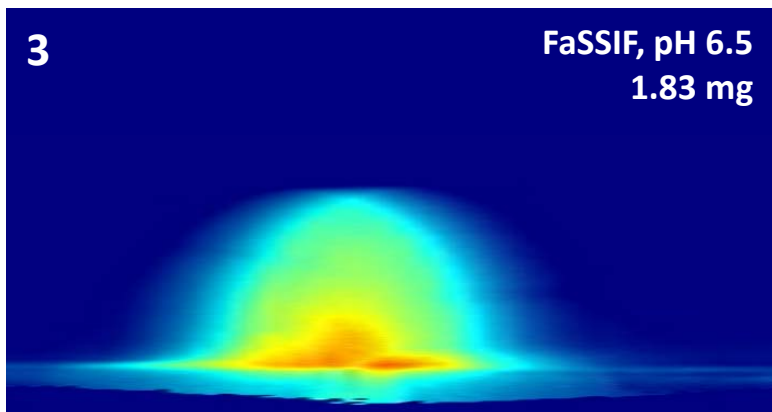
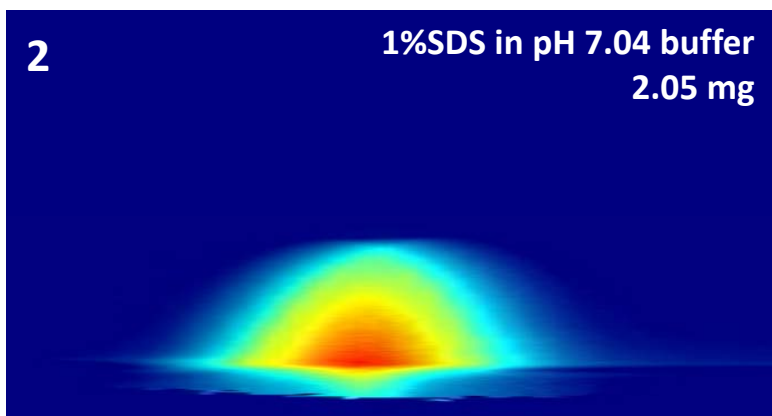
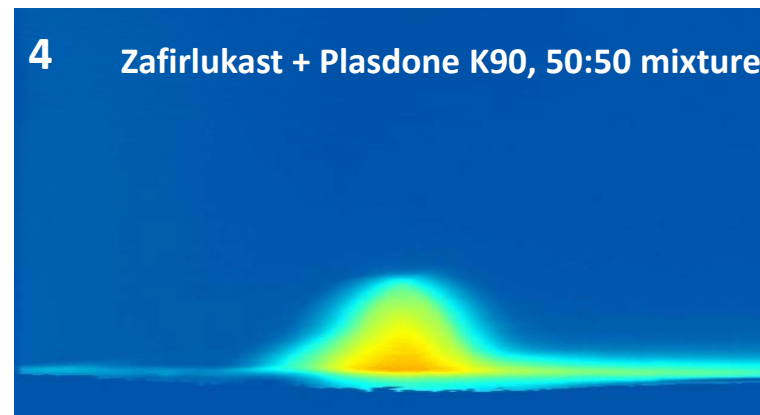
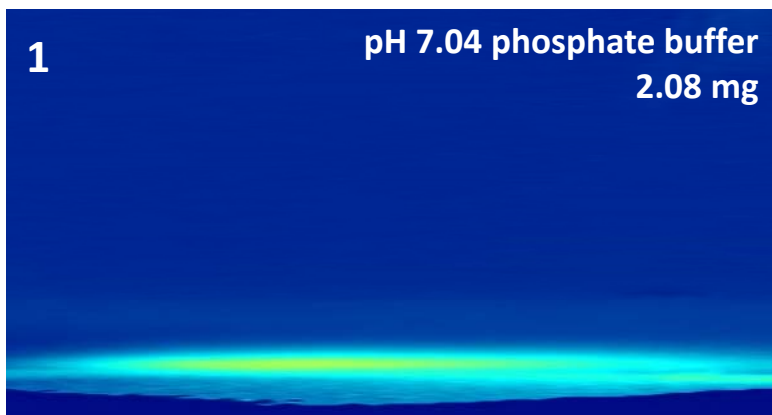


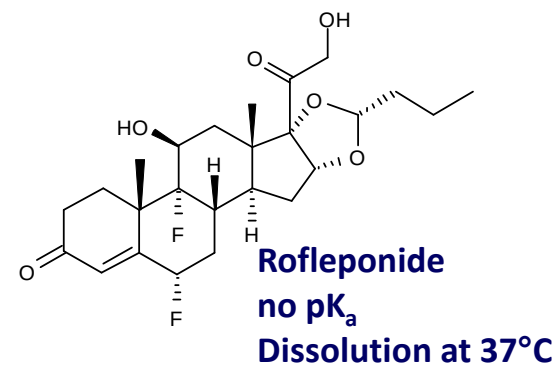
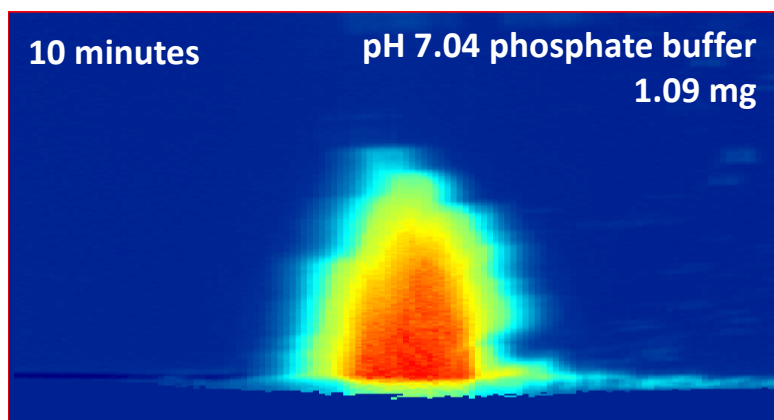
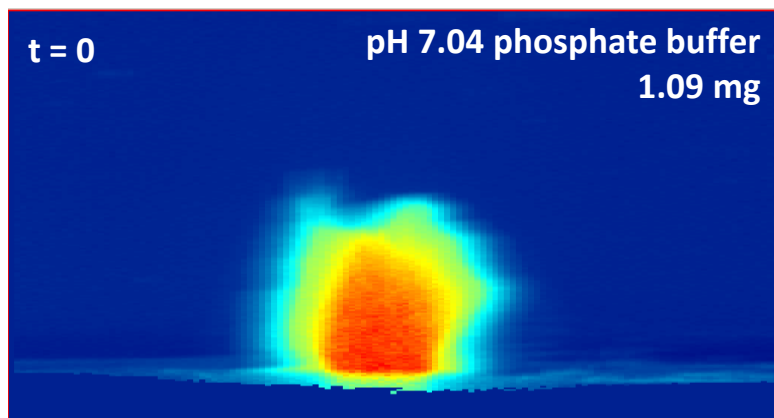
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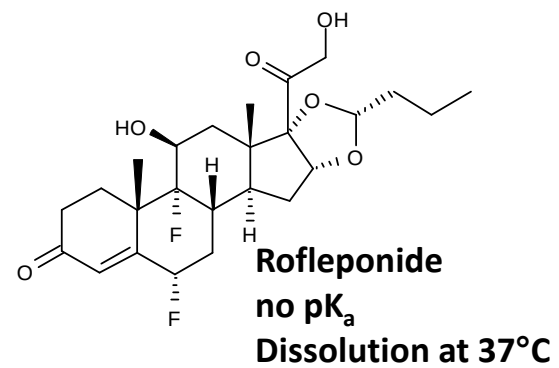
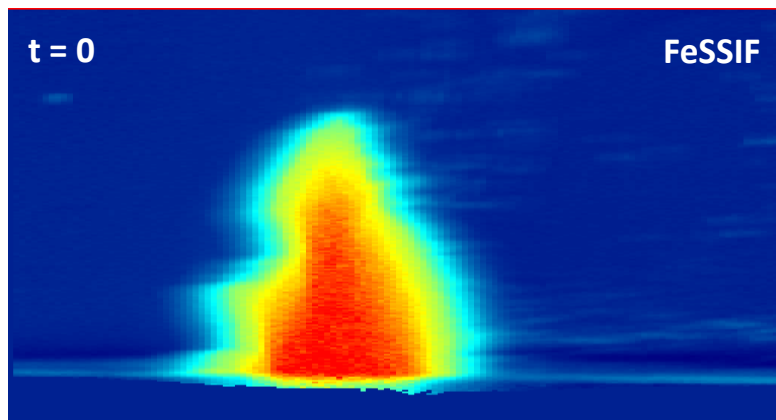
FaSSIF, pH 6.5
1.83 mg

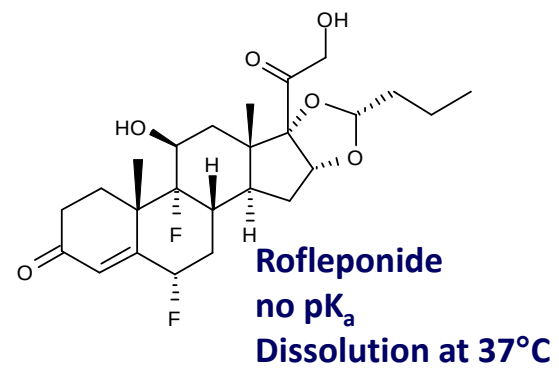
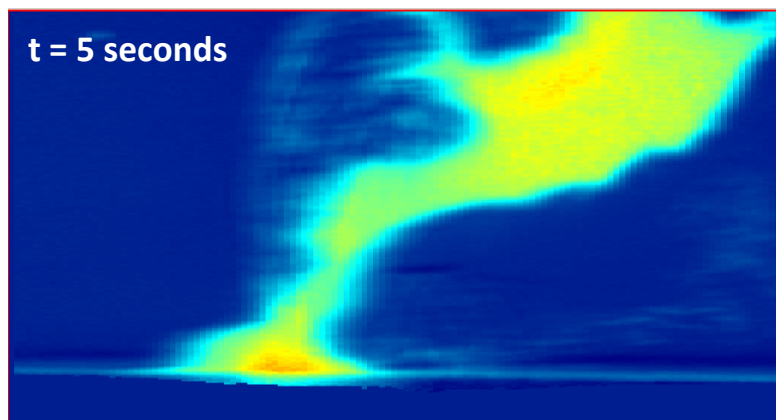
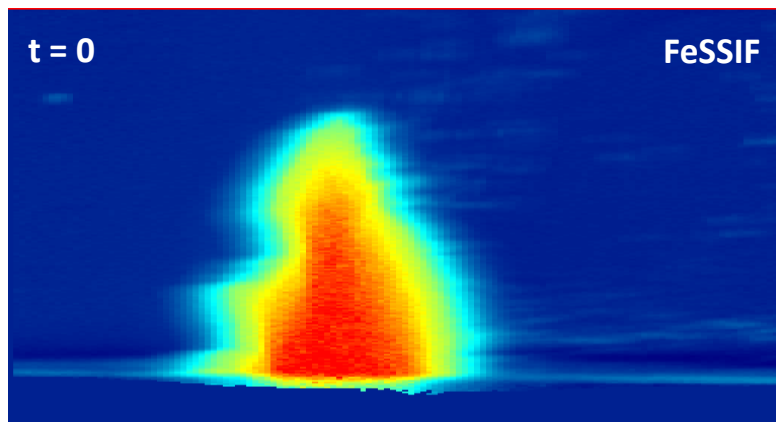


Zafirlukast
acid, $pK_a = 4.29$
Dissolution at 37°C









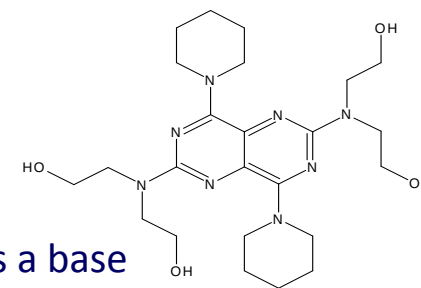


Dissolution studies with dipyridamole

Phosphate buffer, pH 6.8

Amorphous solid dispersions with HPMC-AS*
to enhance solubility

Comparison of data from SiriusT3 and SDI



Dipyridamole is a base

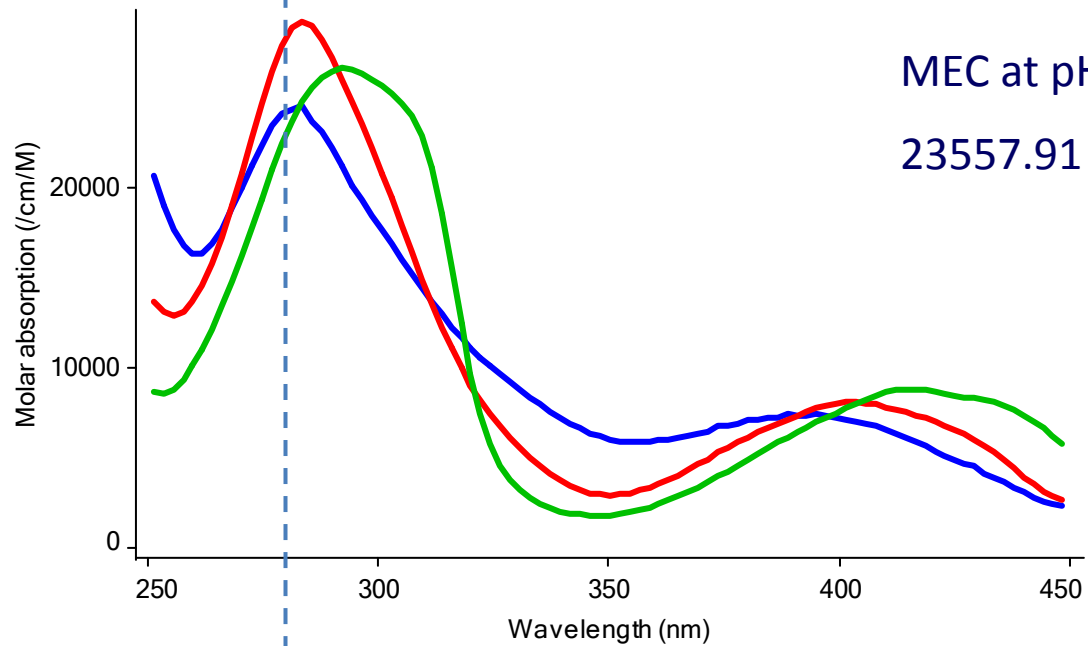
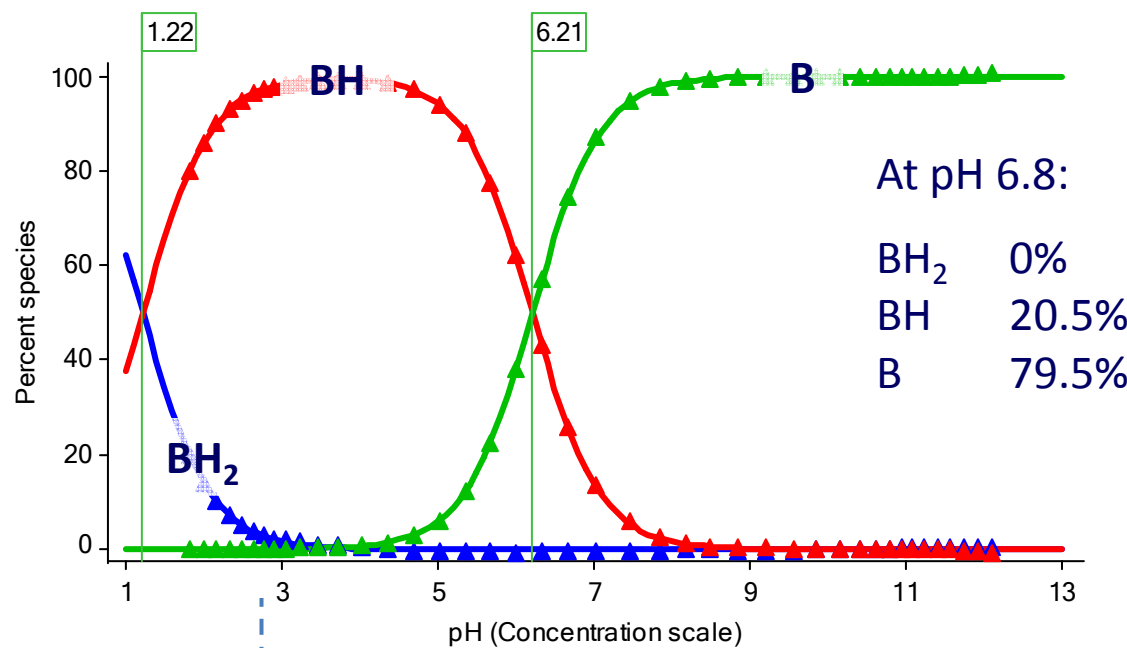
It has two pK_a s: 0.85 and 6.24

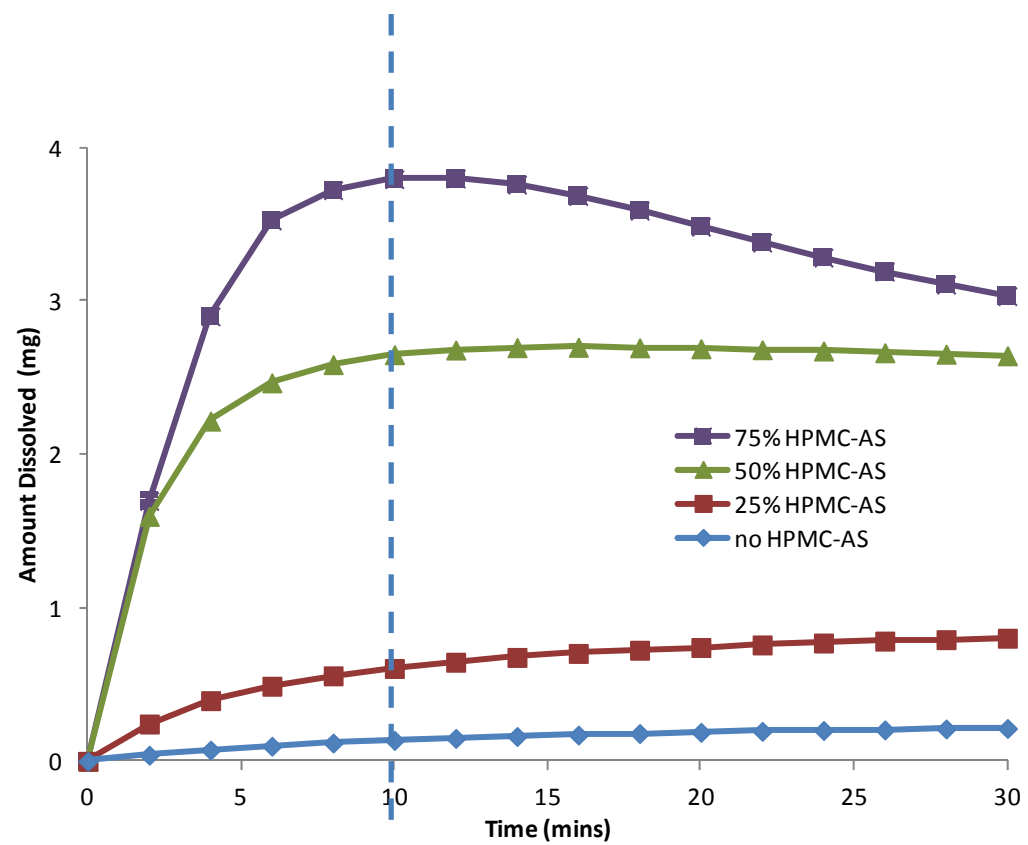
Sample introduced in neutral form

9/28

©2013

* Hydroxypropyl Methylcellulose Acetate Succinate, Shin-Etsu Chemical Company Ltd.





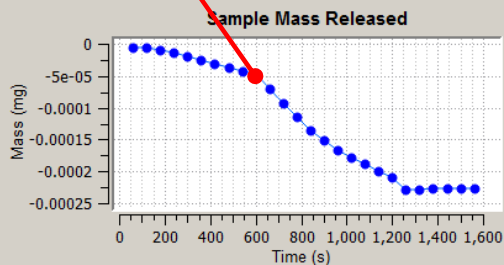
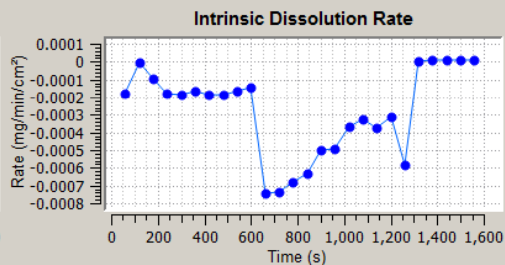
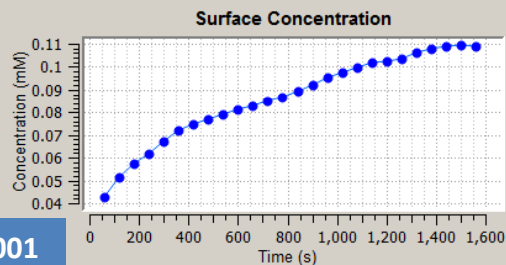
11/28

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	Weights (mg) released after 600 sec.		
	T3	SDI	SDI x 1000
no HPMC-AS	0.136	0	0
25% HPMC-AS	0.606	0.0007	0.7
50% HPMC-AS	2.652	0.0026	2.6
75% HPMC-AS	3.796	0.0037	3.7

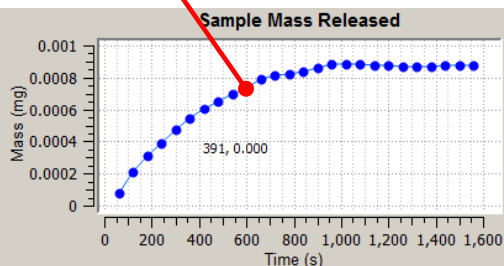
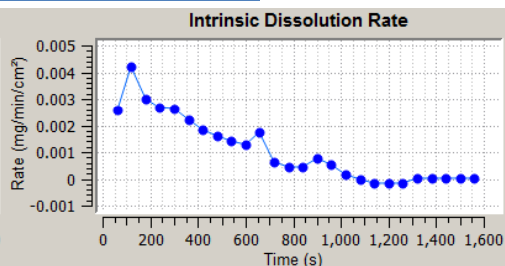
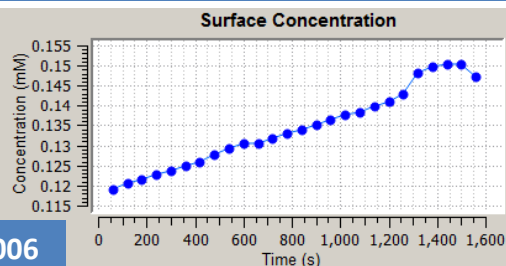
100% dipyridamole – no HPMC-AS

001



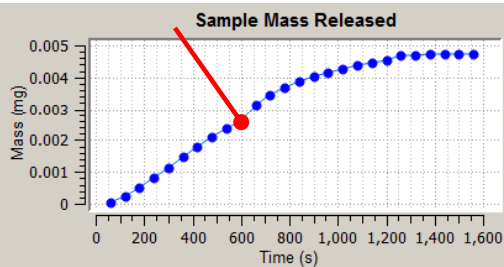
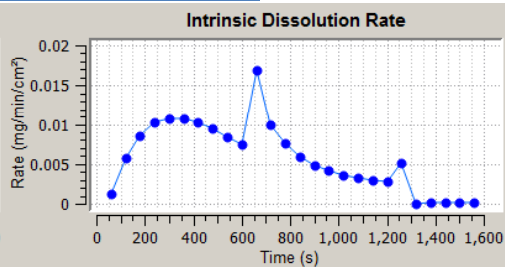
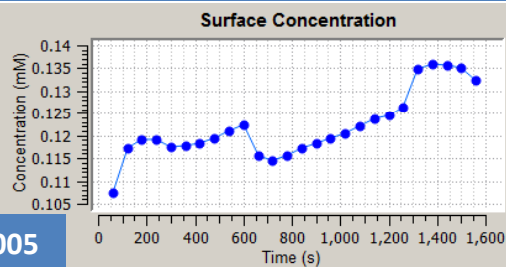
75% dipyridamole – 25% HPMC-AS

006



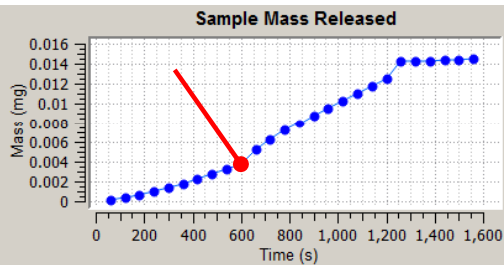
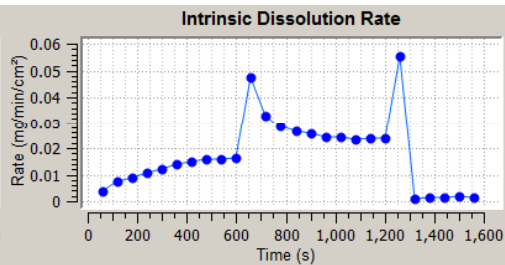
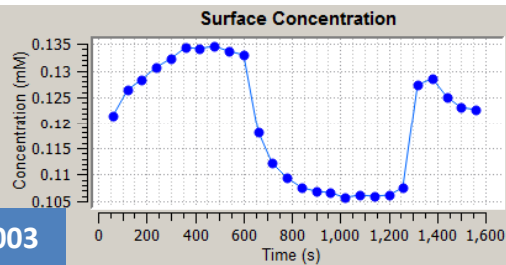
50% dipyridamole – 50% HPMC-AS

005



25% dipyridamole – 75% HPMC-AS

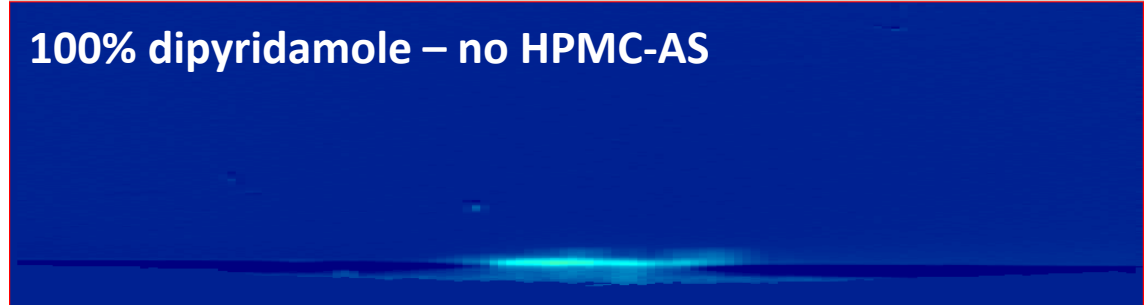
003



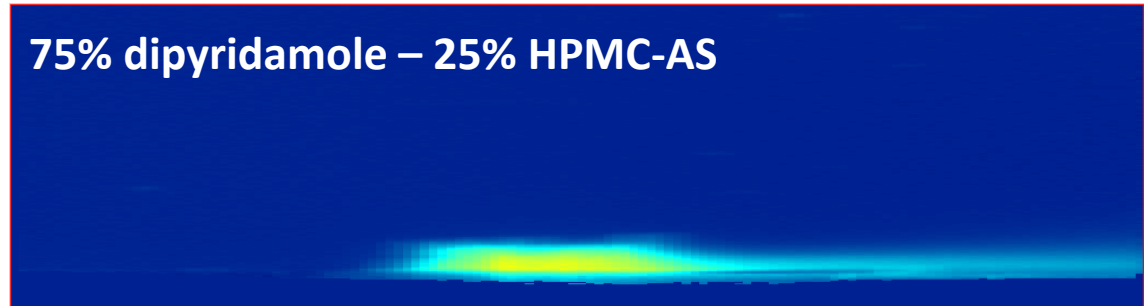


Snapshots at 10 minutes

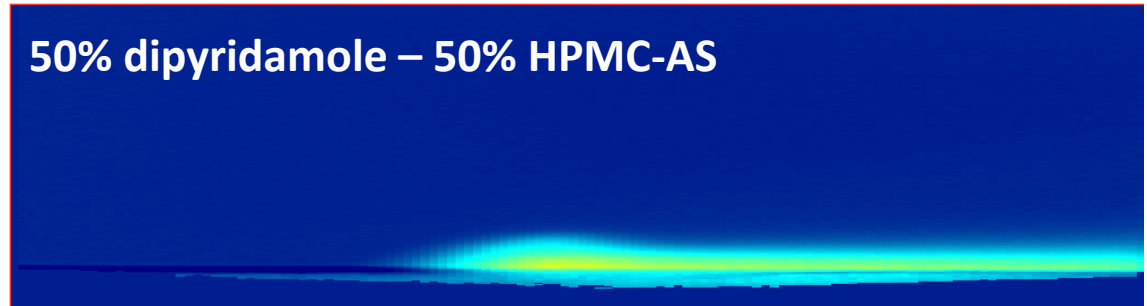
100% dipyridamole – no HPMC-AS



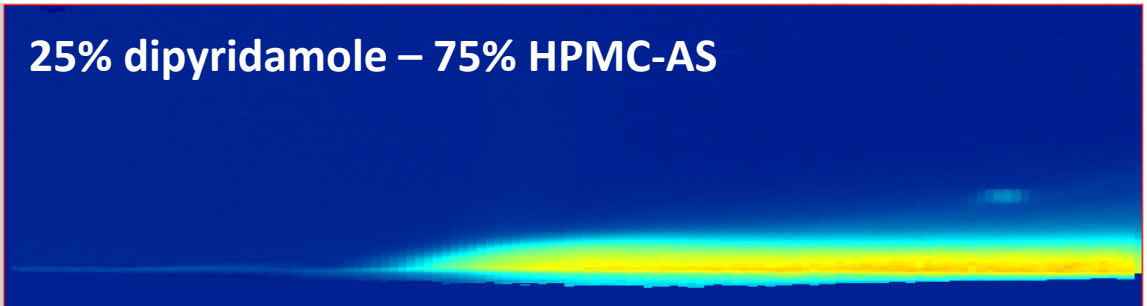
75% dipyridamole – 25% HPMC-AS



50% dipyridamole – 50% HPMC-AS



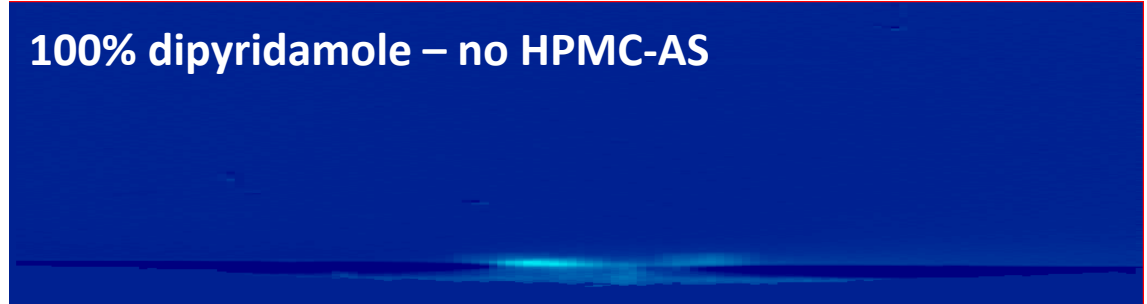
25% dipyridamole – 75% HPMC-AS



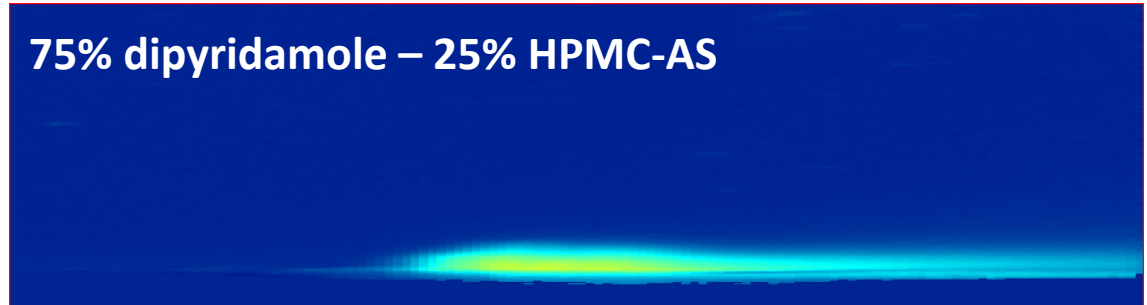


Snapshots at 2 minutes

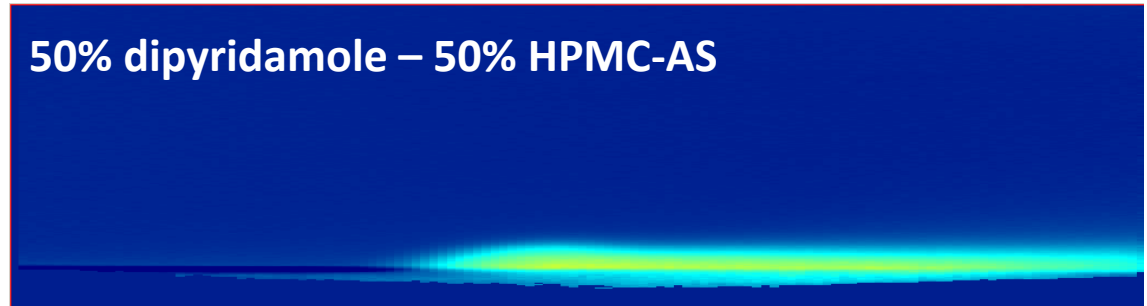
100% dipyridamole – no HPMC-AS



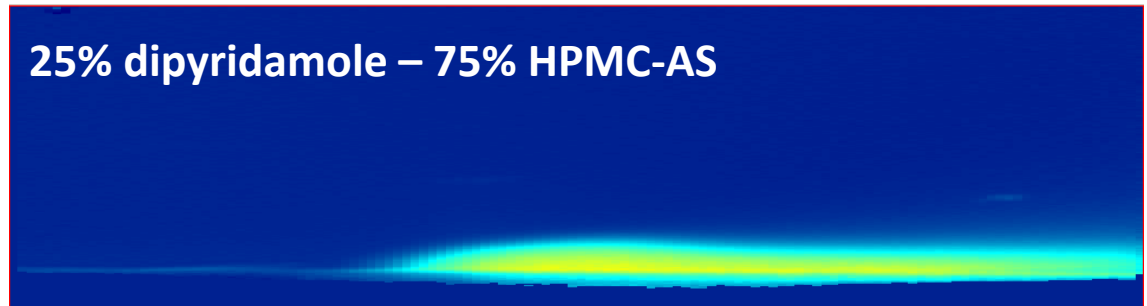
75% dipyridamole – 25% HPMC-AS



50% dipyridamole – 50% HPMC-AS



25% dipyridamole – 75% HPMC-AS





SDI in solubility enhancement studies

- Easy to set up
- Easy to run at 37°C
- Learn enough in 2 minutes to see where experiment is going
 - A great feature if you're testing lots of trial formulations



Dissolution studies with theophylline

Phosphate buffer, pH 6.8

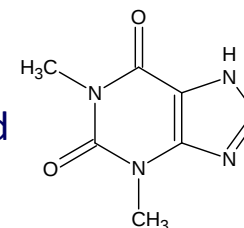
Controlled release formulations with Metolose® SR*
to delay dissolution

Comparison of data from SiriusT3 and SDI

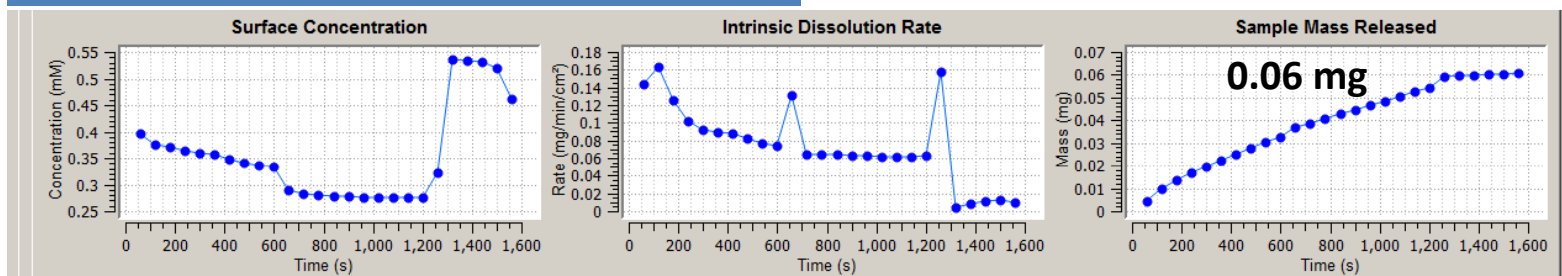
Theophylline is an acid

It has one pK_a : 8.61

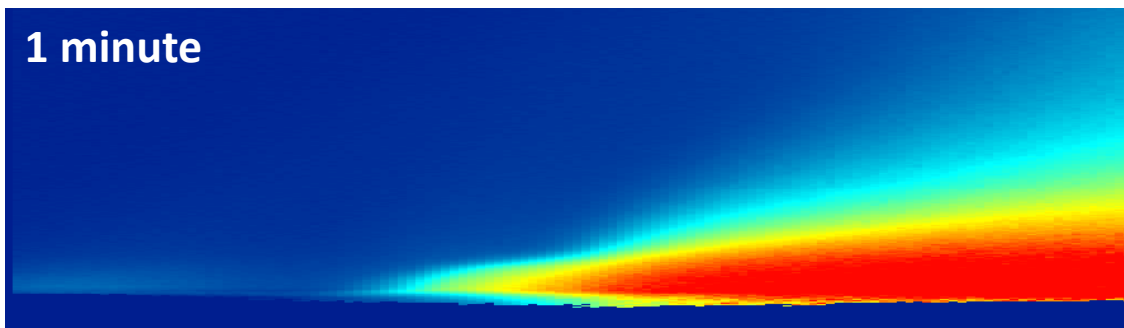
Sample introduced in neutral form



100% Theophylline – no Metolose SR

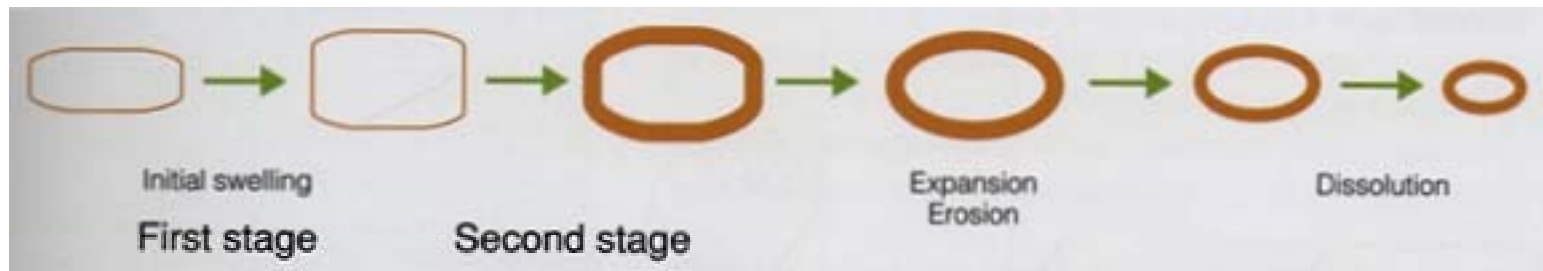


1 minute



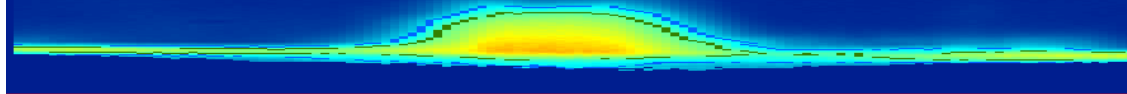
Slow release formulations with Metolose SR

- Mix together the two powders (theophylline + Metolose SR)
- Two grades used: 90SH-4000SR; 90SH-100000SR
- Make pellet and place in instrument
- Expected behaviour during dissolution:

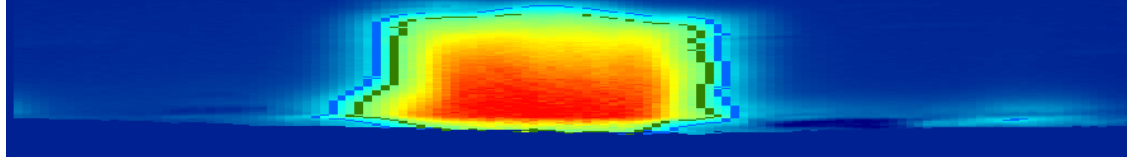


4000 – 0 sec.

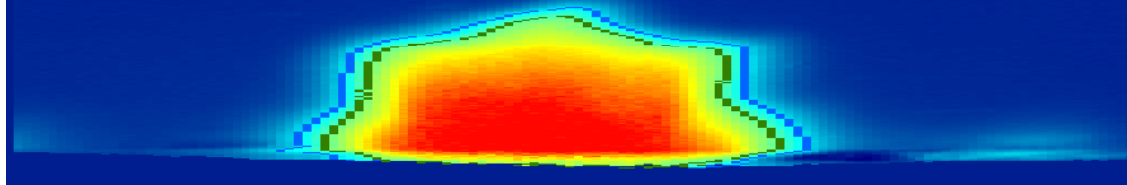
Experiment with no flow



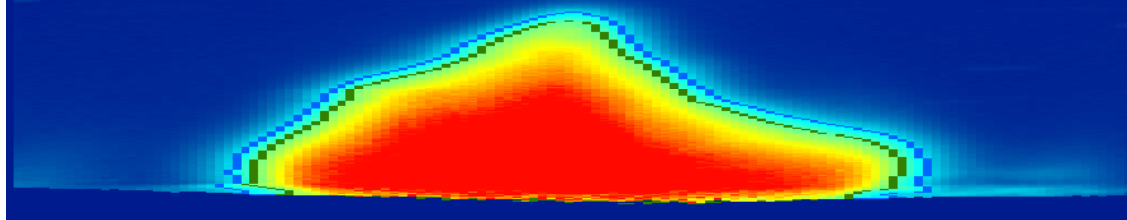
4000 – 10 sec.



4000 – 20 sec.

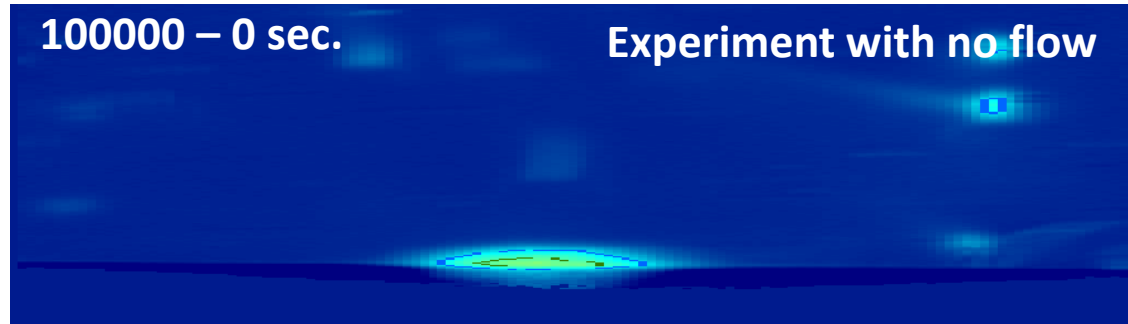


4000 – 40 sec.

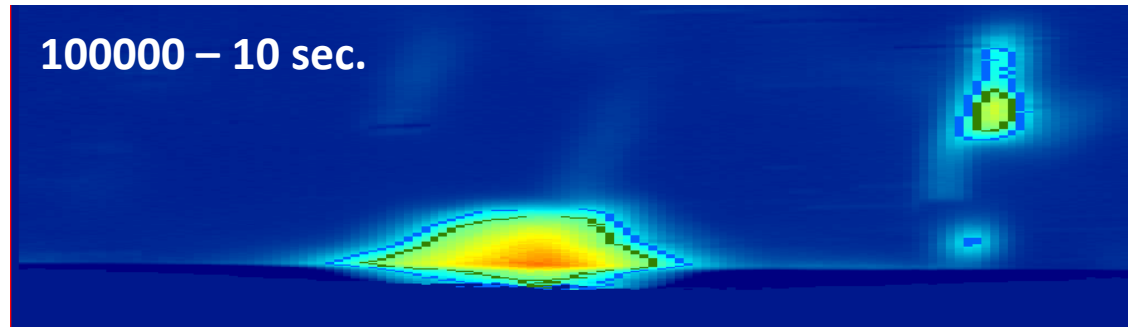


100000 – 0 sec.

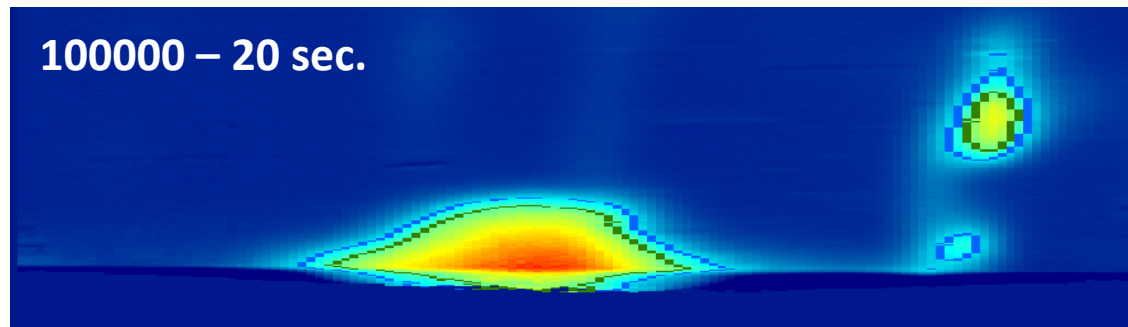
Experiment with no flow



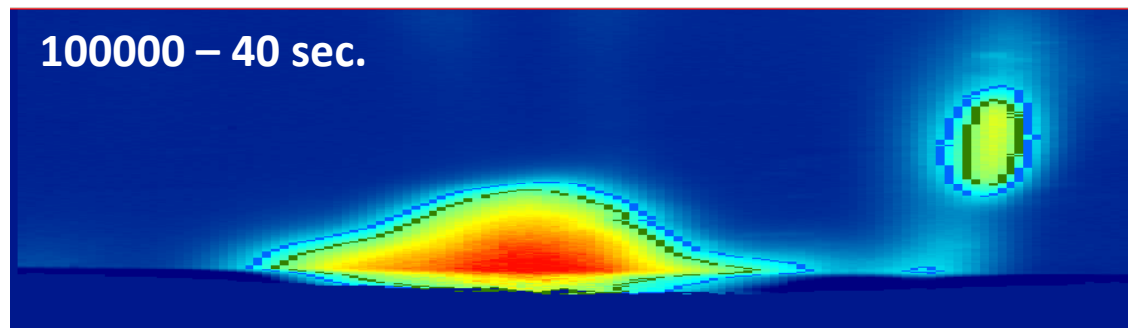
100000 – 10 sec.



100000 – 20 sec.



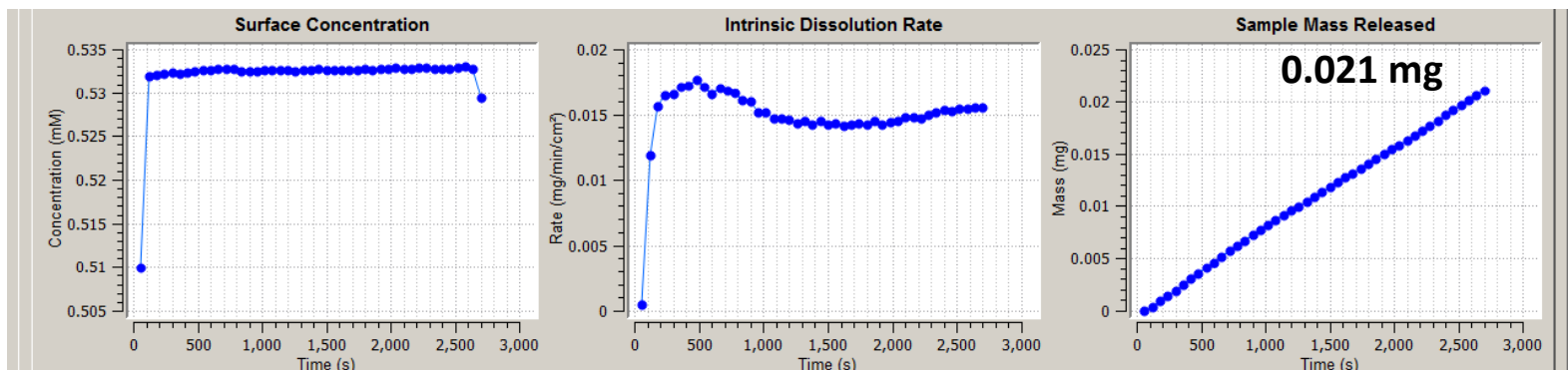
100000 – 40 sec.



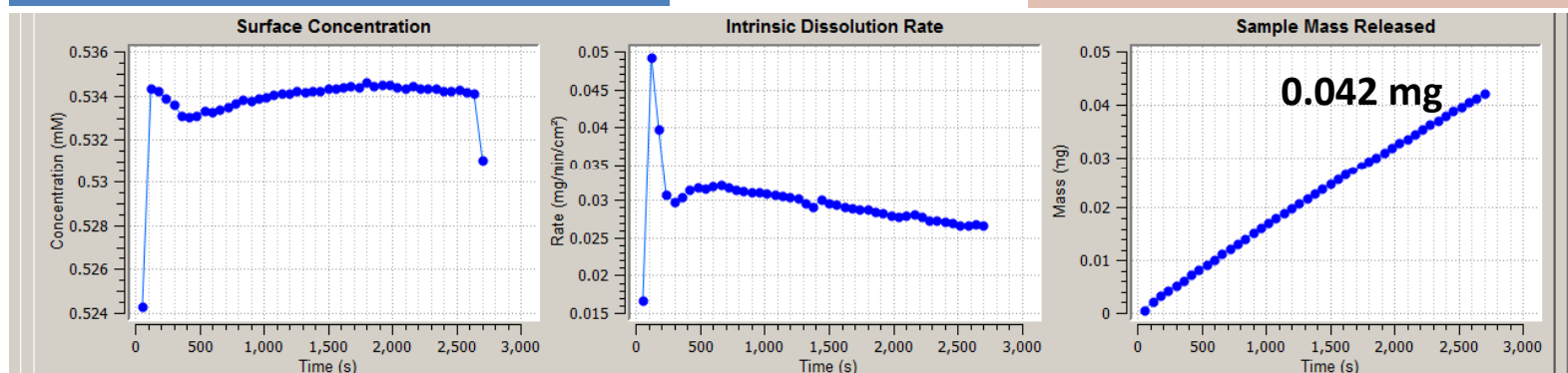


45 minutes at 0.2 mL/min

Metolose SR 90SH-4000SR

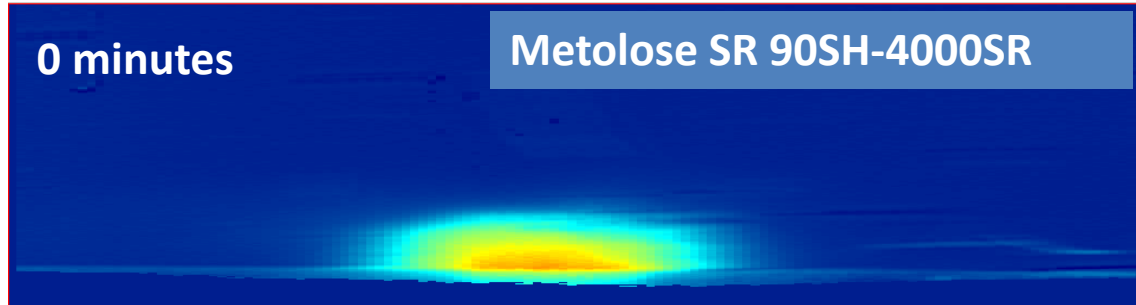


Metolose SR 90SH-10000SR

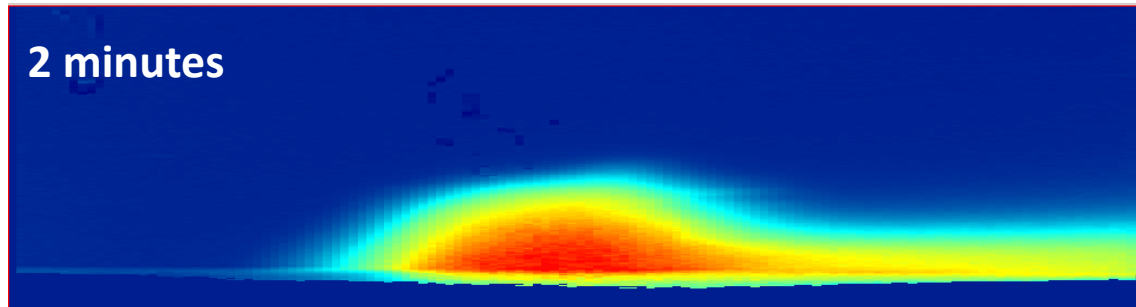


0 minutes

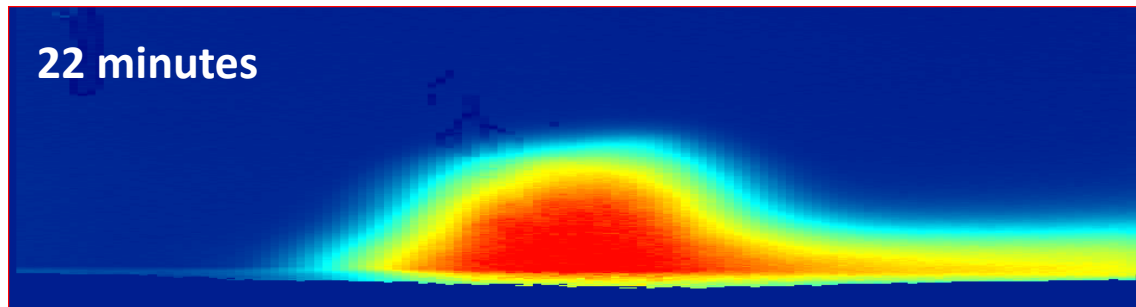
Metolose SR 90SH-4000SR



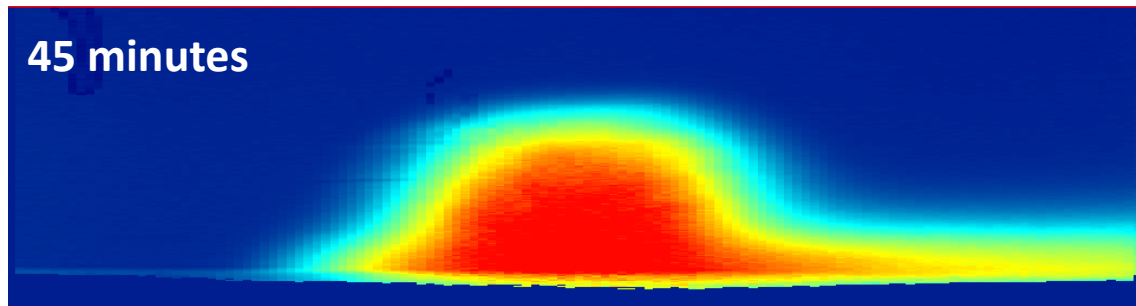
2 minutes



22 minutes



45 minutes



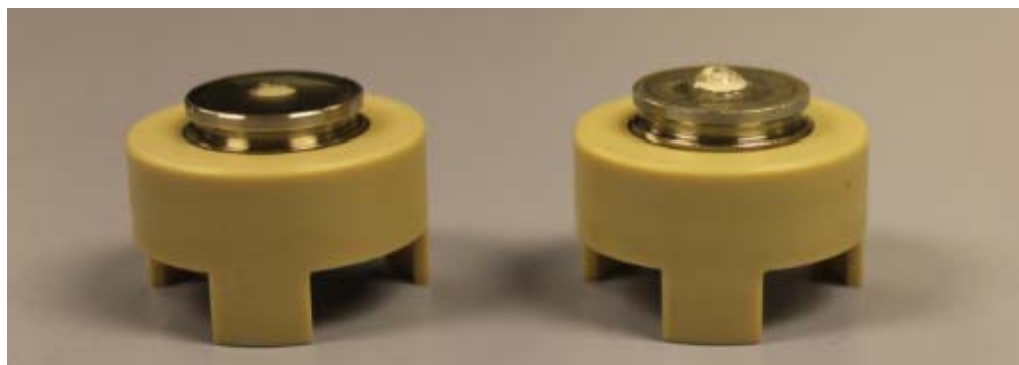
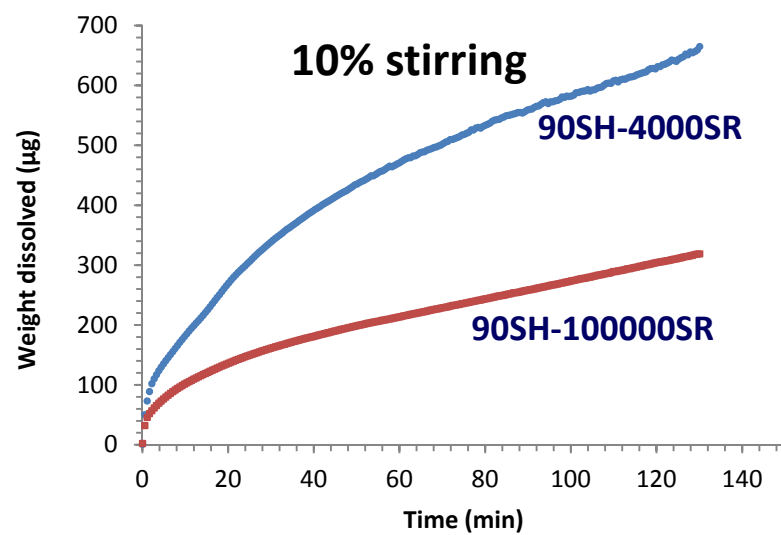
0 minutes

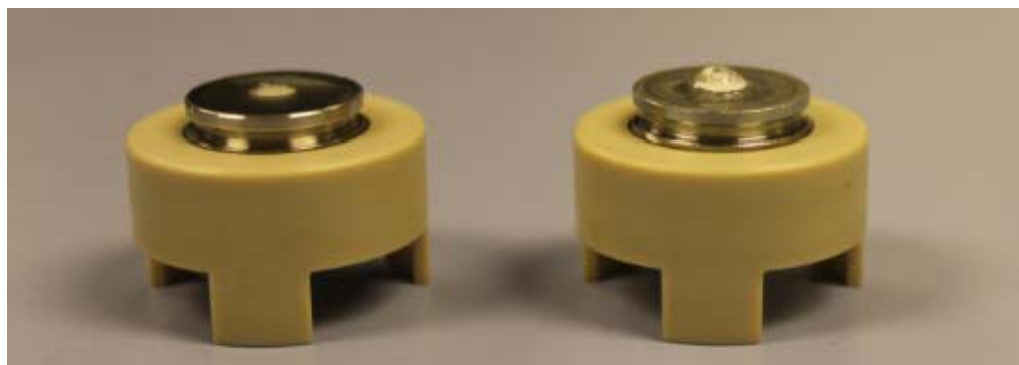
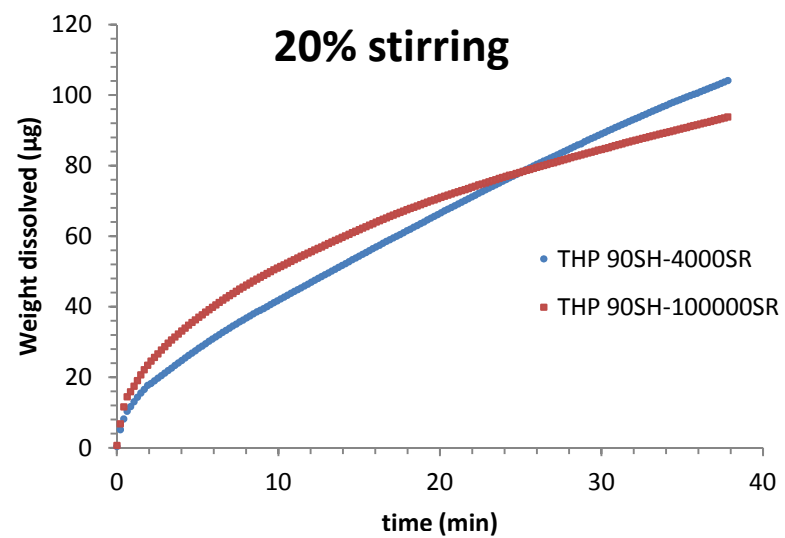
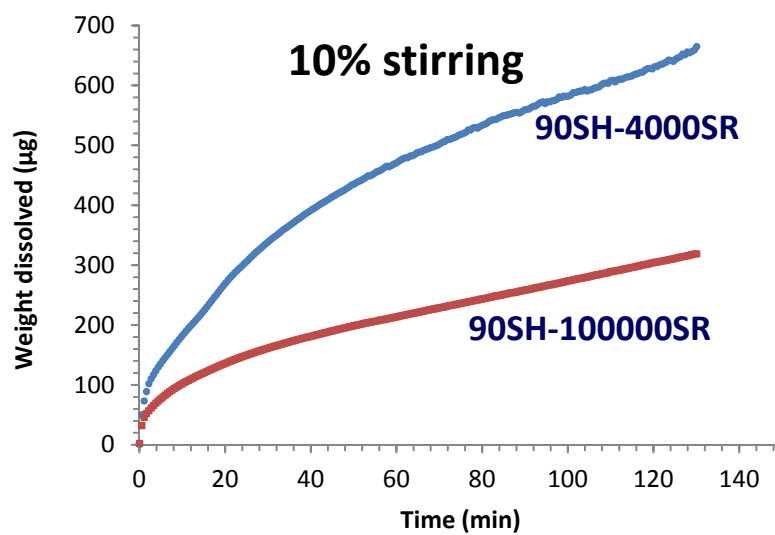
Metolose SR 90SH-100000SR

2 minutes

22 minutes

45 minutes







SDI in controlled release studies

- Easy to set up
 - Easy to run at 37°C
 - Learn a lot in a short time
-
- Some ideas why SiriusT3 and SDI disagree
 - More research required

- Rebeca Ruiz
- Darren Matthews
- Alex Chapman