# SAFETY DATA SHEET

SIPCAM

Revision date: 28-Jul-2025

**Revision Number** 2

## Section 1: Identification

**Product identifier** 

Product Name Milbeknock Miticide

**Product Code(s)** 000000063100

Other means of identification

UN number or ID number 1993

Recommended use of the chemical and restrictions on use

Recommended use Miticide.

Uses advised against No information available.

Illicit Drug Precursors/Reagents This product contains one or more substance(s) on the Illicit Drug Precursors/Reagents list.

Verify requirements related to using, handling, and storing these substances.

#### Details of manufacturer or importer

### Supplier

Sipcam Pacific Australia Pty. Ltd.

ABN: 94 073 176 888

Street Address: Level 1, 191 Malop Street

Geelong, Victoria, 3220

Australia

Telephone Number: +61 (0) 3 5223 3746 (business hours)

Facsimile: +61 (0) 3 5223 3756 Website: www.sipcam.com.au

### Emergency telephone number

Emergency telephone number 1 800 033 111 (ALL HOURS)

Please ensure you refer to the limitations of this Safety Data Sheet as set out in the "Other Information" section at the end of this Data Sheet.

### Section 2: Hazard identification

Classified as a hazardous substance in accordance with the criteria of Safe Work Australia - Globally Harmonized System (GHS).

Classified as Dangerous Goods by the criteria of the Australian Dangerous Goods Code (ADG Code) for Transport by Road and Rail; DANGEROUS GOODS.

### **GHS Classification**

Flammable liquids	Category 3
Aspiration hazard	Category 2
Acute toxicity - Inhalation (Vapors)	Category 4
Skin corrosion/irritation	Category 2

Serious eye damage/eye irritation	Category 2A
Germ cell mutagenicity	Category 1B
Carcinogenicity	Category 1A

### Label elements

Flame

Exclamation mark

Health hazard



### Signal word DANGER

#### **Hazard statements**

H226 - Flammable liquid and vapor

H305 - May be harmful if swallowed and enters airways

H332 - Harmful if inhaled

H315 - Causes skin irritation

H319 - Causes serious eye irritation

H340 - May cause genetic defects

H350 - May cause cancer

H372 - Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure

### **Precautionary Statements - Prevention**

Obtain special instructions before use.

Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood.

Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking.

Keep container tightly closed.

Ground and bond container and receiving equipment.

Use explosion-proof electrical/ ventilating / lighting/  $\dots$  / equipment.

Use non-sparking tools.

Take action to prevent static discharges.

Wear protective gloves/clothing and eye/face protection.

Avoid breathing dust/fume/gas/mist/vapors/spray.

Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area.

Wash face, hands and any exposed skin thoroughly after handling.

### **Precautionary Statements - Response**

IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/attention if you feel unwell.

IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/attention.

IF ON SKIN (or hair): Remove/Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water/shower. If skin irritation occurs: Get medical advice/attention. Take off contaminated clothing and wash before reuse.

IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing. Call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician if you feel unwell.

IF SWALLOWED: Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician. Do NOT induce vomiting.

In case of leakage, eliminate all ignition sources.

In case of fire: Use extinguishing media as outlined in Section 5 of this Safety Data Sheet to extinguish...

## **Precautionary Statements - Storage**

Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool.

Store locked up.

### **Precautionary Statements - Disposal**

Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local, regional, national, and international regulations as applicable.

#### Other hazards which do not result in classification

Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking.

## Section 3: Composition and information on ingredients

Chemical name	CAS No.	Weight-%
Milbemycin A3	51596-10-2	2.9 g/L
Milbemycin A4	51596-11-3	6.7 g/L
Emulsifier	-	280 g/L
Cyclohexanone	108-94-1	220 g/L
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light arom.	64742-95-6	186 g/L
Non-hazardous ingredients	Proprietary	Balance

### Section 4: First aid measures

### **Description of first aid measures**

General advice For advice, contact a Poisons Information Centre (e.g. phone Australia 13 11 26; New

Zealand 0800 764 766) or a doctor. Show this safety data sheet to the doctor in attendance.

**Inhalation** Remove to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If breathing is

difficult, (trained personnel should) give oxygen. If breathing has stopped, give artificial respiration. Get medical attention immediately. Avoid direct contact with skin. Use barrier to

give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation.

**Eye contact** Rinse immediately with plenty of water, also under the eyelids, for at least 15 minutes.

Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Keep eye wide open while rinsing. Do not rub affected area. Get medical attention if irritation develops and

persists.

**Skin contact** Wash off immediately with soap and plenty of water for at least 15 minutes. Get medical

attention if irritation develops and persists.

Ingestion Clean mouth with water and drink afterwards plenty of water. Never give anything by mouth

to an unconscious person. Do NOT induce vomiting. If vomiting occurs spontaneously, keep

head below hips to prevent aspiration. Get immediate medical attention. ASPIRATION HAZARD IF SWALLOWED - CAN ENTER LUNGS AND CAUSE DAMAGE.

Self-protection of the first aider

Use personal protective equipment as required. Avoid direct contact with skin. Use barrier to

give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation.

### Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

**Symptoms** Difficulty in breathing. Coughing and/ or wheezing. Dizziness. Burning sensation.

Effects of Exposure No information available.

#### Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Note to physicians Because of the danger of aspiration, emesis or gastric lavage should not be employed

unless the risk is justified by the presence of additional toxic substances.

### Section 5: Firefighting measures

Suitable Extinguishing Media

Suitable extinguishing media

Use extinguishing measures that are appropriate to local circumstances and the

surrounding environment. CO2, dry chemical, dry sand, alcohol-resistant foam.

**Unsuitable extinguishing media** Solid water jet/stream may scatter and spread the fire.

Specific hazards arising from the chemical

Specific hazards arising from the

chemical

Flammable liquid. Thermal decomposition can lead to release of irritating and toxic gases and vapors. Vapors may travel to source of ignition and flash back. Most vapors are heavier than air. They will spread along ground and collect in low or confined areas (sewers,

basements, tanks).

**Hazardous combustion products** Carbon oxides. Nitrogen oxides. Hydrocarbons.

Special protective actions for fire-fighters

Special protective equipment and precautions for fire-fighters

Firefighters should wear self-contained breathing apparatus and full firefighting turnout gear. Use personal protection equipment.

## Section 6: Accidental release measures

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Personal precautions Ensure adequate ventilation. Avoid contact with skin, eyes or clothing. Use personal

protective equipment as required.

Other information Refer to protective measures listed in Sections 7 and 8. All equipment used when handling

the product must be grounded. ELIMINATE all ignition sources (no smoking, flares, sparks

or flames in immediate area).

For emergency responders In the case of vapor formation use a respirator with an approved filter. Pay attention to

flashback. Use personal protection recommended in Section 8.

Environmental precautions

**Environmental precautions** Prevent further leakage or spillage if safe to do so.

Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Methods for containment Prevent further leakage or spillage if safe to do so. Contain and collect spillage with

non-combustible absorbent material, (e.g. sand, earth, diatomaceous earth, vermiculite) and place in container for disposal according to local / national regulations (see Section 13).

**Prevention of secondary hazards** Clean contaminated objects and areas thoroughly observing environmental regulations.

## Section 7: Handling and storage

Precautions for safe handling

Advice on safe handling Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety practice. Avoid contact with

skin, eyes or clothing. Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. Take off

contaminated clothing and wash before reuse.

General hygiene considerations Wear suitable gloves and eye/face protection. Wash hands before breaks and immediately

after handling the product. Avoid contact with skin, eyes or clothing. Do not eat, drink or

smoke when using this product.

Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Page 4 / 12

Storage Conditions Store locked up. Keep out of the reach of children. Store away from other materials. Keep

containers tightly closed in a dry, cool and well-ventilated place.

**Incompatible materials** Strong acids. Strong bases. Strong oxidizing agents. Peroxides.

## Section 8: Exposure controls and personal protection

### Control parameters

### **Exposure Limits**

No value assigned for this specific material by Safe Work Australia. However, Workplace Exposure Standard(s) for constituent(s):

Chemical name	Australia	New Zealand	ACGIH TLV
Cyclohexanone	TWA: 25 ppm	TWA: 25 ppm	TWA: 20 ppm
108-94-1	TWA: 100 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	TWA: 100 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	STEL: 50 ppm
		Sk*	Sk*

Chemical name	European Union	United Kingdom	Germany DFG
Cyclohexanone	TWA: 10 ppm	TWA: 10 ppm	Sk*
108-94-1	TWA: 40.8 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	TWA: 41 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	
	STEL: 20 ppm	STEL: 20 ppm	
	STEL: 81.6 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	STEL: 82 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	
	*	Sk*	

Chemical name	Australia	ACGIH	European Union
Cyclohexanone	-	80 mg/L	-
108-94-1		8 mg/L	

As published by Safe Work Australia Workplace Exposure Standards for Airborne Contaminants.

TWA - The time-weighted average airborne concentration of a particular substance when calculated over an eight-hour working day, for a five-day working week.

'Sk' (skin) Notice - absorption through the skin may be a significant source of exposure. The exposure standard is invalidated if such contact should occur.

These Workplace Exposure Standards are guides to be used in the control of occupational health hazards. All atmospheric contamination should be kept to as low a level as is workable. These workplace exposure standards should not be used as fine dividing lines between safe and dangerous concentrations of chemicals. They are not a measure of relative toxicity.

### Appropriate engineering controls

Engineering controls

Showers

Eyewash stations

Ventilation systems.

### Individual protection measures, such as personal protective equipment

The selection of PPE is dependent on a detailed risk assessment. The risk assessment should consider the work situation, the physical form of the chemical, the handling methods, and environmental factors.

OVERALLS, SAFETY SHOES, SAFETY GLASSES, GLOVES.



Eye/face protection

If splashes are likely to occur, wear safety glasses with side-shields.

Skin and body protection Long sleeved clothing. Wear suitable protective clothing.

**Hand protection** Wear suitable gloves. Impervious gloves.

exceeded or irritation is experienced, ventilation and evacuation may be required. If determined by a risk assessment an inhalation risk exists, wear a suitable mist respirator

meeting the requirements of AS/NZS 1715 and AS/NZS 1716.

**Environmental exposure controls** Prevent product from entering drains.

Thermal hazards No information available.

## Section 9: Physical and chemical properties

### Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Physical state Liquid

**Appearance** No information available

**Color** Pale Yellow

**Odor** Mild

Odor threshold No information available

<u>Property</u> <u>Values</u> <u>Remarks • Method</u>

**pH** 3.7 (1% water emulsion)

pH (as aqueous solution)No data availableNone knownMelting point / freezing pointNo data availableNone knownBoiling point / boiling rangeNo data availableNone known

Flash point 43°C

Evaporation rateNo data availableNone knownFlammability (solid, gas)No data availableNone knownFlammability Limit in AirNone known

Upper flammability or explosive No data available

limits

Lower flammability or explosive No data available

limits

Vapor pressureNo data availableNone knownVapor densityNo data availableNone known

Relative density 0.93

Water solubility No data available None known

Solubility(ies) Dispersible in water

Partition coefficientNo data availableNone known

Autoignition temperature 355°C

Decomposition temperatureNo data availableNone knownKinematic viscosityNo data availableNone knownDynamic viscosityNo data availableNone known

Other information

## Section 10: Stability and reactivity

Reactivity

**Reactivity** No information available.

Chemical stability

**Stability** Stable under normal conditions.

Page 6 / 12

**Explosion data** 

Sensitivity to mechanical impact None. Sensitivity to static discharge None.

Possibility of hazardous reactions

**Possibility of hazardous reactions** None under normal processing.

**Hazardous polymerization** Hazardous polymerization does not occur.

Conditions to avoid

**Conditions to avoid**None known based on information supplied.

Incompatible materials

Incompatible materials Strong acids. Strong bases. Strong oxidizing agents. Peroxides.

Hazardous decomposition products

Hazardous decomposition products Carbon oxides. Nitrogen oxides.

## Section 11: Toxicological information

### Information on likely routes of exposure

#### **Product Information**

Inhalation May cause irritation of respiratory tract. Aspiration into lungs can produce severe lung

damage. May cause pulmonary edema. Pulmonary edema can be fatal.

**Eye contact** Causes serious eye irritation.

**Skin contact**Causes skin irritation. Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking.

Ingestion Ingestion may cause gastrointestinal irritation, nausea, vomiting and diarrhea. May be fatal if

swallowed and enters airways. Potential for aspiration if swallowed. Aspiration may cause

pulmonary edema and pneumonitis.

Symptoms Difficulty in breathing. Coughing and/ or wheezing. Dizziness. Redness. May cause redness

and tearing of the eyes.

Acute toxicity .

Numerical measures of toxicity - Product Information

No information available

Component Information

Chemical name	Oral LD50	Dermal LD50	Inhalation LC50
Cyclohexanone	= 1544 mg/kg (Rat)	= 947 mg/kg (Rabbit)	> 6.2 mg/L (Rat)4 h
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light arom.	= 8400 mg/kg (Rat)	> 2000 mg/kg (Rabbit)	= 3400 ppm (Rat) 4 h

See section 16 for terms and abbreviations

Delayed and immediate effects as well as chronic effects from short and long-term exposure

**Skin corrosion/irritation** Irritating to skin.

Serious eye damage/eye irritation Causes serious eye irritation.

**Respiratory or skin sensitization** No information available.

**Germ cell mutagenicity** Contains a known or suspected mutagen.

**Carcinogenicity** Contains a known or suspected carcinogen.

Chemical name	Australia	European Union	IARC
Milbemycin A3 - 51596-10-2	-	1	Group 2A
Milbemycin A4 - 51596-11-3	-	-	Group 2A
Cyclohexanone - 108-94-1	-	-	Group 3
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light arom	Carc. 1A	Carc. 1B	-
64742-95-6			

### IARC (International Agency for Research on Cancer)

Group 2A - Probably Carcinogenic to Humans

Group 3 - Not Classifiable as to Carcinogenicity in Humans

Reproductive toxicity No information available.

**STOT - single exposure** No information available.

**STOT - repeated exposure** No information available.

**Aspiration hazard** May be harmful if swallowed and enters airways.

## Section 12: Ecological information

#### **Ecotoxicity**

**Aquatic ecotoxicity**Keep out of waterways. The environmental impact of this product has not been fully investigated.

Chemical name	Algae/aquatic plants	Fish	Toxicity to	Crustacea
			microorganisms	
Cyclohexanone	-	LC50: 481 - 578mg/L	-	-
		(96h, Pimephales		
		promelas)		
Solvent naphtha (petroleum),	-	LC50: =9.22mg/L (96h,	-	EC50: =6.14mg/L (48h,
light arom.		Oncorhynchus mykiss)		Daphnia magna)

### **Terrestrial ecotoxicity**

	Chemical name	Earthworm	Avian	Honeybees
--	---------------	-----------	-------	-----------

Chemical name	Earthworm	Avian	Honeybees
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light	-	Acute Oral Toxicity: LD50 >	-
arom.		2250 mg/kg (Colinus	
		virginianus)	
		Source: IUCLID	
		Dietary Toxicity: LC50 > 6500	
		ppm (Colinus virginianus 5	
		Days)	
		Source: IUCLID	

Persistence and degradability

Persistence and degradability Biodegradable.

Bioaccumulative potential

**Bioaccumulation** There is no data for this product.

**Component Information** 

Chemical name	Partition coefficient
Cyclohexanone	0.86

**Mobility** 

**Mobility** No information available.

Other adverse effects

Other adverse effects No information available.

### Section 13: Disposal considerations

Waste treatment methods

Waste from residues/unused

products

Dispose of in accordance with local regulations. Dispose of waste in accordance with

environmental legislation.

Contaminated packaging

Dispose of contents/containers in accordance with local regulations. Empty containers pose

a potential fire and explosion hazard. Do not cut, puncture or weld containers.

See section 8 for more information

## Section 14: Transport information

ADG

Classified as Dangerous Goods by the criteria of the Australian Dangerous Goods Code

(ADG Code) for Transport by Road and Rail; DANGEROUS GOODS.

UN number or ID number 1993

Proper shipping name Transport hazard class(es)

Packing group

FLAMMABLE LIQUID, N.O.S. (CONTAINS CYCLOHEXANONE)

s(es)

Ш

<u>IATA</u>

Classified as Dangerous Goods by the criteria of the International Air Transport Association

(IATA) Dangerous Goods Regulations for transport by air; DANGEROUS GOODS.

UN number 1993

**UN proper shipping name** FLAMMABLE LIQUID, N.O.S. (CONTAINS CYCLOHEXANONE)

Transport hazard class(es) 3
Packing group III

IMDG Classified as Dangerous Goods by the criteria of the International Maritime Dangerous

Goods Code (IMDG Code) for transport by sea; DANGEROUS GOODS.

UN number 1993

UN proper shipping name FLAMMABLE LIQUID, N.O.S. (CONTAINS CYCLOHEXANONE)

 Transport hazard class(es)
 3

 Packing group
 III

 IMDG EMS Fire
 F-E

 IMDG EMS Spill
 S-E

### Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and the IBC Code

No information available

## Section 15: Regulatory information

Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

### National regulations

#### Australia

Classified as a hazardous substance in accordance with the criteria of Safe Work Australia - Globally Harmonized System (GHS).

Classified as Dangerous Goods by the criteria of the Australian Dangerous Goods Code (ADG Code) for Transport by Road and Rail; DANGEROUS GOODS.

See section 8 for national exposure control parameters

### Standard for Uniform Scheduling of Medicines and Poisons (SUSMP)

Classified as a scheduled poison according to the Standard for Uniform Scheduling of Medicines and Poisons (SUSMP)

Poison Schedule Number 5

### Australian Pesticides and Veterinary Medicines Authority (APVMA)

APVMA Registered Chemical Number 61269

#### **Australian Industrial Chemicals Introduction Scheme (AICIS)**

Contact supplier for inventory compliance status

	Australian Industrial Chemicals Introduction Scheme (AICIS)	Additional information
Cyclohexanone - 108-94-1	Present	-
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light arom 64742-95-6	Present	-

### **Illicit Drug Precursors/Reagents**

This product contains one or more substance(s) on the Illicit Drug Precursors/Reagents list. Verify requirements related to using, handling, and storing these substances.

Chemical name	Illicit Drug Precursors/Reagents
Cyclohexanone - 108-94-1	Category 3

### **National pollutant inventory**

Subject to reporting requirement

Chemical name	National pollutant inventory
Cyclohexanone - 108-94-1	20 MW Threshold category 2b total
	60000 MWH Threshold category 2b total
	1 tonne/h Threshold category 2a total
	25 tonne/yr Threshold category 1a total
	400 tonne/yr Threshold category 2a total
	2000 tonne/yr Threshold category 2b total

**International Inventories** 

All the constituents of this material are listed on the Australian Inventory of Industrial

Chemicals or are Australian Pesticides & Veterinary Medicines Authority (APVMA)

approved active constituents.

Contact supplier for inventory compliance status. **NZIoC** Contact supplier for inventory compliance status. **TSCA** Contact supplier for inventory compliance status. **DSL/NDSL EINECS/ELINCS** Contact supplier for inventory compliance status. Contact supplier for inventory compliance status. **ENCS** Contact supplier for inventory compliance status. **IECSC** Contact supplier for inventory compliance status. **KECL PICCS** Contact supplier for inventory compliance status.

Legend:

AllC- Australian Inventory of Industrial Chemicals

NZIoC - New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals

TSCA - United States Toxic Substances Control Act Section 8(b) Inventory

DSL/NDSL - Canadian Domestic Substances List/Non-Domestic Substances List

EINECS/ELINCS - European Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances/European List of Notified Chemical Substances

**ENCS** - Japan Existing and New Chemical Substances

**IECSC** - China Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances

**KECL** - Korean Existing Chemicals Inventory

PICCS - Philippines Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances

### **International Regulations**

The Montreal Protocol on Substances that Deplete the Ozone Layer Not applicable

The Stockholm Convention on Persistent Organic Pollutants Not applicable

The Rotterdam Convention Not applicable

## **Section 16: Other information**

Supplier Safety Data Sheet 10/2020

Reason(s) For Issue: 5 Yearly Revised Primary SDS

Prepared By

This Safety Data Sheet has been prepared by IXOM Operations Pty Ltd (Toxicology and

SDS Services).

Revision date: 28-Jul-2025

**Revision Note:** 

Page 11 / 12

The symbol (\*) in the margin of this SDS indicates that this line has been revised.

### Key or legend to abbreviations and acronyms used in the safety data sheet

Ceiling

SVHC: Substances of Very High Concern for Authorization: PBT: Persistent, Bioaccumulative, and Toxic (PBT) Substances vPvB: Very Persistent and very Bioaccumulative (vPvB) Substances

STOT: Specific Target Organ Toxicity

ATE: Acute Toxicity Estimate LC50: 50% Lethal Concentration

LD50: 50% Lethal Dose

### Legend Section 8: EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

TWA TWA (time-weighted average) STEL (Short Term Exposure Limit) STEL

> Maximum limit value Skin designation

Carcinogen

### Key literature references and sources for data used to compile the SDS

Agency for Toxic Substances and Disease Registry (ATSDR) U.S. Environmental Protection Agency ChemView Database

European Food Safety Authority (EFSA)

**Environmental Protection Agency** 

Acute Exposure Guideline Level(s) (AEGL(s))

U.S. Environmental Protection Agency Federal Insecticide, Fungicide, and Rodenticide Act

U.S. Environmental Protection Agency High Production Volume Chemicals

Food Research Journal

Hazardous Substance Database

International Uniform Chemical Information Database (IUCLID)

National Institute of Technology and Evaluation (NITE)

Australia National Industrial Chemicals Notification and Assessment Scheme (NICNAS)

Australian Industrial Chemicals Introduction Scheme (AICIS)

NIOSH (National Institute for Occupational Safety and Health)

National Library of Medicine's ChemID Plus (NLM CIP)

National Library of Medicine's PubMed database (NLM PUBMED)

U.S. National Toxicology Program (NTP)

New Zealand's Chemical Classification and Information Database (CCID)

Organization for Economic Co-operation and Development Environment, Health, and Safety Publications

Organization for Economic Co-operation and Development High Production Volume Chemicals Program

Organization for Economic Co-operation and Development Screening Information Data Set

World Health Organization

#### Disclaimer

This SDS summarises to our best knowledge at the date of issue, the chemical health and safety hazards of the material and general guidance on how to safely handle the material in the workplace. Since Sipcam Pacific Australia Pty Ltd cannot anticipate or control the conditions under which the product may be used, each user must, prior to usage, assess and control the risks arising from its use of the material.

If clarification or further information is needed, the user should contact their Sipcam representative or Sipcam Pacific Australia Pty Ltd at the contact details on page 1.

Sipcam Pacific Australia Pty Ltd's responsibility for the material as sold is subject to the terms and conditions of sale, a copy of which is available upon request.

**End of Safety Data Sheet**