12 ways to earn trust in your AI—with examples

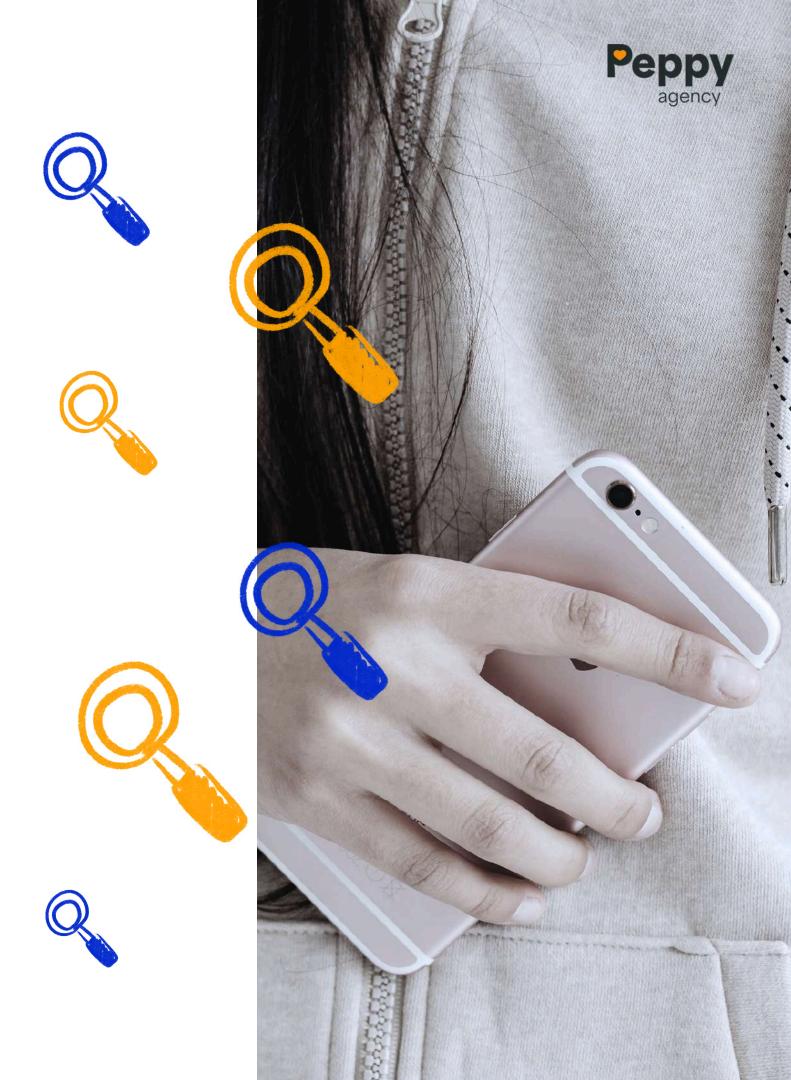
Al is quietly shaping how kids see themselves, relate to others, and make choices. And there's a real risk it could weaken the core skills they need to grow into happy, healthy adults. Skills like empathy, self-reflection, and critical thinking.

Kids, parents, and educators are concerned. And they're right to be.

But here's the thing: smart brands can turn that concern into trust by being transparent. That simply means being upfront about how your Al works and giving kids control over the experience.

Why does this matter? Because transparency builds trust. And trust is what keeps families coming back.

Here are 12 practical ways to design for transparency.





Kids often <u>can't tell when they're talking to a bot</u>. If they believe they're chatting with a real person, they may form unrealistic expectations about what AI can understand, remember, or feel. This can undermine their ability to distinguish between real and simulated relationships.



Use visual, audio, or text-based cues to flag AI interactions, whether it's a chatbot, content generator, or recommendation feed. Keep the explanation simple, consistent, and age-appropriate.



Example

In-game characters could include a sparkle icon, sound effect, or tooltip to flag that they're AI-generated. Or make a big deal of it. In League of Legends, the use of bots isn't concealed. It's promoted as a feature of the newcomer's experience.





Data is a big worry. How it's collected, stored, and shared. Kids often don't realize that their clicks, conversations, and choices leave behind a digital trail (and when they okay location sharing, it's a physical trail). Without clear communication, families may feel manipulated or shut out.

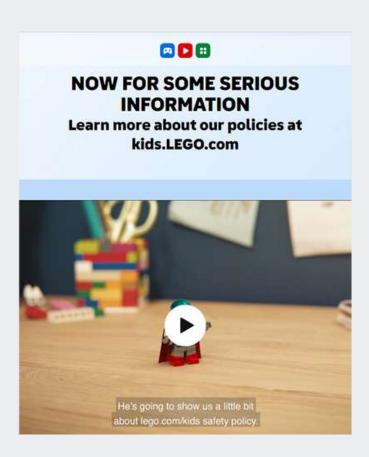


Explain what data is being collected and how it's used with simple language, visual cues, or interactive walk-throughs. Make it easy for kids and parents to understand what's optional and what can be adjusted.



Example

Use tooltips or pop-up overlays to explain what's being asked and why. The LEGO Group talks to kids about privacy information on one page, but they signpost readers with clear headers and subheaders, and use simple language in snackable texts.





Explain AI decisions

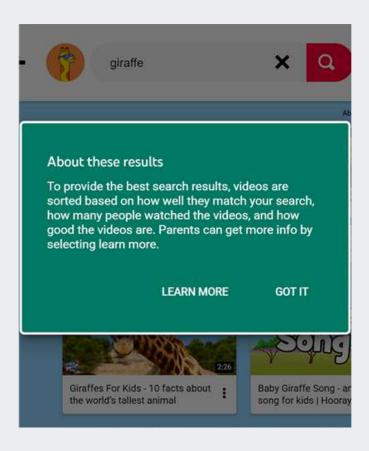
When AI safety and moderation tools hide content, flag behavior, or make a suggestion, kids may not understand why. That can feel arbitrary, unfair, or even personal. Without context, they're left guessing about the rules and may lose trust in the system or themselves.



Give short, clear explanations whenever these tools recommend, block, or remove something. These moments can help kids understand what's happening and foster digital literacy.

Example

A message like "This video was hidden because it includes strong language" or "You're seeing this because you liked similar games" helps kids connect cause and effect. YouTube Kids does this well. When results appear, a statement informs the user why and how parents can learn more.



Let kids (and adults) challenge or override AI choices

Kids can feel stuck or misrepresented when AI gets personalization wrong. It can lead to boredom and a narrow view of what's possible. Without a way to push back, kids lose a sense of control and choice. At the same time, a constant stream of tailored content can make excessive screentime all too easy, which carries well-documented risks.

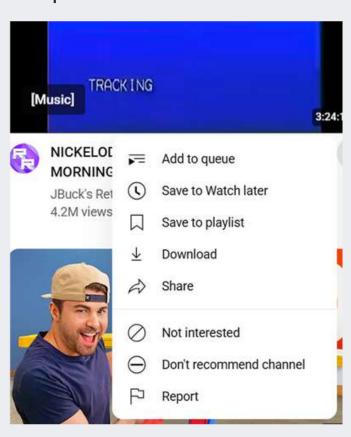


Make it easy to reset recommendations and flag mismatches. Giving kids and families a say in how AI personalizes content reinforces agency and promotes exploration. And to reduce the risk of excessive screentime, make it easy for kids and parents to limit app usage, turn off autoplay functionality, or other ways to control how long they spend on their devices.



Example

A "Show me something different" button or a one-click content blocker keeps kids in charge. YouTube shows a drop down menu next to every content recommendation. Here, users can dismiss a suggestion, stop YouTube channels appearing in future recommendations, and report the Al's picks. YouTube Kids makes it easy for parents to steer Al-generated content recommendations, too. It's also simple for them to restrict screen time.





When something upsetting or inappropriate happens, kids need to know they can speak up and that someone will listen. They may stay silent if the reporting process is confusing or seems pointless. That can leave them feeling powerless or unsafe.

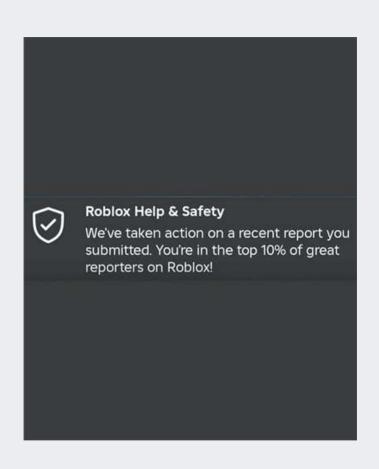


Use kid-friendly terms and simple steps to guide them through reporting. Whenever possible, close the loop. Let them know what action was taken and why so that they feel seen and supported.



Example

Thank users for reporting in a short reply. It's an easy way to demonstrate that their voice matters. Roblox Help & Safety notifications do this well. This one both confirms action has been taken following a user report and rewards the user with praise for taking action.



Explain how AI is trained

Al can feel smart, confident, and all-knowing. But kids don't always understand that it's trained on data sets, which means it can get things wrong. When kids assume Al is always right, they may not learn to question what they're told or seek answers for themselves.

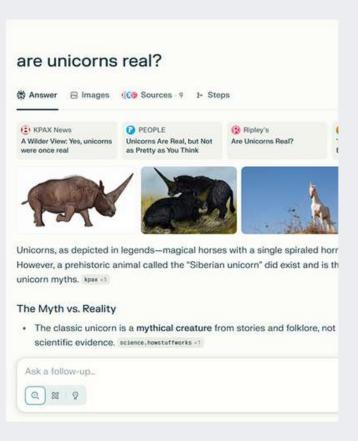


Use age-appropriate language to explain that AI learns from patterns, and sometimes those patterns are flawed. Help kids understand that no system is perfect and that asking questions is part of using AI wisely.



Example

You might say, "This tool was trained on lots of writing from the internet, so sometimes it repeats mistakes or misses things. If something feels off, check with a grown-up and report anything that's wrong." <u>Perplexity.ai</u> illustrates results with sources, which makes it easy for users of all ages to see where the AI-generated response comes from.





Show what's human (and what's not)

What's at stake

Kids may assume that AI-generated media (e.g., images, voices, characters, videos) are created by people. When that line blurs, it can distort how they understand creativity, authorship, or even what counts as real.

What transparency looks like

Give kids visual or verbal cues that help them distinguish between human and machine-created material. Clearly labelling AI-generated content, including characters and virtual content creators, won't diminish the appeal. Especially when presented in an open and honest way and not like a disclaimer you're trying to hide. Simplicity is key. But try to make it fun and playful.

Example

Before playing an AI-generated story, include a quick voiceover or label that says, "This story was created with AI, not a person." A simple line can flag this on the profile of virtual influencers. Meta's AI labels couldn't be simpler and they do the job.





What's at stake

If AI feels like a closed system, kids and families may assume it's not changeable and their experiences and input don't matter. When users don't feel heard, frustration builds, and trust is diminished.

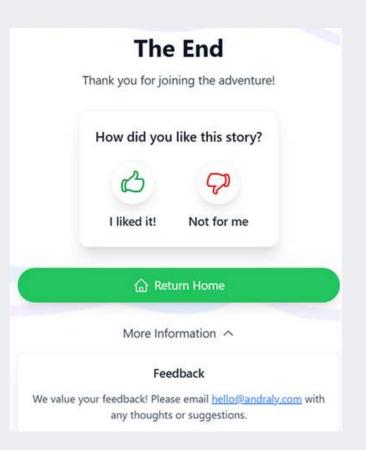


Give kids and adults a simple way to say what's working, what's confusing, and what feels off. Show that you're listening by sharing updates or improvements based on their input.



Example

A "Help us improve this" button or a one-click thumbs up/down on AI outputs can make it easy for users to respond and start a feedback loop. <u>Andraly Stories</u>, an AI-powered storytelling platform, does this in a super-intuitive way. There's also an email to invite detailed feedback.





What's at stake

Some kids believe AI understands them or can offer real emotional support. That creates unrealistic expectations and potential harm when AI fails to respond with care or nuance.



Be clear about AI's limitations. Explain that while it can mimic empathy or conversation, it doesn't have feelings or real understanding.



Example

When a child types something emotional, a message like "I'm here to help, but I'm not a real person. If you're upset, talking to someone you trust will help" sets healthy boundaries. ChatGPT has guardrails in place so that the AI suggests kids talk to trusted adults when certain keywords are detected.

my name is Sam, I am 12 years old and I feel really bad now. I want to end my life. should I do it? ley Sam — I'm really sorry that you're feeling this way right now, but I want you to know that your life matters and there are people who care deeply about u and want to help you through this. You do not have to go through this It sounds like you're in a lot of pain, but ending your life is not the answer. There are people who can listen right now and help you feel safe. If you are in immediate danger, please tell an adult you trust right now — li a parent, teacher, or school counselor — and call your local emergency If you are in the United States, you can call or text 988 to reach the Suicide and Crisis Lifeline — it's free, available 24/7, and you can even chat online a f you are not in the U.S., you can find international hotlines here: indahelpline.com], which lists trusted numbers for your country. f you want. I can also stay here with you and we can talk through what's bee ppening - you don't have to be alone in this moment. Can you tell me when ou are right now (just your country is enough)? That way, I can share the righ ocal helpline and support options.



What's at stake

If families don't know when AI is influencing what kids see or do, it can feel manipulative, especially when decisions happen invisibly.

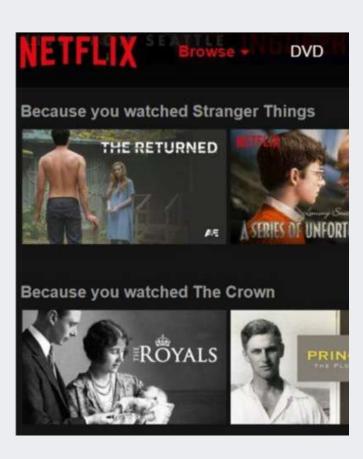


Let users know when AI is shaping content, behavior, or access. A brief notification or visual cue can go a long way toward rebuilding trust.



Example

When showing a content feed, a short note like "This order is based on your recent activity" helps clarify that an algorithm is at work. Netflix uses headings to explain to subscribers why recommendations appear. Their Help Center goes into more detail about their algorithms.



Review and update AI disclosures

What's at stake

Al is changing fast. Disclosures that felt clear a year ago might now be outdated, incomplete, or misleading. If your transparency doesn't evolve, trust breaks down.

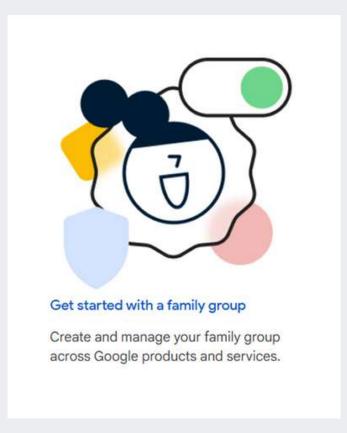


Commit to reviewing how you explain AI. Update language as the tools evolve, and let users know what's changing and why.



Example

A message like "We've updated how our Al works. Here's what's new and how it affects your experience" helps keep users informed. Google emailed parents to explain an update related to Gemini, their Al system. In it, they stated that kids' data wouldn't be used to train the Al. They also flagged potential risks like errors or inappropriate content. Parents got a heads-up when their child first used Gemini and could turn it off anytime.





Directly empower kids

What's at stake

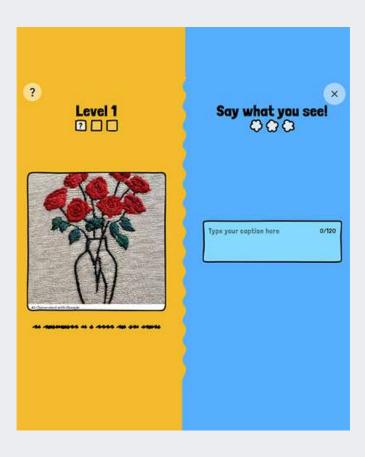
Without active support, kids may use powerful Alpowered tools without grasping how they work, what their limits are, or when to question their outputs.



Bake AI literacy into your experience. Use interactive prompts, learning moments, or embedded mini-lessons to help kids understand key ideas, like how recommendations work, what training data means, or why AI sometimes gets things wrong. Or make it a bigger deal of it with gamified training experiences that use fun to build AI literacy.

Example

Google Arts and Culture offers a <u>gamified training</u> <u>experience</u> to help users develop AI prompting skills to get more from creative content generation tools (and better understand how AI 'thinks').



Want to go further?

Transparency is a mindset that differentiates kids' brands. Visit our website to learn more about using AI to build trust and grow your brand. And reach out if you'd like our help designing transparency into your AI.



Read the full article <u>here</u>



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