

Description

Temperature-sensitive opto-mechanical resonators for long-wavelength radiation detection.

Unprecedentedly high detectivity and NEP nearing the fundamental temperature fluctuations noise limits.



Currently at TRL4-5, and available for early adopters in 2026 (room temperature, active pumping version).

Spinoff of University of Ottawa, Canada.

Key advantages

- Cryo-free, room temperature operation nearing the noise performance of LN2-cooled mercury cadmium telluride detectors (MCT)
- LN2 cooled performance nearing the performances of liquid helium superconducting bolometers
- Extremely high linearity and dynamic range: 10⁻¹² 10⁻¹ W
- Liquid nitrogen-cooled version
- Flexible detector area (built to order)
- Applications: cryo-free FTIR, Spectroscopy, Industrial inspection, R&D, defense

Specs^a

| | Our Product | State of the Art Pyroelectrics |
|---------------------------|---|--|
| Peak Detectivity | $\sim 10^{10} \text{ cm Hz}^{1/2} \text{ W}^{-1}$ | $<10^9 \text{ cm Hz}^{1/2} \text{ W}^{-1}$ |
| Peak Detectivity @ 77 K | $\sim 10^{11} \text{ cm Hz}^{1/2} \text{ W}^{-1}$ | N/A |
| Noise Equivalent Power | 40 pW/√Hz ^b | 400 pW/√Hz |
| Minimum Detectable Signal | 0.2 nW° | 1 nW |
| Max Power | 125 mW | < 300 μW |
| 3 dB Bandwidth | >100 Hz | ~10 kHz |
| CW Light-Compatible | Yes | No |
| Active Detector Area | 0.01-10 mm ² | $\leq 4 \text{ mm}^2$ |
| Optical Bandwidth | Near-IR – Terahertz (window limited) | |

^aUnless noted otherwise, specs are for room temperature operation





^bFor a 0.3 mm detector

[°]Measured for a 2 Hz signal.

Precision IR

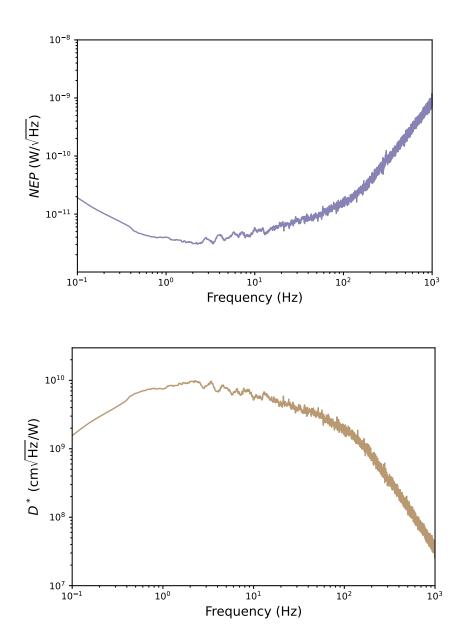


Figure 1: Measured Noise equivalent power and Detectivity at room temperature (0.3 mm detector).



