

NEW MEXICO PRENUPTIAL AGREEMENT

This Premarital Agreement ("Agreement") is entered into on [Date], by and between:

Party A [woman], residing at [Address], and

Party B [man], residing at [Address],

collectively referred to as the "Parties" and individually as a "Party."

RECITALS

WHEREAS, the Parties contemplate marriage and desire to define their respective rights and obligations regarding property, income, debts, and other financial matters arising during marriage or upon its dissolution;

WHEREAS, Party A is employed by [Employer] as [Title] and Party B is employed by [Employer] as [Title]; each Party has made full, fair, and complete disclosure of their assets, liabilities, income, and financial circumstances – including compensation, equity, and ownership interests – as set forth in Exhibits A and B;

WHEREAS, each Party acknowledges the other's present earning capacity and agrees that future changes in employment, income, or earning capacity – including those resulting from caregiving, career sacrifice, or market conditions – are contemplated at execution and shall not constitute grounds to modify or invalidate this Agreement;

WHEREAS, each Party has been advised to retain independent legal counsel and has had adequate opportunity to do so, has carefully read and reviewed this Agreement, understands its terms and legal effect, and enters into it voluntarily and without coercion, duress, or undue influence, believing it fair and reasonable, in compliance with NMSA § 40-3A-7;

WHEREAS, the Parties intend for this Agreement to be governed by the laws of New Mexico and to be legally binding and enforceable under the Uniform Premarital Agreement Act, NMSA §§ 40-3A-1 to -10;

NOW, THEREFORE, in consideration of the mutual promises and covenants contained herein and the marriage about to be solemnized, the Parties agree as follows:

1. DEFINITIONS

1.1 **Separate Property:** All property, income, and assets acquired by either Party in their individual name before or during marriage, including without limitation: real estate, personal property, business interests, financial and securities accounts (checking,

savings, brokerage, retirement, money market, investment accounts), employment income, gifts, inheritances, digital assets (cryptocurrency, NFTs, digital wallets, online accounts), intellectual property (patents, copyrights, source code, websites whether active or dormant), and all appreciation, growth, income, returns, and future development or commercialization thereof.

1.2 **Joint Property:** Property, assets, and debts titled in both Parties' names jointly and acquired during marriage with joint funds.

1.3 **Separate Debts:** Debts incurred by either Party in their individual name.

1.4 **Joint Debts:** Debts incurred jointly by both Parties in both their names during marriage.

2. SEPARATE PROPERTY

2.1 **Ownership and Control:** Each Party retains sole and exclusive ownership, control, and management of their separate property as defined in Section 1.1.

2.2 **No Marital Claims:** Neither Party shall acquire any right, title, interest, or claim in the separate property of the other Party by reason of the marriage, regardless of the duration of marriage or any contributions made by the non-owning Party.

2.3 **Right of Disposition:** Each Party may dispose of their separate property by sale, gift, will, trust, or otherwise, without the consent or approval of the other Party.

2.4 **Separate Debt Responsibility:** Each Party is solely responsible for their separate debts and shall indemnify and hold harmless the other Party from any liability arising from such separate debts.

2.5 **Commingling Protection:** If separate property becomes commingled with joint property, the contributing Party retains their ownership interest, provided clear and convincing tracing records exist to identify the separate contribution, consistent with New Mexico community-property tracing standards.

2.6 **No Transmutation:** Separate property shall not become joint property unless both Parties execute a written agreement specifically identifying the property and their intent to convert it to joint ownership. A deed, account registration, or beneficiary designation alone – without such written transmutation agreement – does not effect a transmutation.

2.7 **Business Interests:** Separate business interests remain separate property regardless of spousal involvement, consultation, or contribution during marriage, unless the non-owner spouse makes direct documented capital contributions or becomes a

legal co-owner. Advice, consultation, or emotional support creates no property interest. No marital claim arises from business operations, growth, or increased value during marriage.

2.8 Trust Asset Protection: The non-settlor spouse waives all rights to distributions, principal, remainder interests, beneficiary designations, and any claim that trust assets constitute marital or community property – including assets held in discretionary, generation-skipping, and offshore asset protection trusts, whether domestic or foreign. Each Party's irrevocable trusts are not subject to division under this Agreement.

3. JOINT PROPERTY

3.1 Joint Property Assets: Joint property consists only of assets titled in both Parties' names jointly and acquired during marriage with joint funds, as defined in Section 1.2.

3.2 Joint Property Division: Upon separation, divorce, or dissolution, joint property shall be divided equally (50/50) between the Parties.

3.3 Joint Debts: Joint debts consist only of debts incurred jointly by both Parties in both their names during marriage, as defined in Section 1.4. Upon separation, divorce, or dissolution, joint debts shall be divided equally (50/50) between the Parties.

3.4 Joint Residence - Proportional Interest: If the Parties jointly purchase a residence during marriage:

(a) Each Party's ownership percentage equals: $(\text{Their total contributions} \div \text{Combined contributions of both Parties}) \times 100$.

(b) Records shall be maintained to document each Party's contributions;

(c) This proportional interest supersedes any presumption of equal ownership for jointly-titled property.

3.5 Joint Residence - Dissolution Rights: Upon separation, divorce, or dissolution:

(a) Either Party may elect to purchase the other's proportional share at fair market value determined by: (i) mutual agreement; (ii) if no agreement within 30 days, the median of three valuations from the largest online real estate platforms by market share (currently Zillow, Redfin, and Realtor.com) on the same date; or (iii) if online values vary by >20% or are unavailable, the average of two certified appraisals (one per Party);

(b) The purchasing Party must obtain financing in their sole name and complete the buyout within 120 days of election;

(c) If no buyout election is made or completed within 120 days, the residence shall be sold with net proceeds distributed according to each Party's proportional share.

3.6 Separate Property Exclusion: All property not meeting the definition of joint property in Section 1.2 remains separate property of the owning Party, regardless of any contributions, improvements, or efforts by the non-owning Party during marriage.

4. SPOUSAL SUPPORT – NOT ADDRESSED BY AGREEMENT

4.1 No Modification of Statutory Support: The Parties acknowledge that NMSA § 40-3A-4(B) prohibits any premarital agreement from adversely affecting either Party's right to spousal support. Accordingly, this Agreement takes no position on, and makes no modification to, spousal support. Should either Party seek spousal support upon separation or divorce, the matter shall be determined exclusively under NMSA § 40-4-7 and applicable New Mexico case law.

4.2 No Waiver Implied: Nothing in this Agreement shall be construed as a waiver, limitation, modification, cap, formula, or other adverse effect on either Party's right to spousal support.

4.3 Severability Cross-Reference: In the event any provision of this Agreement is deemed to adversely affect spousal support under NMSA § 40-3A-4(B), that provision shall be severed pursuant to Section 18 without affecting the validity of the remainder of this Agreement, including all property-related provisions in Sections 2 and 3.

5. LIFESTYLE CLAUSES

This Section is precatory and aspirational only – it expresses the Parties' shared hopes and values, is not legally binding or enforceable, and carries no remedy. Its validity or invalidity has no bearing on any other provision, all of which remain fully effective and severable per Section 18.

5.1 Shared Responsibilities: The Parties commit to building a successful family through equal overall contributions. Family responsibilities typically divide into financial and domestic domains. Each Party may lead in one domain (60-70%) while supporting in the other (30-40%), creating a reciprocal balance and shared benefit. For example, one party may contribute 60-70% financially and 30-40% to domestic responsibilities. The other party may contribute 30-40% financially and 60-70% domestically.

5.2 Workforce Commitment: Both Parties value financial independence and shared economic contribution. During marriage, the Parties aspire to maintain workforce participation while accommodating for any childcare-related career breaks.

Both Parties recognize that maintaining career skills strengthens long-term family financial security. This reflects shared values about economic partnership and mutual responsibility.

5.3 Conflict Resolution and Family Preservation:

- In case of marital difficulties, both Parties commit to preserving family unity through creative living arrangements if necessary (separate bedrooms, nearby homes, etc.)
- Both Parties agree to speak respectfully about each other publicly and privately
- Both Parties commit to prioritizing their children's relationships with both parents regardless of marital status

5.4 **Fidelity:** Each Party values the mutual expectation of fidelity and ongoing intimacy as foundational to a happy and long-lived marriage.

6. INHERITANCE AND ESTATE RIGHTS WAIVER

6.1 **Complete Inheritance Waiver:** Each Party waives all rights to inherit from the other's estate, including spousal election rights, homestead allowances, family allowances, and other statutory inheritance rights under New Mexico law, including but not limited to NMSA §§ 45-2-201 through 45-2-214 (elective share provisions), § 45-2-402 (homestead allowance), § 45-2-403 (exempt property), and § 45-2-404 (family allowance) under the New Mexico Uniform Probate Code, pursuant to the waiver authority in NMSA § 45-2-213.

6.2 **Estate Planning Consistency:** If either Party executes a will or estate planning documents, such documents shall be consistent with this Agreement's inheritance waivers.

6.3 **Binding Waiver:** These inheritance waivers remain in effect regardless of changes in circumstances, domicile, or law.

6.4 **ERISA Retirement Rights:** ERISA spousal rights cannot be waived before marriage. Each Party shall execute any required spousal consent or beneficiary waiver within 30 days of written request after marriage, and agrees not to seek a Qualified Domestic Relations Order or similar order against the other Party's retirement or deferred compensation plans, which remain separate property under Section 1.1. Failure to execute is a material breach entitling the requesting Party to specific performance, \$25,000 liquidated damages, and reasonable attorney fees.

7. FINANCIAL CHANGES DURING MARRIAGE

7.1 Binding Regardless of Changes: The Parties acknowledge that their financial circumstances may change significantly during marriage, including substantial increases or decreases in income, assets, or liabilities. This Agreement remains binding regardless of such changes.

7.2 No Implied Modifications: Changes in financial circumstances, whether foreseeable or unforeseeable, shall not modify, invalidate, or excuse performance under this Agreement unless modified in compliance with all requirements of Section 17 (Modification and Finality).

7.3 Commitment to Terms: Each Party affirms this Agreement reflects their current intentions and commits to honoring its terms regardless of future financial success, failure, or changed circumstances.

8. DISPUTE RESOLUTION AND ATTORNEY FEES

8.1 Mandatory Mediation: Any dispute arising under this Agreement must first be submitted to mediation with a qualified family law mediator. Both Parties must participate in good faith for at least three (3) full sessions over a minimum of 60 days. Mediation costs shall be allocated as follows: (a) Successful Mediation: If a written settlement agreement signed by both Parties resolves all disputed issues, the higher-earning Party at time of mediation shall pay all mediation costs up to the lesser of (i) 2% of that Party's gross annual income, or (ii) \$10,000; (b) Unsuccessful Mediation: If no complete resolution is reached, both Parties shall share all mediation costs equally.

8.2 Extended Mediation Cost-Sharing: For mediation continuing beyond 60 days, costs shall be shared equally regardless of outcome.

8.3 Optional Arbitration: Either Party may terminate mediation and elect binding arbitration with 30 days' written notice after the initial 60-day period. Arbitration shall be conducted by a single arbitrator selected from AAA's family law panel, in the city where marital residence was established, with judgment final and non-appealable except for fraud or arbitrator misconduct. The arbitrator shall strictly apply this Agreement's terms without equitable modification.

8.4 Arbitration Costs: The Parties shall initially share arbitration costs equally. The arbitrator may reallocate costs based on the reasonableness of each Party's position and conduct during the proceedings.

8.5 Legal Representation Fund: If either Party lacks sufficient resources to retain competent counsel for any proceedings related to this Agreement, including mediation, arbitration, or court litigation, the higher-earning Party at time of request shall advance reasonable attorney fees up to the lesser of (i) 4% of that Party's gross annual income,

or (ii) \$50,000, total across all proceedings to ensure adequate representation. Advanced fees shall be: (a) Reimbursed from any award or settlement received by the represented Party, or in full if the represented Party loses on all material issues per Section 8.7; or (b) Forgiven if no recovery occurs or if reimbursement would cause financial hardship. This cap represents the maximum obligation for legal representation assistance regardless of the number or type of proceedings.

8.6 Court Litigation - Limited Circumstances: Court proceedings are permitted only to: (a) Compel participation in mediation or arbitration; (b) Enforce an arbitration award; (c) Seek emergency relief where irreparable harm would occur.

8.7 Frivolous Challenge Penalty: A Party who challenges this Agreement's validity in court and loses on all material issues shall reimburse the other Party's reasonable attorney fees and costs in full, subject to the caps in Section 8.5 if the challenging Party is the recipient of Legal Representation Fund advances.

8.8 Prevailing Party Attorney Fees: In mediation, arbitration, or permitted court proceedings, the prevailing Party may recover reasonable attorney fees and costs, subject to the arbitrator's or court's discretion based on the relative merits of each Party's position and financial circumstances.

8.9 Waiver of Jury Trial: Both Parties waive their right to a jury trial for any dispute relating to this Agreement.

8.10 Settlement Incentives: Any dispute resolved within 30 days of initial filing pays no attorney fees to either party. Either party may request one 30-day suspension of proceedings for reflection and consultation.

8.11 Confidentiality of Proceedings: All mediation and arbitration proceedings under this Agreement shall be confidential. For any permitted court proceedings, the Parties shall jointly request sealing or protective orders to the extent allowed by applicable court rules and law.

9. LANGUAGE COMPREHENSION

9.1 English Language Agreement: This Agreement is written in English. Each Party acknowledges they have read, understood, and voluntarily agreed to all terms herein.

9.2 Non-Native Speaker Protections: Any Party whose native language is not English represents that they have: (a) Sufficient English proficiency to understand this Agreement's terms and legal consequences; or (b) Consulted with a qualified attorney or certified translator fluent in their native language who explained this Agreement's terms and implications.

9.3 Waiver of Language Claims: Each Party irrevocably waives any future claim that they: (a) Did not understand this Agreement due to language barriers; (b) Were denied adequate opportunity to obtain translation or native-language legal counsel; (c) Signed this Agreement without full comprehension of its terms or consequences.

9.4 Translation Available: Each Party acknowledges they had the right to request a written translation of this Agreement in their native language prior to execution, and either obtained such translation, declined it, or confirmed sufficient English proficiency to proceed without one.

10. PRIVACY AND CONFIDENTIALITY

10.1 Confidentiality Obligations: The Parties agree to maintain strict confidentiality regarding: (a) the existence, terms, and contents of this Agreement; (b) private communications, conversations, and personal matters; (c) financial information; (d) personal photographs, videos, or recordings; (e) medical, mental health, or counseling information; (f) family relationships, personal struggles, or embarrassing incidents; and (g) children's private matters by: limiting online sharing to private family/friend settings not publicly searchable; avoiding embarrassing or exploitative content; prohibiting use of children's images or information for personal gain, business promotion, or social media influence; and prioritizing children's long-term dignity and privacy interests over parental sharing preferences.

10.2 Respectful Communication: During and after marriage, both Parties shall speak respectfully about each other, refrain from disparaging statements, avoid sharing private marital details publicly or on social media, and maintain dignified communication.

10.3 Commercial Exploitation Prohibition: Neither Party may commercially exploit the other's name, image, likeness, or reputation through: (a) selling or licensing photographs, videos, or recordings; (b) publishing books, articles, or monetizing interviews about the marriage; (c) participating in tell-all media; or (d) interfering with professional relationships.

10.4 Enforcement and Remedies: A violation entitles the non-breaching Party to injunctive relief and to actual damages. Where actual damages are impractical to determine, the Parties agree liquidated damages of \$4,000 per violation (general or children-related) are a reasonable estimate, not a penalty; for commercial exploitation or willful breach, the greater of actual damages, disgorgement of profits, or \$20,000. The arbitrator or court may adjust any amount it finds punitive, and shall award the prevailing Party reasonable attorney fees.

10.5 Binding Nature: All obligations survive marriage termination permanently.

10.6 **Exceptions:** Disclosure permitted when required by law, court order, necessary to protect children from harm, or required for legitimate legal proceedings.

11. FINANCIAL DISCLOSURE AND DISCOVERY WAIVER

11.1 **Complete Financial Disclosure:** Each Party has provided complete and accurate financial disclosure through the Asset and Liability Disclosure Schedules attached as Exhibits A and B, which include all material assets, debts, income, and recent financial statements.

11.2 **Reliance and Acknowledgment:** Each Party acknowledges they have received, reviewed, and understood the other Party's financial disclosures and are entering this Agreement in reasonable reliance on these disclosures being complete and accurate.

11.3 **Discovery Waiver:** The parties waive all discovery rights to the fullest extent permitted by law. Any discovery shall be limited solely to that which a court determines is constitutionally required for due process, and only upon a specific judicial finding that such discovery is necessary to avoid denial of a fair hearing on claims of fraud, duress, or incapacity in the execution of this Agreement.

12. COMPREHENSIVE FINANCIAL DISCLOSURE WAIVER

12.1 **Knowing and Voluntary Waiver:** Each Party expressly, knowingly, and voluntarily waives all disclosure rights under NMSA § 40-3A-7(A)(2)(b) and any other legal principle.

12.2 **Independent Enforceability:** This waiver operates as a separate and independent basis for enforceability, ensuring this Agreement remains fully binding even if Section 11 disclosures are deemed inadequate.

12.3 **Specific Statutory Waiver:** Each Party waives all rights under NMSA § 40-3A-7(A)(2)(b) (written waiver of disclosure) and acknowledges this satisfies the statutory requirements irrespective of attached schedules.

12.4 **Voluntary Relinquishment:** Each Party acknowledges they could have demanded complete disclosure and verification but voluntarily chose not to exercise these rights and relinquish any right to claim inadequate disclosure.

12.5 **Scope of Waiver:** Each Party acknowledges this waiver satisfies NMSA § 40-3A-7(A)(2)(b) and forecloses any challenge premised on inadequate disclosure or lack of opportunity to investigate. Nothing in this Section limits the court's authority to evaluate unconscionability or voluntariness under § 40-3A-7(A) as a matter of law.

12.6 Counsel Acknowledgement: Each Party acknowledges independent counsel advisement regarding this waiver's significance.

13. OPTIONAL PRE-MARRIAGE ASSET UPDATE

13.1 Recommended Update: The Parties are encouraged, but not required, to exchange updated asset and liability schedules between thirty (30) and ninety (90) days before the marriage date. Any such updated schedules shall be attached as supplements to Exhibits A and B and identified as such.

13.2 Reaffirmation: If updated schedules are exchanged, the Parties may execute a written acknowledgment confirming this Agreement remains fully effective as modified only by the updated schedules. Such acknowledgment does not modify any substantive term of this Agreement.

13.3 No Effect on Enforceability: The exchange of updated schedules is recommended practice only. Failure to exchange updated schedules, or to execute any reaffirmation, shall not invalidate, modify, or affect the enforceability of this Agreement in any respect. The disclosures in Exhibits A and B as of the execution date of this Agreement remain the operative disclosures for all purposes.

14. ASSET CHANGES AND CONTINUED VALIDITY

14.1 Primary Enforceability: This Agreement remains valid regardless of post-execution changes in assets, income, or net worth, whether disclosed or undisclosed.

14.2 Challenge Waiver: Each party waives challenges based on post-execution asset changes, market fluctuations, or failure to disclose changes.

14.3 Timing: The Parties acknowledge that while no minimum period between execution and marriage is required under New Mexico law, signing well in advance of the wedding date strengthens enforceability against voluntariness challenges under NMSA § 40-3A-7(A)(1). Compliance with the timing recommendations in Section 19 is encouraged but is not a validity requirement.

15. INDEPENDENT LEGAL COUNSEL

15.1 Opportunity for Counsel: Each Party acknowledges they have had the opportunity to consult with independent legal counsel of their choice regarding the terms and effects of this Agreement.

15.2 Voluntary Execution: Each Party enters into this Agreement voluntarily, without coercion, duress, or undue influence, after adequate time for review and consultation.

15.3 Waiver of Counsel: If either Party chose not to retain counsel, that Party executed a separate written waiver attached as Exhibit C, acknowledging (a) they were expressly advised to obtain independent counsel; (b) they understand the rights being relinquished; (c) they had adequate time to seek counsel; and (d) they chose not to do so voluntarily.

16. GOVERNING LAW AND ENFORCEABILITY

16.1 New Mexico Law: This Agreement is governed by New Mexico law as of execution date, including the New Mexico Uniform Premarital Agreement Act (NMSA §§ 40-3A-1 to -10) and New Mexico appellate precedent including *Rivera v. Rivera*, 2010-NMCA-106, and *Lebeck v. Lebeck*, 1994-NMCA-102, regardless of domicile or asset location.

16.2 Jurisdiction: Each Party submits to New Mexico jurisdiction and waives forum non conveniens defenses. Either Party may alternatively enforce this Agreement in any jurisdiction providing equal or stronger prenuptial protections than New Mexico.

16.3 Law Selection: The Parties agree that no party shall seek application of foreign or sister-state law for the purpose of avoiding or diminishing this Agreement's protections, except where mandatory conflict-of-law principles require application of another jurisdiction's law.

16.4 Validity: Under NMSA § 40-3A-7, this Agreement is enforceable unless the challenging party proves either (a) involuntary execution, or (b) the Agreement was unconscionable when executed AND (i) no fair and reasonable disclosure was provided, (ii) no written waiver of disclosure, and (iii) the challenging party lacked adequate knowledge of the other's finances. Unconscionability and voluntariness are issues decided by the court as a matter of law under § 40-3A-7(B).

16.5 Single Review at Execution: The Parties acknowledge that New Mexico reviews premarital agreements for unconscionability only at execution, not at enforcement. Changed circumstances during marriage, including changes in income, assets, health, employment, or family status, shall not constitute grounds to invalidate this Agreement.

16.6 Public Policy Compliance: This Agreement does not adversely affect either Party's right to spousal support, child support, custody, visitation, choice of abode, or freedom to pursue career opportunities, consistent with NMSA § 40-3A-4(B).

17. MODIFICATION AND FINALITY

17.1 Entire Agreement: This Agreement constitutes the entire understanding between the Parties regarding the subject matter hereof and supersedes all prior agreements, understandings, or representations, whether written or oral.

17.2 Modification Requirements: Any amendment requires a written instrument (a) presented in final form at least thirty (30) days before execution; (b) signed and acknowledged (notarized) by both Parties as required by NMSA § 40-3A-3; (c) accompanied by written acknowledgment from each Party's independent counsel confirming review; and (d) expressly identifying any rights or protections being waived.

17.3 No Oral Modifications: No oral agreements, representations, or modifications shall be binding.

17.4 Conduct-Based Revocation: Under NMSA § 40-3A-6, a premarital agreement may be amended or revoked by "a consistent and mutual course of conduct." No individual act – jointly titling property, refinancing, commingling funds, or designating beneficiaries – constitutes revocation unless accompanied by a written transmutation agreement per Sections 2.6 and 17.2. The Parties acknowledge that a sustained pattern of conduct inconsistent with this Agreement may nevertheless effect revocation under § 40-3A-6 regardless of this provision.

18. SEVERABILITY

18.1 Severance of Invalid Provisions: If any provision of this Agreement is held invalid, illegal, or unenforceable by a court of competent jurisdiction, that provision shall be automatically severed, and the remainder of this Agreement shall remain in full force and effect.

18.2 Replacement Provision: Any severed provision shall be reformed to nearest valid equivalent reflecting the original intent of the Parties.

18.3 Intent: The Parties expressly intend that invalid provisions be severed rather than invalidating the entire Agreement, even if the invalid provision goes to the essence of this Agreement.

19. EFFECTIVE DATE AND TIMING

19.1 Effective Date: This Agreement shall become effective immediately upon the marriage of the Parties. Under NMSA § 40-3A-3, a premarital agreement must be in writing, signed by both Parties, AND acknowledged (notarized). Under NMSA § 40-3A-5, it becomes effective upon marriage.

19.2 Ideal Timeline: Sign the premarital agreement before proposing, then update disclosures 30-90 days before the wedding. This ensures informed engagement decisions, keeps legal matters separate from wedding planning, and most effectively defeats any involuntary-execution challenge under NMSA § 40-3A-7(A)(1).

19.3 Alternative Timeline: Execute this Agreement at least 60 days before the wedding date, allowing 1-2 weeks for both parties to review the final version before signing. Reach out to an attorney at least 4-6 months before the wedding to begin the process.

19.4 Advisory Nature: These recommendations enhance enforceability but are not validity requirements.

20. COMPREHENSIVE ACKNOWLEDGMENTS

20.1 Informed Voluntary Agreement: Each Party enters this Agreement freely and voluntarily, with complete understanding of its terms, legal effects, and binding nature.

20.2 Financial Disclosure Confirmation: Each Party confirms they either: (a) received full financial disclosure with reasonable opportunity for verification; OR (b) knowingly and voluntarily waived disclosure rights as detailed in Section 12.

20.3 Legal Counsel Confirmation: Each Party confirms they were advised to obtain independent legal counsel and provided sufficient time for consultation.

20.4 Maximum Statutory Waiver: Each Party understands they are waiving all statutory rights to property division, inheritance claims, and any other marital rights to the fullest extent permitted under NMSA §§ 40-3A-1 to -10 and New Mexico case law. The Parties acknowledge that spousal support cannot be waived or modified by premarital agreement under NMSA § 40-3A-4(B) and is NOT waived by this Agreement.

20.5 Comprehensive Future Waiver: Each Party irrevocably waives any future claim of: (a) lack of understanding; (b) inadequate disclosure; (c) unconscionability beyond the two-prong test at execution under NMSA § 40-3A-7; (d) any claim not cognizable under NMSA § 40-3A-7(A); (e) breach of fiduciary duty in connection with the negotiation or execution of this Agreement, acknowledging that each Party has received full financial disclosure, adequate review time, and opportunity for independent counsel as required under New Mexico law; (f) retention of rights beyond those expressly preserved herein; or (g) any challenge to this Agreement's validity on grounds other than those cognizable under NMSA § 40-3A-7(A).

21. EXECUTION

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, the Parties have executed this Agreement as of the date first written above.

_____ Date: _____ Party A: [Party A Name]

_____ Date: _____ Party B: [Party B Name]

ATTORNEY CERTIFICATION FOR PARTY A

I, _____, attorney for Party A, certify that:

1. I am independent counsel, separately retained by Party A, and do not represent Party B.
2. I have reviewed this Agreement in full with my client and explained its legal implications and consequences, including the marital, statutory, and common-law rights being waived.
3. I have answered all of my client's questions.
4. My client received this Agreement at least seven (7) days before execution and before the wedding date.
5. I observed no indication of impaired mental capacity, intoxication, duress, undue influence, or coercion.
6. To the best of my knowledge, my client's execution of this Agreement is knowing, voluntary, and informed.
7. My client signed this Agreement in my presence on the date shown below.

Attorney Name, Bar Number	Date

NOTARY ACKNOWLEDGMENT FOR PARTY A

The Notary below may be Party A's attorney (if commissioned) or a separate notary public.

State of _____ County of _____

On this _____ day of _____, **20**_____, Party A personally appeared before me, personally known to me or proved by satisfactory evidence, and

Party A initials_____

Party B initials_____

acknowledged executing this Agreement for the purposes contained therein. I certify under penalty of perjury that the foregoing is true and correct.

Notary Public Signature

Date

Printed Name: _____

Commission No.: _____ Expires: _____

[Notary Seal]

ATTORNEY CERTIFICATION FOR PARTY B

I, _____, attorney for Party B, certify that:

1. I am independent counsel, separately retained by Party B, and do not represent Party A.
2. I have reviewed this Agreement in full with my client and explained its legal implications and consequences, including the marital, statutory, and common-law rights being waived.
3. I have answered all of my client's questions.
4. My client received this Agreement at least seven (7) days before execution and before the wedding date.
5. I observed no indication of impaired mental capacity, intoxication, duress, undue influence, or coercion.
6. To the best of my knowledge, my client's execution of this Agreement is knowing, voluntary, and informed.
7. My client signed this Agreement in my presence on the date shown below.

Attorney Name, Bar Number

Date

NOTARY ACKNOWLEDGMENT FOR PARTY B

The Notary below may be Party B's attorney (if commissioned) or a separate notary public.

