

TENNESSEE PRENUPTIAL AGREEMENT

This Premarital Agreement ("Agreement") is entered into on [Date], by and between:

Party A [woman], residing at [Address], and

Party B [man], residing at [Address],

collectively referred to as the "Parties" and individually as a "Party."

RECITALS

WHEREAS, the Parties contemplate marriage and desire to define their respective rights and obligations regarding property, income, debts, and other financial matters arising during marriage or upon its dissolution;

WHEREAS, Party A is employed by [Employer] as [Title] and Party B is employed by [Employer] as [Title];

WHEREAS, each Party has made full, fair, and complete disclosure of their respective assets, liabilities, income, and financial circumstances – including compensation, equity, and ownership interests – as set forth in Exhibits A and B;

WHEREAS, each Party acknowledges the other's present earning capacity and agrees that future changes in employment, income, or earning capacity – including those resulting from caregiving, career sacrifice, or market conditions – are contemplated at execution and shall not constitute grounds to modify or invalidate this Agreement;

WHEREAS, each Party acknowledges that changed circumstances during marriage, including health deterioration, employment changes, or other life events, may affect enforcement, though both Parties intend this Agreement to remain binding through foreseeable changes;

WHEREAS, each Party has had adequate time to review, consider, negotiate, and propose changes to this Agreement prior to execution;

WHEREAS, independent legal counsel is the "best assurance" that all legal requirements are met and dramatically strengthens enforceability (Randolph v. Randolph, 937 S.W.2d 815 (Tenn. 1996)), and each Party has either obtained independent counsel or knowingly waived this right as documented herein;

WHEREAS, each Party has carefully read and reviewed this Agreement, understands its terms and legal effect, and enters into it freely, knowledgeably, and in good faith, without coercion, duress, or undue influence, consistent with Tennessee Code Annotated § 36-3-501;

WHEREAS, each Party acknowledges Tennessee courts may examine the fairness of this Agreement both at execution and at enforcement, and both Parties affirm this Agreement is fair and reasonable under current circumstances;

WHEREAS, the Parties desire that this Agreement be governed by the laws of Tennessee and intend for it to be legally binding and enforceable;

NOW, THEREFORE, in consideration of the mutual promises and covenants contained herein, the Parties agree as follows:

1. DEFINITIONS

1.1 Separate Property: All property, income, and assets acquired by either Party in their individual name before or during marriage, including without limitation: real estate; personal property; business interests and goodwill; financial and securities accounts (checking, savings, brokerage, retirement, pension, money market, investment); employment income; stock options, RSUs, deferred compensation, carried interest, and equity incentives (whether vested or unvested, granted before or during marriage); professional degrees, licenses, certifications, and earning capacity derived therefrom; gifts, inheritances, and trust distributions; digital assets (cryptocurrency, NFTs, digital wallets, online accounts); intellectual property (patents, copyrights, trademarks, trade secrets, source code, royalties, websites whether active or dormant); legal claims, settlements, and insurance proceeds attributable to separate property or individual injury; and all appreciation, growth, income, returns, proceeds, replacements, and future development or commercialization thereof.

1.2 Joint Property: Property, assets, and debts titled in both Parties' names jointly and acquired during marriage with joint funds.

1.3 Separate Debts: Debts incurred by either Party in their individual name.

1.4 Joint Debts: Debts incurred jointly by both Parties in both their names during marriage.

1.5 Alimony/Spousal Support: Financial support paid by one Party to the other after separation, divorce, or dissolution, as specified in this Agreement.

2. SEPARATE PROPERTY

2.1 Ownership and Control: Each Party retains sole and exclusive ownership, control, and management of their separate property as defined in Section 1.1.

2.2 No Marital Claims: Neither Party shall acquire any right, title, interest, or claim in the separate property of the other Party by reason of the marriage, regardless of the duration of marriage or any contributions made by the non-owning Party.

2.3 Right of Disposition: Each Party may dispose of their separate property by sale, gift, will, trust, or otherwise, without the consent or approval of the other Party.

2.4 Separate Debt Responsibility: Each Party is solely responsible for their separate debts and shall indemnify and hold harmless the other Party from any liability arising from such separate debts.

2.5 Commingling Protection: If separate property becomes commingled with joint property, the contributing Party retains their ownership interest, provided adequate records exist to trace the separate contribution.

2.6 No Transmutation: Separate property does not become joint property unless both Parties execute a written agreement specifically identifying the property and their intent to convert it. No deed, title change, account registration, or beneficiary designation – including adding a spouse to title – effects a transmutation without such written agreement. The Party claiming transmutation bears the burden of proving it by clear and convincing evidence.

2.7 Business Interests During Marriage: Separate business interests remain entirely separate property regardless of spousal involvement, consultation, assistance, or contribution during marriage, unless the non-owner spouse made direct documented capital contributions or became a legal co-owner of the business entity. No marital claim arises from business operations, growth, or increased value during marriage. This provision is consistent with Tennessee's principle that separate property remains separate absent clear intent to transmute it to marital property.

2.8 Trust Asset Protection: Assets held in trusts established by or for either Party before or during marriage – including revocable, irrevocable, discretionary, generation-skipping, and offshore asset protection trusts, whether domestic or foreign – remain the settlor's or beneficiary's separate property. The non-settlor spouse waives all rights to trust distributions, principal, remainder interests, beneficiary designations, and any claim that trust assets became marital property.

3. JOINT PROPERTY

3.1 Joint Property Assets: Joint property consists only of assets titled in both Parties' names jointly and acquired during marriage with joint funds, as defined in Section 1.2.

3.2 Joint Property Division: Upon separation, divorce, or dissolution, joint property shall be divided equally (50/50) between the Parties.

3.3 Joint Debts: Joint debts consist only of debts incurred jointly by both Parties in both their names during marriage, as defined in Section 1.4. Upon separation, divorce, or dissolution, joint debts shall be divided equally (50/50) between the Parties.

3.4 Joint Residence - Proportional Interest: If the Parties jointly purchase a residence during marriage:

(a) Each Party's ownership percentage equals: $(\text{Their total contributions} \div \text{Combined contributions of both Parties}) \times 100$;

(b) Records shall be maintained to document each Party's capital contributions;

(c) This proportional interest supersedes any presumption of equal ownership for jointly-titled property.

3.5 Joint Residence - Dissolution Rights: Upon separation, divorce, or dissolution:

(a) Either Party may elect to purchase the other's proportional share at fair market value determined by: (i) mutual agreement; (ii) if no agreement within 30 days, the median of three valuations from the largest online real estate platforms by market share (currently Zillow, Redfin, and Realtor.com) on the same date; or (iii) if online values vary by >20% or are unavailable, the average of two certified appraisals (one per Party);

(b) The purchasing Party must obtain financing in their sole name and complete the buyout within 120 days of election;

(c) If no buyout election is made or completed within 120 days, the residence shall be sold with net proceeds distributed according to each Party's proportional share.

3.6 Separate Property Exclusion: All property not meeting the definition of joint property in Section 1.2 remains separate property of the owning Party, regardless of any contributions, improvements, or efforts by the non-owning Party during marriage.

4. ALIMONY/SPOUSAL SUPPORT

4.1 General Waiver: Both Parties waive all rights to alimony, spousal support, or maintenance except as provided in this Section 4. These formulas apply to temporary, pendente lite, and permanent support. Temporary support awarded in excess of Section 4.5 shall be credited dollar-for-dollar against future support or refunded to payor within 90 days of this Agreement being upheld.

4.2 Children of the Marriage: Biological children of both Parties (including IVF) and children legally adopted by both Parties. Either Party may request genetic testing at any time at the requesting Party's cost. A child not meeting this definition is excluded from the Section 4.5 calculation, and any excess payments are refunded or credited.

4.3 Employment Reduction: Support reduces by 25% if recipient has not earned at least \$30,000 annually in gross income (verified by tax returns or W-2s) within 24 months of divorce, provided recipient is not the primary caregiver of a Child of the Marriage under the age of four. Payor may request annual verification.

4.4 Net Income: Payor's "net income" means gross income minus federal and state income tax, Social Security, and Medicare withholdings (excluding voluntary deductions), averaged over the three years preceding divorce filing. If the most recent year is lower due to involuntary job loss, disability, or business closure beyond payor's control, the most recent year's net income applies instead of the average.

4.5 Support Calculation: Monthly support equals the following percentage of payor's net income, minus 25% of recipient's net income, based on the number of Children of the Marriage:

- 0 Children: 2% of payor's net income
- 1 Child: 4% of payor's net income
- 2 Children: 6% of payor's net income
- 3 Children: 8% of payor's net income
- 4 Children: 10% of payor's net income
- 5 Children: 12% of payor's net income
- 6+ Children: 14% of payor's net income

Maximum: \$6,000 per month, adjusted annually by CPI-U from date of marriage through the earlier of separation or dissolution filing.

Child Support Separate: Child support, custody, and visitation are excluded from this Agreement. Tennessee courts retain sole authority over these matters under Tenn. Code Ann. § 36-5-101 and the Tennessee Child Support Guidelines, determined at the time of any proceeding based on the child's best interests.

4.6 Duration Limits: Support duration shall be calculated as a percentage of marriage length (from date of marriage to date of separation):

- Less than 5 years: 5% of marriage length
- 5 to <10 years: 10% of marriage length
- 10 to <15 years: 15% of marriage length
- 15 to <20 years: 20% of marriage length
- 20 to <25 years: 25% of marriage length
- 25+ years: 30% of marriage length

4.7 Public Assistance Floor: Consistent with Cary v. Cary, 937 S.W.2d 777 (Tenn. 1996), if enforcement of this waiver would render recipient a "public charge" requiring public assistance, the court may require payor to provide minimum support necessary to avoid public assistance eligibility.

4.8 Reformed Formula Fallback: If any calculation under Sections 4.5 or 4.6 is deemed unconscionable, the court shall reform to the following percentages of payor's average annual net income (as defined in 4.4) minus 50% of recipient's net income, with duration at 40% of marriage length:

- 0-1 Child: 10% of payor's net income
- 2-3 Children: 15% of payor's net income
- 4+ Children: 20% of payor's net income

4.9 Income Floor: No support payable if payor's gross annual income is below the greater of: (a) 75% of their gross income in the year prior to executing this Agreement, or (b) 250% of Federal Poverty Level for a single person.

4.10 Automatic Termination: Support ceases upon earliest of: (a) Recipient's remarriage; (b) Recipient's cohabitation for 90+ consecutive days in a romantic relationship; (c) Recipient's death; (d) Payor's death; or (e) Duration limit expiration.

4.11 Limited Modification: Support terms non-modifiable except as required by Tennessee law or court order upon showing of substantial and material change in circumstances that was not foreseeable at execution. Both Parties acknowledge as foreseeable: dissolution, income changes and growth, typical health issues, childcare decisions for children born during marriage, and career changes.

4.12 Support Cap: Total lifetime support shall not exceed payor's average annual net income (as defined in Section 4.4) multiplied by: 75% (marriages under 10 years), 125% (10–20 years), or 175% (20+ years).

4.13 Post-Divorce Income: Support shall not be modified based on payor's post-filing income increases, including promotions, bonuses, raises, business growth, investment returns, inheritances, gifts, or higher compensation. Post-divorce earnings are separate property.

5. LIFESTYLE CLAUSES

This Section is precatory and aspirational only – it expresses the Parties' shared hopes and values, is not legally binding or enforceable, and carries no remedy. Its validity or invalidity has no bearing on any other provision, all of which remain fully effective and severable per Section 15. All uses of "aspire," "value," and "hope" in this Section are intentionally non-obligatory.

5.1 Shared Responsibilities: The Parties intend to building a successful family through equal overall contributions. Family responsibilities typically divide into financial and domestic domains. Each Party may lead in one domain (60-70%) while supporting in the other (30-40%), creating a reciprocal balance and shared benefit. For example, one party

may contribute 60-70% financially and 30-40% to domestic responsibilities. The other party may contribute 30-40% financially and 60-70% domestically.

5.2 Workforce Commitment: Both Parties value financial independence and shared economic contribution. During marriage, the Parties aspire to maintain workforce participation while accommodating for any childcare-related career breaks.

Both Parties recognize that maintaining career skills strengthens long-term family financial security. This reflects shared values about economic partnership and mutual responsibility.

5.3 Conflict Resolution and Family Preservation: In case of marital difficulties, the Parties aspire to preserve family unity through creative living arrangements if necessary (sharing a home though different rooms, or nearby houses), to speak respectfully about each other publicly and privately, and to prioritize their children's relationships with both parents regardless of marital status.

5.4 Fidelity: Each Party values the mutual expectation of fidelity and ongoing intimacy as foundational to a happy and long-lived marriage.

6. INHERITANCE AND ESTATE RIGHTS WAIVER

6.1 Complete Inheritance Waiver: Each Party waives all rights to inherit from the other's estate, including spousal election rights, homestead allowances, family allowances, and other statutory inheritance rights under Tennessee law.

6.2 Estate Planning Consistency: If either Party executes a will or estate planning documents, such documents shall be consistent with this Agreement's inheritance waivers.

6.3 Binding Waiver: These inheritance waivers remain in effect regardless of changes in circumstances, domicile, or law.

6.4 ERISA Retirement Rights: ERISA spousal rights cannot be waived before marriage. Each Party shall execute any required spousal consent or beneficiary waiver within 30 days of written request after marriage, and agrees not to seek a Qualified Domestic Relations Order or similar order against the other Party's retirement or deferred compensation plans, which remain separate property under Section 1.1. Failure to execute is a material breach entitling the requesting Party to specific performance, \$25,000 liquidated damages, and reasonable attorney fees.

7. FINANCIAL CHANGES AND CONTINUED VALIDITY

7.1 Binding Regardless of Changes: This Agreement remains valid regardless of post-execution changes in assets, income, net worth, or financial circumstances, whether foreseeable or unforeseeable.

7.2 No Implied Modifications: No change in circumstances shall modify, invalidate, or excuse performance unless modified per Section 14. Each Party waives challenges based on post-execution asset changes, market fluctuations, or failure to disclose changes occurring after execution.

7.3 Time-Independent Validity: Enforceability does not depend on timing between execution and marriage.

7.4 Commitment to Terms: Each Party affirms this Agreement reflects their current intentions and commits to honoring its terms regardless of future financial success, failure, or changed circumstances.

8. DISPUTE RESOLUTION AND ATTORNEY FEES

8.1 Mandatory Mediation: Any dispute under this Agreement must first be submitted to mediation with a qualified family law mediator. Both Parties must participate in good faith for at least three sessions over a minimum of 60 days. If mediation succeeds, the higher-earning Party pays all mediation costs up to the lesser of 2% of that Party's gross annual income or \$10,000. If mediation fails, costs are shared equally.

8.2 Extended Mediation Cost-Sharing: For mediation continuing beyond 60 days, costs shall be shared equally regardless of outcome.

8.3 Optional Arbitration: Either Party may terminate mediation and elect binding arbitration with 30 days' written notice after the initial 60-day period. Arbitration shall be conducted by a single arbitrator selected from AAA's family law panel, in the city where marital residence was established, with judgment final and non-appealable except for fraud or arbitrator misconduct. The arbitrator shall strictly apply this Agreement's terms without equitable modification.

8.4 Arbitration Costs: The Parties shall initially share arbitration costs equally. The arbitrator may reallocate costs based on the reasonableness of each Party's position and conduct during the proceedings.

8.5 Legal Representation Fund: If either Party lacks sufficient resources to retain competent counsel for any proceedings related to this Agreement, including mediation, arbitration, or court litigation, the higher-earning Party at time of request shall advance reasonable attorney fees up to the lesser of (i) 4% of that Party's gross annual income, or (ii) \$50,000, total across all proceedings to ensure adequate representation. Advanced fees shall be: (a) Reimbursed from any award or settlement received by the

represented Party, or in full if the represented Party loses on all material issues per Section 8.7; or (b) Forgiven if no recovery occurs or if reimbursement would cause financial hardship. This cap represents the maximum obligation for legal representation assistance regardless of the number or type of proceedings.

8.6 Court Litigation - Limited Circumstances: Court proceedings are permitted only to: (a) Compel participation in mediation or arbitration; (b) Enforce an arbitration award; (c) Seek emergency relief where irreparable harm would occur.

8.7 Frivolous Challenge Penalty: A Party who challenges this Agreement's validity in court and loses on all material issues shall reimburse the other Party's reasonable attorney fees and costs, provided such reimbursement would not render this Agreement unconscionable.

8.8 Prevailing Party Attorney Fees: In mediation, arbitration, or permitted court proceedings, the prevailing Party may recover reasonable attorney fees and costs, subject to the arbitrator's or court's discretion based on the relative merits of each Party's position and financial circumstances.

8.9 Waiver of Jury Trial: Both Parties waive their right to a jury trial for any dispute relating to this Agreement.

8.10 Settlement Incentives: Any dispute resolved within 30 days of initial filing pays no attorney fees to either party. Either party may request one 30-day suspension of proceedings for reflection and consultation.

8.11 Confidentiality of Proceedings: All mediation, arbitration, and court proceedings under this Agreement shall be confidential. Neither Party may disclose pleadings, testimony, exhibits, or settlement positions to third parties except counsel, financial advisors, or as required by law. Violations trigger the penalties in Section 10.4.

9. LANGUAGE COMPREHENSION

9.1 English Language Agreement: This Agreement is written in English. Each Party acknowledges they have read, understood, and voluntarily agreed to all terms herein.

9.2 Non-Native Speaker Protections: Any Party whose native language is not English represents that they have: (a) Sufficient English proficiency to understand this Agreement's terms and legal consequences; or (b) Consulted with a qualified attorney or certified translator fluent in their native language who explained this Agreement's terms and implications.

9.3 Waiver of Language Claims: Each Party irrevocably waives any future claim that they: (a) Did not understand this Agreement due to language barriers; (b) Were denied adequate opportunity to obtain translation or native-language legal counsel; (c) Signed this Agreement without full comprehension of its terms or consequences.

9.4 Translation Available: Each Party acknowledges they had the right to request a written translation of this Agreement in their native language prior to execution, and either obtained such translation, declined it, or confirmed sufficient English proficiency to proceed without one.

10. PRIVACY AND CONFIDENTIALITY

10.1 Confidentiality Obligations: The Parties agree to maintain strict confidentiality regarding: (a) the existence, terms, and contents of this Agreement; (b) private communications, conversations, and personal matters; (c) financial information; (d) personal photographs, videos, or recordings; (e) medical, mental health, or counseling information; (f) family relationships, personal struggles, or embarrassing incidents; and (g) children's private matters by: limiting online sharing to private family/friend settings not publicly searchable; avoiding embarrassing or exploitative content; prohibiting use of children's images or information for personal gain, business promotion, or social media influence; and prioritizing children's long-term dignity and privacy interests over parental sharing preferences.

10.2 Respectful Communication: During and after marriage, both Parties shall speak respectfully about each other, refrain from disparaging statements, avoid sharing private marital details publicly or on social media, and maintain dignified communication.

10.3 Commercial Exploitation Prohibition: Neither Party may commercially exploit the other's name, image, likeness, or reputation through: (a) selling or licensing photographs, videos, or recordings; (b) publishing books, articles, or monetizing interviews about the marriage; (c) participating in tell-all media; or (d) interfering with professional relationships.

10.4 Enforcement and Remedies: Violations entitle the non-breaching Party to injunctive relief, actual damages, and reasonable attorney fees. Where actual damages are impractical to determine: (a) general violations – the greater of \$4,000 or 2% of the breaching Party's gross annual income; (b) commercial exploitation or willful breach – the greater of actual damages, disgorgement, \$10,000, or 5% of the breaching Party's gross annual income. These amounts are liquidated damages, not penalties. The arbitrator or court may adjust any amount it finds disproportionate.

10.5 Binding Nature: All obligations survive marriage termination permanently.

10.6 **Exceptions:** Disclosure permitted when required by law, court order, necessary to protect children from harm, or required for legitimate legal proceedings.

11. FINANCIAL DISCLOSURE AND DISCOVERY LIMITATION

11.1 **Complete Financial Disclosure:** Each Party has provided complete and accurate financial disclosure through the Asset and Liability Disclosure Schedules attached as Exhibits A and B, which include all material assets, debts, income, and recent financial statements.

11.2 **Reliance and Acknowledgement:** Each Party acknowledges they have received, reviewed, and understood the other Party's financial disclosures and are entering this Agreement in reasonable reliance on these disclosures being complete and accurate.

11.3 **Discovery Limitation:** In any proceeding to enforce or challenge this Agreement, discovery shall be limited to matters directly relevant to the validity of execution — specifically, allegations of fraud, duress, incapacity, or material nondisclosure at the time of signing. Neither Party may conduct discovery into the other's post-execution financial circumstances for purposes of challenging this Agreement's substantive terms.

12. INDEPENDENT LEGAL COUNSEL

12.1 **Opportunity for Counsel:** Each Party acknowledges they have had the opportunity to consult with independent legal counsel of their choice regarding the terms and effects of this Agreement.

12.2 **Voluntary Execution:** Each Party enters into this Agreement voluntarily, without coercion, duress, or undue influence, after adequate time for review and consultation.

12.3 **Waiver of Counsel:** If either Party chose not to retain counsel, that Party executed a separate written waiver attached as Exhibit C, acknowledging (a) they were expressly advised to obtain independent counsel; (b) they understand the rights being relinquished; (c) they had adequate time to seek counsel; and (d) they chose not to do so voluntarily.

12.4 **Tennessee Independent Counsel Standard:** While Tennessee does not require independent counsel, courts consider it the "best assurance" that all legal requirements are met (Randolph v. Randolph, 937 S.W.2d 815 (Tenn. 1996)). Independent counsel dramatically strengthens enforceability. Each Party acknowledges understanding this standard.

13. GOVERNING LAW AND ENFORCEABILITY

13.1 **Effective Date:** This Agreement shall become effective immediately upon the marriage of the Parties.

13.2 **Tennessee Law:** This Agreement is governed by Tennessee law as of execution date, including Tennessee Code Annotated § 36-3-501 and the disclosure and voluntariness framework established by *Randolph v. Randolph*, 937 S.W.2d 815 (Tenn. 1996), regardless of domicile or asset location. Future law amendments reducing enforceability shall not apply retroactively.

13.3 **Jurisdiction:** Each Party submits to Tennessee jurisdiction and waives forum non conveniens defenses. Neither Party may initiate proceedings in jurisdictions with weaker prenuptial enforcement than Tennessee.

13.4 **Law Selection:** Neither Party may invoke any law—foreign or domestic—to weaken this Agreement's enforcement.

13.5 **Validity:** Both Parties affirm this Agreement meets all requirements of Tennessee Code Annotated § 36-3-501 and was entered into freely, knowledgeably, and in good faith.

14. MODIFICATION AND FINALITY

14.1 **Entire Agreement:** This Agreement constitutes the entire understanding between the Parties regarding the subject matter hereof and supersedes all prior agreements, understandings, or representations, whether written or oral.

14.2 **Modification Requirements:** This Agreement may only be amended or modified by a written instrument that (a) is presented in final form to the other Party at least thirty (30) days before execution; (b) is signed by both Parties before a notary public; and (c) is accompanied by written acknowledgment from each Party's independent counsel confirming review of the modification and the client's understanding of its terms and legal effect.

14.3 **No Oral Modifications:** No oral agreements, representations, or modifications shall be binding.

15. SEVERABILITY

15.1 Severance of Invalid Provisions: If any provision of this Agreement is held invalid, illegal, or unenforceable by a court of competent jurisdiction, that provision shall be automatically severed, and the remainder of this Agreement shall remain in full force and effect.

15.2 Replacement Provision: Any severed provision shall be reformed to nearest valid equivalent reflecting the original intent of the Parties.

15.3 Intent: The Parties expressly intend that invalid provisions be severed rather than invalidating the entire Agreement, even if the invalid provision goes to the essence of this Agreement.

16. COMPREHENSIVE ACKNOWLEDGMENTS

16.1 Informed Voluntary Agreement: Each Party enters this Agreement freely and voluntarily, with complete understanding of its terms, legal effects, and binding nature.

16.2 Financial Disclosure Confirmation: Each Party confirms they received full financial disclosure as set forth in Exhibits A and B, with reasonable opportunity for review and verification.

16.3 Legal Counsel Confirmation: Each Party confirms they were advised to obtain independent legal counsel and provided sufficient time for consultation.

16.4 Maximum Statutory Waiver: Each Party understands they are waiving all statutory rights to property division, spousal support, inheritance claims, and any other marital rights to the fullest extent permitted under Tennessee Code Annotated § 36-3-501 and Cary v. Cary, 937 S.W.2d 777 (Tenn. 1996).

16.5 Comprehensive Future Waiver: Each Party irrevocably waives any future claim of: (a) lack of understanding; (b) inadequate disclosure; (c) duress, coercion, or undue influence; (d) retention of rights beyond those expressly preserved herein; or (e) any other challenge to this Agreement's validity or enforceability, except as permitted by Tennessee law regarding alimony review at enforcement.

17. EXECUTION

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, the Parties have executed this Agreement as of the date first written above.

_____ Date: _____ Party A: [Party A Name]

Party A initials _____

Party B initials _____

_____ Date: _____ Party B: [Party B Name]

ATTORNEY CERTIFICATION FOR PARTY A

I, _____, attorney for Party A, certify that:

1. I am independent counsel, separately retained by Party A, and do not represent Party B.
2. I have reviewed this Agreement in full with my client and explained its legal implications and consequences, including the marital, statutory, and common-law rights being waived.
3. I have answered all of my client's questions.
4. My client received this Agreement at least seven (7) days before execution and before the wedding date.
5. I observed no indication of impaired mental capacity, intoxication, duress, undue influence, or coercion.
6. To the best of my knowledge, my client's execution of this Agreement is knowing, voluntary, and informed.
7. My client signed this Agreement in my presence on the date shown below.

Attorney Name, Bar Number

Date

NOTARY ACKNOWLEDGMENT FOR PARTY A

The Notary below may be Party A's attorney (if commissioned) or a separate notary public.

State of _____ County of _____

On this _____ day of _____, 20____, before me, the undersigned, personally appeared Party A, personally known to me or proved by satisfactory evidence to be the individual whose name is subscribed to the within instrument, and acknowledged to me that they executed the same voluntarily, as their free act and deed, in their capacity, and that by their signature on the instrument the individual executed the instrument. I certify under penalty of perjury under the laws of said state that the foregoing is true and correct.

Party A initials_____

Party B initials_____

Notary Public Signature

Date

Printed Name: _____

Commission No.: _____ Expires: _____

[Notary Seal]

ATTORNEY CERTIFICATION FOR PARTY B

I, _____, attorney for Party B, certify that:

1. I am independent counsel, separately retained by Party B, and do not represent Party A.
2. I have reviewed this Agreement in full with my client and explained its legal implications and consequences, including the marital, statutory, and common-law rights being waived.
3. I have answered all of my client's questions.
4. My client received this Agreement at least seven (7) days before execution and before the wedding date.
5. I observed no indication of impaired mental capacity, intoxication, duress, undue influence, or coercion.
6. To the best of my knowledge, my client's execution of this Agreement is knowing, voluntary, and informed.
7. My client signed this Agreement in my presence on the date shown below.

Attorney Name, Bar Number

Date

NOTARY ACKNOWLEDGMENT FOR PARTY B

The Notary below may be Party B's attorney (if commissioned) or a separate notary public.

State of _____ County of _____

On this _____ day of _____, 20____, before me, the undersigned, personally appeared Party B, personally known to me or proved by satisfactory evidence to be the individual whose name is subscribed to the within instrument, and

Party A initials_____

Party B initials_____

acknowledged to me that they executed the same voluntarily, as their free act and deed, in their capacity, and that by their signature on the instrument the individual executed the instrument. I certify under penalty of perjury under the laws of said state that the foregoing is true and correct.

_____ _____
Notary Public Signature Date

Printed Name: _____

Commission No.: _____ Expires: _____

[Notary Seal]

***This prenuptial agreement template is provided free for personal, non-commercial use only. We want to help you get married. Commercial use, including but not limited to use by law firms, tech companies, or any for-profit services, is strictly prohibited. You cannot copy this document, or parts of it, and charge people to use it.**

****This prenuptial agreement was not prepared by attorneys. It must be reviewed by an attorney before signing.**