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# CONTINUOUS FLOW ICEMAKER

500, 700, 1000, 2000 - Series

Service Manual

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This document contains the original instructions for the unit described.

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# SAFETY INSTRUCTIONS

## READ AND FOLLOW ALL SAFETY INSTRUCTIONS

### Safety Overview

- Read and follow **ALL SAFETY INSTRUCTIONS** in this manual and any warning/caution labels on the unit (decals, labels or laminated cards).
- Read and understand ALL applicable OSHA (Occupational Safety and Health Administration) safety regulations before operating this unit.

### Recognition

#### *Recognize Safety Alerts*



*This is the safety alert symbol. When you see it in this manual or on the unit, be alert to the potential of personal injury or damage to the unit.*

## DIFFERENT TYPES OF ALERTS

### **DANGER:**

Indicates an immediate hazardous situation which if not avoided **WILL** result in serious injury, death or equipment damage.

### **WARNING:**

Indicates a potentially hazardous situation which, if not avoided, **COULD** result in serious injury, death, or equipment damage.

### **CAUTION:**

Indicates a potentially hazardous situation which, if not avoided, **MAY** result in minor or moderate injury or equipment damage.

## SAFETY TIPS

- Carefully read and follow all safety messages in this manual and safety signs on the unit.
- Keep safety signs in good condition and replace missing or damaged items.
- Learn how to operate the unit and how to use the controls properly.
- **Do not** let anyone operate the unit without proper training. This appliance is **not** intended for use by very young children or infirm persons without supervision. Young children should be supervised to ensure that they do not play with the appliance.
- Keep your unit in proper working condition and do not allow unauthorized modifications to the unit.

## QUALIFIED SERVICE PERSONNEL

### **WARNING:**

Only trained and certified electrical, plumbing and refrigeration technicians should service this unit. **ALL WIRING AND PLUMBING MUST CONFORM TO NATIONAL AND LOCAL CODES. FAILURE TO COMPLY COULD RESULT IN SERIOUS INJURY, DEATH OR EQUIPMENT DAMAGE.**

## SAFETY PRECAUTIONS

This unit has been specifically designed to provide protection against personal injury. To ensure continued protection observe the following:

### WARNING:

Disconnect power to the unit before servicing following all lock out/tag out procedures established by the user. Verify all of the power is off to the unit before any work is performed. **Failure to disconnect the power could result in serious injury, death or equipment damage.**

### CAUTION:

Always be sure to keep area around the unit clean and free of clutter. **Failure to keep this area clean may result in injury or equipment damage.**

## SHIPPING AND STORAGE

### CAUTION:

Before shipping, storing, or relocating the unit, the unit must be sanitized and all sanitizing solution must be drained from the system. A freezing ambient environment will cause residual sanitizing solution or water remaining inside the unit to freeze resulting in damage to internal components.

## CO<sub>2</sub> (CARBON DIOXIDE) WARNING

### DANGER:

CO<sub>2</sub> displaces oxygen. Strict attention **MUST** be observed in the prevention of CO<sub>2</sub> gas leaks in the entire CO<sub>2</sub> and soft drink system. If a CO<sub>2</sub> gas leak is suspected, particularly in a small area, **IMMEDIATELY** ventilate the contaminated area before attempting to repair the leak. Personnel exposed to high concentrations of CO<sub>2</sub> gas experience tremors which are followed rapidly by loss of consciousness and **DEATH**.

## POWER CORD

### CAUTION:

If the power cord is damaged, it must be replaced by a special cord available from the manufacturer or its service agent.

## SOUND LEVEL

### CAUTION:

The A-weighted sound pressure level has been determined to be below 70dBA..

## UNIT LOCATION

### CAUTION:

Appliance is not suitable for installation in an area where a water jet could be used.

### CAUTION:

The appliance must be placed in a horizontal position.

### CAUTION:

This unit is not designed for use in outdoor locations.



# GENERAL INFORMATION

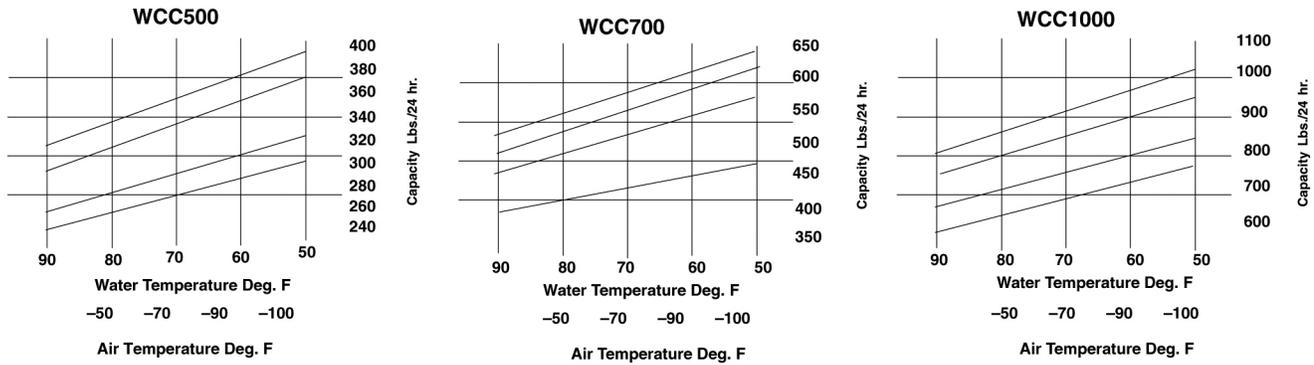
## GENERAL DESCRIPTION

This section gives the Unit description, theory of operation, and design data for continuous flow icemaker series 500, 700, 1000, and 2000.

## SPECIFICATION CHART

Models	Condensing Unit	VAC	HZ	PH	Wire	Comp. RLA	Fan Amps	GRMTR Amps	Refrigerant		Circuit Fuse
									Oz.	Type	
WCC500-A	Air Cooled	115	60	1	2	10.5	1.1	2	20	R404A	20
WCC500-W	Water Cooled	115	60	1	2	10.5	N/A	2	9	R404A	20
WCC502-A	Air Cooled	220/240	50	1	2	5.3	0.5	1.6	24	R404A	20
WCC502-W	Water Cooled	220/240	50	1	2	5.3	N/A	1.6	11	R404A	20
WCF510-A	Air Cooled	115	60	1	2	10.5	1.1	2	20	R404A	20
WCF510-W	Water Cooled	115	60	1	2	10.1	N/A	2	11	R404A	20
WCF512-W	Water Cooled	220/240	50	1	2	5.3	N/A	1.6	11	R404A	20
WCC700-A	Air Cooled	115	60	1	2	14.6	1.6	2	17.5	R404A	20
WCC700-W	Water Cooled	115	60	1	2	14.6	N/A	2	11	R404A	20
WCC700-R	Air Cooled	115	60	1	2	14.6	1.6	2	79	R404A	10
WCC701-A	Air Cooled	208/230	60	1	2	7.7	1.6	2	24	R404A	20
WCC701-W	Water Cooled	208/230	60	1	2	7.7	N/A	2	13	R404A	20
WCC702-A	Air Cooled	220/240	50	1	2	9.4	0.5	1.6	20	R404A	20
WCC702-W	Water Cooled	220/240	50	1	2	8.2	N/A	1.6	13	R404A	20
WCF710-A	Air Cooled	115	60	1	2	14.6	1.6	2	17.5	R404A	20
WCF710-W	Water Cooled	115	60	1	2	12	N/A	2	13	R404A	20
WCC711-A	Air Cooled	208/230	60	1	2	7.7	1.6	2	24	R404A	20
WCC711-W	Water Cooled	208/230	60	1	2	7.7	N/A	2	13	R404A	20
WCF712-A	Air Cooled	220/240	50	1	2	8.2	0.5	1.6	24	R404A	20
WCF712-W	Water Cooled	220/240	50	1	2	8.2	N/A	1.6	13	R404A	20
WCC1001-A	Air Cooled	208/230	60	1	2	10	1.5	2.1	22	R404A	30
WCC1001-W	Water Cooled	208/230	60	1	2	7.5	N/A	2	17	R404A	20
WCC1002-A	Air Cooled	220/240	50	1	2	8.9	0.85	2	26	R404A	20
WCF1101-A	Air Cooled	208/230	60	1	2	10	1.5	2.1	22	R404A	30
WCF1101-W	Water Cooled	208/230	60	1	2	7.5	N/A	2	17	R404A	20
WCF1102-A	Air Cooled	220/240	50	1	2	8.9	0.85	2	26	R404A	20
WCC1001-R	Remote	220/240	60	1	2	7.5	N/A	2	120	R404A	15
WCF1101-R	Remote	208/230	60	1	2	7.5	N/A	2	120	R404A	15
WCC2001-A	Air-Cooled	208/230	60	1	2	12.9	.85	(2) 2	46	R404A	25
WCC2001-R	Remote	208/230	60	1	2	12.9	1.7	(2) 2	220	R404A	25
WCC2001-W	Water Cooled	208/230	60	1	2	12.9	N/A	(2) 2	28	R404A	25
WCC2002-A	Air Cooled	220/240	50	1	2	11.4	.85	(2) 2	46	R404A	25
WCF2201-A	Air-Cooled	208/230	60	1	2	12.9	.85	(2) 2	46	R404A	25
WCF2201-W	Water Cooled	208/230	60	1	2	12.9	N/A	(2) 2	28	R404A	25
WCF2202-A	Air Cooled	220/240	50	1	2	11.4	.85	(2) 2	46	R404A	25

**NOTE: For units not listed in above chart, refer to nameplate or contact factory service**



Temperature Chart

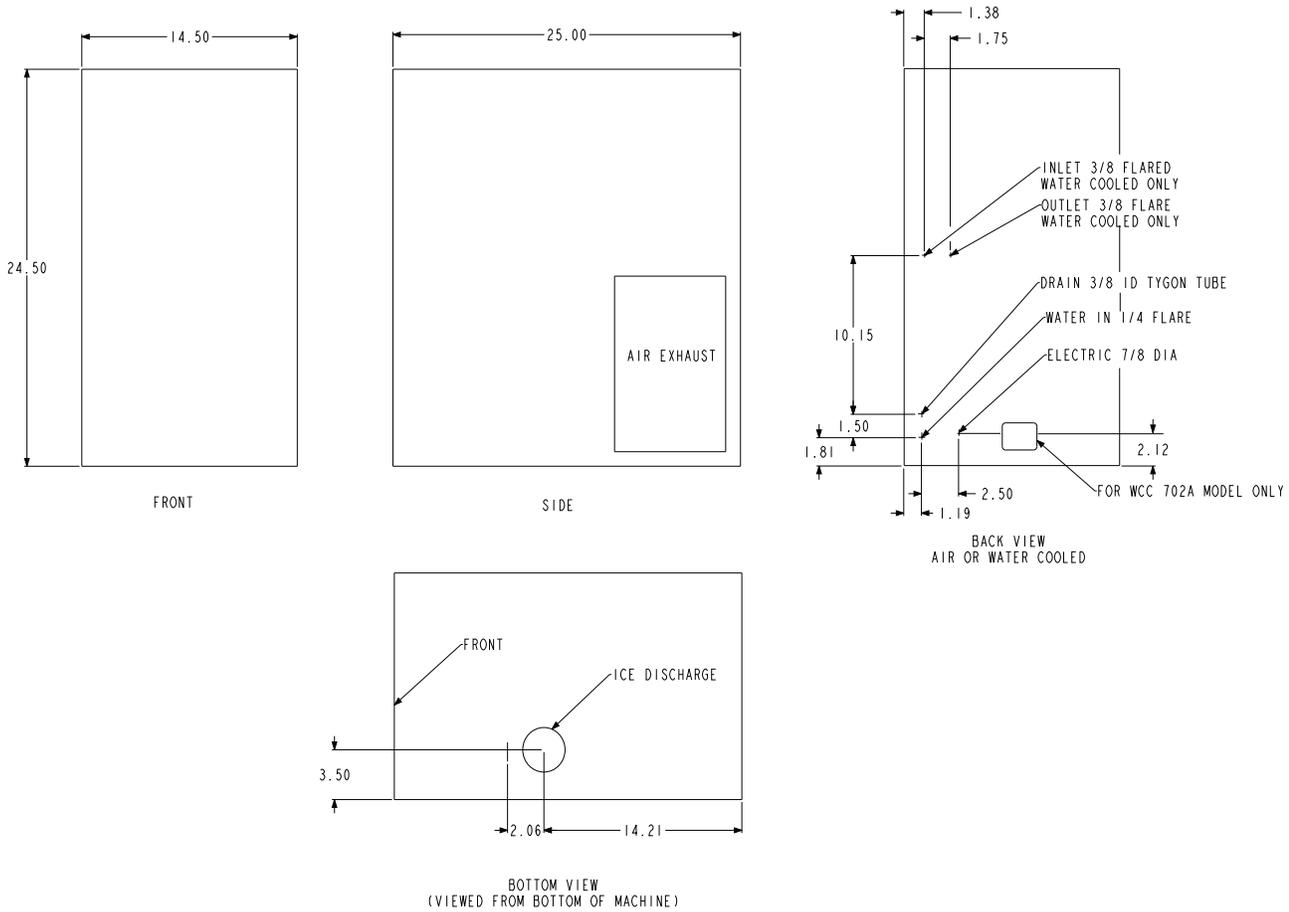
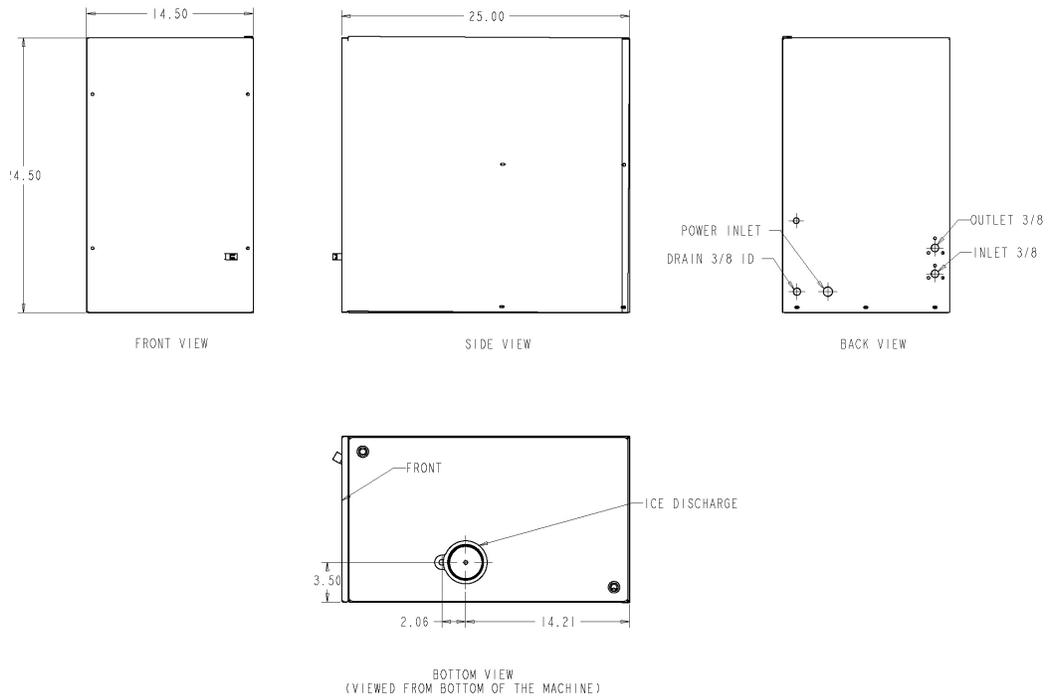


Figure 1. Series 500 & 700 Dimension Drawing (Shipping Wt. 160 Lbs. Approx).



**Figure 1A.WCC700-R, Dimension Drawing**

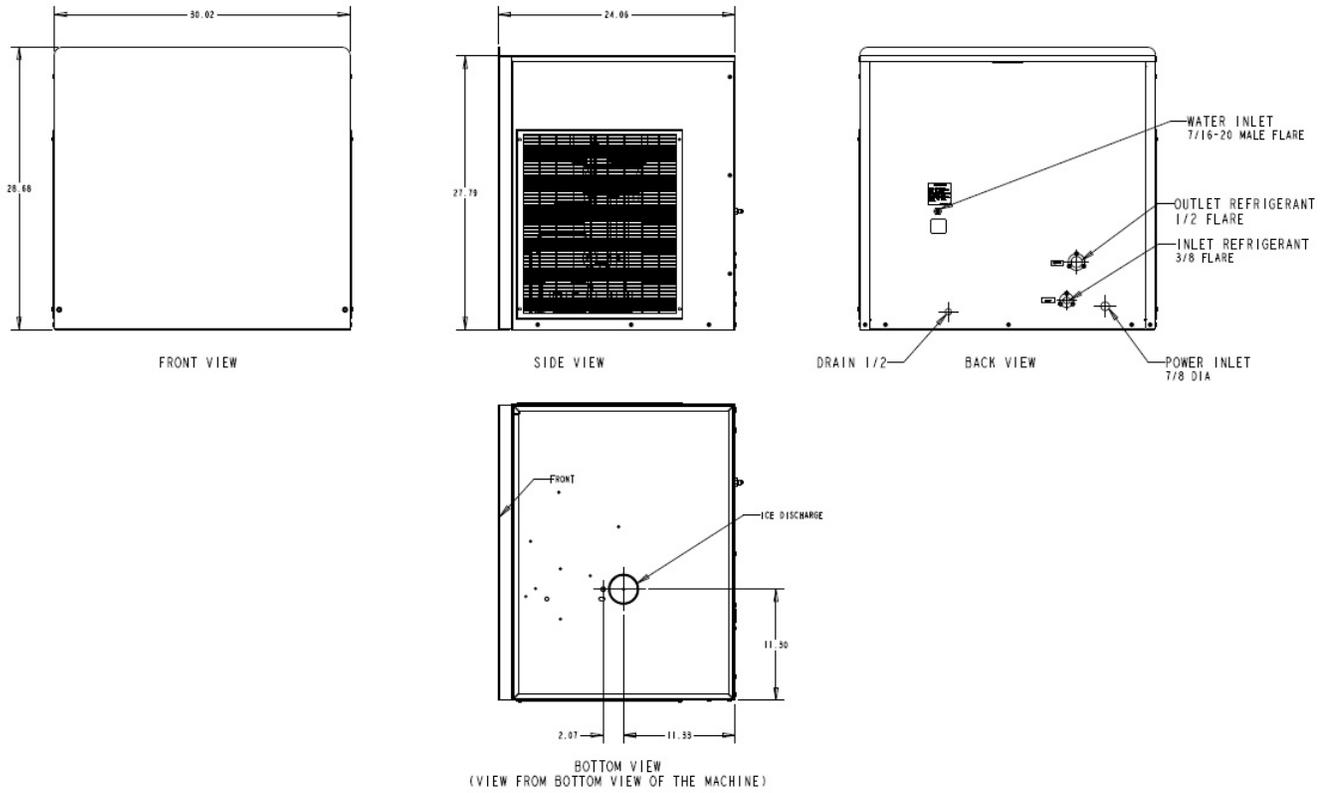


Figure 1B.WCC700-R, Chunklet Carbon

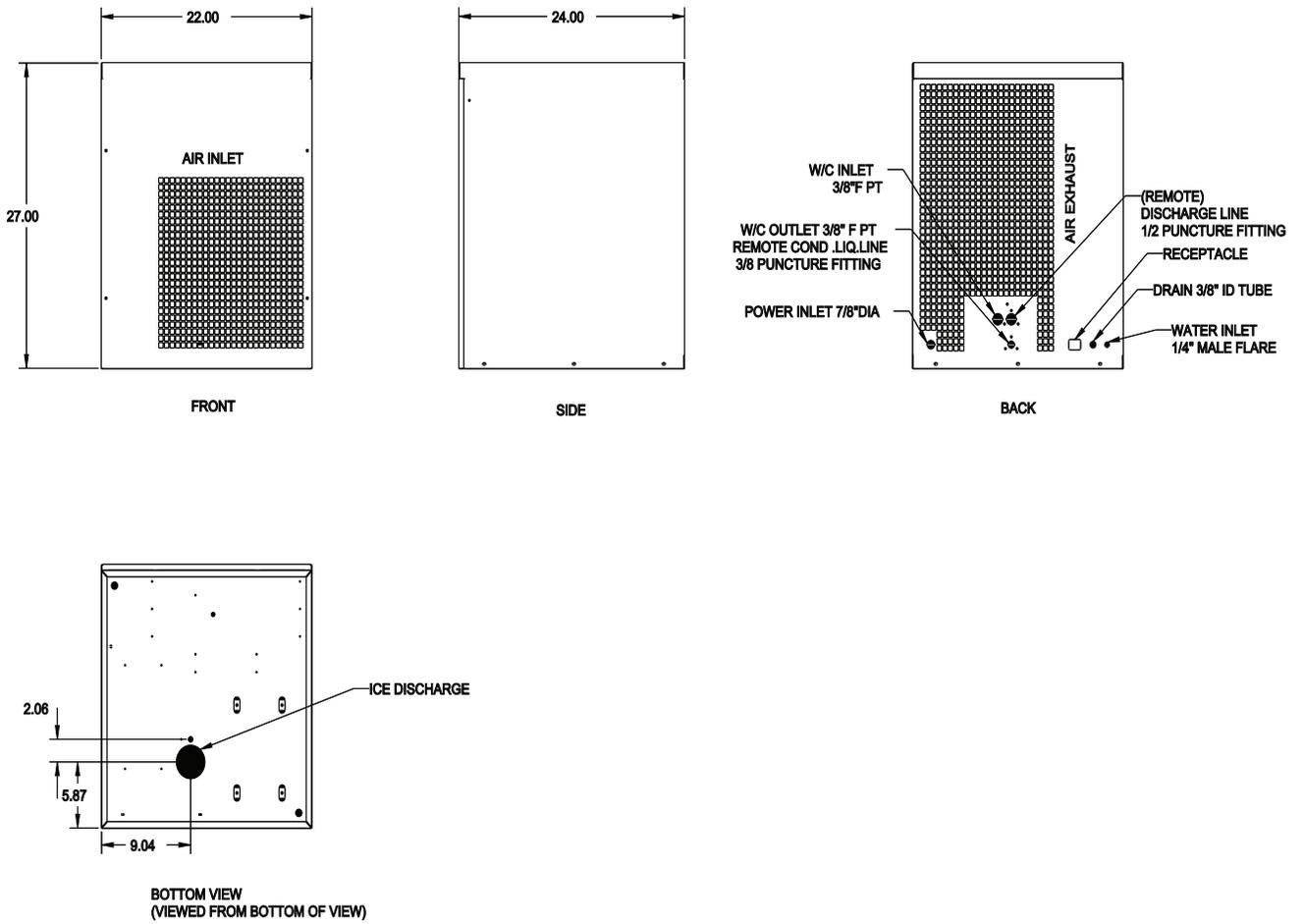


Figure 2. Series 1000 Dimension Drawing (Shipping Wt. 210 Lbs. Approx).

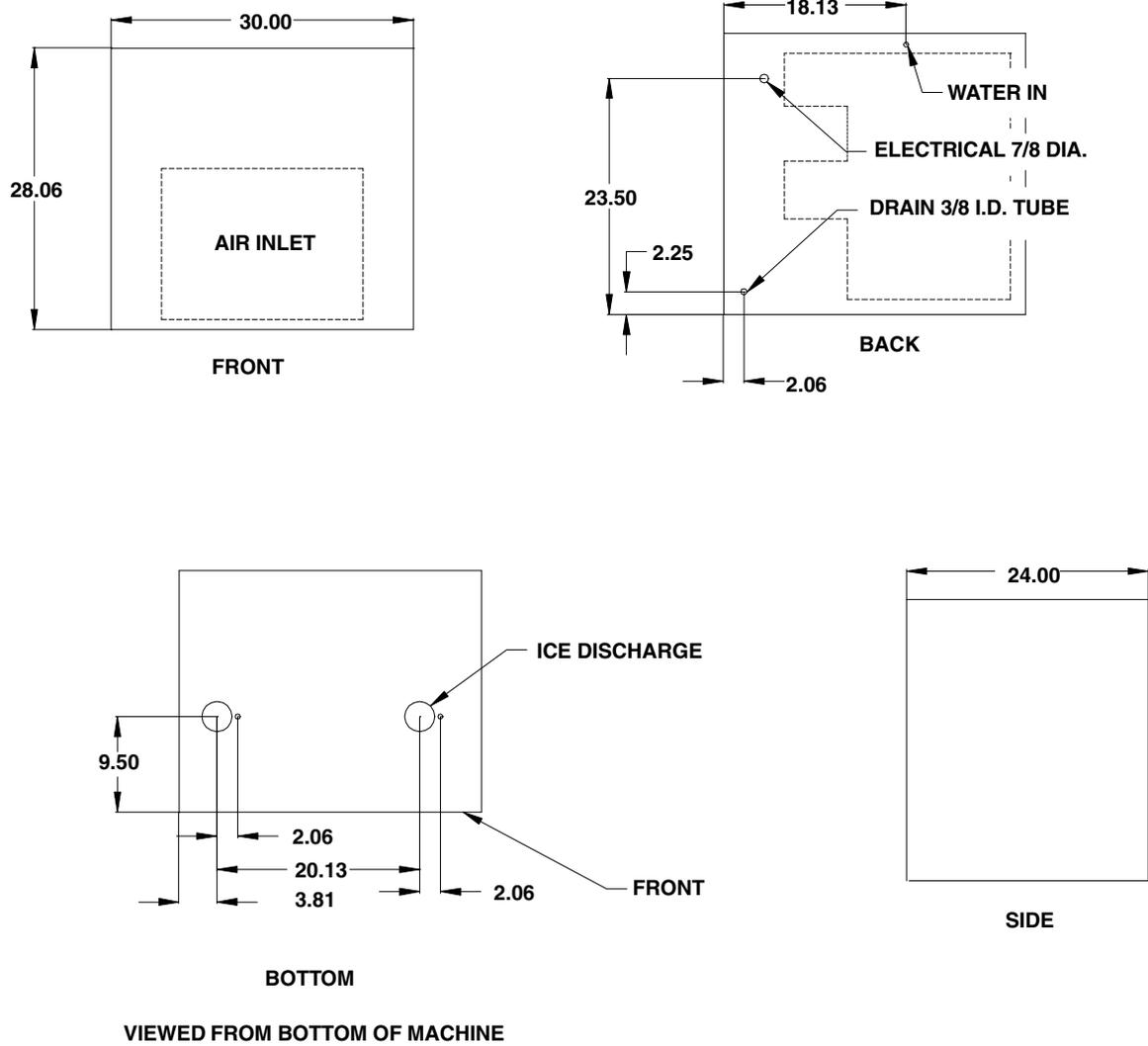


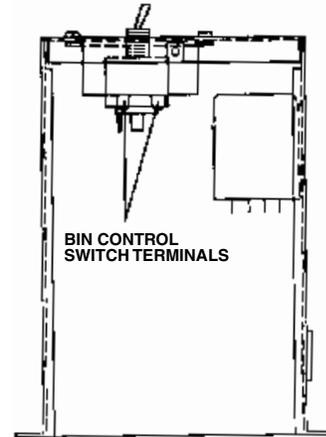
Figure 3. Series WCC2001-A and WCF2201-A, Dimension Drawings

## BIN CONTROL

The type of bin control used on all WCC & WCF Models is an electronic control. The control is supplied with power to terminals X1 and X2. Terminals X3 and X4 are a normally closed switch which open when the thermostat sensor bulb senses ice.

The sensing element is located in a 5/16" stainless steel tube which hangs from the dispense tray cover down through the center of the drop tube.

To test switch, start the icemaker and block the outlet tube. When the ice fills the drop tube about 1/2 full the icemaker should shut off. When tube is cleared the icemaker should restart within 5 min.



**Figure 4. Bin Control Switch**

The Bin control is in electrical series with coil on antifreeze relay along with the low water safety. If unit is water cooled, the condenser high pressure cut out is also in series.

The Control Switch is held in place inside electrical box by 2 screws. The Control bulb is in the drop tube. It can be removed by pulling the cable located on the top of the dispense tray cover. When replacing the sensor make sure the bulb is inserted to the bottom of the thermostat well.

## GEARMOTOR

The gearmotor is equipped with a start relay and a manual reset overload.

When current is applied, the relay energizes and completes the circuit to the start winding. The motor reaches a predetermined speed and the relay drops out, disconnecting the start winding. The run winding remains in the circuit as long as current is applied.

The purpose of the overload is to automatically shut off the motor in the event of a mechanical bind of the transmission, an overload condition within the evaporator or an electrical malfunction. It does this by sensing amperage draw. If the motor stalls the start relay would energize and stay energized. The amperage would surge 5 to 6 times greater than the normal draw. In this event the overload would shut off the transmission in 4 to 8 seconds.

If the motor is subjected to an abnormal load, but does not reach a stall condition, the overload will react, but over a greater period of time. The reaction time depends upon the amperage to which it is subjected.

The overload, through the safety circuit, also shuts off the compressor.

# CLEANING AND SANITIZING

## ICEMAKER CLEANING AND SANITIZING PROCEDURES

### **WARNING:**

Do not use any of the ice made during cleaning operations.

Clean and sanitize ice storage area when cleaning icemaker.

1. Turn machine off.
2. Shut off water supply.
3. Remove ice from storage bin.
4. Mix approved cleaner (2 gallons as directed). **Recommended cleaner:** Nu-Calgon liquid ice machine cleaner. **Mixture:** 3-1/3 ounces per gallon of water.

### **WARNING:**

**Cleaner must be safe for stainless steel. NO EXCEPTIONS.**

5. Clean auger/diverter assembly and ice transition/drop tube in a sink using cleaner mixture and reinstall in icemaker. Using cleaner, wipe down the dispense tray.
6. Turn machine on and add cleaner solution to water level control until 2 gallons have been used.
7. Turn on water supply and run machine for 15 minutes.
8. Turn off machine and remove all ice.
9. Sanitize using household liquid bleach (50 ppm chlorine). **Mixture:** 1 fluid ounce per gallon room temperature water. 2 minute exposure time.
10. Sanitize auger/diverter assembly and ice transition/drop tube in a sink using sanitizing solution and reinstall in icemaker. Using sanitizer, wipe down the dispense tray.
11. Fill icemaker with sanitizer by slowly pouring solution into water feed reservoir until full. Solution will drain through overflow tube. Do not run machine. Allow to air dry.
12. If icemaker is used in conjunction with ice dispenser or storage bin, follow manufacturer's recommended cleaning instructions at this time.

## MAINTENANCE

Preventive maintenance can increase the trouble free life of your icemaker. Many authorized service agencies offer service contracts for your icemaker. Contact your local distributor for further information.

### Monthly

1. Clean the condenser. Use a brush, vacuum cleaner or blow from inside with air or CO<sub>2</sub> gas.
2. Inspect water feed reservoir at least once a month until a definite pattern for cleaning and sanitizing has been established.

### Quarterly

This is the maximum period of time between cleaning and sanitizing the icemaker. In addition to recommended monthly procedure, and if a more frequent cleaning and sanitizing pattern has not been established, unit must be cleaned and sanitized.

## Semi-Annually

Semi-Annually in addition to all previously established service procedures perform the following:

1. Check for water leaks in tube connections, water fittings and lower icemaker water seal.
2. Check drain tubes for clogs and aged tubes. Replace if tubes are stained or brittle.
3. Check for signs of condensation. Clean where necessary and replace insulation properly.
4. Check safety circuits for proper operation.
5. Check refrigeration system.
6. Check unit for abnormal noise. Tighten machine and cabinet screws, if necessary.
7. Check white upper bearings on auger assembly. If bearings are less than 1/16" thick, replace.

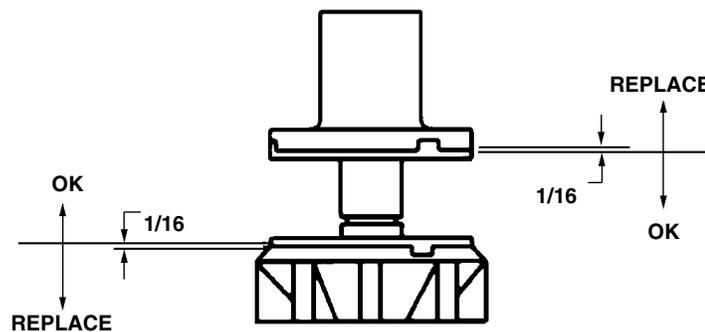


Figure 5. Upper Nut and Bearing Assembly

# WATER LEVEL CONTROL

## HOW WATER LEVEL CONTROL WORKS

When water is introduced through the inlet fitting the float rises. The float pushes against a lever which in turn forces the poppet assembly against the inlet fitting valve seat which seals the water off. Before the water inlet is sealed the safety switch is operated. In the event of a water failure the float would drop down and operate the safety switch to shut off the machine.

If water level control will not shut off and seal at level as indicated, be sure inlet pressure does not exceed recommended factory operating range.

Under ordinary circumstances adjustment should not be necessary providing it was properly adjusted when unit was installed or relocated. If, however, the control becomes inoperative, repair or replace. See Start-Up Adjustment in the Installation Manual.

## PURPOSE

1. To automatically maintain proper water level in the evaporator when unit is running and making ice.
2. A safety switch is operated in the event of an interruption in water supply. The switch shuts off the electrical power to the icemaker and its refrigeration system. Switch will reset as soon as cause of water failure has been corrected and proper water level in icemaker has again been reached.
3. The transparent bowl not only provides a visible check of water level, but also is a good guide to the internal conditions which exist within the icemaker assembly itself. (See Cleaning Procedure.)

## TO REPLACE WATER LEVEL CONTROL

### WARNING:

Disconnect power to the unit before servicing. Follow all lock out/tag out procedures established by the user. Verify all power is off to the unit before performing any work.

### Failure to comply could result in serious injury, death or damage to the equipment.

1. Shut off the water supply. Shut off the main power switch or unplug the ice dispenser from electrical outlet.
2. Remove the flexible tubing from bottom of water level control and drain water from water level control and evaporator.
3. Remove flexible tubing at bottom of water level bowl connected to the overflow.
4. Hold water inlet fitting with proper tool to prevent it from rotating when disconnecting the water inlet.
5. Remove wing nut holding water control to its mounting bracket. Control can be removed by lifting straight up.

## TO REPLACE WATER LEVEL SAFETY SWITCH

### WARNING:

Disconnect power to the unit before servicing. Follow all lock out/tag out procedures established by the user. Verify all power is off to the unit before performing any work.

### Failure to comply could result in serious injury, death or damage to the equipment.

1. Shut off main power switch or unplug the ice dispenser from electrical outlet.
2. Unplug mox connector connecting switch to electrical box.
3. Remove the 2 screws anchoring the water level safety switch to the bottom of the water level control mounting bracket.

# ELECTRICAL

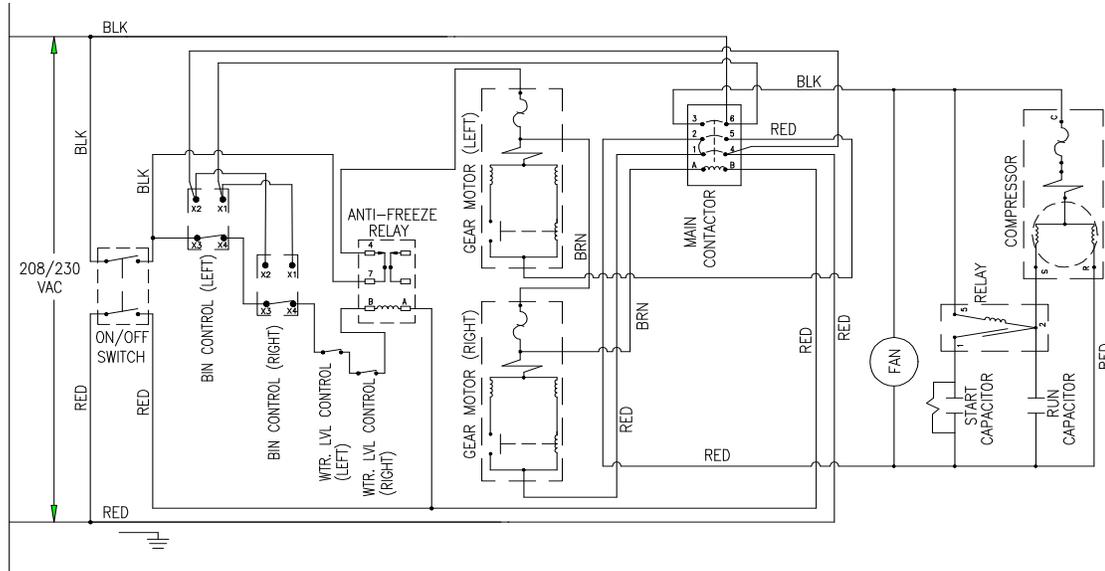


Figure 6. Schematic and Wiring Diagram WCC2001-A and WCF2201-A

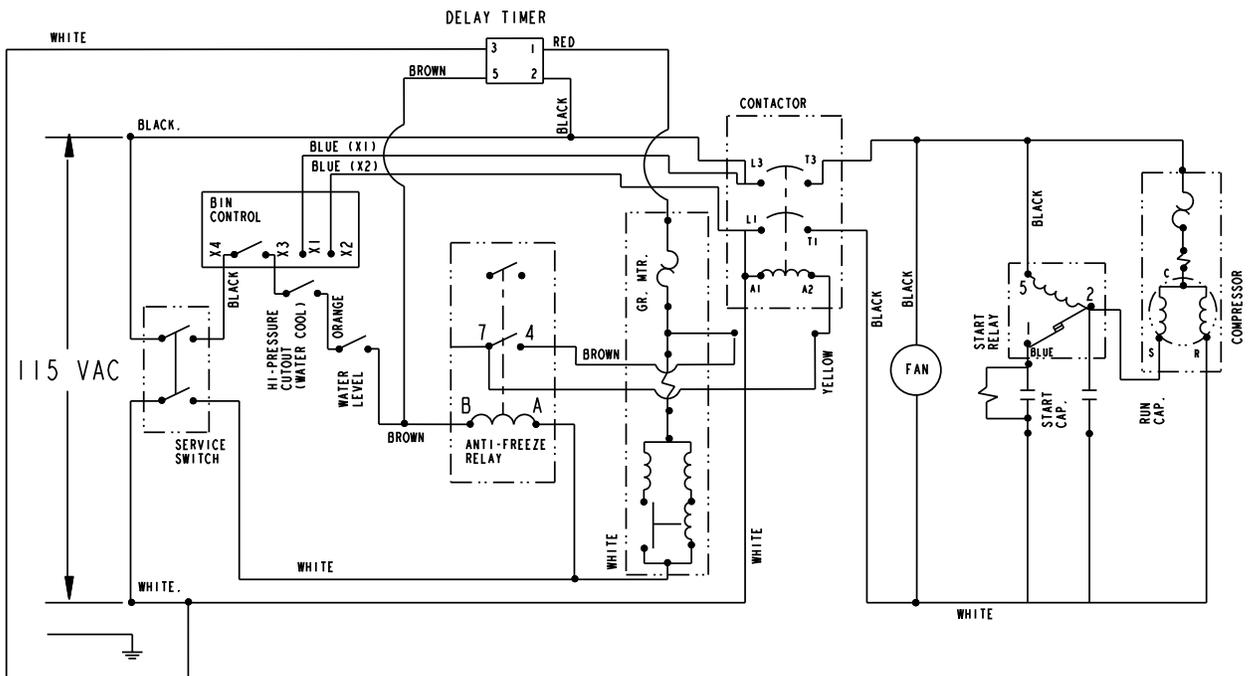
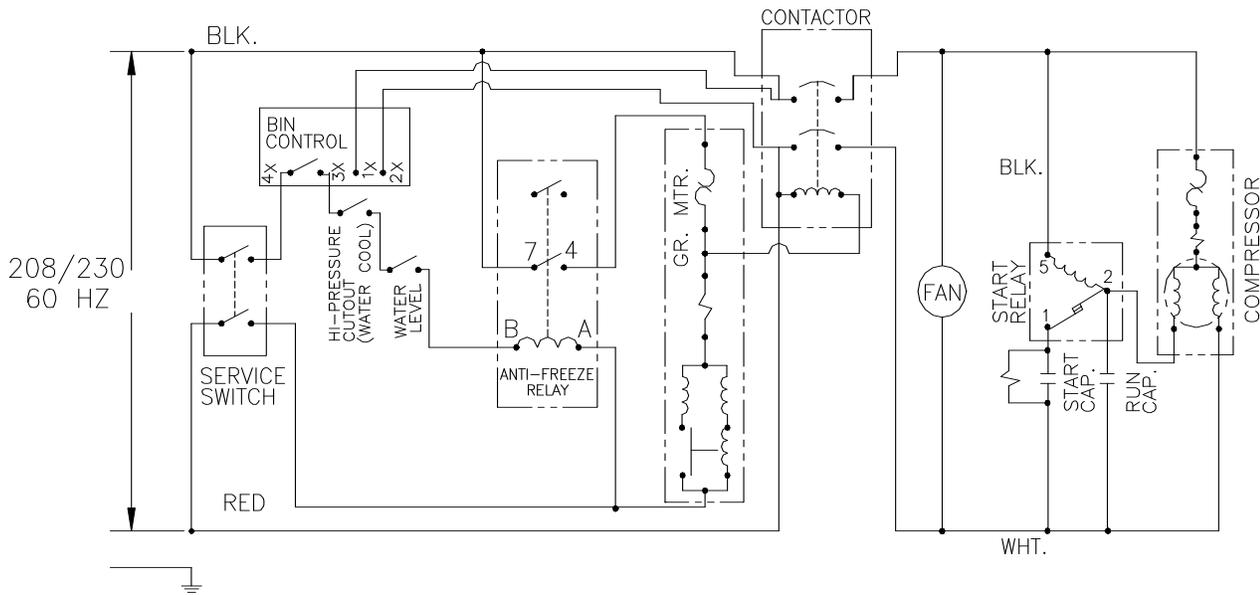
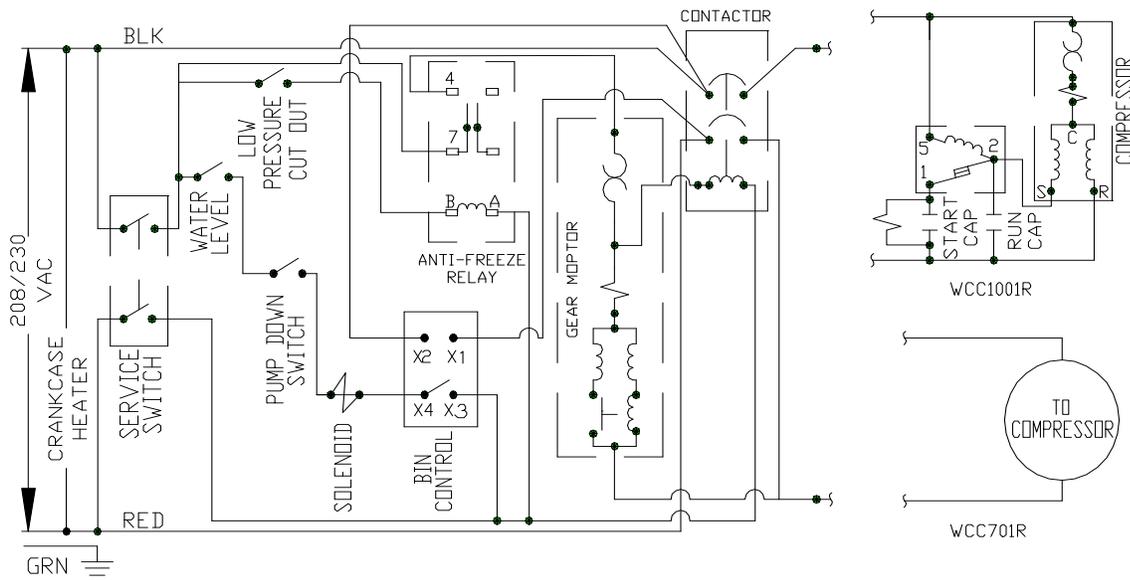


Figure 7. Schematic and Wiring Diagram WCC500-A, WCC700-A, WCC700-W, WCF510-A, WCF710-A & WCF710-W, WCC500-W, WCF510W



**Figure 8. Schematic and Wiring Diagram WCC701-A, WCC701-W, WCC1001-A, WCC1001-W, WCF711-A, WCF711-W, WCF1101-A, & WCF1101-W**



**Figure 9. Schematic and Wiring Diagram WCF1101R, WCC1001R, WCF1102R, & WCC1102R**

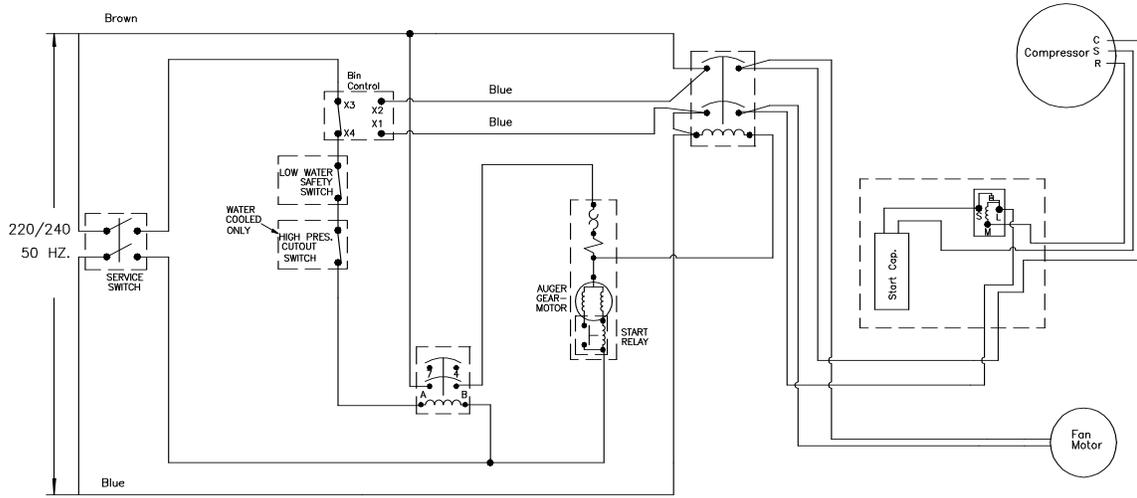


Figure 10. Schematic and Wiring Diagram WCC502, WCC702, WCC1002, WCF512, WCF712, & WCF1102

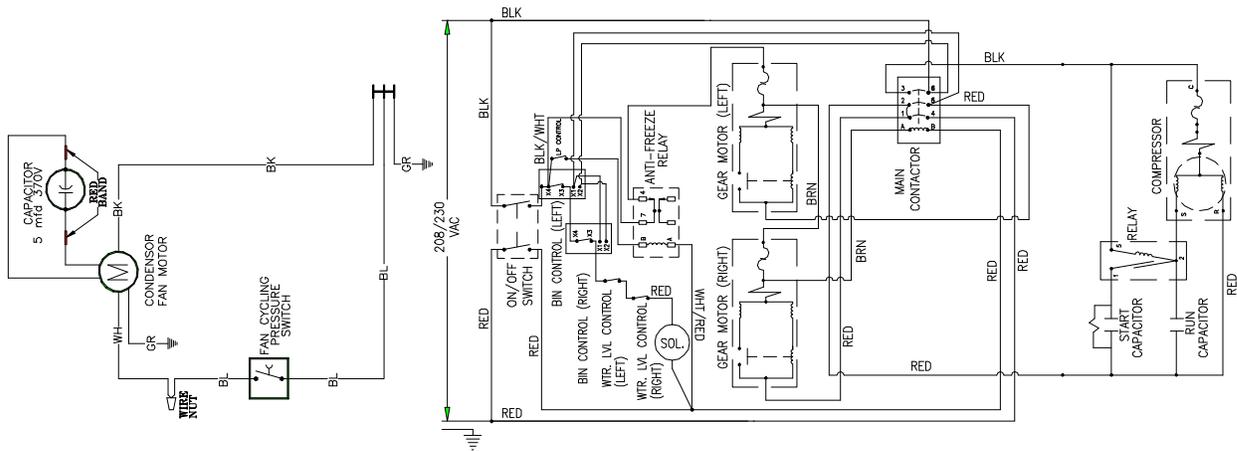


Figure 11. Schematic and Wiring Diagram WCC2001-R and WCF2201-R

# REFRIGERATION SYSTEM

## REFRIGERATION SYSTEM ADJUSTMENTS

A complete understanding of the icemaker and hermetic refrigeration system is necessary before any adjustments are made. The refrigeration technician must use high and low side pressure readings, water and air temperatures, plus general conditions of cleanliness to assess the refrigeration system status when making any adjustments.

All icemaker products are tested and adjusted at the factory prior to shipment where the ambient temperature ranges from 65° to 90°F, depending on the season of the year.

Whenever a new icemaker product is initially installed and started-up, it is imperative that the start-up operation make the following checks and/or readjustments for local conditions.

## EXPANSION VALVE

You will find a thermostatic expansion valve on icemakers, which is used to control the amount of refrigerant flowing through the evaporator. Improperly installed or defective expansion valves may cause low production, soft ice, squeaking from evaporator and excessive load inside evaporator.

By using general refrigeration system troubleshooting along with the pressure charts you can easily determine whether or not the expansion valve is working properly.

## ADJUSTMENT AND TROUBLESHOOTING

When troubleshooting the expansion valve you must first be sure you have adequate water flowing into evaporator, a clean condenser, unit is properly ventilated, and system is properly charged and free from any restrictions. Also be sure compressor is operating properly.

Second, take reservoir water temperature and air temperature from condenser inlet and determine at what pressure unit should be running. Machines are equipped with thermostatic valves, there is NO adjustment. If correct pressure cannot be obtained, first be sure system has time to stabilize 10–15 minutes. Second, be sure sensing bulb is located at 12:00 position on outlet side of evaporator about 3–4 inches away from evaporator and be sure to insulate well and clamp tightly to tubing. If system pressures are still not adequate, take a second water and air temperature reading and go over other parts of system for possible problems. If proper charge is questionable evacuate and recharge to nameplate and leak check. If valve still malfunctions replace valve.

When replacing valve be sure to bleed refrigerant gas from low side port so as not to lose refrigerant oil. Use general refrigerant system practices when replacing and recharging unit. After new valve is in place, go through previous monitored adjustments and troubleshooting to be sure valve is functioning properly.

**NOTE: Units with thermostatic expansion valve—valve is located on bottom refrigerant line. Sensing bulb is located on top refrigerant line. On water cooled units adjust condenser modulating valve before troubleshooting expansion valve.**

### CAUTION:

Very High discharge pressure is present in system. Quick disconnects on you gauges will minimize danger and loss of refrigerant. Comply with federal regulations for reclaiming refrigerant.

## CONDENSER MODULATING VALVE

The reason for using a water modulating valve is to supply the correct amount of water to the condenser, and to maintain a proper operating pressure to refrigeration system high side.

The flow of water through the valve is increased as the high side pressure rises and is decreased as high side pressure lowers.

To calibrate the amount of water flow with the refrigeration system high side pressure, turn adjustment screw located on end of valve opposite of bellows. Turn screw counterclockwise to raise opening point or clockwise to lower opening point. Opening point of valve should be set to maintain proper operating pressure in refrigeration system high side. Refer to Pressure Chart on. Closing point of valve should be set low enough to close valve during compressor stand-by periods.

**NOTE: Cold water will absorb heat faster than warm water. The water flow will therefore automatically increase as inlet temperature increases.**

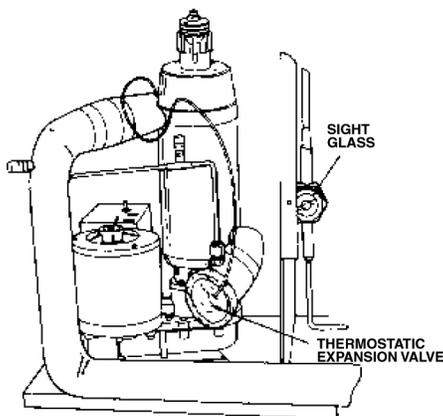


Figure 12. Expansion Valve



Figure 13. Adjustment Screw

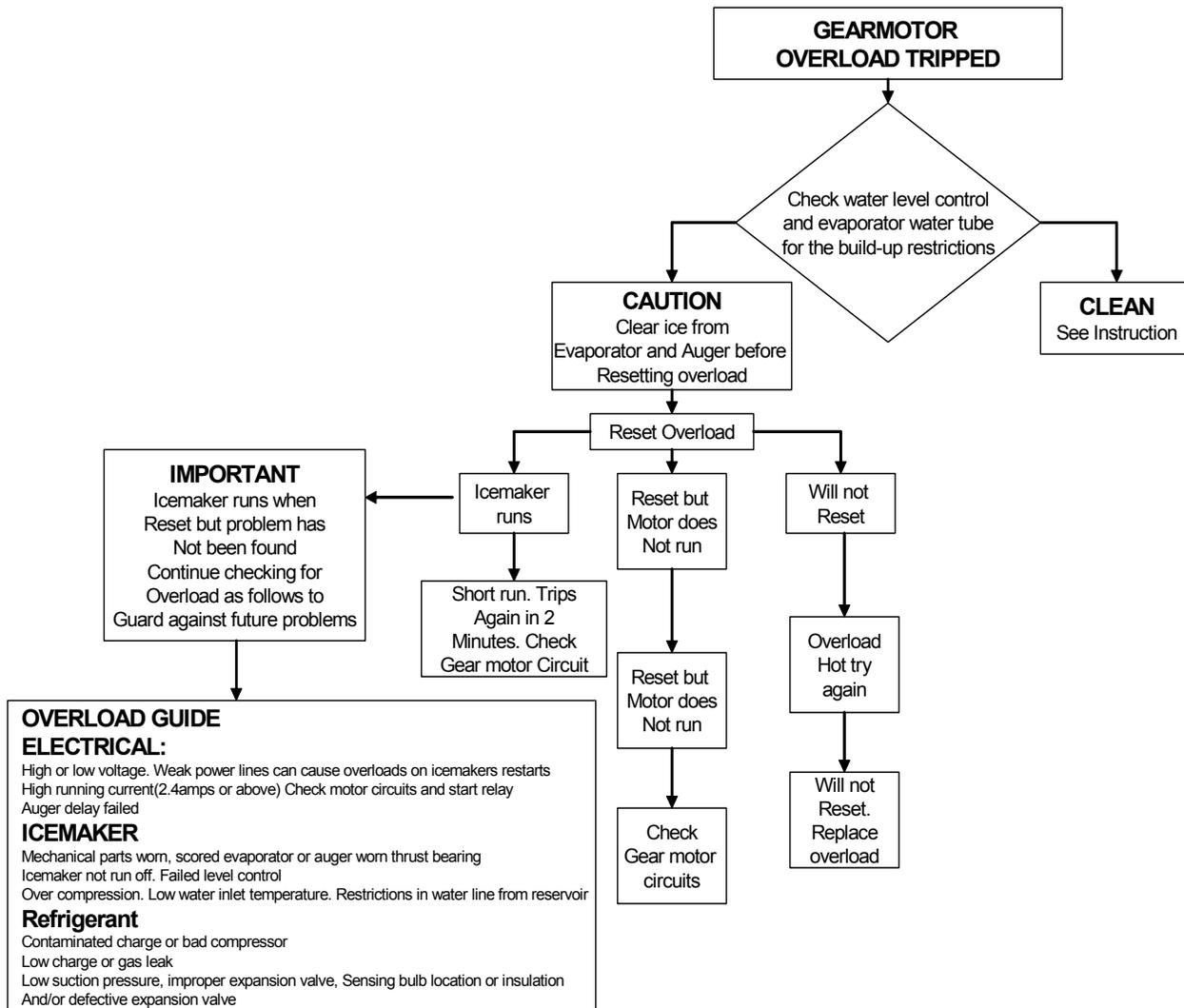
## CONDENSER MODULATING VALVE REMOVAL

### WARNING:

Disconnect power to the unit before servicing. Follow all lock out/tag out procedures established by the user. Verify all power is off to the unit before performing any work.

**Failure to comply could result in serious injury, death or damage to the equipment.**

1. Shut off water supply to condenser and evacuate refrigerant from system.
2. Remove inlet water line from Condenser Modulating Valve. Also remove tube from high side refrigerant line.
3. Remove Condenser Modulating Valve and bracket from unit.
4. Remove valve from bracket.
5. Replace Condenser Modulating Valve by reversing Steps 2 through 4. Then pull system into vacuum.
6. Charge unit with proper amount of refrigeration.
7. Turn power and water on to unit.
8. With unit running, adjust modulating valve to proper setting.
9. Go through a complete system check.



## MOTOR CHECK

### WARNING:

Disconnect power to the unit before servicing. Follow all lock out/tag out procedures established by the user. Verify all power is off to the unit before performing any work.

**Failure to comply could result in serious injury, death or damage to the equipment.**

### WARNING:

The resistance readings on the winding will be between 5 to 25 ohms. A meter capable of these low readings must be used. The start relay cover must be removed.

If no continuity on start or run winding test, replace gearmotor. If continuity on grounded motor test, replace gearmotor.

## START RELAY

### **⚠ WARNING:**

Disconnect power to the unit before servicing. Follow all lock out/tag out procedures established by the user. Verify all power is off to the unit before performing any work.

**Failure to comply could result in serious injury, death or damage to the equipment.**

1. Check between “2” and “4” on relay (with relay unplugged). If there is continuity replace the relay, as the relay contacts should be open.
2. Check between “3” and “4” on relay, if no continuity replace the relay.

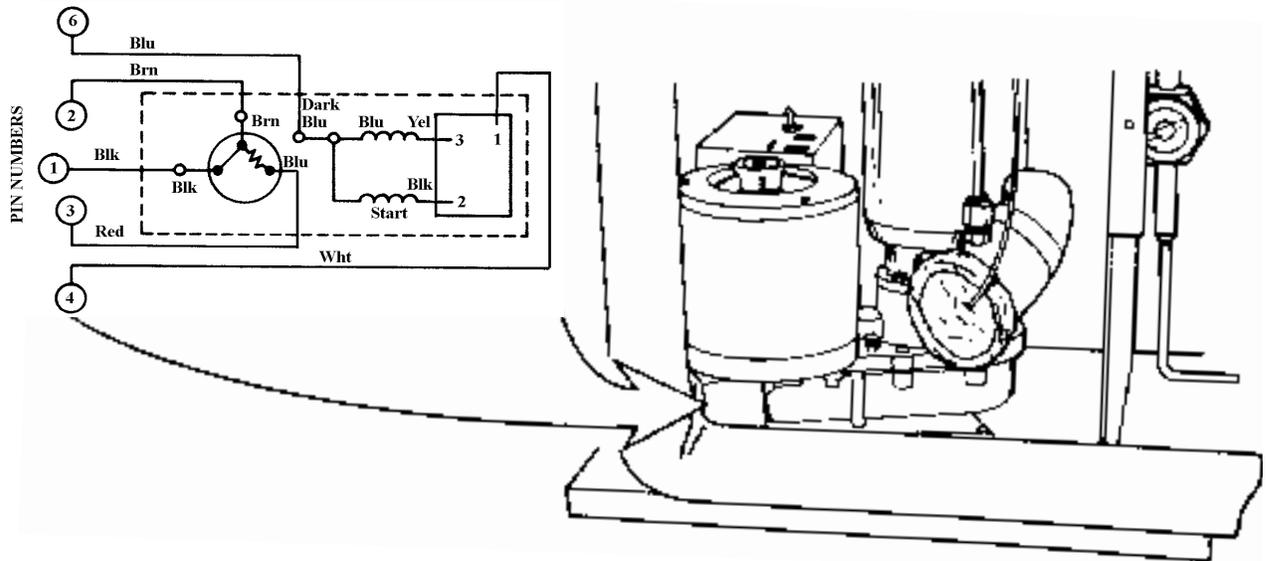


Figure 14. Gearmotor Assembly

## TO REPLACE GEARMOTOR ASSEMBLY

### **⚠ WARNING:**

Disconnect power to the unit before servicing. Follow all lock out/tag out procedures established by the user. Verify all power is off to the unit before performing any work.

**Failure to comply could result in serious injury, death or damage to the equipment.**

1. Disconnect the transmission cable from the electrical box.
2. Remove the 4 hex head bolts securing the evaporator to the top of the transmission.
3. Remove the 4 bolt's holding the transmission and bracket to frame base, while supporting the weight of the evaporator. Remove the transmission from the unit.
4. When replacing the transmission, it may be necessary to rotate the auger back and forth to align the motor shaft and auger.

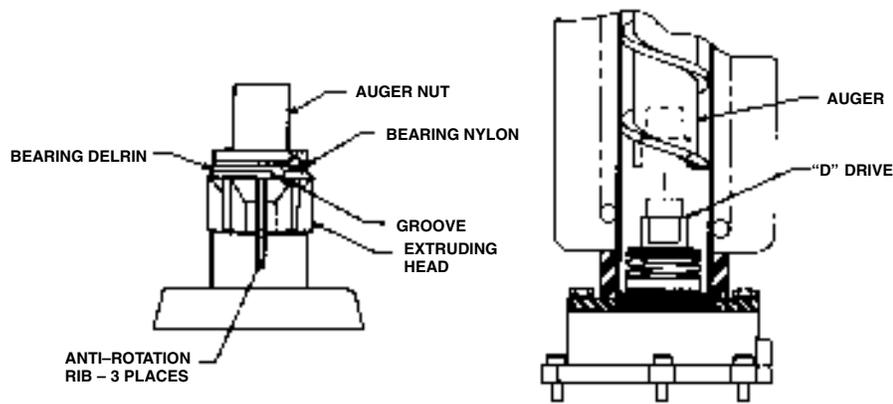


Figure 15. Auger and Extruding Head Removal

## INSTALLATION AND SHAFT SEAL REPLACEMENT 500

1. Place shaft seal locator seat over gear motor output shaft, embossed side down, and push down until shaft seal seat rests flush on top of gear motor.
2. Place rubber coated ceramic seal (important: ceramic face up) over output shaft and push down until seal rests on top of the shaft seal seat. (Lubricate rubber on ceramic seal with rubber lubricant.)
3. Place shaft seal with carbon face down (spring up) over output shaft and push (gently) downward until seal rests on ceramic face of the output shaft seal.
4. Place flat washer over output shaft and let rest on the output shaft seal. Push down on the washer compressing the spring on the output shaft seal. While holding the seals (down) in place slide the E-ring into the groove on the output shaft.

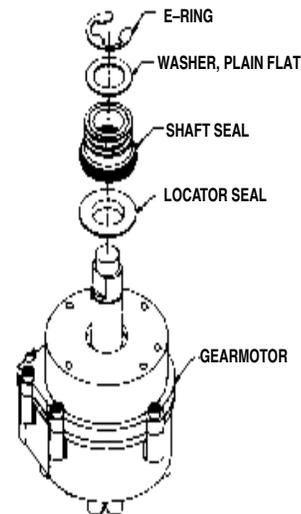


Figure 16. Shaft Seal 500

## AUGER AND EXTRUDING HEAD REMOVAL

### WARNING:

Disconnect power to the unit before servicing. Follow all lock out/tag out procedures established by the user. Verify all power is off to the unit before performing any work.

**Failure to comply could result in serious injury, death or damage to the equipment.**

1. Remove storage container cover and put aside.
2. Turn off water supply to icemaker.
3. After ice has melted from head take hold of the auger nut and lift straight up to disengage from icemaker.
4. When replacing the auger assembly, perform the Auger Engagement procedure to ensure that the extruder head is fully engaged into the evaporator.

## AUGER ENGAGEMENT

1. Install the extruder head on top of the evaporator, as shown in Figure 17.

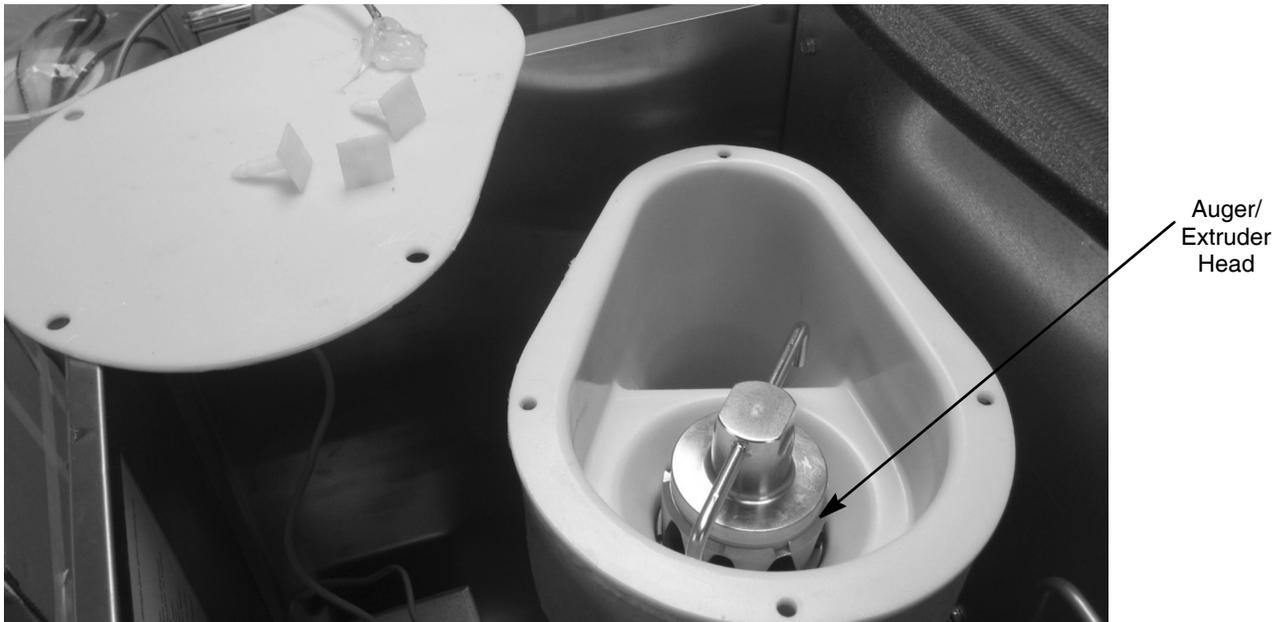


Figure 17.

2. When the auger is lowered into the evaporator, rotate the auger to engage the motor drive shaft, see Figure 18.

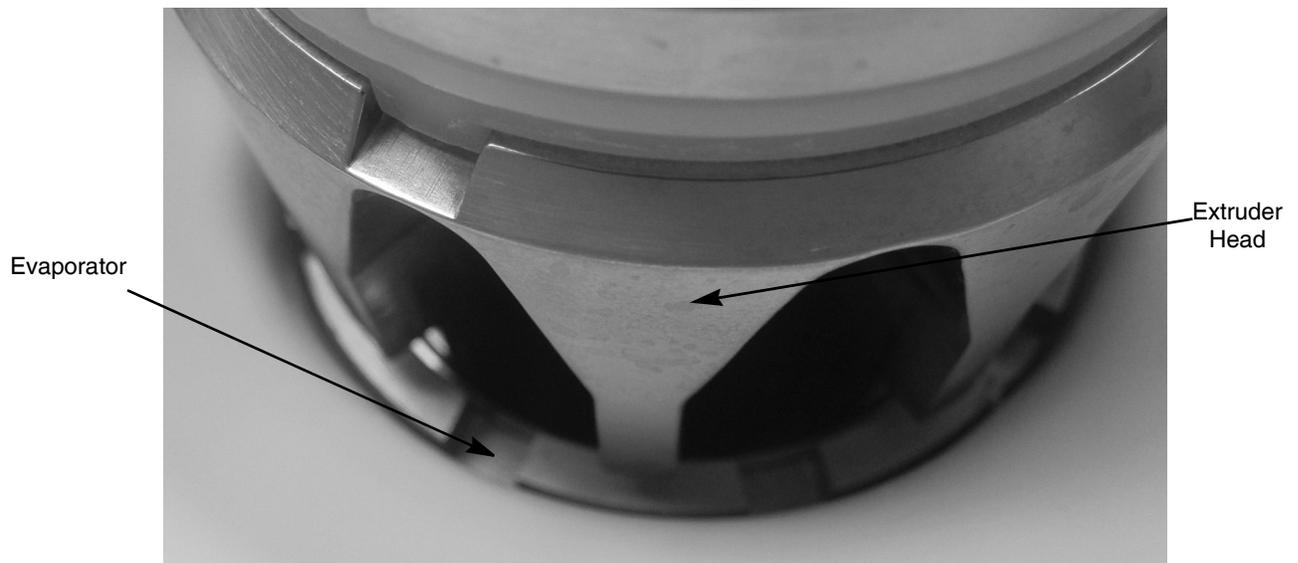


Figure 18.

3. Carefully rotate the extruder head until the tabs on the extruder head drop into the slots on the evaporator plate, as shown in Figure 19. When the auger/extruder head assembly is rotated to the proper position, it will drop about 1/4 inch to more fully engage the motor drive shaft.

**NOTE: Not all the tabs are the same width. Therefore, you must rotate the auger until all the tabs are properly aligned with the evaporator slots. This may require almost a complete rotation of the extruder head to complete.**

**CAUTION:**

Keep hands out of the way when rotating the extruder head. When the auger is aligned, it drops down quickly and a finger may be pinched due to the weight of the auger/extruder head assembly.

Failure to lock the extruder head tabs into the evaporator slots causes the auger to be out of proper alignment with the evaporator. This may cause excessive loads on the auger that can potentially result in excessive noise and tripping the drive motor overload.

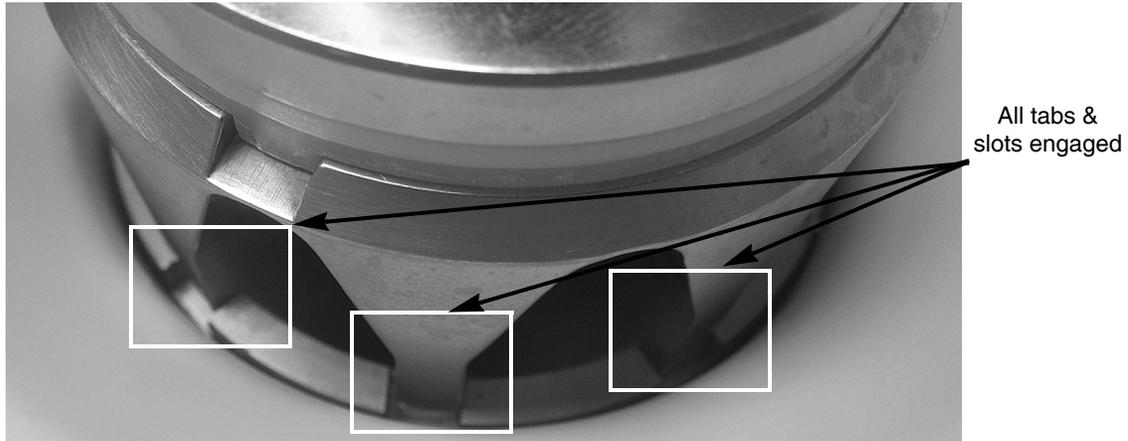


Figure 19.

## INSTALLATION AND SHAFT SEAL REPLACEMENT 700 & 1000

1. Place shaft seal locator seat and shaft seal mount over gearmotor output shaft and push down until shaft seal seat and shaft seal mount rest flush on top of gearmotor.
2. Place rubber coated ceramic seal (important: ceramic face up) over output shaft and push down until seal nest in recess of shaft seal mount. (lubricate rubber on ceramic seal with rubber lubricant).
3. Place shaft seal with carbon face down (spring up) over output shaft and push (gently) downward until seal rests on carbon face of the output shaft seal.
4. Place flat washer over output shaft and let rest on the output shaft seal. Push down on the washer compressing the spring on the output shaft seal. While holding the seals (down) in place slide the E-ring into the groove on the output shaft

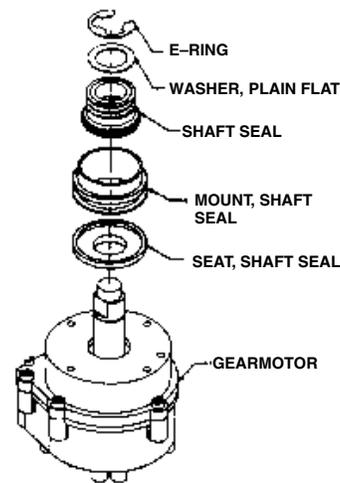


Figure 20. Shaft Seal 700 and 1000

## UPPER NUT AND BEARING ASSEMBLY

The upper white bearing located on top of the auger is used to absorb the force between the auger and extruding head.

**NOTE: The bearings are 3/32 thick. When they wear below 1/16 they should be replaced. Bearings to be inspected for wear during quarterly maintenance.**

## To Replace Bearing

### WARNING:

Disconnect power to the unit before servicing. Follow all lock out/tag out procedures established by the user. Verify all power is off to the unit before performing any work.

**Failure to comply could result in serious injury, death or damage to the equipment.**

1. Remove top panels.
2. Remove Dispense Tray Cover.
3. Use an open end wrench on auger nut connected to bearing and turn counterclockwise to remove assembly.
4. Remove worn bearings. Replace with new bearings and then reinstall assembly.

**NOTE: If auger turns with nut, remove cover on top of gearmotor stator and hold motor while loosening nut.**

## ELECTRICAL CHECKOUT

### WARNING:

Disconnect power to the unit before servicing. Follow all lock out/tag out procedures established by the user. Verify all power is off to the unit before performing any work.

**Failure to comply could result in serious injury, death or damage to the equipment.**

1. Remove the compressor electrical box cover. Check for obvious damage and loose wires.
2. Disconnect the fan motor leads. Since capacitors store energy, short the capacitor with a screwdriver. This will prevent shocks.
3. Disconnect the compressor terminal wires.

## OVERLOAD CHECK

### WARNING:

Disconnect power to the unit before servicing. Follow all lock out/tag out procedures established by the user. Verify all power is off to the unit before performing any work.

**Failure to comply could result in serious injury, death or damage to the equipment.**

Using a volt-ohmmeter check the continuity across the overload, contact #1 and #3. If none, wait for unit to cool down and try again. If still no continuity, the overload protector is defective and should be replaced.



Figure 21. Overload Check

## COMPRESSOR CHECK

### WARNING:

Disconnect power to the unit before servicing. Follow all lock out/tag out procedures established by the user. Verify all power is off to the unit before performing any work.

**Failure to comply could result in serious injury, death or damage to the equipment.**

The resistance readings on the windings will be between 0.25 to 10.00 ohms, a meter capable of these low readings must be used.

1. Check between "C" and "R." Replace the compressor if there is no continuity as the run windings are open.
2. Check between "C" and "S." Replace the compressor if there is no continuity as the start windings are open.
3. Check between "C" and "R" or "S" and the shell of the compressor. If there is continuity, replace the compressor as the motor is grounded.
4. Check between screw terminal on the overload and "C" on the compressor. Check and repair the lead or connections if there is no continuity.

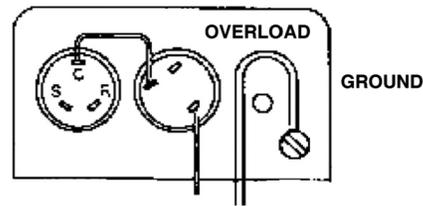


Figure 22. Compressor Check

## CAPACITOR CHECK

### WARNING:

Disconnect power to the unit before servicing. Follow all lock out/tag out procedures established by the user. Verify all power is off to the unit before performing any work.

**Failure to comply could result in serious injury, death or damage to the equipment.**

1. Check or replace start capacitor, disconnect bleed resistor before checking for shorted capacitor.
2. Check or replace run capacitor (if supplied) check for shorted capacitor or either terminal grounded to case.

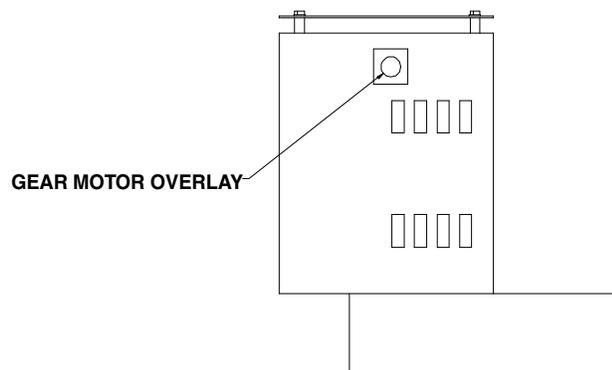


Figure 23. Gear Motor Overload

## SAFETY CONTROLS

Your icemaker unit has several safety and control devices incorporated into its design.

### WARNING:

None of the devices described below should ever be "bypassed" to allow the unit to function.

**Failure to comply could result in serious injury, death or damage to the equipment.**

The safety and control system shut-off devices are:

1. Low water shut off reed switch located in icemaker float assembly. (Automatic reset type.)
2. Gearmotor thermal overload, manual reset type (red button on motor).
3. Compressor thermal overload, automatic reset type.
4. Anti-freeze relay and associated circuit. See wiring diagrams.

- 5. Main service switch located on top of the control box.
- 6. Bin Control.
- 7. High pressure cut out (water cooled only).

## GUIDE TO GOOD ICE

### CUSTOMER COMMENTS

“It runs but the ice is too soft.”

“The icemaker is not producing enough ice.”

“The ice is too wet.”



### CHECK ICEMAKER LOCATION CONDITIONS FIRST

Proper air flow for condensing system.

Location too close to high units such as coffee urns, deep fryers, grills, etc.

Supply water conditions

Water too warm (above 90°F).

Water artificially softened above 262 ppm sodium chloride.

Normal water supply too high in total dissolved solids (above 500 PPM).

### CHECK ICE MAKER

Use gauges for checking suction and head pressures. See manual for correct reading and conditions. Check frost line and sight glass.

Check water level for proper adjustment and restrictions. See Manual.

Check evaporator assembly for worn parts, bearings, scored evaporator and auger, bad expansion valve, etc.

“It makes too much noise.”  
(With this comment the ice is usually extremely hard and larger than normal.)



Over Compression

Check to see if noise objection is normal fan and air flow noise.

Supply water conditions.

Water too cold (below 50°F). (Possibly running from pre-cooler.)

Obstructions partially blocking ice exit from top of evaporator.

Check fan and fan shroud.

Check for loose parts and screws rattling.

Check evaporator assembly for worn parts, bearings, scored evaporator and auger, bad expansion valve, etc.





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