

PACKAGE LEAFLET: INFORMATION FOR THE USER

Pangel 50 mg/g gel
Pangel 100 mg/g gel

Benzoyl peroxide

Read all of this leaflet carefully before you start using this medicine because it contains important information for you.

Always use this medicine exactly as described in this leaflet or as your doctor or pharmacist has told you.

- Keep this leaflet. You may need to read it again.
- Ask your pharmacist if you need more information or advice.
- If you get any side effects, talk to your doctor or pharmacist. This includes any possible side effects not listed in this leaflet. See section 4.
- You must talk to a doctor if you do not feel better or if you feel worse.

What is in this leaflet

1. What Pangel is and what it is used for
2. What you need to know before you use Pangel
3. How to use Pangel
4. Possible side effects
5. How to store Pangel
6. Contents of the pack and other information

1. WHAT PANGEL IS AND WHAT IT IS USED FOR

Pangel is an aqueous gel for the treatment of spots or pimples (acne). Pangel is intended only for cutaneous use and contains benzoyl peroxide as active substance.

2. WHAT YOU NEED TO KNOW BEFORE YOU USE PANGEL

Do not use Pangel

- If you are allergic to benzoyl peroxide or any of the other ingredients of this medicine (listed in section 6).

Warnings and precautions

Talk to your doctor or pharmacist before using Pangel.

- Avoid contact of the product with the eyes and mucous membranes (for example in the nose and mouth). If contact accidentally occurs, rinse immediately with plenty of water.
- Do not use Pangel on damaged parts of the skin, for example on open wounds or grazes.
- Do not use Pangel just before, during or after sunbathing. Do not use UV lamps during the treatment (sunbeds).
- A mild irritation of the skin may occur at the beginning of treatment. If this irritation remains moderate, it does not indicate intolerance or acquired hypersensitivity to the product. If necessary, the product can be applied to a small surface of the skin to test the reaction of your skin to the product.
- If side effects occur during treatment you should switch to a lower concentration of Pangel or you should stop the treatment. The treatment must be stopped in case of itching and swelling, with or without fluid excretion. See also section 4 "Possible side effects".
- Do not use Pangel in combination with other local anti-acne products without consulting your doctor.

- Do not use for a prolonged period without consulting your doctor.
- Avoid contact of the product with dyed fabrics or hair, because Pangel may bleach them.

Children

Propylene glycol may cause skin irritation. Do not use this medicine in babies less than 4 weeks old with open wounds or large areas of broken or damaged skin (such as burns) without talking to your doctor or pharmacist.

Other medicines and Pangel

Tell your doctor or pharmacist if you are using, have recently used or might use any other medicines.

Pregnancy and breast-feeding

If you are pregnant or breast-feeding, think you may be pregnant or are planning to have a baby, ask your doctor or pharmacist for advice before taking this medicine.

Currently, there are no clinical data on the effect of the use of Pangel during pregnancy. It is not known whether the substance benzoyl peroxide is excreted in human milk. Therefore, you should not use Pangel during pregnancy or breast-feeding without medical advice.

Driving and using machines

Not relevant.

Pangel contains 50 mg propylene glycol in each gram. This substance may cause skin irritation. Because this medicine contains propylene glycol, do not use it on open wounds or large areas of broken or damaged skin (such as burns) without checking with your doctor or pharmacist.

3. HOW TO USE PANGEL

Always use this medicine exactly as described in this leaflet or as your doctor or pharmacist has told you. Check with your doctor or pharmacist if you are not sure.

Treatment is usually started with Pangel 50 mg/g. Later, if you tolerate the product well, you can switch to Pangel 100 mg/g.

You should preferably use Pangel 50 mg/g:

- to treat incipient acne in adolescents (pimples)
- in patients with a delicate skin, e.g. in women, children, fair and red-haired patients.

First wash your skin with clean water, rinse and dry carefully. Then carefully apply Pangel to your skin (do not rub it in). Let the product dry and wash your hands carefully.

In the beginning of treatment you should apply Pangel only once daily. After a few days you can apply the product twice daily.

The dosage should be adjusted to the effect and to your personal tolerance to the product. If you develop severe irritation, for example, you should apply the product less frequently and/or switch to the least concentrated form (Pangel 50 mg/g).

If you use more Pangel than you should

If you have used or taken more Pangel than you should, you must immediately contact your doctor, pharmacist or the Poisons Advice Centre (070/245.245).

If you forget to use Pangel

Do not use a double dose to make up for a forgotten dose.

If you stop using Pangel

You do not need to take special measures if you suddenly stop using Pangel.

If you have any further questions on the use of this medicine, ask your doctor or pharmacist.

4. POSSIBLE SIDE EFFECTS

Like all medicines, this medicine can cause side effects, although not everybody gets them.

The following side effects may occur:

- Skin redness, burning sensation, dry skin, itching, swelling (with or without fluid excretion), scaling and skin cracks.
- Hypersensitivity (sensitisation) and perivascular lymphocytic infiltrations (local accumulations of lymphocytes, a type of white blood cells, around the blood vessels).

If side effects occur during treatment you should switch to a lower concentration of Pangel or you should stop the treatment. Treatment must be stopped in case of itching and swelling, with or without fluid excretion.

Reporting of side effects

If you get any side effects, talk to your doctor or pharmacist. This includes any possible side effects not listed in this leaflet. You can also report side effects directly via

Belgium

Federal agency for medicines and health products

www.famhp.be

Vigilance Department :

Website: www.notifieruneffetindesirable.be

e-mail: adr@fagg-afmps.be

Luxemburg

Centre Régional de Pharmacovigilance de Nancy ou Division de la pharmacie et des médicaments de la Direction de la santé

Website : www.quichet.lu/pharmacovigilance

By reporting side effects you can help provide more information on the safety of this medicine.

5. HOW TO STORE PANGEL

Keep this medicine out of the sight and reach of children.

Do not store above 25°C.

Do not use this medicine after the expiry date which is stated on the package after EXP. The expiry date refers to the last day of that month.

Shelf life after first opening: 3 months.

Do not throw away any medicines via wastewater or household waste. Ask your pharmacist how to throw away medicines you no longer use. These measures will help protect the environment.

6. CONTENTS OF THE PACK AND OTHER INFORMATION

What Pangel contains

- The active substance is benzoyl peroxide.
Pangel 50 mg/g: 1 g of gel contains 50 mg of benzoyl peroxide.
Pangel 100 mg/g: 1 g of gel contains 100 mg of benzoyl peroxide.

- The other ingredients are carbomer, lauromacrogol, propylene glycol, sodium hydroxide, purified water.

What Pangel looks like and contents of the pack

Aqueous gel for external use.

Pangel 50 mg/g: tube containing 30 g of gel, tube containing 60 g of gel and tube containing 100 g of gel

Pangel 100 mg/g: tube containing 30 g of gel, tube containing 60 g of gel and tube containing 100 g of gel

Marketing Authorisation Holder and Manufacturer

Pannoc Chemie NV/SA

Lammerdries 23

B-2250 Olen

Marketing authorisation number

Pangel 50 mg/g: BE121807

Pangel 100 mg/g: BE121816

Supply

Medicinal product not subject to medical prescription.

This leaflet was last approved in 02/2026.