

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS



HFCL Inc. Financial Statements

**For the Years Ended March 31, 2026 and March 31, 2025
(Along with Report of Independent Auditor)**

Rakesh Jain, CPA PC
Certified Public Accountant
1325 Main Street, Suite #1404,
Katy, TX 77494, USA
Phone : (713)-426-2700
Web: www.jaincpaus.com

HFCL Inc.

Financial Statements

For the Years Ended March 31, 2026 and March 31, 2025

Table of Contents

PARTICULARS	PAGE NO.
Independent Auditor's Report	3-4
FINANCIAL STATEMENTS	
Balance Sheet	7
Statement of Income from Operations	8
Statement of Changes in Shareholder's Equity	9
Statement of Cash Flows	10
Notes to Financial Statements	11-19



INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To,
The Board of Directors,
HFCL Inc.
1325 Main Street,
Suite #1404, Katy
Texas, USA

OPINION

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of HFCL Inc. ("the Company"), which comprise the balance sheets as of March 31, 2026 and March 31, 2025, the related statement of income from operations, statement of changes in shareholders' equity, and statement of cash flows for the year then ended, and the related notes to the financial statements.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of HFCL Inc. as of March 31, 2026 and March 31, 2025, and the results of its operations and its cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

BASIS FOR OPINION

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of HFCL Inc. and to meet our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

RESPONSIBILITIES OF MANAGEMENT FOR THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about HFCL Inc.'s ability to continue as a going concern within one year after the date that the financial statements are available to be issued.

AUDITOR'S RESPONSIBILITIES FOR THE AUDIT OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards will always detect a material misstatement when it exists.

RAKESH JAIN, CPA PC

Certified Public Accountant

Phone: +1 (713)-426-2700

Email: info@jaincpa.org | Website: www.jaincpaus.comOffice Location: [1325 Main Street, Suite #1404, Katy, TX 77494, USA](#)

The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements, including omissions, are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal controls relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of HFCL Inc.'s internal controls. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about HFCL Inc.'s ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control related matters that we identified during the audit.

Rakesh Jain, CPA PC

Certified Public Accountant

Place: Katy, TX

Date: April 30, 2026

(Page intentionally left blank)

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

HFCL Inc.
Balance Sheet
As of March 31, 2026 and March 31, 2025

(US\$'000)

Particulars	As of March 31, 2026	As of March 31, 2025
Assets		
Current Assets		
Cash and Cash Equivalents	3,605	1,062
Accounts Receivables (Net of Provision for doubtful accounts of \$Nil and \$Nil as of March 31, 2026 and March 31, 2025, respectively)	55,628	3,450
Intercompany Receivable	26	26
Inventories	10,314	3,401
Other Current Assets	16,147	11
Total Current Assets	85,720	7,950
Non-Current Assets		
Property, Plant & Equipment	10	-
Deferred Tax Asset	-	27
Other Non-Current Assets	55	304
Total Non-Current Assets	65	331
Total Assets	85,785	8,281
Liabilities and Shareholders' Equity		
Current Liabilities		
Accounts Payable	32,233	7,643
Accrued Expenses	43,634	32
Loan Payable	-	448
Provision for Income Tax	1,948	15
Other Current Liabilities	2,102	168
Total Current Liabilities	79,917	8,306
Total Liabilities	79,917	8,306
Shareholders' Equity		
Equity	0.001	0.001
Retained Earnings	(25)	(176)
Net Income/(Loss)	5,893	151
Total Shareholders' Equity	5,868	(25)
Total Liabilities and Shareholders' Equity	85,785	8,281

See accompanying notes to financial statements.

HFCL Inc.
Statement of Income from Operations
For the Years Ended March 31, 2026 and March 31, 2025

(US\$'000)

Particulars	For the Year Ended March 31, 2026	For the Year Ended March 31, 2025
Revenue	166,054	6,622
Cost of Sales	153,484	5,098
Gross Profit	12,570	1,524
Operating Expenses		
Employee Benefit Expenses	1,497	844
Selling and Administrative Expenses	2,998	370
Interest Expenses	25	36
Travel Expenses	173	78
Finance Charges	29	1
Depreciation & Amortisation	2	-
Taxes and Duties	1	4
Total Operating Expenses	4,725	1,333
Other Expense/(Income)		
Other Expense	0	2
Other Income	(22)	(10)
Total Other Expense/(Income)	(22)	(8)
Income Before Income Taxes	7,867	199
Income Taxes		
Provision for Federal Income Tax	1,704	10
Provision for State Income Tax	243	5
Deferred Tax (Benefit) / Expense	27	33
Total Income Taxes	1,974	48
Net Income	5,893	151

See accompanying notes to financial statements.

HFCL Inc.

**Statement of Changes in Shareholders' Equity
For the Years Ended March 31, 2026 and March 31, 2025**

(US\$'000)

Particulars	Shareholders'Equity	Net Income	Retained Earnings	Total Accumulated Surplus / (Deficit)
Balance at the beginning of the Year	\$ 0.001	\$ (228)	\$ 52	\$ (176)
Capital Stock	-			-
Transfer of Previous year Net Income to Retained Earnings	-	228	(228)	-
Net Income/(Loss) for the Year ended March 31, 2025	-	151	-	151
Balances as of March 31, 2025	0.001	151	(176)	(25)
Transfer of Previous Year Net Income to Retained Earnings	-	(151)	151	-
Net Income/(Loss) for the Year Ended March 31, 2026	-	5,893	-	5,893
Balances as of March 31, 2026	\$ 0.001	\$ 5,893	\$ (25)	\$ 5,868

See accompanying notes to financial statements.

HFCL Inc.
Statement of Cash Flows
For the Years Ended March 31, 2026 and March 31, 2025

(US\$'000)

Particulars	For the Year Ended March 31, 2026	For the Year Ended March 31, 2025
Cash Flows From Operating Activities		
Net Income	5,893	151
Adjustments to Reconcile Net Income to Net Cash used in Operating Activities		
Deferred Tax (Benefit)/Expense	27	33
Provision for income tax	-	15
Changes in Operating Assets and Liabilities		
(Increase)/Decrease in Other Current Assets	(16,136)	202
(Increase)/Decrease in Accounts Receivable	(52,178)	(3,451)
(Increase)/Decrease in Inventories	(6,913)	(1,383)
(Increase)/Decrease in Other Non Current Assets	248	(318)
Increase/(Decrease) in Accounts Payable	24,590	5,610
Increase/(Decrease) in Accrued Expenses	43,602	(459)
Increase/(Decrease) in Other Current Liabilities	1,934	143
Increase/(Decrease) in Provision for Income Tax	1,933	-
Net Cash Provided/(Used) By Operating Activities	3,001	544
Cash Flows From Investing Activities		
Purchase of Property, Plant & Equipment	(10)	-
Net Cash Provided/(Used) By Investing Activities	(10)	-
Cash Flows From Financing Activities		
Loan repayment	(448)	448
Net Cash Provided/(Used) By Financing Activities	(448)	448
Net Increase (Decrease) in Cash and Cash Equivalents	2,543	992
Cash and Cash Equivalents at Beginning of the year	1,062	70
Cash and Cash Equivalents at the End of the Year	3,605	1,062

See accompanying notes to financial statements.

Note 1 - Organization and Operations

HFCL Inc. (the "Company") is a for-profit domestic corporation incorporated on October 08, 2021, under the state laws of Texas. HFCL Inc. is engaged in the business of providing technical expertise related to Optical Fiber, Telecom and Networking Products and other allied activities. The services include technical expertise w.r.t product introduction, capacity expansion, process development, technology platform development, etc.

The registered address of the company has been changed from "10301 Northwest Freeway, Suite #314, Houston, TX 77092, USA" to '1325 Main Street, Suite 1404, Katy, TX 77494, USA".

HFCL Inc. is a wholly owned subsidiary of HFCL Limited, an Indian Registered Company.

Note 2 – Basis of Preparation

2.1 Financial Statements Presentation

HFCL Inc.'s financial records have been prepared on the accrual basis of accounting in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America ("US GAAP").

The following notes describe the significant accounting policies.

2.2 Comparative Financial Statements

The financial statements presented along with auditor's report are in the comparative form.

Note 3 - Significant Accounting Policies

3.1 Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements is in conformity with US GAAP, which requires the management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities, disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates. The estimates and underlying assumptions are reviewed on an ongoing basis. Revisions to accounting estimates are recognized in the year in which the estimate is revised if the revision affects only that year or in the year of the revision and future years if the revision affects both current period and future years.

3.2 Revenue Recognition

Revenue is recognized when the following conditions are satisfied: -

1. The Company has substantially fulfilled its obligation to render services as per the terms of the contract if any.
2. The amount of revenue can be measured reliably.
3. It is probable that the economic benefits associated with the transaction will flow to the company; and,
4. The costs incurred, or to be incurred in respect of the transaction, can be measured reliably.

3.3 Going Concern

The Company's financial statements have been presented on the basis that it is a going concern, which contemplates the realization of assets and the satisfaction of liabilities in the normal course of business. The Company engages in business activities that involve various risks, and future success is dependent upon several factors including, among others, generating sufficient

revenues, the market demand, and price for the Company's services, and the availability of the required working capital. The company had incurred profit during the year ended March 31, 2026 which has led to a notable improvement in operational performance and financial results, indicating a positive recovery trend. The financial statements do not include any adjustments that might be necessary should the Company be able to continue as a going concern.

3.4 Cash and Cash Equivalents

The Company defines cash equivalents as short-term, highly liquid investments readily convertible to cash with original maturities of three months or less. The Company did not hold any cash equivalents as of March 31, 2026. The Company maintained cash balances in four financial banking institution, three in the United States of America as of March 31, 2026, and another in the India as of March 31, 2026. To date, the Company has not experienced any losses in such accounts. All the accounts are insured by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation on aggregate balances up to \$250,000.

3.5 Accounts Receivable

Trade accounts receivable represents amounts owed to the Company which are expected to be collected within the next twelve months. Accounts receivables are stated at net invoice amounts. An allowance for doubtful accounts is established based on a specific assessment of all invoices that remain unpaid following normal customer periods. No provision for doubtful debts has been made as at the date of this representation, as the management is confident of recovering the outstanding receivables.

The total accounts receivable are as follows:

Particulars	As of March 31, 2026	As of March 31, 2025
Accounts Receivable	\$ 55,628	\$ 3,450
Less: Provision For Doubtful Debts	-	-
Total	\$ 55,628	\$ 3,450

3.6 Inventories

Inventories consist of Optical Cables, PP Tube and others used in the operations and are valued at the lower of cost or market value using the specific Identification method. Costs consist of price paid for the inventories plus costs incurred in bringing the products to present locations.

Goods-in-Transit included in inventories represent goods procured under CIF (Cost, Insurance and Freight) terms. In accordance with the contractual terms, ownership and the related risks and rewards of the goods transfer to the Company upon shipment.

As of the reporting date, certain goods remained at the port of destination due to delays arising from bond renewal and enhancement of credit limits. Notwithstanding such delays, ownership and risk of loss had transferred to HFCL Inc., and accordingly, such goods have been recognised as Goods-in-Transit within inventories. The delay was administrative in nature and did not affect the transfer of control of the goods from the seller to the Company.

Inventory Consisted of the following as of March 31, 2026 and March 31, 2025:

Particulars	As of March 31, 2026	As of March 31, 2025
Stock – Finished Goods	\$ 1,084	\$ 2,190
Stock – Goods In Transit	9,230	1,211
Total	\$ 10,314	\$ 3,401

3.7 Fair Value Considerations

The Company uses fair value to measure certain financial and non-financial assets and liabilities. Fair value is defined as the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants. The fair value hierarchy established and prioritized fair value measurements into three levels based on the nature of the inputs. The hierarchy gives the highest priority to inputs based on market data from independent sources (observable inputs -Level 1) and the lowest priority to a reporting entity's internal assumptions based upon the best information available when external market data is limited or unavailable (unobservable inputs -Level 3).

The fair value option allows entities to choose at specified election dates, to measure eligible financial assets and financial liabilities at fair value that are not otherwise required to be measured at fair value.

If an organization elects the fair value option for an eligible item, changes in that item's fair value in subsequent reporting years must be recognized in current earnings. HFCL Inc. did not elect the fair value option for the measurement of any eligible assets or liabilities.

The Company's financial instruments (primarily cash and cash equivalents) are carried in the accompanying statement of financial position at amounts, which reasonably approximate fair value.

Note 4 – Property, Plant and Equipment

The Property, Plant and Equipment have been recorded at cost. The Property, Plant and Equipment as of March 31, 2026 and April 01, 2025 are as follows:

Particulars	Balance as of April 01, 2025	Additions during the year	Retirements during the year	Balance as of March 31, 2026	Useful Life (in Years)
Computer & Laptops	\$ -	\$ 12	\$ -	\$ 12	3
Less: Accumulated Depreciation	-	(2)	-	(2)	
Property, plant and equipment, Net	\$ -			\$ 10	

HFCL Inc.**Notes to Financial Statements****For the Years Ended March 31, 2026 and March 31, 2025 (In Thousands)**

Depreciation expense is as follows:

Particulars	For the Year Ended March 31, 2026	For the Year Ended March 31, 2025
Depreciation Expense	\$ 2	\$ -
Total	\$ 2	\$ -

Note 5 – Revenue

Revenue from operations includes sale of goods, service income, and tariff surcharge recovery. The Company recognizes revenue from contracts with customers in accordance with ASC 606 – Revenue from Contracts with Customers.

- Sale of goods primarily comprise of optical fibers, telecom and networking products.
- Service income represents income from services rendered to customers.
- Tariff surcharge recovery forms an integral part of the transaction price charged to customers.

Particulars	For the Year ended March 31, 2026	For the Year Ended March 31, 2025
Sale of Goods	\$ 155,307	\$ 5,507
Service Income	3,10	1,115
Tariff surcharge Recovery	10,315	-
Freight Recovery	122	-
Total	\$ 166,054	\$ 6,622

Note 6 - Concentration of Credit Risk

Financial instruments which potentially subject the Company to a concentration of credit risk consist principally of cash and accounts receivable.

The Company had sales to Three customers individually contributed in excess of 10% of total company sales for the year ended March 31, 2026: -

Particulars	For the Year Ended March 31, 2026	For the Year ended March 31, 2025
Number of Customers	3	4
Sales	116,672	6,357
Total Sales	\$ 166,054	\$ 6,622
Percentage of total revenue Contributed	70%	96%

Note 7 – Loan

The company obtained a loan amounting to USD 1 million from Media Matrix that carries an interest @ 8.5% per annum on April,01, 2024. As per the terms of the loan agreement, the borrower undertakes to repay the amount on or before March 31, 2025 or such other date as may be mutually agreed by the parties. In case of default in payment of principal and interest on their due date, the Borrower shall pay on the defaulted amounts, further interest @1% p.a for the period of default, compounded monthly. Both the parties are mutually agree to extend the date to repay the entire

principal amount and interest thereon on or before April 30, 2026. The Company has fully repaid the outstanding loan during the year.

Particular	As of March 31, 2026	As of 31 March, 2025
Loan Balance	\$ -	\$ 448
Paid Balance	\$ -	-
Closing Balance	\$ -	\$ 448

Note 8 – Impact of Change in U.S. Import Duty Regulations

During the year ended March 31, 2026, the Company paid certain ad valorem and reciprocal duty surcharges on imports into the United States. These duties were levied by U.S. Customs and Border Protection pursuant to tariff measures imposed under the International Emergency Economic Powers Act (“IEEPA”).

On February 20, 2026, the Supreme Court of the United States, in *Learning Resources, Inc. v. Trump*, held that IEEPA does not grant authority to impose tariffs and that such duty surcharges were unconstitutional and invalid. As a consequence of this ruling, duties collected under this authority during the affected period have been rendered legally unenforceable and are subject to refund in accordance with the procedures prescribed by U.S. Customs and Border Protection (“CBP”).

Pursuant to this ruling and based on management’s evaluation of the legal opinion obtained and the prescribed CBP refund mechanism, the Company has concluded that recovery of the duties paid is probable. Accordingly, as of March 31, 2026, the Company has recognized a customs duty refund receivable amounting to US \$19,016.

Since the financial statements for the year ended March 31, 2026 were not finalized at the time of the Supreme Court ruling, the Company has accounted for the expected recovery as a reduction of cost of goods sold.

Out of the total customs duty refund receivable recognized:

- \$11,050.35 has been recorded as a reduction of cost of goods sold, reflecting the portion attributable to the Company; and
- \$7,966.47 represents amounts contractually recoverable by certain customers under Delivered Duty Paid (DDP) arrangements. This portion has been recognized as “Refundable to Customer” and presented as a current liability.

The Company will initiate the formal refund claim process with CBP. The timing of receipt of the refund is subject to administrative processing by the authorities. Any interest received on the refunded amounts will be recognized as interest income when realized.

Customs duties applicable to imports subsequent to the date of the Supreme Court ruling are not impacted by this matter and continue to be accounted for as part of inventory cost in accordance with the Company’s accounting policy.

Management will continue to monitor developments relating to the CBP refund process and will reassess the recoverability of the receivable, if required, based on further regulatory guidance or administrative action.

Note 9 – Transfer Pricing True-up recorded as Additional Cost of Goods Sold

During the year ended March 31, 2026, the Company assessing its annual transfer pricing review for cross-border purchases from its U.S. associated enterprise to ensure compliance with the arm's-length standard under applicable transfer pricing regulations.

Based on its initial review, the Company recorded a transfer pricing true-up adjustment of US \$32,455.92, which resulted in an increase in the purchase price of goods imported during the year. As per the management estimate, customs duties in the United States are assessed on the transaction value of imported goods, the above transfer pricing true-up also resulted in a net additional customs duty of US \$718.74. Accordingly, this adjustment has been recognized as an increase to Cost of Goods Sold (COGS) for the year ended March 31, 2026, as it pertains to goods transacted during the current reporting period.

This adjustment represents a current-year alignment of intercompany pricing for goods purchased and does not constitute a prior period error. After giving effect to the above true-up, management believes that the intercompany transactions for the year ended March 31, 2026 are consistent with the arm's-length principle.

Note 10 – Contingent Liability

The Company has obtained a Standby Letter of Credit (SBLC) / bank guarantee amounting to \$1,500 as security for business obligations. The said facility is valid up to February 4, 2027. Since the instrument represents a contingent obligation, no liability has been recognized in the financial statements except for related bank charges incurred during the year, which have been charged to the Statement of Profit and Loss amounting to \$18.81.

Note 11 - Income Taxes:

State Income Tax

The corporation is incorporated in Texas and registered as foreign entity in Alabama, New York, Georgia, Iowa, South Carolina and Wisconsin. The provision for state taxes has been calculated on an estimated basis and is subject to finalization of final federal and state income tax returns. The company will account for the relevant adjustments in the financial year in which such federal and state income tax returns are filed before the statutory authorities.

Particular	As of March 31, 2026	As of March 31, 2025
Alabama Income Tax	\$ 0.96	\$ 0.35
Colorado Income Tax	1.07	-
California income Tax	0.85	-
Florida Income Tax	20.87	-
Georgia Income Tax	8.74	0.03

HFCL Inc.**Notes to Financial Statements****For the Years Ended March 31, 2026 and March 31, 2025 (In Thousands)**

Indiana Income Tax	37.56	-
Illinois Income Tax	-	0.10
Iowa Income Tax	18,66	0.58
Idaho Income Tax	9,37	-
Maine Income Tax	7.00	-
New Hampshire Income Tax	23,54	-
New Mexico Income Tax	1.85	-
New York Income Tax	1.92	-
Oklahoma Income Tax	-	0.00
Oregon Income Tax	4.42	-
South Carolina Income Tax	52.33	2.19
Utah Income Tax	6.78	-
North Carolina Income Tax	0.10	-
Virginia Income Tax	33.74	-
Wisconsin Income Tax	12.97	1.69
Total Provision for State Income Tax	\$ 242.71	\$ 4.94

Federal Income Tax

The company is a C corporation for tax purposes, filing Form 1120 annually. Profits are not being passed through to owners; hence, tax is paid at the company's level.

The company gained profit and on which the provision was created as follows-

Particulars	As of March 31, 2026	As of March 31, 2025
Provision for Federal Income Tax	\$ 1,706	\$ 10
Provision for State Income Tax	242	5
Total	\$ 1,948	\$ 15

Income Tax Expense

Particulars	For the Year Ended March 31, 2026	For the Year ended March 31, 2025
Federal Income Tax	\$ 1,704	\$ 10
State Income Tax	243	5
Total	\$ 1,947	\$ 15

The deferred tax asset and liability balances are primarily a result of the differences in net book value of depreciable and amortizable assets. Realization of the future tax benefits related to the net deferred tax assets is dependent on many factors including the Company's ability to generate taxable income. Management believes that at a minimum, it is more likely than not that future taxable income will be sufficient to realize the recorded assets.

During the year, deferred tax has been calculated as follows:

Particulars	For the Year Ended March 31, 2026	For the Year Ended March 31, 2025
Deferred Tax (Benefit)/Expense	\$ 27	\$ 33
Total Deferred Tax (Benefit)/Expense	\$ 27	\$ 33

Particulars	As of March 31, 2026	As of March 31, 2025
Deferred Tax Asset	\$ -	\$ 27
Total Deferred Tax Asset	\$ -	\$ 27

Franchise Tax Provision

Particulars	As of March 31, 2026	As of March 31, 2025
Texas Franchise Tax Provision	\$ 3	\$ 3
Total Texas Franchise Tax Provision	\$ 3	\$ 3

Note 12 - Reclassification of Prior Year Amounts

Certain prior year amounts have been reclassified to confirm to the current year presentation. These reclassifications had no effect on previously reported results of operations.

Note 13 – Inter Company, Related Party and Affiliates Disclosure Information

A related party transaction is a transaction which takes place between two parties and between the company and its affiliates / related party through relative of the member who owns the Company and by having the common or significant control/interest.

HFCL Inc.**Notes to Financial Statements****For the Years Ended March 31, 2026 and March 31, 2025 (In Thousands)**

During the Year Ended March 31, 2026, the company identified the following as its related party balances and transactions :

Intercompany Balances as of March 31, 2026:-

Related Party	Transaction Type	Amount
HFCL BV	Inter-Company Receivables	\$ 9
HFCL Canada Inc.	Inter-Company Receivables	17
HFCL Canada Inc.	Accounts Payable	473
HFCL Limited	Accounts Payable	27,510
HTL Limited	Accounts Payable	\$ 3,877

Intercompany Transactions for the Year ended March 31, 2026, are as follows –

Related party	Transaction Type	Amount
HFCL Limited	Professional Income	\$ 310
HFCL Limited	Purchases	103,439
HTL Limited	Purchases	\$ 7091

Note 14 - Retirement Plan - 401 (K) Plan

The Company sponsors a 401(k) plan for all employees. Eligible employees may contribute part of their wages, before taxes in the said plan, corresponding contribution towards the same is also made by the employer. The company contributed \$22, and \$19 for the years ended March 31, 2026, and March 31, 2025, respectively towards the said plan.

Note 15 - Subsequent Events

Subsequent events are events or transactions that occur after the statement of financial position date but before the financial statements are issued. The Company recognizes the effects of subsequent events that provide additional information about conditions that existed at the date of the statement of financial positions. Management has evaluated events occurring between the year ended March 31, 2026, and April 30, 2026, the date the financial statements were available to be issued for matters that would require disclosure or adjustments to the financial statements. No events have occurred subsequent to April 30, 2026 that requires recording or disclosure in the financial statements.