

HiveForce Labs

THREAT ADVISORY



ATTACK REPORT

Mirage Kitten Turns Job Interviews into a Gateway for Corporate Espionage

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A1

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TA2026256

Summary

First Seen: May 2026

Targeted Regions: Middle East and Africa

Targeted Platforms: Windows, Linux, macOS

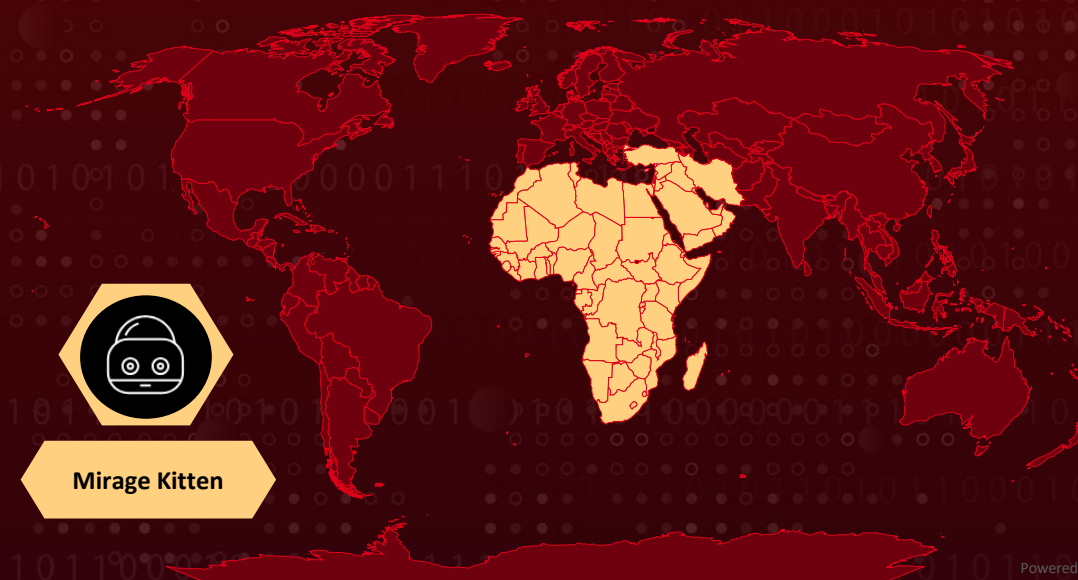
Targeted Industries: Aviation, Aerospace, Financial Technology (FinTech)

Threat Actor: Mirage Kitten (aka UNC1549, Smoke Sandstorm, Nimbus Manticore, GalaxyGato, Subtle Snail)

Malware: NodeRabbit, PollCat, Retrograde/MiniFast

Attack: Mirage Kitten (aka Nimbus Manticore), an Iran-linked cyberespionage group active since at least 2022, is targeting aviation, aerospace, and FinTech specialists across the Middle East and Africa with recruitment-themed social engineering. Fake recruiters on LinkedIn and other job-search platforms deliver trojanized coding-challenge archives hosted on an Amazon S3 bucket that bundle malicious npm packages. Running the project executes the group's first Node.js- and JavaScript-based cross-platform remote access trojans, NodeRabbit and PollCat, granting remote access, host reconnaissance, credential and artifact harvesting, and file exfiltration across Windows, Linux, and macOS, with command-and-control concealed behind Microsoft Azure Websites and Cloudflare-backed domains.

🔪 Attack Regions



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Powered by Bing

Targeted

Non-Targeted



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Attack Details

#1

Mirage Kitten, an Iran-linked cyberespionage group (also tracked as Nimbus Manticore, UNC1549, Smoke Sandstorm, and Iranian Dream Job), is targeting aviation, aerospace, and FinTech specialists across the Middle East and Africa, with confirmed victims in Egypt, Ethiopia, and Afghanistan. The operation opens with fake recruiter personas on LinkedIn and other job platforms: posing as a talent acquisition specialist at a major technology company, the actor invites a software engineer to complete a "technical assessment" and pressures them to download and run a coding-challenge archive hosted on an Amazon S3 bucket.

#2

The lure is engineered for both stealth and urgency. One archive, Front-Technical-Challenge.zip, held a TaskFlow app whose README demanded frontend fixes within three hours, banned AI assistants (which would have flagged the malicious import), and falsely declared server.js off-limits, the one file the attackers had altered. Its first line loaded a trojanized npm package (colorized_terminal or pretty-log, v2.1.0) bundled locally, which silently launched the implant as a detached background process.

#3

That implant is NodeRabbit, the group's first Node.js remote access trojan, running on Windows, Linux, and macOS. It fingerprints the host, guards against re-execution, and persists per OS while masquerading as Microsoft Edge Update or Intel Driver & Support Assistant. Across three variants it adds sandbox evasion, corporate-proxy tunneling, Outlook email harvesting, a fake "GitHub Copilot Helper" VS Code extension, and Git-hook injection, growing to 23 commands.

#4

A parallel lure (RankChallenge-react) delivered PollCat, an obfuscated-JavaScript RAT gated behind an attacker-supplied, rapidly expiring six-digit OTP to force speed. PollCat runs regardless of OTP success, registers with its C2, and profiles the host, inventorying processes and hunting for 24 security-vendor directories. Both RATs beacon over HTTP(S) to Microsoft Azure Websites and Cloudflare-backed domains, sometimes embedding the victim's own name in the subdomain to blend in; NodeRabbit encrypts traffic with AES-256-GCM. Attribution to Mirage Kitten is high-confidence, resting on strong structural overlaps with its earlier Retrograde/MiniFast backdoor.

Recommendations



Contain Recruiter-Supplied Coding Assessments: Treat any coding challenge received through LinkedIn or a job platform as untrusted code and never run it on a production, domain-joined, or credential-bearing workstation. Require that such archives be opened only inside isolated, network-restricted virtual machines or containers, and instruct developers to ignore lures that impose artificial urgency (three-hour limits, expiring six-digit OTP codes) or explicitly forbid AI code review, since both are engineered to suppress the checks that would expose the trojanized import.



Block and Hunt for the Known Indicators: Ingest the Mirage Kitten hashes, C2 domains, URLs, filenames, and the MicrosoftEdgeUpdate Run-key indicator from this advisory into EDR, SIEM, and firewall tooling, and alert on any outbound connection to the listed Azure Websites and Cloudflare-backed domains, including subdomains that embed your own organization's name. Treat the Retrograde/MiniFast reference hash (810F8E3B88EB05F710C09552941D6F56) as an attribution comparator rather than a live campaign delivery hash, and hunt proactively since the group rotates infrastructure frequently.



Audit npm Dependencies and Anomalous Node Execution: Sweep developer endpoints for the trojanized packages `colorized_terminal` and `pretty-log` pinned to version 2.1.0, and for any package loaded from a project-local `node_modules` directory that was never installed from the public registry — with particular attention to payloads under `node_modules/.cache/.320697f1/`. Alert on `node.exe` copies renamed to `nodew.exe` or `IntelDSA.exe` running with a Windows GUI subsystem, and on Node processes spawning from `%APPDATA%`, `%LOCALAPPDATA%`, or user configuration directories.



Hunt Persistence Across Windows, Linux, and macOS: Because these RATs are cross-platform, search every operating system, not just Windows. Look for the MicrosoftEdgeUpdate Run key; scheduled tasks named `IntelDriverSupportUpdate` and `NetSync_<username>`; WSL-launched daily 10 AM tasks invoking `wscript.exe/wsl.exe`; `@reboot` and daily cron entries; and macOS LaunchAgents such as `com.microsoft.edgeupdate.plist`. Inspect VS Code for a fake "GitHub Copilot Helper" extension and review `.git/hooks/post-merge` and `post-checkout` for the injected marker `# shepherd-persist`.



Potential MITRE ATT&CK TTPs

Tactic	Technique	Sub-technique
Resource Development	<u>T1585</u> : Establish Accounts	<u>T1585.001</u> : Social Media Accounts
	<u>T1583</u> : Acquire Infrastructure	<u>T1583.001</u> : Domains
		<u>T1583.006</u> : Web Services
	<u>T1608</u> : Stage Capabilities	<u>T1608.001</u> : Upload Malware
Initial Access	<u>T1566</u> : Phishing	<u>T1566.003</u> : Spearphishing via Service
Execution	<u>T1204</u> : User Execution	<u>T1204.002</u> : Malicious File
	<u>T1059</u> : Command and Scripting Interpreter	<u>T1059.007</u> : JavaScript
		<u>T1059.003</u> : Windows Command Shell
Persistence	<u>T1547</u> : Boot or Logon Autostart Execution	<u>T1547.001</u> : Registry Run Keys / Startup Folder
	<u>T1053</u> : Scheduled Task/Job	<u>T1053.005</u> : Scheduled Task
		<u>T1053.003</u> : Cron
	<u>T1543</u> : Create or Modify System Process	<u>T1543.001</u> : Launch Agent
	<u>T1176</u> : Software Extensions	<u>T1176.002</u> : IDE Extensions
	<u>T1546</u> : Event Triggered Execution	
Privilege Escalation	<u>T1053</u> : Scheduled Task/Job	<u>T1053.005</u> : Scheduled Task
Defense Evasion	<u>T1036</u> : Masquerading	<u>T1036.004</u> : Masquerade Task or Service

Tactic	Technique	Sub-technique
Defense Evasion	<u>T1036</u> : Masquerading	<u>T1036.005</u> : Match Legitimate Name or Location
	<u>T1497</u> : Virtualization/Sandbox Evasion	<u>T1497.001</u> : System Checks
	<u>T1027</u> : Obfuscated Files or Information	
	<u>T1140</u> : Deobfuscate/Decode Files or Information	
	<u>T1070</u> : Indicator Removal	<u>T1070.004</u> : File Deletion
	<u>T1564</u> : Hide Artifacts	<u>T1564.003</u> : Hidden Window
Discovery	<u>T1082</u> : System Information Discovery	
	<u>T1057</u> : Process Discovery	
	<u>T1083</u> : File and Directory Discovery	
	<u>T1016</u> : System Network Configuration Discovery	
	<u>T1518</u> : Software Discovery	<u>T1518.001</u> : Security Software Discovery
Collection	<u>T1114</u> : Email Collection	<u>T1114.001</u> : Local Email Collection
	<u>T1005</u> : Data from Local System	
	<u>T1560</u> : Archive Collected Data	<u>T1560.001</u> : Archive via Utility
Command and Control	<u>T1071</u> : Application Layer Protocol	<u>T1071.001</u> : Web Protocols
	<u>T1573</u> : Encrypted Channel	<u>T1573.001</u> : Symmetric Cryptography
	<u>T1102</u> : Web Service	
	<u>T1008</u> : Fallback Channels	
	<u>T1105</u> : Ingress Tool Transfer	
Exfiltration	<u>T1041</u> : Exfiltration Over C2 Channel	
	<u>T1030</u> : Data Transfer Size Limits	

✂ Indicators of Compromise (IOCs)

TYPE	VALUE
MD5	CBAAF0900A13F28E380F49ADECEC932C, 1EA83E4E4592B01E4ACAB63EB867BEE5, 366515822D5AC1CC500711EF57A2E32E, CF449F1992C2819E62AC44A0B06AC2E7, E95A4366686E3F786EA3C056FAB5B0DA, DE5AF16A3757EF700B01DC34D67079AE, BE086789568441D0D7E4679AEE51F566, E259C5EDF158AAC4CFE14F77DDD0B196, 291AC3ABE73C5158E59A437B75D5F0AA, 0962F56D7EC69F4F2A0162DCBE22116B, 795E053A990A1569FFDCB57F48F6D085, 810F8E3B88EB05F710C09552941D6F56
Domains	oracle-challenge[.]s3[.]us-east-1[.]amazonaws[.]com, naturalapplication[.]azurewebsites[.]net, retaildemo[.]azurewebsites[.]net, tubitak[.]azurewebsites[.]net, rgbteller[.]azurewebsites[.]net, wslwebui[.]azurewebsites[.]net, plugplay[.]azurewebsites[.]net, crossdwm[.]azurewebsites[.]net, wdisystem[.]azurewebsites[.]net, wslmenus[.]azurewebsites[.]net, dnshnsdev[.]azurewebsites[.]net, hpjumpsrv[.]azurewebsites[.]net, storview[.]azurewebsites[.]net, healthcomfsdpower[.]com, visitfinancedentists[.]com, kyrasey-f8hfixa5cqamh7fk[.]westeurope-01[.]azurewebsites[.]net, greenyjsgfd[.]azurewebsites[.]net, helptellerbls[.]azurewebsites[.]net, timedrv[.]azurewebsites[.]net, userwellgtfs[.]azurewebsites[.]net, hecowime-aqdphyd4bbdef6es[.]westeurope-01[.]azurewebsites[.]net, msmanagementgrp[.]com, msmanagementgrpmedia[.]com, lifespotify[.]com, gamebarapp[.]azurewebsites[.]net, gamebarappinformation[.]azurewebsites[.]net, sahi-finance[.]com, healthful-hub[.]com,

TYPE	VALUE
Domains	neumedicahealthcare[.]com, optimumhealthcredit[.]com, healthfullyrecipes[.]com, refreshhealthandwellness[.]com, healthvitalitycare[.]com, aceofspadesmanagement[.]com, glmediaagency[.]com, digimediaskill[.]com, healthyweightplan[.]com, mens-health-online[.]com
URLs	hxxps[:]//oracle-challenge[.]s3[.]us-east-1[.]amazonaws[.]com/Front-Technical-Challenge[.]zip, hxxps[:]//lifespotify[.]com/api/users/b879746e-fed9-4211-a6da-4d8223681267/otp/validate
Filenames	FrontEnd-Task.zip, Front-Technical-Challenge.zip, Task-FullStack.zip, fullstack-1536.zip, webapp76592.zip, webapp76531.zip, challenges-17831.zip, challenges-17832.zip, Project-1802.zip, Case-34234.zip, RankChallenge-react-6uJSX3-main.zip, colorized_terminal, pretty-log, msedge_update.js, nodew.exe, idriver_support.js, IntelDSA.exe, requireObject.js, launcher.vbs
Registry Key	HKCU\Software\Microsoft\Windows\CurrentVersion\Run\MicrosoftEdgeUpdate



References

<https://securelist.com/mirage-kitten-new-backdoors-noderabbit-pollcat/121244/>

<https://www.hivepro.com/threat-advisory/mirage-kitten-marks-new-territory-across-the-middle-east-and-africa>



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