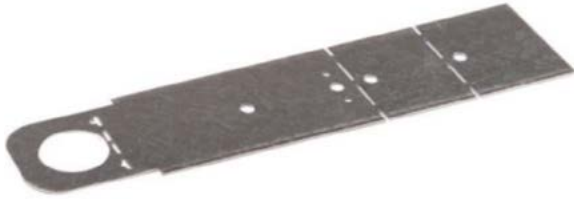


GSS Safe - GSS Lower Platelet High Block Stones



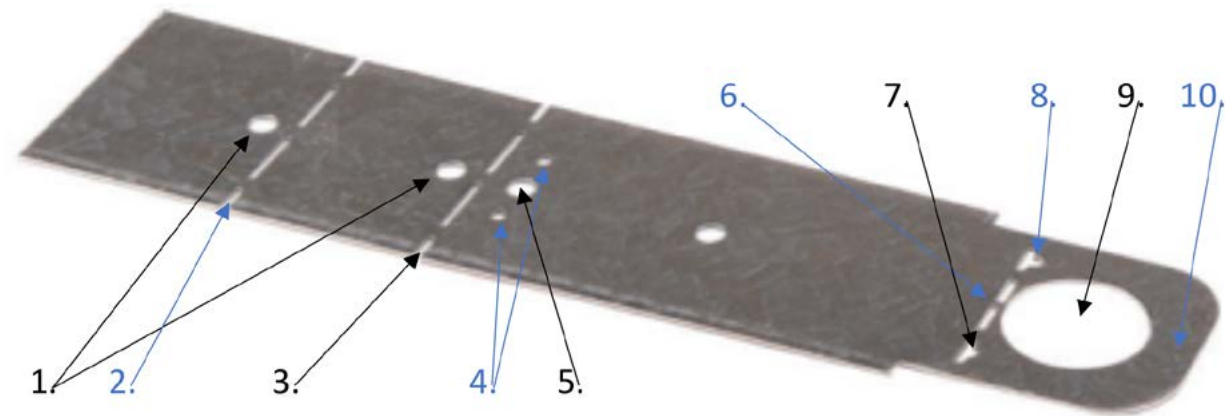
25 PIECES - 2 PER PROFILE

PURPOSE

- Hold the safety post at the lower end.

TECHNICAL DATA

- Galvanised steel sheet 2mm



- 1 Holes of 7.5 mm for securing the panel in hollow core slabs or platforms.
- 2 Fold line for quick-build bricks 19cm
- 3 Fold line for quick-build bricks 14cm.
- 4 Holes for nailing into aerated concrete bricks.
- 5 For securing the plate with a 6 mm hole and a clamping sleeve in the silicate brick.
- 6 Fold line for folding or breaking the lower platelet afterwards on the outside.
- 7 Hole for driving a nail into quick-build bricks at 13,8 and 18,8.
- 8 Hole for driving a nail into stones or concrete blocks of 14 and 19.
- 9 Opening for posts
- 10 Front side.

PACKAGING DETAILS

Item Number	Quantity per Pack	Weight	Length	Width	Height
GSS30030	25 Pieces	5,6 kg	0,3 m	0,08 m	0,04 m

GSS Safe - GSS Lower Platelet High Block Stones

PRACTICAL USE

tem 30030 Lower Platelet Quick Build



- Fold the sheet at the fold line 2, 3, or 4 by 90°, depending on the wall thickness.
- Insert the plate in folded position with the front side through the lower slot of the profile and lay it flat.
- Now insert a nail into the designated hole 8 or 9. The plate can no longer move.
- Lay a hollow core slab or a platform
- If there is no bulge or protrusion of at least 2 cm on the plate, it must be drilled into the wall from the inside of the building. To do this, use hole 1 and the appropriate dowels adapted to the wall.



Connection for use in combination
with sand-lime bricks and
connection for use in combination
with quick-build bricks.

CAUTION!!!

Only the 2 punched slots at a distance of 1.2 m may be used to place a post!
It is strictly forbidden to add slots yourself.

USE WITH AERATED CONCRETE

If the standard plate **30030** is pre-broken at fold line 4, it can be used for nailing an aerated concrete block (e.g., Ytong, etc.) This should only be used if the bulge rests on the base of the GSS profile so that the nail can never protrude.

Guide the plate through the lower slot and insert a nail into hole 9. Pull the plate inwards as far as possible. **When placed correctly positioned, the edge of the stone lies exactly in the centre of the perforated line 7.** The 2 small holes of 4 mm number 5 are located directly behind the edge formwork. Now drive a nail with a diameter of 3 to 4 mm and a length of 4 to 5 cm into one of the holes until it is fully recessed into the stone.

Drive the nail at a slight angle in the direction of the stone core to prevent the stone from breaking.



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USE WITH SILICATE BRICKS

- If you are using a nail gun, it is best to work with the lower platelet 3004U (the lower platelet made of solid brick).
 - If not, you can proceed similarly to aerated concrete. The nail is not simply driven in; instead, a 6 mm hole with a depth of 3 to 4 cm is drilled through hole number 6, and a clamping sleeve is inserted.
-

DISASSEMBLY

- Outside of the Building:
 - When attaching the wall insulation, the panel can simply be folded inwards or broken off by moving back and forth several times.
- Inside of the Building
 - Remove the plates from the inside once the structural work is completely finished and before plastering the interior wall.
 - After moving the plate up and down 3-4 times, it will break.
 - Spray a layer of zinc spray on the broken, protruding part to prevent the plate from oxidising when it comes into contact with the plaster!
- [Item 30030 Lower Platelet Quick Build](#)

