

Item 1 Cover Page

KBR Financial Solutions
1B Commons Drive, Unit 13A
Londonderry, NH 03053
www.kbr-solutions.com

Mailing address:
PO Box 419
East Derry, NH 03041

August 28, 2026

This brochure provides information about the qualifications and business practices of KBR Retirement & Investment Solutions. If you have any questions about the contents of this brochure, please contact us at 603-216-6341. The information in this brochure has not been approved or verified by the United States Securities and Exchange Commission or by any state securities authority. Registration as a registered investment advisor does not imply a certain level of skill or training.

Additional information about Retirement & Investment Solutions also is available on the SEC's website at <http://www.adviserinfo.sec.gov>.

Item 2 Material Changes

There have been no material changes to this Brochure since the date of the last annual amendment noted below.

The material changes discussed above are only those changes that have been made to this brochure since the firm's last update of the brochure. The date of the last update of the brochure was August 28, 2026.

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Item 4 Advisory Business

KBR Retirement & Investment Solutions is an investment advisor firm registered with the states of New Hampshire and Massachusetts securities regulators since January 2011 and March 2011, respectively.

The principal owner of KBR Retirement & Investment Solutions is Bernard H. Ross, Managing Member.

Advisory Services

KBR Retirement & Investment Solutions (“KBR” or “Advisor”) principal service is providing fee-based investment advisory services and financial planning services. The Advisor practices custom management of portfolios, on a discretionary basis, according to the client’s objectives. The Advisor’s primary approach is to use a strategic & tactical allocation strategy aimed at reducing risk and increasing performance. The Advisor uses primarily exchange listed securities, over-the-counter securities, foreign equity securities, CDs, municipal bonds, variable annuities, mutual funds, U.S. government securities, and cash equivalent securities to accomplish this objective. The Advisor measures and selects mutual funds by using various criteria, such as the fund manager’s tenure, and/or overall career performance. The Advisor may recommend, on occasion, redistributing investment allocations to diversify the portfolio in an effort to reduce risk and increase performance. The Advisor may recommend specific stocks to increase sector weighting and/or dividend potential. The Advisor may recommend employing cash positions as a possible hedge against market movement which may adversely affect the portfolio. The Advisor may recommend selling positions for reasons that include, but are not limited to, harvesting capital gains or losses, business or sector risk exposure to a specific security or class of securities, overvaluation or overweighting of the position(s) in the portfolio, change in risk tolerance of client, or any risk deemed unacceptable for the client’s risk tolerance.

Retirement Planning Services

KBR provides retirement income planning services to clients and are intended to offer comprehensive guidance related to the management of a client's assets and income over the course of their retirement. The Advisor will attempt to provide accurate and comprehensive advice and recommendations about how to address a number of key questions concerning a client's retirement future.

Financial Planning

In addition to investment supervisory services, KBR may provide Financial Planning Services to some of its clients. The Advisor’s Financial Planning services may include recommendations for portfolio customization based on their client’s investment objectives, goals and financial situation, recommendations relating to investment strategies as well as tailored investment advice. Financial planning may also include non-investment advice such as developing strategies to achieve retirement or other financial goals, tax optimization strategies, cash flow and budgeting analysis and recommendations, financing and financial education, estate planning, and asset protection strategies.

Other Services

KBR also provides college planning services to non-advisory clients for one-time fees that range from \$495 to \$2,995.

KBR will tailor its advisory services to its client's individual needs based on meetings and conversations with the client. If clients wish to impose certain restrictions on investing in certain securities or types of securities, the Advisor will address those restrictions with the client to have a clear understanding of the client's requirements.

KBR does not provide portfolio management services to wrap fee programs.

KBR manages client assets and as of August 28, 2026 had \$59,536,730 in discretionary and no non-discretionary client assets under management.

Item 5 Fees and Compensation

Asset Management Fees

Pursuant to an Investment Advisory contract signed by each client, the client will pay KBR an annual management fee, payable quarterly either in arrears or in advance, based on the value of portfolio assets of the account managed by the Advisor as of the end of the quarter if in arrears, or as of opening of business on the first business day of each quarter if in advance. The management fee may be adjusted to account for significant contributions or withdrawals made to the account during the quarter. New account fees will be prorated from the inception of the account to the end of the first quarter.

Management fees range from 0.25% per annum to 1.55% per annum depending on the type and complexity of the investment management strategy employed as well as the size of the account or overall client relationship. These fees may be negotiated by KBR at its sole discretion. The client will give written authorization permitting the Advisor to be paid directly from their account held by the custodian. The custodian will send a statement at least quarterly to the client and the Advisor will also send an invoice to the client outlining the fee calculation and the amount withdrawn from the client account. Where it is not practical to deduct fees directly from client accounts, client will be sent an invoice on a quarterly basis for any outstanding advisory fees due.

Hourly Fee

Some clients will contract to have financial planning advice provided based on an hourly fee rather than based on the assets under management. The Advisors hourly fee will be billed at a rate of \$500 per hour and is negotiable at the discretion of the Advisor. Advisor and client will agree to the rate in a financial planning agreement in advance of the services being performed. Hourly fee-based clients are billed upon completion and delivery of the financial plan.

Fixed Fees

KBR may charge a fixed fee for comprehensive financial planning services. The fee will be based on an estimate of the hours needed to provide the services multiplied by the Advisor's hourly fee as negotiated. Fixed fee-based clients are billed on a monthly basis upon completion of work performed.

For each of the Advisor's services described above, the Client may terminate these services within five business days of the effective date of an Agreement signed with the Advisor without any payment of the Advisor's fee.

All fees paid to KBR for investment advisory services are separate and distinct from the expenses charged by mutual funds and variable insurance products to their shareholders. These fees and expenses are described in each fund's and variable insurance product's prospectus. These fees will generally include a management fee and other fund expenses.

At no time will KBR accept or maintain custody of a client's funds or securities except for authorized fee deduction. Client is responsible for all custodial and securities execution fees charged by the custodian and executing broker-dealer. The Advisor's fee is separate and distinct from the custodian and execution fees.

In some cases, KBR's management fee is payable in advance. Upon termination, any fees paid in advance will be prorated to the date of termination and any unearned fees will be refunded to client.

Item 6 Performance-Based Fees and Side-by-Side Management

KBR does not charge performance-based fees.

Item 7 Types of Clients

The Advisor will offer its services to individuals, pension and profit sharing plans, trusts, estates, charitable organizations, corporations and other business entities.

The Advisor does not have any minimum requirements for opening or maintaining an account.

Item 8 Methods of Analysis, Investment Strategies and Risk of Loss

The Advisor may utilize fundamental, technical or cyclical analysis techniques in formulating investment advice or managing assets for clients.

Fundamental analysis of businesses involves analyzing its financial statements and health, its management and competitive advantages and its competitors and markets. Fundamental analysis is performed on historical and present data but with the goal of making financial forecasts. There are several possible objectives; to conduct a company stock valuation and predict its probable price evolution; to make a projection on its business performance; to evaluate its management and make internal business decisions and to calculate its credit risk.

Technical analysis is a method of evaluating securities by relying on the assumption that market data, such as charts of price, volume and open interest can help predict future (usually short-term) market trends. Technical analysis assumes that market psychology influences trading in a way that enables predicting when a stock will rise or fall.

Cyclical analysis of economic cycles is used to determine how these cycles affect the returns of an investment, an asset class or an individual company's profits. Cyclical risks exist because the broad economy has been shown to move in cycles, from periods of peak performance followed by a downturn, then a trough of low activity. Between the peak and trough of a business or other economic cycle, investments may fall in value to reflect the uncertainty surrounding future returns as compared with the recent past.

The investment strategies the Advisor will implement may include long-term purchases of securities held at least for one year, and short-term purchases for securities sold within a year.

Clients need to be aware that investing in securities involves risk of loss that clients need to be prepared to bear.

The methods of analysis and investment strategies followed by the Advisor are utilized across all of the Advisors clients, as applicable. One method of analysis or investment strategy is not more significant than the other as the Advisor is considering the client's portfolio, risk tolerance, time horizon and individual goals. However, the client should be aware that with any trading that occurs in the client account, the client will incur transaction and administrative costs.

Investing includes the risk that the value of an investment can be negatively affected by factors specifically related to the investment (e.g., capability of management, competition, new inventions by other companies, lawsuits against the company, labor issues, patent expiration, etc.), or to factors related to investing and the markets in general (e.g., the economy, wars, civil unrest or terrorism around the world, concern about oil prices or unemployment, etc.).

Risks of fundamental analysis may include risks that market actions, natural disasters, government actions, world political events or other events not directly related to the price or valuation of a specific company's fundamental analysis can adversely impact the stock price of a company causing a portfolio containing that security to lose value. Risks may also include that the historical data and projections on which the fundamental analysis is performed may not continue to be relevant to the operations of a company going forward, or that management changes or the business direction of management of the company may not permit the company to continue to produce metrics that are consistent with the prior company data utilized in the fundamental analysis, which may negatively affect the Advisor's estimate of the valuation of the company.

In cyclical analysis, economic or business cycles may not be predictable and may have many fluctuations between long-term expansions and contractions. Also, the lengths of the economic cycles may be difficult to predict with accuracy. Therefore, the risk of cyclical analysis is the difficulty in predicting economic trends and consequently the changing value of securities that would be affected by these changing trends.

The primary risks in technical analysis are that the factors used to analyze the price, trends and volatility of a security may not be replicated, or the outcomes of such analysis will not be the same as in past periods where similar combinations existed. Because of the reliance on trends, technical analysis can signal buying at market peaks and selling at market troughs.

All investments involve some degree of risk. In finance, risk refers to the degree of uncertainty and/or potential financial loss inherent in an investment decision. In general, as investment risks rise, investors seek higher returns to compensate themselves for taking such risks.

The Advisor does primarily recommend that clients invest in stocks and mutual funds. Following is a discussion of the material risks involved with those securities.

Every type of investment, including mutual funds, involves risk. Risk refers to the possibility that you will lose money (both principal and any earnings) or fail to make money on an investment. A fund's investment objective and its holdings are influential factors in determining how risky a fund is. Reading the prospectus will help you to understand the risk associated with that particular fund.

Generally speaking, risk and potential return are related. This is the risk/return trade-off. Higher risks are usually taken with the expectation of higher returns at the cost of increased volatility. While a fund with higher risk has the potential for higher return, it also has the greater potential for losses or negative returns. The school of thought when investing in mutual funds suggests that the longer your investment time horizon is the less affected you should be by short-term volatility. Therefore, the shorter your investment time horizon, the more concerned you should be with short-term volatility and higher risk.

Below is a list of some of the risks to consider when investing in mutual funds.

- **Call Risk.** The possibility that falling interest rates will cause a bond issuer to redeem—or call—its high-yielding bond before the bond's maturity date.
- **Country Risk.** The possibility that political events (a war, national elections), financial problems (rising inflation, government default), or natural disasters (an earthquake, a poor harvest) will weaken a country's economy and cause investments in that country to decline.
- **Credit Risk.** The possibility that a bond issuer will fail to repay interest and principal in a timely manner. Also called default risk.
- **Currency Risk.** The possibility that returns could be reduced for Americans investing in foreign securities because of a rise in the value of the U.S. dollar against foreign currencies. Also called exchange-rate risk.
- **Income Risk.** The possibility that a fixed-income fund's dividends will decline as a result of falling overall interest rates.
- **Industry Risk.** The possibility that a group of stocks in a single industry will decline in price due to developments in that industry.
- **Inflation Risk.** The possibility that increases in the cost of living will reduce or eliminate a fund's real inflation-adjusted returns.
- **Interest Rate Risk.** The possibility that a bond fund will decline in value because of an increase in interest rates.
- **Manager Risk.** The possibility that an actively managed mutual fund's investment adviser will fail to execute the fund's investment strategy effectively resulting in the failure of stated objectives.

- **Market Risk.** The possibility that stock fund or bond fund prices overall will decline over short or even extended periods. Stock and bond markets tend to move in cycles, with periods when prices rise and other periods when prices fall.
- **Principal Risk.** The possibility that an investment will go down in value, or "lose money," from the original or invested amount.

Risks of Investing in Stocks:

All investments involve some degree of risk. In finance, risk refers to the degree of uncertainty and/or potential financial loss inherent in an investment decision. In general, as investment risks rise, investors seek higher returns to compensate themselves for taking such risks.

Every saving and investment product has different risks and returns. Differences include how readily investors can get their money when they need it, how fast their money will grow, and how safe their money will be.

Business Risk

With a stock, you are purchasing a piece of ownership in a company. With a bond, you are loaning money to a company. Returns from both of these investments require that the company stays in business. If a company goes bankrupt and its assets are liquidated, common stockholders are the last in line to share in the proceeds. If there are assets, the company's bondholders will be paid first, then holders of preferred stock. If you are a common stockholder, you get whatever is left, which may be nothing.

Volatility Risk

Even when companies aren't in danger of failing, their stock price may fluctuate up or down. Large company stocks as a group, for example, have lost money on average about one out of every three years. Market fluctuations can be unnerving to some investors. A stock's price can be affected by factors inside the company, such as a faulty product, or by events the company has no control over, such as political or market events.

Liquidity Risk

This refers to the risk that investors won't find a market for their securities, potentially preventing them from buying or selling when they want. This can be the case with the more complicated investment products.

Item 9 Disciplinary Information

Neither KBR nor its management persons have had any legal or disciplinary events, currently or in the past.

Item 10 Other Financial Industry Activities and Affiliations

Neither KBR nor any of its management persons are registered, or have an application pending to register, as a broker-dealer or a registered representative of a broker-dealer.

Neither KBR nor any of its management persons are registered or have an application pending to register, as a futures commission merchant, commodity pool operator, a commodity trading advisor, or an associated person of the foregoing entities.

KBR does not currently have any relationships or arrangements that are material to its advisory business or clients with either a broker-dealer, municipal securities dealer, or government securities dealer or broker, investment company or other pooled investment vehicle (including a mutual fund, closed-end investment company, unit investment trust, private investment company or “hedge fund” and offshore fund), other investment advisor or financial planner, futures commission merchant, commodity pool operator, or commodity trading advisor, banking or thrift institution, accountant or accounting firm, lawyer or law firm, pension consultant, real estate broker or dealer or sponsor of syndicator of limited partnerships.

Bernard H. Ross, Managing Member, is also licensed and registered as an insurance agent to sell or recommend life, accident, annuities and other lines of insurance for various insurance companies. However, as a fee only advisor, Mr Ross will receive no commission from the recommendation or placement of these products and the only fee Mr Ross will receive will be in the form of an investment advisory fee. The firm and its supervised persons are fiduciaries by law and are required to do what is in the best interests of clients.

KBR does not recommend or select other investment advisers for clients.

Item 11 Code of Ethics, Participation or Interest in Client Transactions and Personal Trading

KBR is a state registered investment advisor registered with the New Hampshire and Massachusetts securities regulators and has adopted as an industry best practice a Code of Ethics that sets forth the basic policies of ethical conduct for all managers, officers, and employees of the adviser. In addition, the Code of Ethics governs personal trading by each employee of KBR deemed to be an Access Person and is intended to ensure that securities transactions effected by Access Persons of KBR are conducted in a manner that avoids any conflict of interest between such persons and clients of the adviser or its affiliates. KBR collects and maintains records of securities holdings and securities transactions effected by Access Persons. These records are reviewed to identify and resolve conflicts of interest. KBR will provide a copy of the Code of Ethics to any client or prospective client upon request.

KBR and/or its investment advisory representatives may from time to time purchase or sell products that they may recommend to clients. KBR and/or its investment advisory representatives have a fiduciary duty to put the interests of their clients ahead of their own. If such transactions occur at the time that the securities are being traded for clients, KBR’s policy is to trade all client transactions before those of the firm or employees to avoid disadvantaging clients.

KBR requires that its investment advisory representatives follow its basic policies and ethical standards as set forth in its Code of Ethics.

Item 12 Brokerage Practices

KBR may suggest brokers or dealers to be used based on execution and custodial services offered, cost, quality of service and industry reputation. KBR will consider factors such as commission price, speed and quality of execution, client management tools, and convenience of access for both the Advisor and client in making its suggestion.

KBR does not receive research or other products or services other than execution from a broker-dealer or third party as a result of client securities transactions.

KBR does not receive client referrals from any broker-dealer or third party as a result of the firm selecting or recommending that broker-dealer to clients.

KBR recommends that all clients use a particular broker-dealer for execution and/or custodial services. The broker-dealer is recommended based on criteria such as, but not limited to, reasonableness of commissions charged to the client, tools and services made available to the client and the Advisor, and convenience of access to the account trading and reporting. The client will provide authority to KBR to direct all transactions through that broker-dealer in the investment advisory agreement.

As an investment advisory firm, KBR has a fiduciary duty to seek best execution for client transactions. While best execution is difficult to define and challenging to measure, there is some consensus that it does not solely mean the achievement of the best price on a given transaction. Rather, it appears to be a collective consideration of factors concerning the trade in question. Such factors include the security being traded, the price of the trade, the speed of the execution, apparent conditions in the market, and the specific needs of the client. KBR's primary objectives when placing orders for the purchase and sale of securities for client accounts is to obtain the most favorable net results taking into account such factors as 1) price, 2) size of order, 3) difficulty of execution, 4) confidentiality and 5) skill required of the broker. KBR may not necessarily pay the lowest commission or commission equivalent as specific transactions may involve specialized services on the part of the broker.

KBR does not permit clients to direct brokerage.

KBR may combine orders into block trades when more than one account is participating in the trade. This blocking or bunching technique must be equitable and potentially advantageous for each such account (e.g. for the purposes of reducing brokerage commissions or obtaining a more favorable execution price). Block trading is performed when it is consistent with the duty to seek best execution and is consistent with the terms of KBR's investment advisory agreements. Equity trades are blocked based upon fairness to client, both in the participation of their account, and in the allocation of orders for the accounts of more than one client. Allocations of all orders are performed in a timely and efficient manner. All managed accounts participating in a block execution receive the same execution price (average share price) for the securities purchased or

sold in a trading day. Any portion of an order that remains unfilled at the end of a given day will be rewritten on the following day as a new order with a new daily average price to be determined at the end of the following day. Due to the low liquidity of certain securities, broker availability may be limited. Open orders are worked until they are completely filled, which may span the course of several days. If an order is filled in its entirety, securities purchased in the aggregated transaction will be allocated among the accounts participating in the trade in accordance with the allocation statement. If an order is partially filled, the securities will be allocated pro rata based on the allocation statement. KBR may allocate trades in a different manner than indicated on the allocation statement (non-pro rata) only if all managed accounts receive fair and equitable treatment.

Item 13 Review of Accounts

Investment advisory client accounts are monitored on an ongoing basis and when conditions would warrant a review. Financial plans once prepared and delivered to the client are not reviewed again unless the client requests a financial plan be updated. Client accounts (and/or financial plans) are reviewed by Bernard H. Ross, Managing Member. The nature of the review is to determine if the client account is still in line with the client's stated objectives. Triggering review factors may include KBR becoming aware of a change in client's investment objective, a change in market conditions, change of employment, or a change in recommended asset allocation weightings in the account that exceed a predefined guideline.

The client is encouraged to notify the Advisor and Investment Advisor Representative if changes occur in his/her personal financial situation that might materially affect his/her investment plan.

The client will receive written statements no less than quarterly from the custodian. In addition, the client will receive other supporting reports from mutual funds, asset managers, trust companies or other custodians, insurance companies, broker-dealers and others who are involved with client accounts. KBR does not deliver separate client reports.

Item 14 Client Referrals and Other Compensation

KBR is not compensated by anyone for providing investment advice or other advisory services.

KBR does not directly or indirectly compensate any person who is not a supervised person for client referrals.

Item 15 Custody

KBR does not have custody of client funds or securities, except for the withdrawal of advisory fees directly from client accounts (please see Item 5 which describes the safeguards around direct fee deduction). However, as noted in Item 13 above, clients will receive statements not less than quarterly from the qualified custodian, and we encourage you to review those statements carefully. Any discrepancies should be immediately brought to the firm's attention.

Item 16 Investment Discretion

KBR generally has discretion over the selection and amount of securities to be bought or sold in client accounts without obtaining prior consent or approval from the client for each transaction. However, these purchases or sales may be subject to specified investment objectives, guidelines, or limitations previously set forth by the client and agreed to by KBR.

Discretionary authority will only be provided upon full disclosure to the client. The granting of such authority will be evidenced by the client's execution of an Investment Advisory Agreement containing all applicable limitations to such authority. All discretionary trades made by KBR will be in accordance with each client's investment objectives and goals.

Item 17 Voting Client Securities

KBR will not vote, nor advise clients how to vote, proxies for securities held in client accounts. The client clearly keeps the authority and responsibility for the voting of these proxies. Also, KBR cannot give any advice or take any action with respect to the voting of these proxies. The client and KBR agree to this by contract. Clients will receive proxy solicitations from their custodian and/or transfer agent.

Item 18 Financial Information

KBR does not require or solicit prepayment of more than \$500 in fees per client, six months or more in advance, and is not required to file a balance sheet.

KBR has discretionary authority over client accounts and is not aware of any financial condition that will likely impair its ability to meet contractual commitments to clients. If KBR does become aware of any such financial condition, this brochure will be updated and clients will be notified.

KBR has never been subject to a bankruptcy petition.

Item 19 Requirements for State-Registered Advisers

Bernard H. Ross, Managing Member was born in 1966. Mr. Ross earned a Bachelor of Arts degree in Economics from the University of Massachusetts. Mr. Ross has been the Managing Member of Ross Wealth Planning Group LLC d/b/a KBR Retirement & Investment Solutions since March 2003. Mr. Ross also operated d/b/a KBR Retirement & College Solutions since 2018.

KBR is not engaged in any other business other than giving investment advice.

Management of KBR have not been found liable in any arbitration, civil or disciplinary actions or administrative proceedings.

There are no material relationships maintained by KBR or its management persons with any issuers of securities.

Massachusetts's law (950 CMR 12-205(9)(C) 13 MGL 110A) prohibits us from disclosing the nonpublic personal information about you to other third parties unless we have your prior written consent. If you decide at some point to either terminate our services or become an inactive customer, we shall continue to adhere to this privacy policy.

A disciplinary history of the Registrant or its representatives, if any, can be obtained by calling the Massachusetts Securities Division at (617) 727-3548.

Item 1 Cover Page for Brochure Supplement

Bernard H. Ross, Managing Member

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603-216-6341

August 28, 2026

This brochure supplement provides information about Bernard H. Ross that supplements the KBR Retirement & Investment Solutions brochure. You should have received a copy of that brochure. Please contact Bernard H. Ross if you did not receive KBR Retirement & Investment Solutions 'brochure or if you have any questions about the contents of this supplement.

Additional information about Bernard H. Ross is available on the SEC's website at www.adviserinfo.sec.gov.

Item 2 Educational Background and Business Experience

Bernard H. Ross, Managing Member was born in 1966. Mr. Ross earned a Bachelor of Arts degree in Economics from the University of Massachusetts. Mr. Ross has been the Managing Member of Ross Wealth Planning Group LLC d/b/a KBR Retirement & Investment Solutions and KBR Financial Solutions since March 2003. Mr. Ross also operated d/b/a KBR Retirement & College Solutions since 2018.

Item 3 Disciplinary Information

There are no legal or disciplinary events or proceedings to report concerning Mr. Ross.

Item 4 Other Business Activities

Mr. Ross was as a prior employment actively engaged in Fee for Plan college planning services d/b/a KBR Retirement & College Solutions dedicating approximately 20% of his time on such activities. College planning Fee for Plan clients working with d/b/a KBR Financial Solutions may become Investment Advisory clients of KBR Financial Solutions. Mr. Ross acts a fiduciary and in the best interest to clients of KBR Financial Solutions and all fee's will be disclosed to the clients prior to engagement with KBR Financial Solutions.

Item 5 Additional Compensation

Mr. Ross does not receive compensation or other economic benefit from anyone who is not a client for providing advisory services.

Item 6 Supervision

Bernard H. Ross is the Managing Member and Chief Compliance Officer of KBR and can be reached at 603-216-6341 and is the only individual that provides investment advice to clients. As a single person firm, Mr. Ross cannot be supervised, but is a fiduciary by law and is required to act in the best interests of clients.

Item 7 Requirements for State-Registered Advisers

Mr. Ross has not been involved in an award or found liable in an arbitration claim, civil, or self-regulatory organization event or administrative proceeding, or been the subject of a bankruptcy petition.